Introduction to Single Page Applications (SPA) Development Using Angular 2 and TypeScript

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Agenda

- 1. Creating Angular Hello World Application
- 2. Model-View-Controller (MVC), Model-View-Presenter (MVC), Model-View-ViewModel (MVVM) MV* patterns
- 3. Web components
- 4. Data binding
- 5. Angular data architecture Module, Component, Template, Metadata, Binding, Service, Directive, Dependency Injection
- 6. Component controllers, views & templates
- 8. Using external template and style files
- 9. Using Angular Command Line Interface (CLI)
- 10. Angular by example TODO application

Where is The Code?

Angular and TypeScript Web App Development code is available @GitHub:

https://github.com/iproduct/course-angular

Angular Command Line Interface (CLI)

[https://github.com/angular/angular-cli]

npm install -g @angular/cli

ng new ct-name> --prefix <custom-project-component-prefix>

ng serve

ng serve --port 4201 --live-reload-port 49153

Create Angular 2 compponents using CLI:

Module ng g module my-new-module [--routing]

Component ng g component my-new-component

Directive ng g directive my-new-directive

Pipe ng g pipe my-new-pipe

Service ng g service my-new-service --module <module-name>

Guard ng g guard my-new-guard --module <module-name>

If you prefer angular-cli to use yarn, instead of npm:

ng set --global pacakgeManager=yarn

Ading Matrial Design Support with Angular CLI [https://material.angular.io/]

ng add @angular/material npm i -s @angular/flex-layout



Angular Hello World Project Structure

- node_modules ...
- src
 - app
 - app.component.ts
 - app.module.ts
 - assets ...
 - environments ...
 - index.html
 - main.ts
 - polyfills.ts
 - styles.css
- angular.json
- package.json
- tsconfig.json

app/app.component.ts

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';

@Component({
   selector: 'my-app',
   template: '<h2>My First Angular App</h2>'
})

export class AppComponent { }
```

app/app.module.ts

```
import { NgModule } from '@angular/core';
import { BrowserModule } from '@angular/platform-browser';
import { AppComponent } from './app.component';
@NgModule({
 imports: [ BrowserModule ],
 declarations: [ AppComponent ],
  bootstrap: [ AppComponent ]
export class AppModule { }
```

app/main.ts

```
import { platformBrowserDynamic } from '@angular/platform-
browser-dynamic';
import { AppModule } from './app.module';
const platform = platformBrowserDynamic();
platform.bootstrapModule(AppModule);
```

index.html: Load App using SystemJS

```
<html>
<head>
    <title>Angular 2 Demo 01</title>
    <meta charset="utf-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="app/assets/css/main.css">
    <script src="node_modules/core-js/client/shim.min.js"></script>
    <script src="node modules/zone.js/dist/zone.js"></script>
    <script src="node_modules/systemjs/dist/system.src.js"></script>
    <script src="systemjs.config.js"></script>
    <script>
      System.import('app').catch(function(err){ console.error(err); });
    </script>
</head>
<body>
    <my-app>Loading...</my-app>
</body>
</html>
```

index.html: Angular CLI (Webpack Template)

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <title>Angular TODO Lab</title>
  <base href="/">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
  <link rel="icon" type="image/x-icon" href="favicon.ico">
</head>
<body>
  <my-app>Loading...</my-app>
</body>
</html>
```

MVC Comes in Different Flavors

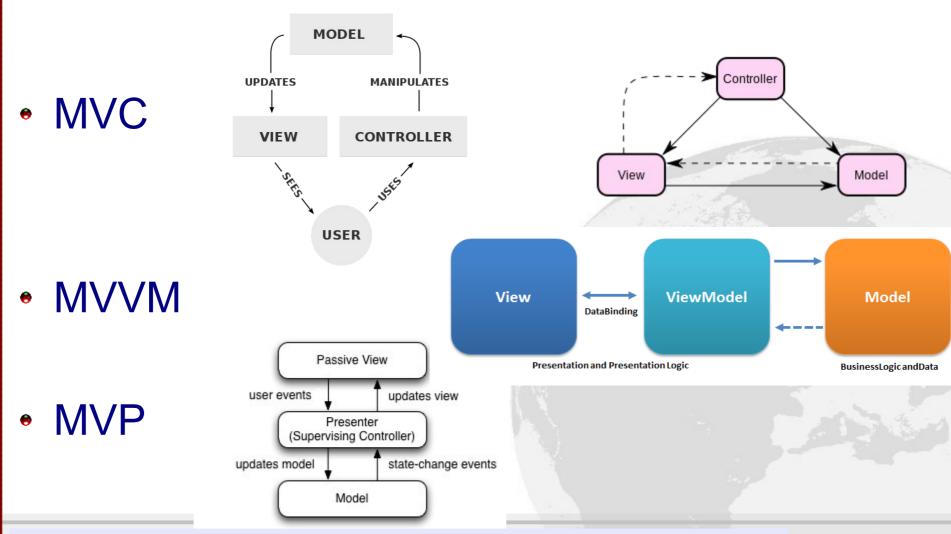


What is the difference between following patterns:

- Model-View-Controller (MVC)
- Model-View-ViewModel (MVVM)
- Model-View-Presenter (MVP)

http://csl.ensm-douai.fr/noury/uploads/20/ModelViewContr

MVC Comes in Different Flavors - 2



Sources:https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Model_View_ViewModel#/media/File:MVVMPattern.png, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Model %E2%80%93view%E2%80%93presenter#/media/File:Model_View_Presenter_GUI_Design_Pattern.png License: CC BY-SA 3.0, Authors:Ugaya40, Daniel.Cardenas

Web Components I

- Do Components Exist? [http://www.c2.com/cgi/wiki?DoComponentsExist]
- They have to exist. Sales and marketing people are talking about them. Components are not a technology. Technology people seem to find this hard to understand. Components are about how customers want to relate to software. They want to be able to buy their software a piece at a time, and to be able to upgrade it just like they can upgrade their stereo. They want new pieces to work seamlessly with their old pieces, and to be able to upgrade on their own schedule, not the manufacturer's schedule. They want to be able to mix and match pieces from various manufacturers. This is a very reasonable requirement. It is just hard to satisfy.
 - RalphJohnson

Web Components II

 Make it possible to build widgets ...which can be reused reliably ...and which won't break pages if the next version of the component changes internal implementation details.

[http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/webcomponents/shadowdom/]

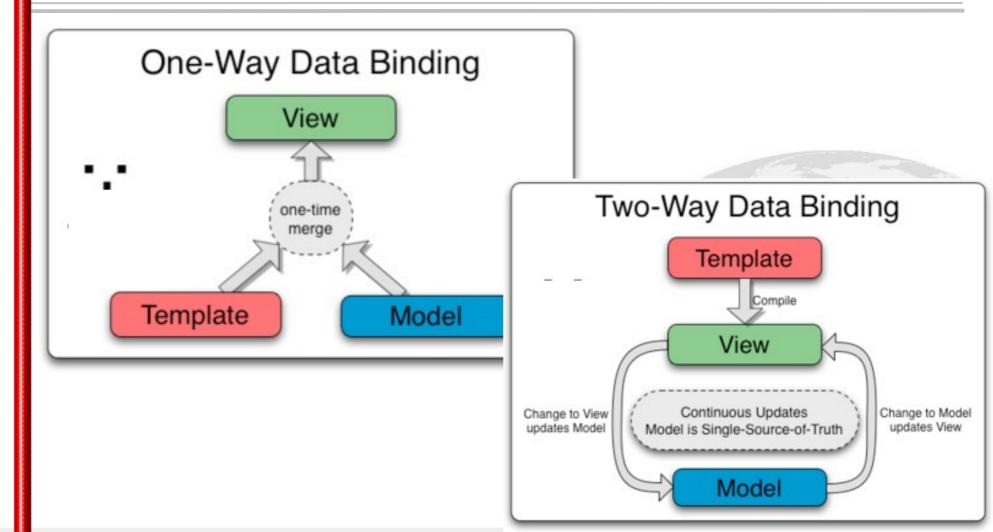
4 emerging W3C specifications:

- Custom elements provide a way for authors to build their own fully-featured DOM elements.
- Shadow DOM combining multiple DOM trees in one hierarchy
- Template declare fragments of HTML that can be cloned and inserted in the document by script
- HTML imports link rel="import" href="my-custom-cmp.html">

Web Components III

```
<template id="custom-tag-tpl">
  <style>
     h1 { color: blue; }
  </style>
  <h1>My Custom Component</h1>
</template>
var CustomCmpProto = Object.create(HTMLElement.prototype);
CustomCmpProto.createdCallback = function() {
      var template = document.querySelector('#custom-tag-tpl');
      var clone = document.importNode(template.content, true);
      this.createShadowRoot().appendChild(clone);
var MyCmp = document.registerElement('custom-cmp', {prototype:
CustomCmpProto});
document.body.appendChild(new MyCmp());
Copyright © 2003-2019 IPT - Intellectual Products & Technologies Ltd. All rights reserved.
```

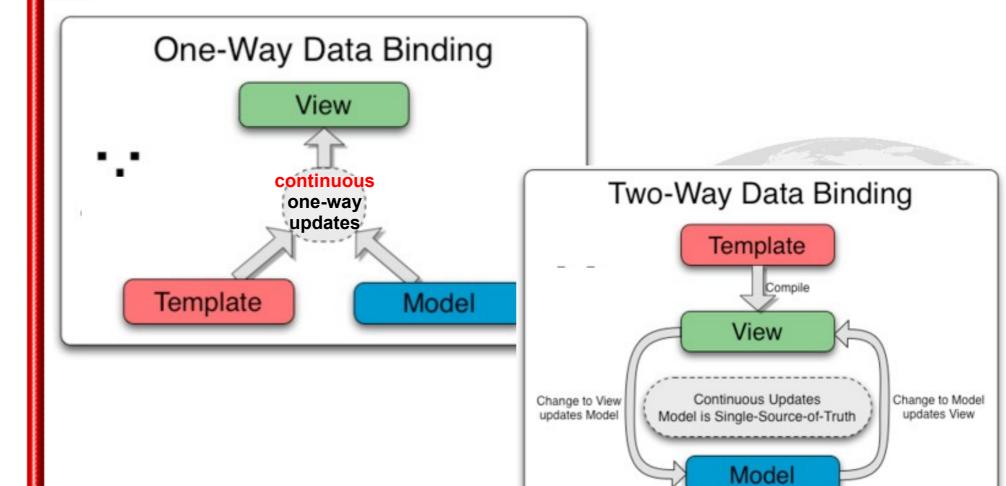
Data Binding I



Source: AngularJS Developer Guide: https://docs.angularjs.org/guide/databinding

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Data Binding II



Source: AngularJS Developer Guide:

https://docs.angularjs.org/guide/databinding

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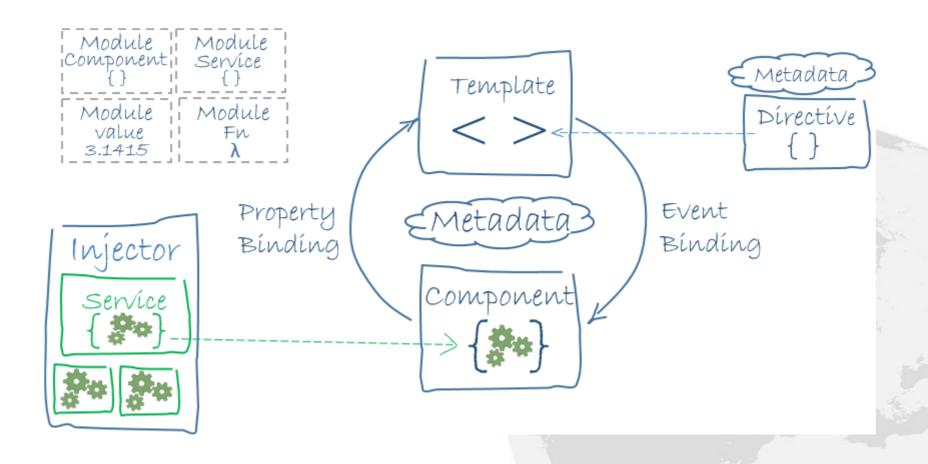
Advantages of Angular 2+

- Speed Angular 2+ is dramatically faster than AngularJS with support for fast initial loads through server-side pre-rendering, offline compile for fast startup, and ultrafast change detection and view caching for smooth virtual scrolling and snappy view transitions.
- Browsers Angular 2+ supports IE 9, 10, 11, Microsoft Edge, Safari, Firefox, Chrome, Mobile Safari, and Android 4.1+.
- Cross-platform By learning Angular, you'll gain the core knowledge you'll need to build for a full range of platforms including desktop and mobile web, hybrid and native UI mobile installed apps, and even installable desktop applications.

Angular Application Development

- Data architecture in Angular overview, main types of components: Module, Component, Template, Metadata, Data Binding, Service, Directive, Dependency Injection.
- Component controllers, views & templates
- Using external template and style files.
- Angular by example simple TODO application

Angular Data Architecture



Source: Angular 2 Developer Guide: Architecture overview https://angular.io/docs/ts/latest/guide/architecture.html

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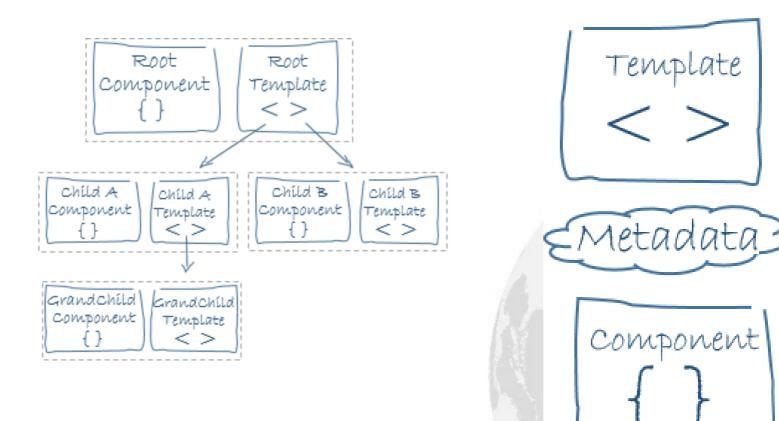
Example: app.module.ts

```
import { NgModule } from '@angular/core';
import { BrowserModule } from '@angular/platform-browser';
import { AppComponent } from './app.component';
@NgModule({
  imports: [ BrowserModule ],
 declarations: [ AppComponent ],
  bootstrap: [ AppComponent ]
export class AppModule { }
```

Angular Modules using @NgModule Decorator

- **declarations** the view classes that belong to this module (components, directives, and pipes).
- exports the subset of declarations that should be visible and usable in the component templates of other modules.
- imports other modules whose exported classes are needed by component templates declared in this module.
- providers creators of services that this module contributes to the global collection of services.
- bootstrap the main application view, called the root component, that hosts all other app views (root module only).

Components (View Models) & Templates (Views)

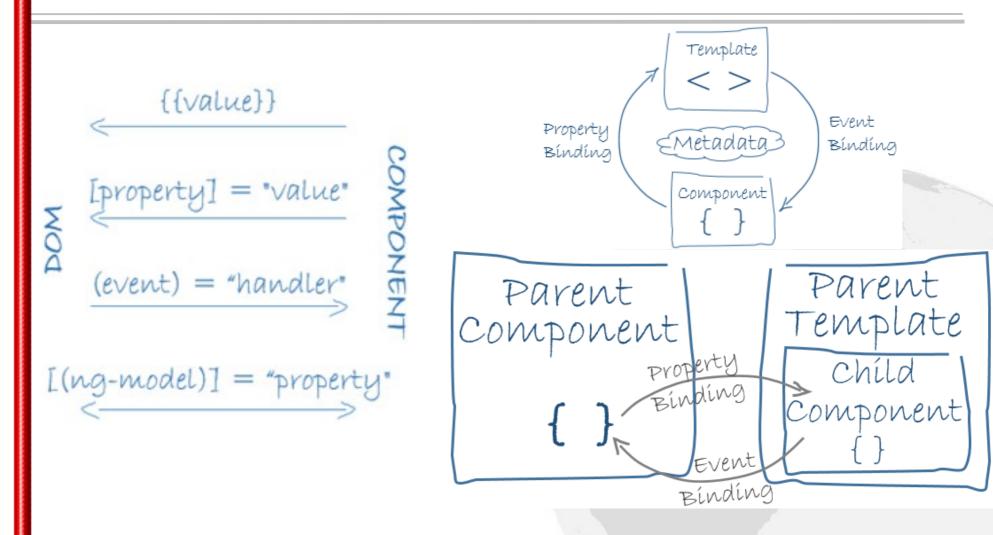




Example: app.component.ts

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';
@Component({
    selector: 'my-app',
        template:
        <h1>{{title}}</h1>
        <h2>My favorite hero is: {{myHero}}</h2>
        ← Template
})
export class AppComponent {
    title = 'Tour of Heroes';
    myHero = 'Windstorm';
}
```

Angular 2 Data Binding Types



Source: Angular 2 Developer Guide: Architecture overview https://angular.io/docs/ts/latest/guide/architecture.html, License: CC BY 4.0.

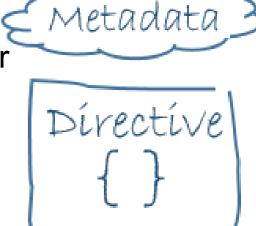
Angular 2 Directives

 Structural directives – alter (add, remove replace) DOM elements – Example:

```
<hero-detail *ngIf="selectedHero"></hero-detail>
```

 Attribute directives – alter the appearance or behavior of an existing element – Example:

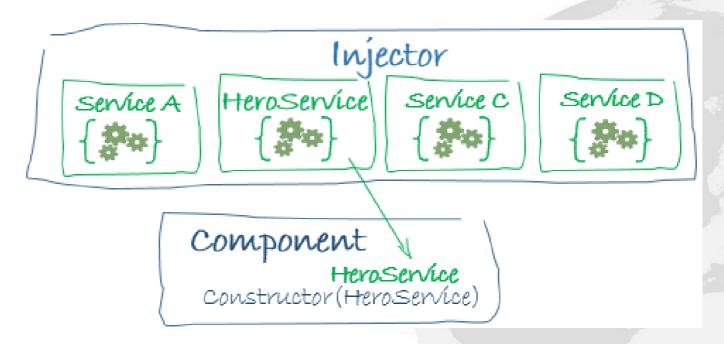
```
<input [(ngModel)]="hero.name">
```



Source: Angular 2 Developer Guide: Architecture overview https://angular.io/docs/ts/latest/guide/architecture.html, License: CC BY 4.0.

Services & Dependency Injection (DI)

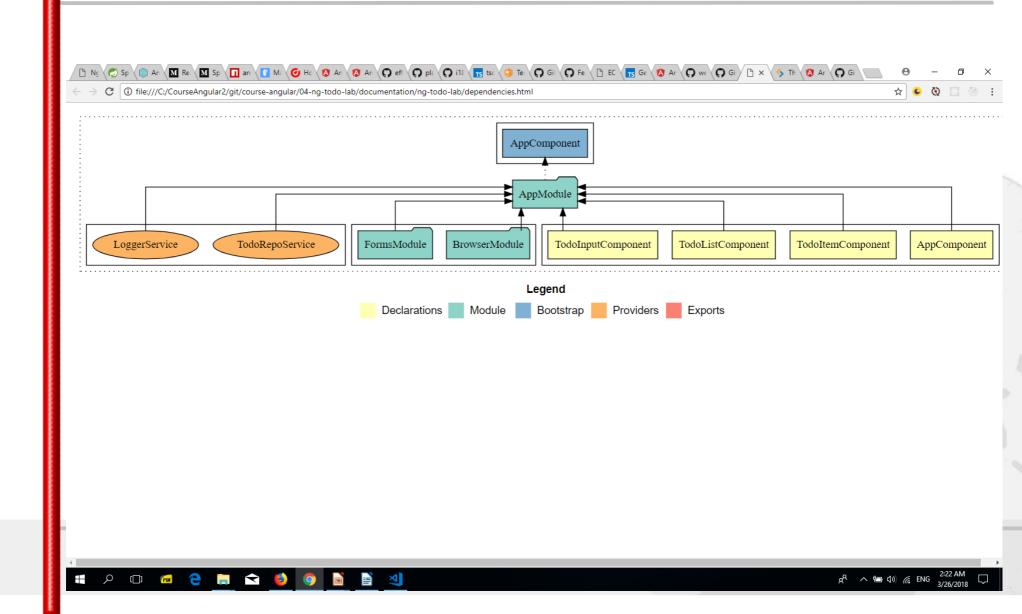
- Dependency Injection (DI) using constructors
- Hierarchical dependency injectors module or component provided services



Angular 2 Features & Services

- Animations animate component behavior
- Change detection zones to intercept asynchronous activity
- Events publishing and subscribing to events (EventEmitter)
- Forms complex data entry with validation and dirty checking
- HTTPClient communicate with a server to get/update data
- Lifecycle hooks tap into key lifetime events of a component,
- Pipes transforming display data: price | currency:'USD':true
- Router single-page application navigation
- Testing running unit tests on Ng2 application components

Angular TODO Application Demo



Handling User Input

[https://angular.io/guide/user-input]

Binding event handlers: <button (click)=calcTax(amount.value)>CalculateTax Getting data from the **\$event** object: <input (keyup)="onKey(\$event)"> onKey(event:any) { this.value += event.target.value; } Using template reference variables: <input #amount (change)="0"> <div>{{amount.value}}</div> Event filtering: <input #amount (keyup.enter)="calcTax(amount.value)"> Handling multiple events: <input #amount (keyup.enter)= "calcTax(amount.value)" (blur)="calcTax(amount.value)">

Angular Ahead of Time (AOT) Compilation [https://angular.io/guide/aot-compiler]

- Before the browser can render the application, the components and templates must be converted to executable JavaScript by the Angular compiler.
- The just-in-time (JIT) compiler compiles the app in the browser, at runtime, every time the application loads.
- The ahead-of-time (AOT) compiler runs once at build time using one set of libraries; with JIT it runs every time for every user at runtime using a different set of libraries.
- The ahead-of-time (AOT) compiler can catch template errors early and improve performance by compiling at build time.

Ahead of Time (AOT) Compilation Example

[https://blog.craftlab.hu/multiple-solutions-for-angular-ahead-of-time-aot-compilation-c474d9a0d508]

AOT compilation turns HTML template:

<h1>Hello World!</h1>

into runable TS code like this:

```
const parentRenderNode:any =
    this.renderer.createViewRoot(this.parentElement);
this._el_0=import3.createRenderElement( this.renderer,parentRenderNode,'h1',
    import3.EMPTY_INLINE_ARRAY,(null as any));
this._text_1 = this.renderer.createText(this._el_0,'Hello World!',(null as any));
this._text_2 = this.renderer.createText(parentRenderNode,'\n',(null as any));
```

Benefits of Ahead of Time (AOT) Compilation [https://angular.io/guide/aot-compiler]

- Smaller application size the Angular compiler is excluded from the code to be downloaded by the client
- Faster component rendering the component templates are already compiled
- Fewer asynchronous requests the pre-compiled templates are already inlined in the TS code
- Template parse errors detected earlier at build time, as already mentioned
- Better security with no templates to read and no risky clientside HTML and JavaScript evaluation, there are fewer opportunities for injection attacks

AOT Tooling Alternatives

 ngc – the Angular compiler is excluded from the command line, instead of the TypeScript compiler (tsc):

```
"node_modules/.bin/ngc" -p tsconfig-aot.json
```

Angular CLI and @ngtools/webpack plugin – the easiest
way using Webpack toolchain, better support for style inlining,
no need for separate AOT version of bootstrap file (main.ts),
no output to disk of separate *.ngfactory.ts files, but because
of this it is not good for AOT compatible package publishing:

```
ng --dev --aot (development) OR
ng --prod (production, --aot by default)
```

But There Are Linitations What Works with AOT [https://github.com/rangle/angular-2-aot-sandbox]

Test	AoT With ngc	AoT With @ngtools/webpack	Ji
control	✓	<u>~</u>	~
form-control	~	<u>~</u>	~
func-in-string-config	~	<u>~</u>	~
jquery	✓	~	~
template-variable	~	✓	V
template-expression	~	~	V
mut-property-decorator	~	×	V
nomut-property-decorator	~	×	V
angular-redux-store	✓	<u>~</u>	V
ngrx	~	<u>~</u>	V
ngrx-compose	~	<u>~</u>	V
arrow-function-exports	×	×	V
default-exports	×	×	V
form-control-error	×	×	V
func-as-variable-export	×	×	V
func-declaration-export	~	~	V
func-in-declarations	×	×	V
func-in-providers	×	×	V
func-in-providers-useFactory	×	×	V
func-in-providers-useValue	×	×	V
func-in-routes	×	×	V
interpolated-es6	×	×	V
property-accessors	×	×	V
private-contentchild	×	×	V
private-hostbinding	×	×	V
private-input	~	V	



Thanks for Your Attention!

Questions?