1. Spuneti daca programul de mai jos este corect. In caz afirmativ, spuneti ce afisaza, in caz negativ spuneti ce nu este corect.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class cls
{
   public:
        int x;
        cls() {x=3;}
        void f(cls &c) {cout << c.x;}
};

int main(){
   cls d;
   f(d);
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

2. Spuneti daca programul de mai jos este corect. In caz afirmativ, spuneti ce afisaza, in caz negativ spuneti ce nu este corect.

```
#include<iostream>
class cls
{
    public:
        int x,y;
        cls(int i=0, int j=0) {x=i; y=j;}
};
int main(){
    cls a, b, c[3]={cls(1,1), cls(2,2), a};
    cout << c[2].x;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
#include <iostream>;
using namespace std;
class cls2;

class cls1 {
   public:
        int vi;
        cls1(int v=30) {vi=v;}
```

```
cls1(cls2 p) {vi=p.vi;}
};
class cls2 {
    public:
        int vi;
        cls2(int v=20) \{vi=v;\}
};
cls1 f(cls1 p) {
    p.vi++;
    return p;
}
int main() {
    cls1 p; f(p); cout << endl << p.vi;</pre>
    cls2 r; f(r); cout << endl << r.vi;</pre>
    return 0;
}
```

4. Spuneti daca programul de mai jos este corect. In caz afirmativ, spuneti ce afisaza, in caz negativ spuneti ce nu este corect.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class cls {
   public:
        int x, y;
        cls(int i=2, int j=3) {x=i+j/2; y=i-j/2;}
};

int main() {
   cls a, b, c=a;
   cout << a.x;
}</pre>
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class Test
{
public:
   Test();
};
```

```
Test::Test() {
    cout<<"Constructor Called \n";
}
int main()
{
    cout<<"Start \n";
    Test t1();
    cout<<"End \n";
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

6. Spuneti daca programul de mai jos este corect. In caz afirmativ, spuneti ce afisaza, in caz negativ spuneti ce nu este corect.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class Test {
   int value;
public:
   Test (int v = 0) {value = v;}
   int getValue() { return value; }
};

int main() {
   Test t;
   cout << t.getValue();
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Point {
private:
    int x;
    int y;
public:
    Point(int i, int j); // Constructor
};

Point::Point(int i = 0, int j = 0) {
    x = i;
    y = j;
}
```

```
cout << "Constructor called";
}
int main()
{
    Point t1, *t2;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

8. Spuneti daca programul de mai jos este corect. In caz afirmativ, spuneti ce afisaza, in caz negativ spuneti ce nu este corect.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class Test {
    int value;
public:
    Test(int v);
};

Test::Test(int v) {
    value = v;
}

int main() {
    Test t[100];
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class Test {
   int value;
public:
   Test(int v = 0);
};

Test::Test(int v) {
   value = v;
}

int main() {
   Test t[100];
```

```
return 0;
}
```

10. Spuneti daca programul de mai jos este corect. In caz afirmativ, spuneti ce afisaza, in caz negativ spuneti ce nu este corect.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Test {
    int &t;
public:
    Test (int &x) { t = x; }
    int getT() { return t; }
};
int main()
{
    int x = 20;
    Test t1(x);
    cout << t1.getT() << " ";</pre>
    x = 30;
    cout << t1.getT() << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Fraction
{
private:
    int den;
    int num;
public:
   void print() { cout << num << "/" << den; }</pre>
   Fraction() { num = 1; den = 1; }
   int &Den() { return den; }
   int &Num() { return num; }
};
int main()
{
   Fraction f1;
   f1.Num() = 7;
```

```
f1.Den() = 9;
f1.print();
return 0;
}
```

12. Spuneti daca programul de mai jos este corect. In caz afirmativ, spuneti ce afisaza, in caz negativ spuneti ce nu este corect.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
/* local variable is same as a member's name */
class Test
{
private:
    int x;
public:
    void setX (int x) { Test::x = x; }
    void print() { cout << "x = " << x << endl; }</pre>
};
int main()
{
    Test obj;
    int x = 40;
    obj.setX(x);
    obj.print();
    return 0;
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class A
{
    int id;
public:
    A (int i) { id = i; }
    void print () { cout << id << endl; }
};

int main()
{
    A a[2];
    a[0].print();
    a[1].print();</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
```