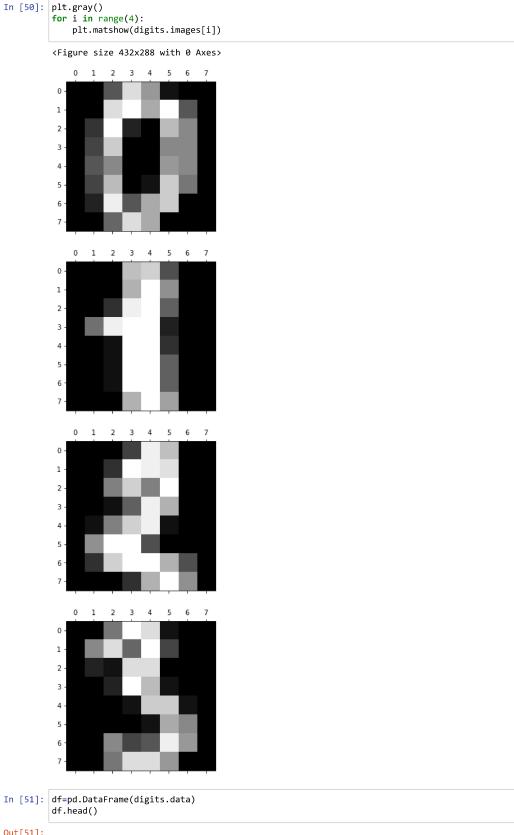
```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
           import numpy as np
           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           import seaborn as sns
           %matplotlib inline
In [47]: from sklearn.datasets import load_digits
           digits = load_digits()
In [48]: dir(digits)
Out[48]: ['DESCR', 'data', 'feature_names', 'frame', 'images', 'target', 'target_names']
In [49]: digits['images'][:5]
Out[49]: array([[[ 0., 0., 5., 13., 9., 1., 0., 0.],
                      0., 0., 13., 15., 10., 15., 5., 0.],
                      0., 3., 15., 2., 0., 11., 8., 0.],
                    [0., 4., 12., 0., 0., 8., 8., 0.],
                    [0., 5., 8., 0., 0., 9., 8., 0.],
[0., 4., 11., 0., 1., 12., 7., 0.],
                    [ 0., 2., 14., 5., 10., 12., 0., 0.], [ 0., 0., 6., 13., 10., 0., 0., 0., 0.]],
                   [[ 0., 0., 0., 12., 13., 5., 0., 0.],
                    [ 0., 0., 0., 11., 16., 9.,
                                                         0., 0.],
                    [ 0., 0., 3., 15., 16., 6., 0., 0.],
                    [0., 7., 15., 16., 16., 2., 0., 0.],
[0., 0., 1., 16., 16., 3., 0., 0.],
                    [ 0., 0., 1., 16., 16., 6., 0., 0.],
[ 0., 0., 1., 16., 16., 6., 0., 0.],
                    [0., 0., 0., 11., 16., 10., 0., 0.]],
                   [[ 0., 0., 0., 4., 15., 12., 0., 0.],
                    [ 0., 0., 3., 16., 15., 14., 0., 0.],
[ 0., 0., 8., 13., 8., 16., 0., 0.],
                    [0., 0., 1., 6., 15., 11., 0., 0.],
                    [0., 1., 8., 13., 15., 1., 0., 0.],
[0., 9., 16., 16., 5., 0., 0., 0.],
                    [ 0., 3., 13., 16., 16., 11., 5., 0.],
                    [0., 0., 0., 3., 11., 16., 9., 0.]],
                   [[ 0., 0., 7., 15., 13., 1., 0., 0.],
                    [ 0., 8., 13., 6., 15., 4., 0., 0.],
                    [ 0., 2., 1., 13., 13., 0., 0., 0.],
                    [0., 0., 2., 15., 11., 1., 0., 0.],
[0., 0., 0., 1., 12., 12., 1., 0.],
                    [0., 0., 0., 0., 1., 10., 8., 0.],
[0., 0., 8., 4., 5., 14., 9., 0.],
[0., 0., 7., 13., 13., 9., 0., 0.]],
                   [[ 0., 0., 0., 1., 11., 0., 0., 0.],
                    [ 0., 0., 0., 7., 8., 0., 0., 0. ],
                    [0., 0., 1., 13., 6., 2., 2., 0.],
                    [ 0., 0., 7., 15., 0., 9., 8., 0.],
                    [0., 5., 16., 10., 0., 16., 6., 0.],
[0., 4., 15., 16., 13., 16., 1., 0.],
                    [0., 0., 0., 3., 15., 10., 0., 0.],
[0., 0., 0., 2., 16., 4., 0., 0.]])
```



Out[51]:

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 13.0 | 9.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 13.0 | 10.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.0 | 16.0 | 10.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.0 | 15.0 | 12.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 11.0 | 16.0 | 9.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.0 | 15.0 | 13.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 9.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 11.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 16.0 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

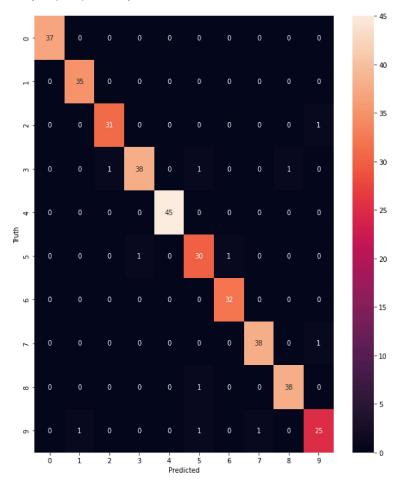
5 rows × 64 columns

```
In [52]: df['target']=digits.target
In [53]: X= df.drop('target', axis='columns')
        y=df.target
In [54]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y, test_size=0.2)
In [55]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        model=RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=20)
        model.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[55]: RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=20)
In [56]: model.score(X_test,y_test)
Out[56]: 0.9694444444444444
In [57]: | y_predicted =model.predict(X_test)
In [58]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
        cm=confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predicted)
In [59]: cm
Out[59]: array([[37, 0, 0,
                           0,
                                0,
                                   0,
                                       0, 0,
                                               0, 0],
                 0, 35, 0, 0,
                                0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               0, 0],
               [ 0, 0, 31, 0,
                                0, 0, 0, 0,
                                               0, 1],
               [ 0, 0, 1, 38, 0, 1,
                                       0, 0,
                                              1, 0],
               [0, 0, 0, 0, 45, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
               [0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 30, 1, 0, 0, 0],
               [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 32, 0, 0,
                                                  0],
               [0,0,
                        0, 0,
                                0, 0, 0, 38, 0, 1],
                    0,
                        0,
               [ 0,
                            0,
                                0, 1, 0, 0, 38, 0],
                            0,
                                0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 25]], dtype=int64)
               [ 0,
                        0,
                    1,
In [60]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
        y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
        acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_predicted)
        print("Accuracy: ", acc)
```

Accuracy: 0.9694444444444444

```
In [61]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
plt.figure(figsize=(10,12))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True)
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Truth')
```

Out[61]: Text(69.0, 0.5, 'Truth')



Exercise

```
In [62]: from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
    iris=load_iris()
    dir(iris)

Out[62]: ['DESCR',
        'data',
        'feature_names',
        'filename',
        'frame',
        'target',
        'target_names']
```

```
In [63]: help(dir)
       Help on built-in function dir in module builtins:
       dir(...)
           dir([object]) -> list of strings
           If called without an argument, return the names in the current scope.
           Else, return an alphabetized list of names comprising (some of) the attributes
           of the given object, and of attributes reachable from it.
           If the object supplies a method named __dir__, it will be used; otherwise
           the default dir() logic is used and returns:
            for a module object: the module's attributes.
            for a class object: its attributes, and recursively the attributes
              of its bases.
            for any other object: its attributes, its class's attributes, and
              recursively the attributes of its class's base classes.
In [64]: y=iris['target']
In [ ]:
In [20]: y
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
             In [21]: X=pd.DataFrame(iris.data, columns=iris.feature_names)
In [22]: X.head(1)
Out[22]:
          sepal length (cm) sepal width (cm) petal length (cm) petal width (cm)
        0
                                          1.4
                                                     0.2
                   5.1
                              3.5
In [23]: type(X.head(1))
Out[23]: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame
In [24]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.25 )
In [25]: len(X_train)
Out[25]: 112
In [26]: len(X_test)
Out[26]: 38
In [27]: | from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
       model=RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=40)
       model.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[27]: RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=40)
In [28]: model.score(X_test,y_test)
Out[28]: 0.9210526315789473
In [29]: model.predict(X_test)
Out[29]: array([1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 2, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0,
             0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1])
In [30]: y_predicted=model.predict(X_test)
```