

Software Engineering 2: MyTaxiService

Requirements Analysis and Specifications Document

Dimitar Anastasovski, Marco Colombo

Contents

1	Intr	roduction	2
	1.1	Purpose	2
		1.1.1 Intended audience	$\overline{2}$
	1.2	Scope	3
	1.3	Goals	3
	1.4	Definitions	4
	1.5	Abbreviations	4
	1.6	Acronymous	4
	1.7	Document overview	4
2	Ove	erall description	5
	2.1	Product perspective	5
	2.2	Product functions	5
	2.3	User characteristic	6
	2.4	Constraints	6
	2.5	Assumptions and dependencies	7
3	Rec	quirements	9
	3.1		10
	3.2		- · 11
		1	11
			21
	3.3		21
	3.4		22
		V	$\frac{1}{2}$
		V	$\frac{1}{22}$
			$\frac{1}{2}$
			$\frac{-}{22}$
		V	 22
			22
			 23

CONTENTS CONTENTS

4	UM	L Models	24
	4.1	Use Case Models	24
	4.2	Class Diagram	30
	4.3	Sequence Diagrams	31
	4.4	Activity diagrams	34
5	Allo	\mathbf{y}	36
	5.1	Abstract signatures	36
	5.2	Signatures	
	5.3	Facts	39
	5.4	Assertions	40
	5.5	Predicates	41
	5.6	Results	41
	5.7	Generated world	42
6	App	pendix	43
	6.1	Software and used Tools	43
	6.2	Working hours	43

Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This document is intended to help understand and communication of the requirements of the system, explaining both the application domain and the system that you want to accomplish. It explains the functional features of the MyTaxiService, along with interface details, design constraints and related considerations such as performance characteristics. It can be considered as a contract between the developer and the customer. It is the basis for the planning of the project and to estimate its duration and its cost. It is the base for the activities of testing, verification and validation. The RASD should in fact contain sufficient information to verify if the final system actually satisfies the requirements contained in the document itself. This document follows the IEEE standard for software requirements specification documents.

1.1.1 Intended audience

This document is intended for all individuals participating in and/or supervising the project:

- Expected audience of this document is the developers and anyone who intends to develop on this program
- Developers who can review project's capabilities and more easily understand where their efforts should be targeted to improve or add more features to it (it sets the guidelines for future development).
- Project testers can use this document as a base for their testing strategy as some bugs are easier to find using a requirements document. This way testing becomes more methodically organized.

• End users of this application who wish to read about what this project can do.

1.2 Scope

The main accent is to simplify and optimize the access of passengers to the system and to guarantee fair management of taxi queues. We will build flexible and user-friendly web application and a mobile application that will run on Android and IOS mobile phones. This application can be used by anyone who previously will be register on the registration page. After the registration is done the user will have a user name and password that should remember for furthermore usage of the system. The passenger can call a taxi after a successful logging on the application. After that he can call a taxi and he will be informed about the code of the incoming taxi, waiting time. On the other hand taxi drivers will have a mobile application where the major purpose will be to inform the system about their availability, confirmation of a certain call and global map navigation. City is divided into taxi zones that are uniquely associated with corresponding taxi queues for efficient usage of the system.

1.3 Goals

We think that the system has to provide this features:

- 1. Allow the registration in the application to the taxi drivers and passengers
- 2. Simplify the access of passengers to the taxi service: Give a possibility to the users to reserve taxi from mobile aplication or web and to save time, passengers can call taxi in easier way and this can allow them to save their time.
- 3. Allow passenger to view if there is any taxi driver free
- 4. Divide the city into different areas covered by some taxi drivers, organized in "queues"
- 5. Guarantee a fair management of taxi queues
- 6. Allow the client to reserve taxi for an exact time

1.4 Definitions

- Request: Passenger filled form for immediate ride
- Reservation: Passengers can request for a vehicle at least 2 hours before the ride and can reserve his ride
- User: Is a customer who already registered and logged into the system
- Taxi driver: Is a person who legally drives taxi (with driver license and work license) already registered and logged into the system as a driver
- System: Is the system that has to be designed
- Taxi zone: Are the zones in which the city is divided in

1.5 Abbreviations

No abbreviations are been used in this document

1.6 Acronymous

- IEEE Standard 830-1998 Recommender Practice for Software Requirements Specifications
- Specification Document: myTaxiService Project

1.7 Document overview

This document is divided in four parts with clean and non-ambiguity description of the whole system.

- Chapter 1: General description and basic information of the system
- Chapter 2: Explanation of the main functionalities with constraints, assumptions and hardware dependencies.
- Chapter 3: Specifications of the system functionalities and non-system functionalities possible scenarios
- Chapter 4: Use cases and UML models
- Chapter 5: Alloy modelling and generated world

Chapter 2

Overall description

2.1 Product perspective

MyTaxiService is a mobile application (Android and iOS) and web application that require users to have access to a web browser on their smartphone or personal computer. The concept is based on the idea of establishing a direct connection between drivers and passengers to offer both sides a modern alternative to conventional booking processes. After research on the market we will provide unique system for booking a taxi that will benefit customers with cheap fast and satisfying usage of the system.

2.2 Product functions

- Registration: a guest user can register as passenger: the user to be able to properly record must enter Name Last Name Email Phone and credit card and date of birth.
- Call Taxi: after the passenger chooses the mode of travel the system will report the price to the passenger that it will proceed with the payment, and then the resulting call taxi. According to information provided by the passenger completed the system will have to alert the driver to shift (shifts managed by a tail the first taxi driver who makes available will be the first to work FIFO) of the position of the passenger by a text message then the system will put him to instill tail.
- Reserve taxi: passengers can book a taxi at least 10 minutes before, at this point after the booking system will alert all passengers of the travel

arrangements and will award a taxi from the queue at the time desired by passengers.

2.3 User characteristic

We expect massive usage from people who use public transport on a daily basis regardless age, gender and nationality. Expected users must have basic knowledge of using web browser and have access to internet.

- Guest: a person that has not registered and can only exploit basic functionalities such as looking for help.
- User: a person that has registered and so has provided his personal information and a set of abilities.
 - 1. Passenger
 - 2. Taxi driver
- Administrator: the responsible for the web application. The only one that can accept new abilities from users.

2.4 Constraints

Mayor constrains are related to security and reliability of the system and customers. The Service may permit you to link to other websites, services or resources on the Internet, and other websites, services or resources may contain links to the Site. When you access third party websites, you do so at your own risk. These other websites are not under our control.

- Regulatory polices harmonized with Italian regulatory agency.
- Hardware and software limitations

	Requirements
Operating system	Windows(XP or higher),
	Linux(Edubuntu,Ubuntu or higher),
	Mac OS (X 10.6 or higher),
	Android(Froyo or higher), iOS(7.0 or higher)
CPU	1.5Ghz or higher
Memory	512 MB RAM(for PC)
	32 MB RAM (for Android and iOS)
Hard drive	2.2 GB free hard disk space
Browser requirements	Internet explorer 6 or higher, Google Chrome,
	Mozila Firefox, Apple Safari 5+
GPS	YES
Internet Connection	YES

- Interfaces to other applications: MyTaxiService doesn't meet with other application
- Parallel operation:
 MyTaxiService must support parallel operations
- For testing purposes you will need a simulating tool.

2.5 Assumptions and dependencies

- If you close the application the booking of the taxi continues, push notification will be send before the taxi arrives.
- Administrator(or the system) had authority to delete account
- Customer can only reserve taxi at least two hours before the ride
- Taxi driver can receive ride request while he is unavailable
- Taxi driver that is currently on ride can't receive and ride request
- Only available taxi drivers can receive ride requests
- Taxi driver can cancel the booking
- User can only have one account
- If customer had more than three cancellation, administrator(or the system) can block his account

- If customer wants to share cab his location will be visible public
- If customers wouldn't like to share costs after a booking it will automatically charged full price to every client in the cab
- Customer can book maximum three taxis
- Customers can cancel booking but the system must inform the taxi driver
- Special code must send with the booking for easily recognition by the customers
- MyTaxiService can be only use in Milan (including Malpensa and Linate airports)
- If in the concrete region there are no available taxis, the system can ask the customer if he wants to automatically give the booking to the closest region and taxi with approximate waiting and additional cost
- If there is no available taxi in the region, customer can see queue of booked taxi near the customer with approximate waiting time

Chapter 3

Requirements

Starting from the goals we explain the following requirements:

- 1. Allow the registration in the application to the taxi drivers and passengers:
 - The system should be able to provide a sign up functionality in order to create a new taxi driver or passenger profiles.
- 2. Simplify the access of passengers to the taxy service:
 - The system has to provide the possibility to the passenger to reserve a taxi
 - The system has to provide both a web application and mobile application in order to allow the passenger to save his time.
- 3. Allow passenger to view if there is any taxi driver free:
 - The system has to provide a functionality that allow a passenger to view if there is any free taxi driver for the desired route.
- 4. Divide the city into different areas covered by some taxi drivers, organized in queues:
 - The system has to provide a functionality to divide the city in some areas
 - The system has to organize the taxi of these areas into queues
- 5. Guarantee a fair management of taxi queues:
 - The system has to provide a functionality in order to manage the taxi queues in the best way has possible.

6. Allow the client to reserve taxi for an exact time:

• The system has to provide a functionality that allow the passenger to reserve a taxi for a desired time.

3.1 Functional requirements:

We specify here functional requirements for each actor:

1. Guest:

- Sign up
- Choose if he wants to register as a passenger or taxi driver

2. Passenger:

- Log in
- Manage his personal informations
- Search for free taxis
- Reserve a taxi
- Call a taxi

3. Taxi driver:

- Log in
- Manage his personal informations
- Share his position on the map
- Change his status (free or busy for a ride)

3.2 Nonfunctional requirements:

3.2.1 User interface

Homepage & registration page



The passenger can access to the registration page and register himself to the application.

Login



This is the login page. Here the user after entered his data can sign in the application.

Menu



This is the menu page, here the user can navigate and choose what to do. There are several options like: reserve taxi, check reservation, profile, help or log out.

Reservation



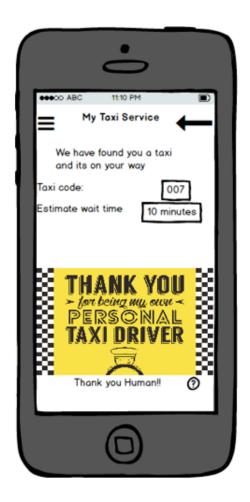
Here the passenger can reserve a taxi. He needs to insert the starting and destination point, the date and the number of passenger.

Confirm reservation



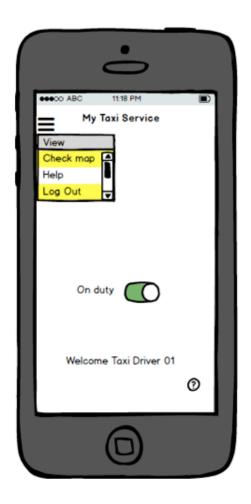
In this page the passenger can show a recap of his trip and confirm the reservation by clicking on the button

Recap reservation



Here the passenger can see the estimate waiting time and the code of the taxi that will pick him up.

Taxi driver homepage



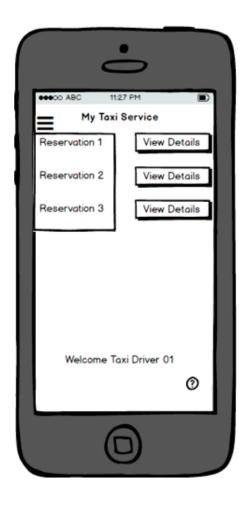
This is the home page for the taxi driver. He can choose from different option such as: Check map, Help or Log out. Also he can change his status in busy or free.

Taxi driver request



This is the notification that the taxi driver will receive when there is a request of a taxi. He can choose if accept or decline this request.

Reservation list for taxi driver



Here the taxi driver can give a look at the reservation he has in list and its details.

Taxi driver map



In this page the taxi driver can see the map of the itinerary for the reservation he chooses.

3.2.2 Software interface

Our software will have a database which saves members then serve a data management. In order to verify the data for the taxi drivers, the system must have access to the police database through and verify data on driving license and car. Enabling you to record your credit card the system will use bank pass that allows you to check the validity of information, the software have to use the maps google.

3.3 Scenarios

• Scenario 1

Alan has to leave for a trip from Rome to Milan and there is no one on arrival who can get him. Helping with his smartphone, he connects to myTaxiService app and does the log in using his data created in the registration phase. He watch the map and the available taxis in that area and decides to call one of them to get pick up. In few minutes Alan is in the taxi and can get where he wants to lead.

• Scenario 2

Alan has to leave for a business trip from Rome to Milan and on arrival he must be at an appointment in less that an hour. Before boarding the plane, Alan makes the access to the myTaxiService application, does the log in with his datas and makes a reservation for a taxi at the arrival time in Milan. Now Alan can make the trip with tranquility and will not miss his appointment.

• Scenario 3

Mario is a taxi driver and he received a call for a trip, he accessed the app and change his status from free into busy. When he will finish the ride, he will change the status into free and waits for the next call.

• Scenario 4

Mario is a taxi driver and he must be at the Linate airport to pick up Alan at the arrival. During the travel the car has a problem and stops to work. Mario immediatly try to repair the car but there isn't anything to do. He sends a notification to Alan and cancel the reservation. Alan will be refunded on his credit card.

• Scenario 5

Luca listen one of his friends talking about MyTaxiDriver App so he decided to download it and use it because he need to make a reservation for the next day. After the download he registers himself into the application and in few minutes he is ready to go. He logs in and make the reservation. The next day he will find the taxi cab at the desired point.

3.4 Software system attributes

3.4.1 Reliability

- Application must provide real time driver availability information.
- Application must provide accurate estimate time arrival of the driver.
- Application must provide accurate estimate fare.
- Application must send the booking request to the licensed taxi drivers.

3.4.2 Availability

• Application must serve the customers 24 hours, 7 days in a week.

3.4.3 Security

• The system must use encryption to protect the customers and the drivers.

3.4.4 Usability

- User friendly interfaces (intuitive and easy to use)
- Fast access to content, information (in case of numbers request to the server)
- Presenting data and information?s in clear, logical and readable way.

3.4.5 Maintainability

• The program must be designed in a way that new addition can be done without changing the already developed structure.

3.4.6 Portability

• MyTaxiService is completely portable.

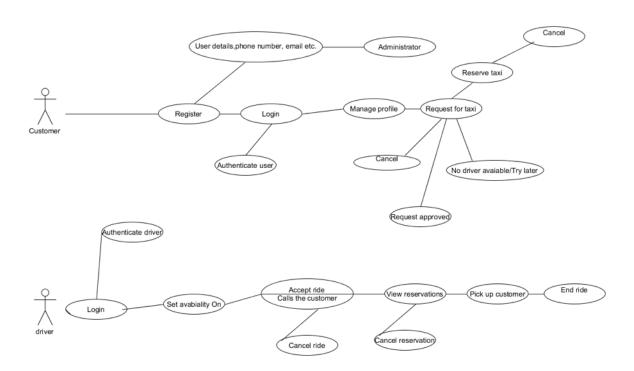
3.4.7 Future implementation

- \bullet Customers can use the option taxi sharing
- More available operating zones for the taxis
- Users can pay online
- You can add favorite drivers

Chapter 4

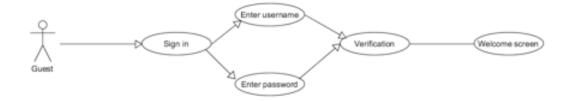
UML Models

4.1 Use Case Models

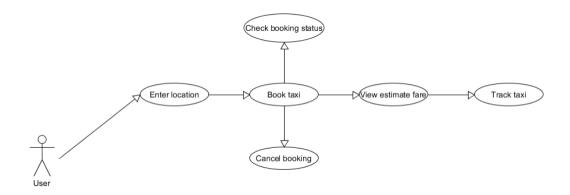




Name	Sign up
Actors	Guest
Entry conditions	Guest never made profile to our system
	Guest is clicking on the registration form.
	The system shows to the guest the registration form
Events flow	where he needs to enter basic require informations
	and in the end he clicks sign in.
	The system checks if the informations are valid,
	confirms and redirects the guests to the homepage.
	The informations are stored in the database,
Exit conditions	confirmation mail is send
	to the guest and the user is redirected to the homepage
Exceptions	If the guest inserts non valid informations
	the system shows an error message



Name	User log in
Actors	User
Entry conditions	The user wants to log in into the system
	The user navigates to the home screen of the
	MyTaxiService.
	The system shows login page and the user inserts
Events flow	username and password and clicks on
	the sign in button
	The system validate the correctness of the
	inserted information, confirms and redirects
	to his personal page
Exit conditions	The user has access to MyTaxiService functionality
Exceptions	If guest inserts non valid informations the system shows
	an error message



Name	Request for a taxi
Actors	User
Entry conditions	The user is logged in
	The user choose "Request a taxi" in the homepage
	The user is redirected to the page where he enters
	his location and final destination. And he clicks request.
Events flow	After that the GPS is correctly acquired, the user
	can sent the request tapping the relative button.
	A confirmation page appears with the code of the
	incoming taxi and the waiting time
Exit conditions	Code is send to the user and estimate waiting time
	If the users didn't enter his location the system shows
Exceptions	an error message and if there is no available taxi the
	system shows an error message

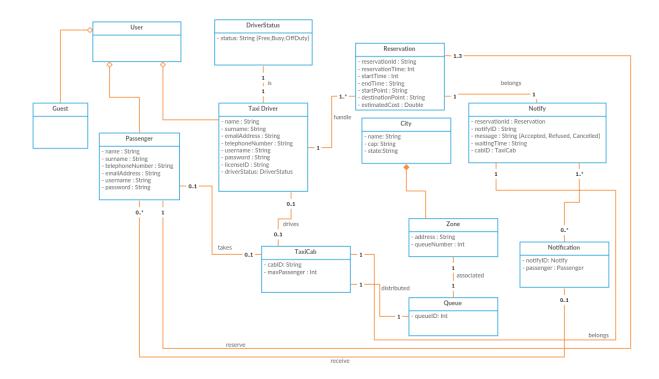
Name	Taxi reservation
Actors	User
Entry conditions	The user is logged in
	The user choose "Reserve Taxi" in the home page
	User is redirected to "Reserve Taxi" section where he
	needs to enter the details for reserving taxi:
	- Meeting location
Events flow	- Favorite destination
	- Date and time for pick up
	- Number of passengers
	After entered required fields the user confirms by
	clicking the button "Reserve"
	The user receives confirmation from the system and
Exit conditions	a push notification 10 minutes before the meeting time
	with the code of the incoming taxi
Exceptions	The user can't reserve taxi at least two hours
	before the ride

Name	Cancel ride
Actors	User
Entry conditions	The user is logged in
Events flow	The user goes to "Reserve taxi" option and clicks on
	"Cancel reservation"
Exit conditions	The reservation is properly deleted
Exceptions	The user can't cancel reservation less than 10 minutes
	before the taxi arrives

Name	Confirmation or declined request
Actors	Taxi driver
	The taxi driver is available, the taxi is the first in
Entry conditions	availability queue of its zone, so an available
	ride is coming soon
Events flow	The taxi driver is notified for a request and we can
	accept or declined the request
	The taxi driver accepts the ride
Exit conditions	The taxi driver rejects, the system will move the taxi
	in the last position of the relative available queue
Exceptions	If the taxi driver has some issues, he need to inform
	the administrator.

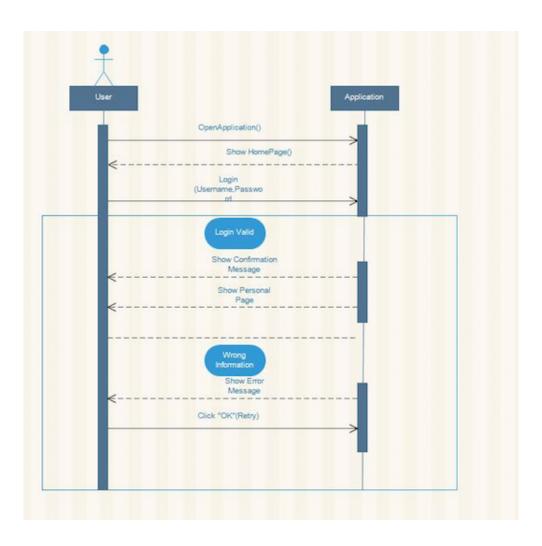
4.2 Class Diagram

Here we represent the class diagram of the entire system

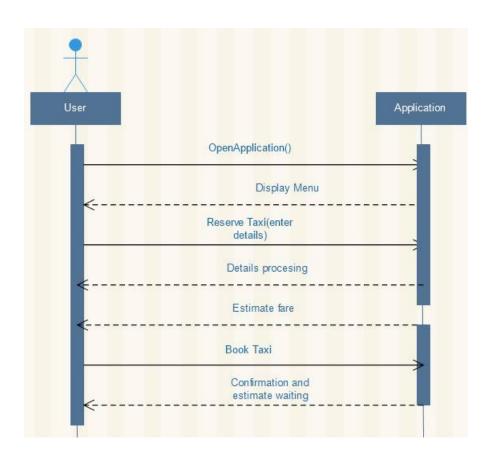


4.3 Sequence Diagrams

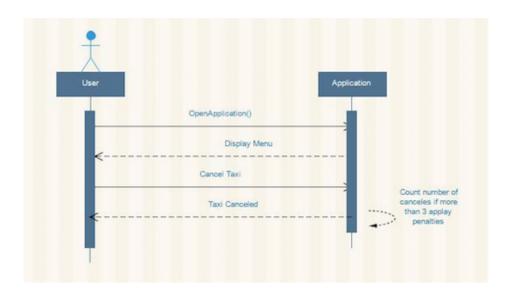
This is the sequence diagram for the login procedure



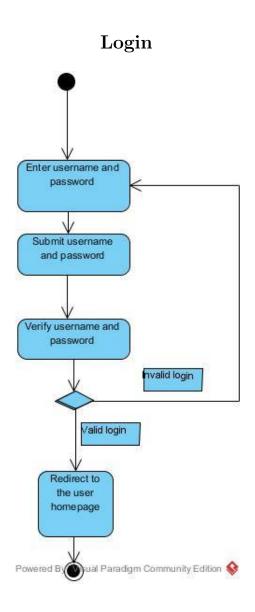
Here we represent the sequence diagram for the reservation of a taxi



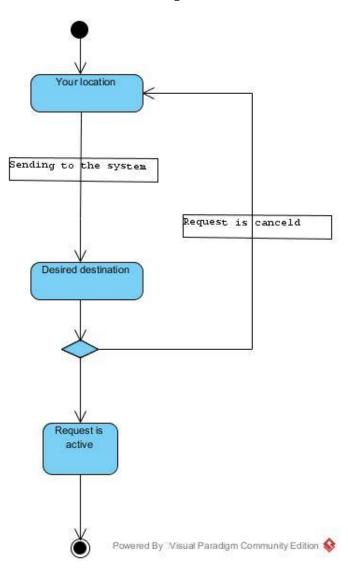
Here its described the sequence diagram for cancel a reservation $\,$



4.4 Activity diagrams



Request



Chapter 5

Alloy

5.1 Abstract signatures

```
abstract sig User{}
abstract sig Notify{
  resID: Reservation,
  notifyID: String,
  message: String,
  waitingTime: String,
  cabID: TaxiCab,
  reservationID: Reservation,
  notification: Notification
abstract sig Reservation{
  reservationID: String,
  reservationTime: Int,
  startTime: Int,
  endTime: String,
  startPoint: String,
  destinationPoint: String,
abstract sig DriverStatus{
  status: one String
```

5.2 Signatures

```
sig Guest extends User{}
sig Passenger extends User{
  name: one String,
  surname: one String,
  telephoneNumber: one String,
  emailAddress: one String,
  userID: one String,
  password: one String,
  reservationID: Reservation,
  notification: Notification
sig TaxiDriver extends User{
  name: one String,
  surname: one String,
  emailAddress: one String,
  telephoneNumber: one String,
  username: one String,
   password: one String,
   licenseID: one String,
  driverStatus: one DriverStatus,
  reservationID: Reservation,
  taxiID: TaxiCab
}
sig TaxiCab{
  cabID: String,
   maxPassenger: Int
sig City{
  name: String,
  cap: String,
  state: String,
  zone: Zone
```

```
sig Zone{
   address: String,
   queueNumber: Int,
   queueID: Queue
}
sig Queue{
   queueID: Int,
   cabID:TaxiCab
}
sig Notification{
   notifyID: Notify,
   passenger: Passenger
}
```

5.3 Facts

```
fact StartEndDiffrent{
    all r:Reservation| not ( r.startPoint=r.destinationPoint)
}

fact OnePassengerMaxTakeUp{
    no disj p1,p2:Passenger, t:TaxiCab | t.cabID=p1.userID and t.cabID=p2.userID and p1.userID=p2.userID
}

fact noEmptyLocation{
    all r : Reservation | (#r.destinationPoint=1)
}

fact noDoubleIDNotify{
    no disj n1,n2:Notify | n1.notifyID = n2.notifyID
}

fact noDoublePassenger{
    no disj p1,p2:Passenger | (p1.userID=p2.userID)
}

fact noEmptyNotification{
    all n:Notify | (#n.message=1)
}

fact noEmptyTime{
    all r:Reservation | (#r.startTime=1) and (#r.endTime=1)
}
```

5.4 Assertions

```
assert noDoublePassenger{
    no disj p1,p2:Passenger | p1.userID=p2.userID
}
check noDoublePassenger for 5

assert addNewPassenger{
    all p,p1,p2: Passenger | (p not in p1) and addNewPassenger[p, p1,p2] implies (p in p2)
} check addNewPassenger for 5

assert NoLessTwoHours{
    no r:Reservation|(r.startTime-r.reservationTime>2)
} check NoLessTwoHours

assert OnlyRegisteredUser{
    no r: Reservation, p:Passenger | (p.userID=r.reservationID)
} check OnlyRegisteredUser
```

5.5 Predicates

```
pred show(){
    #User > 1
}
run show for 30

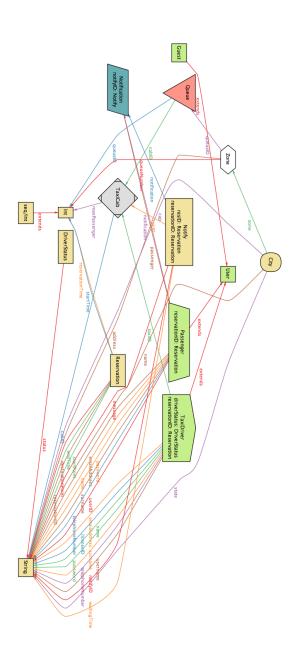
pred addNewPassenger(p,p1,p2:Passenger){
    p.userID not in p1.userID implies p.userID=p2.userID
}
run addNewPassenger for 10

pred noLessTwoHours(r:Reservation){
    r.startTime=r.reservationTime>2
}
run noLessTwoHours for 10
```

5.6 Results

```
7 commands were executed. The results are:
#1: No counterexample found. noDoublePassenger may be valid.
#2: No counterexample found. addNewPassenger may be valid.
#3: No counterexample found. NoLessTwoHours may be valid.
#4: No counterexample found. OnlyRegisteredUser may be valid.
#5: Instance found. show is consistent.
#6: No instance found. addNewPassenger may be inconsistent.
#7: No instance found. noLessTwoHours may be inconsistent.
```

5.7 Generated world



Chapter 6

Appendix

6.1 Software and used Tools

- TexShop (http://pages.uoregon.edu/koch/texshop/): to redact this document
- \bullet Alloy analyzer 4.2 (http://alloy.mit.edu/alloy/): to prove the consistency of the model
- CreatelyApp (https://creately.com/app/): to create Class diagram
- Balsamiq Mockups (https://balsamiq.com/products/mockups/): to create the user interface mockup
- Visual paradigm (http://www.visual-paradigm.com): to create the activity diagrams
- UMLet (http://www.umlet.com): to create sequence and use case diagrams

6.2 Working hours

Dimitar Anastasovski: ∼35 hours

Marco Colombo: ∼35 hours