# Mini Project 2: Data Exploration and Engineering

## Objective

The objective of this assignment is to enable you to build and train skills in data exploration and analysis by applying methods from statistics.

#### Tasks

#### Load the data

- Load wine data from the two source files winequality-red.xlsx and winequality-white.xslx, which you can find in the Data Science repository on Github: https://github.com/datsoftlyngby/dat2024spring-bi/tree/main/data.
- 2. Clean the data in both files.
- 3. Aggregate the two files in one still keeping the identity of each wine type "red" or "white".

# Explore the data

- 4. Explore the features of the original and the new files:
  - a. number of rows and columns
  - b. type of data in each column
- 5. Calculate the descriptive statistics of the numeric data. Is the data normally distributed?
- 6. Plot diagrams that visualize the differences in red and white wine samples. Use it as a support for answering the following questions:
  - a. what exactly is shown on the diagrams?
  - b. after seeing it, can you tell which type of wine has higher average quality?
  - c. which type of wine has higher average level of alcohol?
  - d. which one has higher average quantity of residual sugar?
- 7. Which other questions might be of interest for the wine consumers or distributers?
- 8. Split the aggregated data into five subsets by binning the attribute pH. Identify the subset with the highest density? What if you split the data in ten subsets?
- 9. Create a heat map or a correlation matrix of all data and investigate it. Can you tell which vine attribute has the biggest influence on the wine quality? Which has the lowest?
  - Do you get the same results when you analyze the red and white wine data sets separately?

# Prepare the data for further analysis

- 10. Explore the feature 'residual sugar'. Is there any outlier (a value much different from the rest)? On which row is it found? Remove that row.
- 11. Identify the attribute with the lowest correlation to the wine quality and remove it.
- 12. Transform the categorical data into numeric.
- 13. Try to reduce the number of features of the aggregated data set by applying principal component analysis (PCA). What is the optimal number of components?
- 14. Print out ten random rows from the final dataset as a prove of concept.

### Notes

Use as many and different diagrams, as they are appropriate.

You can develop and submit this assignment as a teamwork and get support from the instructor at the workshop on 13/02/24.

The deadline for submission is 19/02/24, 12:00.

Have fun!

the instructor