# **Article Title**

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### 2 ABSTRACT

- 3 Abstract length and content varies depending on article type. Refer to http://
- 4 www.frontiersin.org/about/AuthorGuidelines for abstract requirement and length
- 5 according to article type.

### 1 INTRODUCTION

7 Hello, how are we doing?

## 2 METHODS

# 2.1 Generating Predictions

9 Used GOMAP on condo lalala. Input files are (usually) published along results.

## 10 **2.2 Clean up**

- All functional annotation sets were cleaned up the following way (using definitions from the Gene
- 12 Ontology version 2019-07-01):
- 13 1. Any annotations where the GO accession was marked as obsolete were removed.
- 14 2. Some terms in the GO have 'alternative ids'. When naively removing duplicates, two entries will not
- be recognized as duplicates if they have different accessions pointing to the same GO term. Therefore,
- all GO accessions were changed to their respecitve 'main id' and the dataset was again scanned for
- 17 duplicates.
- 18 3. Any annotations with modifiers (NOT, contributes\_to...) were removed since no tool used in the
- 19 further analysis can handle them.

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- Table 1 provides information on the number of annotations that were removed this way from each dataset. 20
- 21 All further analyses were performed on the cleaned datasets since we assume the user will only be interested
- in still valid and non-redundant functional annotations. 22

#### 23 Quantitative Evaluation

24 lalala lololo table xyz

### 2.4 Quality Evaluation 25

Quality evaluation of gene function predictions is not trivial and usually done by comparing the set of 26 predicted functions of a gene against a gold standard consisting of annotations that are assumed to be 27 correct. We used annotations that were created or in some way curated with human participation for gold 28 standards. There are a plethora of different metrics to perform the comparison of predictions against this 29 gold standard. When we first published GOMAP (Wimalanathan et al., 2018), we used a modified version 30 of the hierarchical evaluation metrics originally introduced in (Verspoor et al., 2006) because they were 31 simple, clear, and part of an earlier attempt at unifying and standardizing GO annotation comparisons 32 (Defoin-Platel et al., 2011). In the meantime, Plyusnin et al. (2019) have published an approach for 33 evaluating different metrics showing substantial differences within the robustness of different approaches. 34 TODO DESCRIBE THEIR APPROACH We have applied their method on the Gold Standards available 36 to us to determine which evaluation metric is the most appropriate in our case. The results of this analysis can be seen in TODO. 37

38 We then evaluated our predictions and the other annotation sets using the best performing metrics as well 39 as the one we previously used (Table TODO).

#### 2.5 **Phylogenetic Tree Construction** 40

- To demonstrate that a more top-level and holistic use of whole-genome functional predictions can still be 41
- useful we devised some simple ways of applying phylogenetic methods to our predictions. ### Distance 42
- Based ### Character Based 43

## **Ensuring Reproducibility**

45 containerization, github...

### 3 **RESULTS**

... a quantitative comparison of the datasets in Table.

#### **Quality Evaluation** 3.1 47

TODO If it turns out that our predictions are good with hF but bad with more approriate metrics, 48 explanation would be that score thresholds for the prediction tools used in the GOMAP pipeline have 49 been chosen to maximize this hF value. It now seems reasonable to re-adjust these thresholds to maximize 50 a different metric which will likely result in a drop in hF score but increase in other metrics. Again 51 emphasizes the importance of choosing the right evaluation metric. Also shows how comparison between 52 different pipelines/predictions can be difficult if chose different metric or optimized for different metric. 53 Also: if an annotation is not present in the gold standard, there is no way of knowing whether that gene

truly doesn't have that function or whether it has just never been characterized/examined. So we cannot

distinguish between a biologically true negative and an actually false negative in the gold standard. This

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poses a problem when annotations are predicted that are not found in the gold standard: Is this truly a wrong

- 58 prediction or is the gold standard incomplete? Especially in our case where the predictions not only contain
- 59 more annotations than the gold standard, but are also more diverse. In effect this means that a quality
- 60 score as calculated above may not only describe the quality of the prediction, but to some extent also the
- 61 completeness of the gold standard itself. At least we can see here that gold standards with a median of 3
- 62 annotations per gene resulted in higher quality scores than gold standards with less annotations per gene,
- 63 even though predictions were generated the same way in all cases. TODO maybe put a figure
- 64 with regression quality score/median annotions per gene or something  ${\rm In}$
- 65 conclusion this means that truly making a statement about the quality of a prediction set would require the
- 66 ideal and complete gold standard. The scores we can generate so far are by far not as meaningful.

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**Table 1.** Number of removed annotations during cleanup.

Genome	Dataset	Obsolete Annotations	Duplicates	Annotations with Modifiers
Arachis hypogaea	GOMAP	3437	13	912
	GOMAP	2512	49	789
Brachypodium distachyon	GoldStandard	21	204	0
Виспурошит изменуоп	Gramene63-IEA	166	114	0
	Phytozome12	99	18	0
Cannabis sativa	GOMAP	1714	6	757
Glycine max	GOMAP	3333	10	930
Gossypium raimondii	GOMAP	1781	7	822
77 1 1	GOMAP	1877	8	815
Hordeum vulgare	GoldStandard	1	9	0
	GOMAP	2673	10	798
	GoldStandard	2	23	0
Medicago truncatula A17	Gramene62-IEA	429	251	0
0	Gramene63-IEA	309	243	0
	Phytozome12	132	17	0
Medicago truncatula R108	GOMAP	4168	7	803
	GOMAP	1642	7	869
	GoldStandard	37	833	0
Oryza sativa	Gramene61-IEA	242	28	0
•	Gramene63-IEA	238	64	0
	Phytozome12	119	19	0
Phaseolus vulgaris	GOMAP	1190	6	783
Pinus lambertiana	GOMAP	1839	4	587
	GOMAP	2384	66	783
Sorghum bicolor	GoldStandard	178	219	0
Sorghum bicolor	Gramene63-IEA	278	198	0
	Phytozome12	131	12	0
	GOMAP	9624	17	1132
Triticum aestivum	GoldStandard	1	5	0
Trilicum desilvum	Gramene61-IEA	706	88	0
	Gramene63-IEA	584	319	0
Vigna unguiculata	GOMAP	1269	6	811
vigia unguiculala	Phytozome12	122	27	0
	GOMAP	1805	92	709
Zea mays B73.v3	GoldStandard	1	11	0
Zea mays B13.V3	Gramene49	221	6	0
	Phytozome	132	0	0
	GOMAP	2077	89	848
Zea mays B73.v4	GoldStandard	65	207	0
	Gramene61-IEA	600	178	0
Zaa mays Mo17	GOMAP	2346	83	823
Zea mays Mo17	GoldStandard	1	60	0
7 011207	GOMAP	2676	82	830
Zea mays PH207	GoldStandard	1	70	0
T WIOO	GOMAP	2681	88	840
Zea mays W22	GoldStandard	1	52	0

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**Table 2.** Quantitative metrics of the cleaned functional annotation sets. CC, MF, BP, and A refer to the aspects of the GO: Cellular Component, Molecular Function, Biological Process, and Any/All.

1			,											
			Genes Annotated[%]a			Annotations <sup>b</sup>			Median Ann. per				r G.c	
Genome	Genes	Dataset	CC	MF	BP	A	CC	MF	BP	A	CC	MF	BP	A
Arachis hypogaea	67,124	GOMAP	85.85	84.68	100.00	100.00	150,525	132,144	493,145	775,814	2	2	6	10
		GOMAP	81.33	85.35	100.00	100.00	74,172	69,213	255,397	398,782	2	2	6	10
Brachypodium distachyon	34,310	GoldStandard	21.54	19.53	18.20	26.66	10,985	10,436	11,120	32,673	1	1	1	3
Brachypourum distactiyon	51,510	Gramene63-IEA	33.12	49.29	38.29	63.60	21,658	36,372	23,899	82,026	1	1	1	3
		Phytozome12	10.25	37.21	26.86	43.11	4,186	18,597	11,070	34,060	0	1	1	2
Cannabis sativa	33,677	GOMAP	94.22	95.48	100.00	100.00	85,755	73,614	262,741	422,110	2	2	6	11
Glycine max	52,872	GOMAP	86.95	88.92	100.00	100.00	126,470	113,068	416,989	656,527	2	2	6	11
Gossypium raimondii	37,505	GOMAP	93.00	92.37	100.00	100.00	95,419	84,910	307,470	487,799	2	2	6	11
Hordeum vulgare	39,734	GOMAP	88.57	91.76	100.00	100.00	86,489	79,727	272,420	438,636	2	2	5	10
Tioracam vargare	37,734	GoldStandard	28.23	26.30	23.43	35.64	15,734	15,391	15,267	46,414	1		1	3
		GOMAP	83.79	86.69	100.00	100.00	104,902	99,155	363,608	567,665	2	2	6	10
Medicago truncatula A17	50,444	GoldStandard	25.45	23.26	21.51	32.12	17,938	18,416	18,461	54,827	1	1	1	3
	/	Gramene63-IEA		50.84	40.26	66.14	32,753	63,470	40,441	137,001	1	1	1	3
		Phytozome12	8.87	36.05	25.83	41.07	5,315	25,950	15,576	47,098	0	1	1	2
Medicago truncatula R108	55,706	GOMAP	72.10	90.14	100.00	100.00	108,388	107,499	381,831	597,718	1	2	5	9
Oryza sativa	35,825	GOMAP	79.78	83.31	100.00	100.00	71,306	64,150	248,304	383,760	2	2	6	9
		GoldStandard	29.95	27.29	25.33	37.57	15,492	15,176	16,536	47,339	1	1	1	3
Oryza sanra		Gramene63-IEA	32.21	45.83	36.75	60.13	21,935	37,425	24,255	83,645	1	1	1	3
		Phytozome12	10.31	40.10	29.18	46.09	4,361	20,842	12,451	37,884	0	1	1	2
Phaseolus vulgaris	27,433	GOMAP	94.48	93.06	100.00	100.00	70,987	64,022	229,230	364,239	2	2	6	11
Pinus lambertiana	31,007	GOMAP	92.67	95.91	100.00	100.00	71,247	68,315	212,248	351,810	2	2	5	10
		GOMAP	82.44	85.98	100.00	100.00	75,145	69,659	259,004	403,808	2	2	6	10
Sorghum bicolor	34,129	GoldStandard	34.48	32.91	30.90	42.84	16,837	17,614	17,850	52,593	1	1	1	3
Sorghum bicolor	34,129	Gramene63-IEA	35.91	52.11	42.36	67.41	23,608	39,418	27,074	90,313	1	1	1	3
		Phytozome12	10.54	39.19	27.90	45.10	4,246	19,724	11,432	35,599	0	1	1	2
	107,891	GOMAP	88.53	90.98	100.00	100.00	259,318	217,467	785,051	1,261,836	2	2	6	10
Triticum aestivum		GoldStandard	2.98	2.78	2.56	3.82	4,727	4,512	4,793	14,035	1	1	1	3
		Gramene63-IEA	29.12	58.62	38.72	70.41	47,595	111,889	62,977	222,721	0	1	1	2
Vigna unguiculata	29,773	GOMAP	91.21	91.08	100.00	100.00	74,791	67,734	242,847	385,372	2	2	6	11
right unguientuit		Phytozome12	13.91	45.68	34.14	53.06	5,107	19,962	12,209	37,534	0	1	1	2
Zea mays B73.v3	39,469	GOMAP	88.33	96.41	99.99	100.00	134,622	87,007	290,824	512,453	3	2	6	11
		GoldStandard	3.89	0.15	0.38	4.10	1,554	65	299	1,918	1	0	0	1
		Gramene49	29.98	45.58	40.03	55.55	20,066	30,936	30,084	81,086	1	1	1	3
		Phytozome	11.46	34.77	28.79	40.87	4,787	18,966	13,100	36,853	0	1	1	2
Zea mays B73.v4	39,324	GOMAP	93.16	94.92	100.00	100.00	87,648	81,665	278,305	447,618	2	2	6	10
		GoldStandard	21.23	25.60	30.82	38.07	11,505	14,986	25,732	52,385	1	1	1	3
		Gramene61-IEA	37.12	55.97	60.94	74.11	19,870	47,547	58,093	126,003	1	1	2	3
Zea mays Mo17	38,620	GOMAP	86.98	90.87	100.00	100.00	86,074	78,650	277,395	442,119	2	2	6	10
	30,020	GoldStandard	3.22	0.14	0.35	3.42	1,266	64	277	1,607	1	0	0	1
Zea mays PH207	40,557	GOMAP	86.55	90.61	100.00	100.00	88,962	84,910	288,208	462,080	2	2	6	10
	70,337	GoldStandard	3.15	0.14	0.33	3.34	1,302	63	266	1,631	1	0	0	1
Zea mays W22	40,690	GOMAP	90.77	92.58	100.00	100.00	93,622	84,450	289,364	467,436	2	2	6	10
200 0,0 1122	10,000	GoldStandard	2.92	0.13	0.29	3.08	1,205	59	241	1,505	1	0	0	1

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Download this table (CSV) a How many genes in the genome have at least one GO term from the CC, MF, BP aspect annotated to them? A = How many at least one from any aspect?  $(A = CC \cup MF \cup BP)$ 

b How many annotations in the CC, MF, and BP aspect does this dataset contain? A = How many in total? A = CC + MF + BP

c Take a typical gene that is present in the annotation set. How many annotations does it have in each aspect? A = How many in total? Please note that  $A \neq CC + MF + BP$ 

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**Table 3.** Quality evaluation of the used GO annotation sets.

		SimGIC2			7	TC-AUCPC	R	Fmax			
Genome	Dataset	CC	MF	BP	CC	MF	BP	CC	MF	BP	
Brachypodium distachyon	GOMAP	0.406628	0.462970	0.223544	0.233442	0.230701	0.118526	0.741361	0.740897	0.526881	
	Gramene63-IEA	0.319117	0.419453	0.348390	0.129163	0.192507	0.111361	0.691016	0.738542	0.650325	
	Phytozome12	0.370139	0.369241	0.350490	0.112582	0.136832	0.085628	0.717759	0.697076	0.660603	
Hordeum vulgare	GOMAP	0.402560	0.468542	0.237800	0.237231	0.261399	0.130784	0.745272	0.750213	0.560096	
Medicago truncatula A17	GOMAP	0.374182	0.450364	0.213045	0.272809	0.282650	0.139032	0.730838	0.726991	0.531406	
	Gramene63-IEA	0.332022	0.435677	0.342645	0.176497	0.265887	0.133503	0.701093	0.749900	0.654297	
	Phytozome12	0.360232	0.365060	0.361115	0.144247	0.170863	0.110386	0.717307	0.698429	0.661233	
Oryza sativa	GOMAP	0.411480	0.481120	0.247901	0.298502	0.303384	0.159724	0.751121	0.757181	0.559221	
	Gramene63-IEA	0.330644	0.422021	0.340339	0.167619	0.265410	0.135451	0.711309	0.738732	0.643827	
	Phytozome12	0.051658	0.042817	0.043681	0.000003	0.000003	0.000002	0.470134	0.266628	0.239256	
Sorghum bicolor	GOMAP	0.407231	0.465732	0.223938	0.316873	0.337380	0.169883	0.746540	0.742001	0.534258	
	Gramene63-IEA	0.324897	0.398742	0.352589	0.177038	0.260198	0.154157	0.711107	0.712170	0.653591	
	Phytozome12	0.357286	0.347189	0.338641	0.151947	0.177579	0.110483	0.715714	0.675147	0.641535	
Triticum aestivum	GOMAP	0.412782	0.488887	0.228871	0.050762	0.030610	0.019360	0.736476	0.762420	0.533897	
	Gramene63-IEA	0.364607	0.475901	0.394219	0.040992	0.043701	0.027872	0.737769	0.762059	0.670953	
Zea mays B73.v3	GOMAP	0.198179	0.359422	0.094640	0.034380	0.001644	0.001021	0.648177	0.645357	0.323390	
	Gramene49	0.252350	0.365922	0.163637	0.049989	0.003238	0.001972	0.729851	0.708819	0.441927	
	Phytozome	0.152410	0.355794	0.100792	0.013784	0.003064	0.000539	0.538830	0.674668	0.324333	
Zea mays B73.v4	GOMAP	0.486568	0.440989	0.213537	0.283686	0.247096	0.135719	0.779115	0.722084	0.467588	
	Gramene61-IEA	0.349744	0.416108	0.324970	0.157917	0.230439	0.131515	0.681992	0.723220	0.569086	
Zea mays Mo17	GOMAP	0.232016	0.292290	0.104776	0.040932	0.001932	0.000895	0.692584	0.629293	0.317094	
Zea mays PH207	GOMAP	0.234422	0.272876	0.096926	0.037857	0.001743	0.000813	0.694819	0.608583	0.307465	
Zea mays W22	GOMAP	0.235595	0.276437	0.103866	0.038546	0.001730	0.000868	0.695096	0.604579	0.306371	

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