

Weather_API using Python

I want to express something more different way which i done this project previously i done extracting raw data set from Kaggle doing cleaning and EDA part in excel, Python, SSMS but this time doing different one which is API fetching weather data in python by using API (Application program interface) API acts as a bridge between two applications when there is need

This is the public weather API which i fetched the data why i choose this API is because it has open API key which can access the data most API are locked. kindly click on below link to see the website

I will explain the steps how could i fetched the data point 1 visit the website

One Call API 3.0 - OpenWeatherMap

point 2 kindly sign up with your credentials and create your account to get the API key

kindly read the API doc to know more about the website and what type of code to write to fetch the data

I tried so many queries for the best output, i will give you this one please try from your side and update me it works or not

from requests import Request, Session
from requests.exceptions import ConnectionError, Timeout, Too
ManyRedirects
import json

```
url = 'https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q=LOCA
TION&appid=API KEY'
parameters = {
  'start':'1',
  'limit':'50',
  'convert': 'USD'
}
session = Session()
session.headers.update(headers)
try:
 response = session.get(url, params=parameters)
 data = json.loads(response.text)
 #print(data)
except (ConnectionError, Timeout, TooManyRedirects) as e:
 print(e)
 print(data)
  -----output-----
 {'coord': {'lon': -0.1257, 'lat': 51.5085}, 'weather': [{'i
d': 803, 'main': 'Clouds', 'description': 'broken clouds', 'i
con': '04n'}], 'base': 'stations', 'main': {'temp': 276.99,
'feels_like': 274.61, 'temp_min': 274.87, 'temp_max': 278.01,
'pressure': 1013, 'humidity': 92, 'sea_level': 1013, 'grnd_le
vel': 1008}, 'visibility': 10000, 'wind': {'speed': 2.57, 'de
g': 320}, 'clouds': {'all': 75}, 'dt': 1735787101, 'sys': {'t
ype': 2, 'id': 2075535, 'country': 'GB', 'sunrise': 173580515
8, 'sunset': 1735833770}, 'timezone': 0, 'id': 2643743, 'nam
e': 'London', 'cod': 200}
```

To get the data in table format use below query and above one in JSON format

```
import pandas as pd
# Extracting and normalizing relevant parts of the data
df = pd.json_normalize(data, sep='_') # This flattens the ne
sted structure
# Display the DataFrame
print(df)
-----output-----
The data we get in seperate way to understand easily
                                      weather
                                                  bas
e visibility \
0 [{'id': 804, 'main': 'Clouds', 'description': ... station
S
      10000
         dt timezone id
                                name cod coord_lon c
oord_lat ... \
0 1737238426 10800 149155 Usa River 200
                                             36.85
-3.3667 ...
  main_humidity main_sea_level main_grnd_level wind_speed
wind_deg \
0
            71
                       1013
                                       883
                                                 0.78
301
  wind_gust clouds_all sys_country sys_sunrise sys_sunse
t
      1.57
                  90
                             TZ 1737257675 173730190
0
0
```

now i extracted data just by entering location name, USA manually

rather than entering location names manually "n number" of times i used 'for loop' for cities which can load all cities.

here i think in a different way like getting data is good but storing same kind of data in excel makes me easy to import into SSMS

```
import pandas as pd
import os
import requests
from datetime import datetime
# List of 25 state names (or cities if needed)
states = [
    "California", "Texas", "Florida", "New York", "Illinois",
    "Pennsylvania", "Ohio", "Georgia", "North Carolina", "Mic
higan",
    "New Jersey", "Virginia", "Washington", "Arizona", "Massa
chusetts",
    "Tennessee", "Indiana", "Missouri", "Maryland", "Wisconsi
n",
    "Colorado", "Minnesota", "South Carolina", "Alabama", "Lo
uisiana", "Kentucky"
1
# Assuming the weather data API setup is already correct
user api = os.environ.get('current weather data', 'API KEY')
# Replace with your API key
file_path = r"FILE PATH"
# Loop through each state
for state in states:
    # Build the complete API link
    complete api link =
    f"https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q={stat
e}&appid={user_api}"
    api_link = requests.get(complete_api_link)
```

```
api_data = api_link.json()
    # Check if the response is valid (status code 200)
    if api data['cod'] == 200:
        # Extracting and converting the data
        latitude = api_data['coord']['lat']
        longitude = api data['coord']['lon']
        weather_desc = api_data['weather'][0]['description']
        temp_kelvin = api_data['main']['temp']
        temp city celsius = temp kelvin - 273.15
        temp_city_fahrenheit = (temp_city_celsius * 9/5) + 32
        humidity = api_data['main']['humidity']
        wind_speed = api_data['wind']['speed']
        cloud coverage = api data['clouds']['all']
        pressure = api data['main']['pressure']
        timestamp = datetime.now().strftime("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%
S")
        # Creating the data for the new row
        data = {
            'Location': [state],
            'Latitude': [latitude],
            'Longitude': [longitude],
            'Weather Description': [weather_desc],
            'Temperature (°C)': [temp_city_celsius],
            'Temperature (°F)': [temp_city_fahrenheit],
            'Humidity (%)': [humidity],
            'Wind Speed (km/h)': [wind_speed],
            'Cloud Coverage (%)': [cloud_coverage],
            'Pressure (hPa)': [pressure],
            'Date & Time': [timestamp]
        }
        df = pd.DataFrame(data)
        # Check if the file already exists to decide whether
```

```
to write the header or not
    if os.path.exists(file_path):
        # Append the data without writing the header
            df.to_csv(file_path, mode='a', header=False, inde
x=False)
    else:
        # Write the data with the header
            df.to_csv(file_path, mode='w', header=True, index
=False)

    print(f"Data for {state} saved successfully!")
    else:
        print(f"Failed to get data for {state}.")

    output look like below image with all columns and cit ies which we provide
```

	Α	R	C	U	E	F	G	Н	1	J	K
1	Location	Latitude	Longitude	Weather D	Temperatu	Temperatu	Humidity (Wind Spee	Cloud Cove	Pressure (Date & Time
2	California	38.3004	-76.5074	clear sky	-1.17	29.894	62	2.06	0	1014	1/11/2025 21:34
3	Texas	31.2504	-99.2506	few clouds	4.97	40.946	48	3.6	20	1011	1/11/2025 21:34
4	Florida	28.7505	-82.5001	clearsky	5.84	42.512	81	2.06	0	1019	1/11/2025 21:34
5	New York	40.7143	-74.006	clear sky	-0.48	31.136	60	7.72	0	1007	1/11/2025 21:34
6	Illinois	40.0003	-89.2504	overcast c	-2.23	27.986	89	4.12	100	1013	1/11/2025 21:34
7	Pennsylvar	40.2724	-76.9057	overcast c	-0.19	31.658	60	4.12	100	1013	1/11/2025 21:34
8	Ohio	40.2503	-83.0002	clear sky	-8.55	16.61	92	0	0	1018	1/11/2025 21:34

After storing data in excel sheet imported those data to SSMS to load data in table form for cleaning and EDA part.

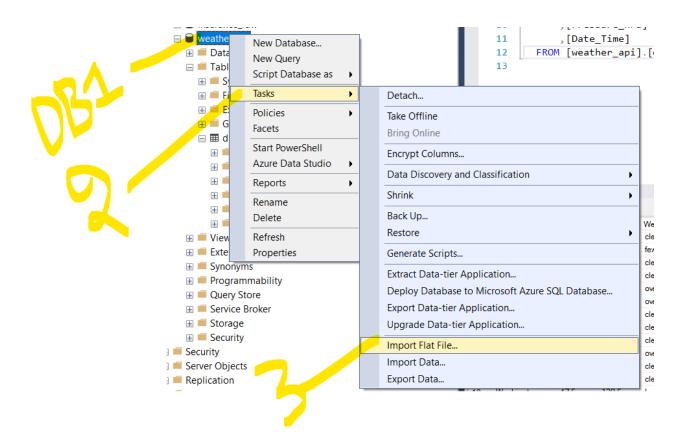
first create DataBASE >> then right click on to get the TASK in that select import flat file to load excel sheet it will c reate table format under the database

for cleaning part i used this one

SELECT Location, ROUND(Latitude, 2) AS Latitude, Longitude FROM [weather_api].[dbo].[weather_data];

SELECT Location, ROUND(Longitude, 2) AS Longitude
FROM [weather_api].[dbo].[weather_data];

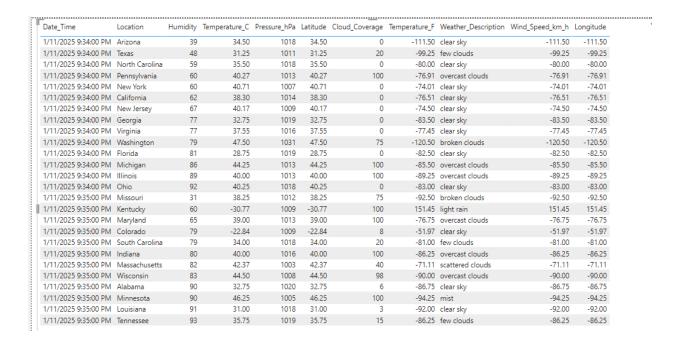
UPDATE [weather_api].[dbo].[weather_data]
SET Wind_Speed_km_h = ROUND(longitude, 2)



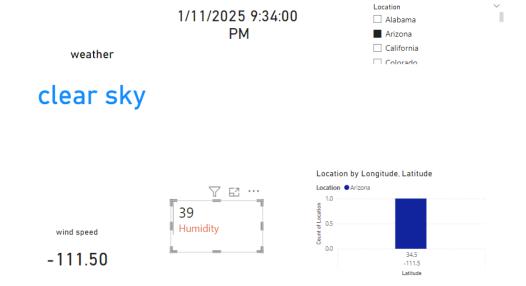
for visual those data for better insights to business people i used power Bi tool which i feel better for visualization and easy to use



Total weather data based on location in table format



In Power Bi based on selected data the remaining data will affect like below image if we select location remaining data will appear data



Temperature based on location

