SOMO-VCB

A Matlab® software for single-objective and multi-objective optimization for variance counterbalancing in stochastic learning

We offer a simple application example that comprehensively describes the workings of the proposed software and can be used as a guide for applying the VCB algorithm to more complicated problems.

Having decided on the experimental setting to run, the user shall take the following steps (S1)-(S6):

(S1) We assume that the user has copied our software's folder SOMO-VCB/ into a desirable folder and has changed the working directory of Matlab[®] to that folder. For example, suppose the SOMO-VCB folder is copied in the /home/user/software/ folder. In that case, the user shall change the working directory by giving the following command in the Matlab[®] command window:

>> cd /home/user/software/SOMO-VCB/

Firstly, the user shall select its training set and store it in plain text at training_set.txt. For the current example, we considered the approximation of the 2-dimensional *Mexican-Hat* test function, given by:

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin\left(x_1^2 + x_2^2\right)}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2}},\tag{1}$$

where:

$$x = (x_1, x_2) \in X \triangleq [-5, 5] \times [-5, 5].$$

Each file line contains a 2-dimensional point followed by its function value, i.e., three decimal numbers given in 15 decimal digits as depicted in Table 1.

training_set.txt							
-4.195979899497488	0.527638190954774	-0.194370042271220					
-2.939698492462311	-3.190954773869347	-0.005885116036303					
-0.075376884422110	-4.195979899497488	-0.225181757558616					
	•	•					

Table 1: Form of the provided training_set.txt file.

(S2) In the data/ folder, the user shall modify the model_data.txt file, which provides the necessary network-related information. In our example, the function is approximated using an RBF neural network. The file for our 5-neurons RBF network is depicted in Table 2 and implies that it had all its center vector components in the range [-5.0, 5.0], its standard deviations in [0.1, 2.0], and its weights in [-20.0, 20.0].

Table 2: Form of the model_data.txt file.

(S3) The user shall revise the vcb_data.txt in the data/ folder. In our experiments, we used the file depicted in Table 3, i.e., each mini-batch set consisted of 10 mini-batches, each one formed by randomly selecting 10% of the training patterns from the training set. Also, the number of VCB cycles in the specific instance is fixed and equal to 10, while the available computation budget is 10⁷ single-pattern evaluations.

		vcb_data.txt
Number of mini-batches -	→ [10
Percentage of patterns used per mini-batch set -	>	0.1
Number of VCB cycles -	>	10
Number of single-pattern network evaluations -	>	10000000

Table 3: Form of the vcb_data.txt file.

(S4) The user shall adjust the parameter file for the selected optimization approach into the data/ folder. Tables 4 and 5 report the files used in our experiments for the single-objective and the multi-objective case, respectively. In the single-objective case, we performed 2 independent experiments with the BFGS algorithm. The maximum number of iterations of the algorithm was 100, used as a termination condition in case the user does not specify the number of VCB cycles. Moreover, line search was given a maximum of 100 iterations, while the penalty parameter λ domain was [0.1, 70.0]. The minimum relative improvement and the gradient-norm tolerance were set to 10⁻⁴. Finally, the parameters of the Wolfe-Powell conditions were set to 10⁻⁴ and 0.1, respectively. For the multi-objective case, the number of objectives was set to 2, and the number of experiments was 2. Both the swarm and repository sizes were equal to 10. MOPSO was allowed to run for 100 iterations in case of an unspecified number of VCB cycles, while after every 20 iteration with an unchanged repository, the swarm was restarted. The velocity-update parameters were 0.729 and 1.49, while the adaptive grid assumed a partitioning of 20 intervals per dimension. The velocity clamping percentage was 20%, and the mutation parameter was equal to 0.25. Eventually, the

```
so_data.txt
        Number of experiments
Number of optimizer iterations
                                          100
          Line search iterations
                                          100
             Lower bound \lambda_{\min}
                                          0.1
            Upper bound \lambda_{\max}
                                          70
Minimum relative improvement
                                          1.e-4
       Minimum gradient-norm
                                          1.e-4
                  Parameter \rho_1
                                          1.e-4
                  Parameter \rho_2
                                          0.1
```

evaluation strategy was set to 0 for evaluating the whole Pareto optimal set.

Table 4: Form of the so_data.txt file.

```
mo_data.txt
      Number of objective functions
             Number of experiments
                                               2
                          {\bf Swarm\ size}
                                               10
                      Repository size
                                               10
                  MOPSO iterations
                                               100
Iterations with unchanged repository
                                               20
                    Inertia coefficient
                                               0.729
                       Parameter \phi_1
                                               1.49
                       Parameter \phi_2
                                               1.49
           Intervals for adaptive grid
                                               20
        Velocity clamping percentage
                                               0.2
                Mutation parameter
                                               0.25
       Pareto set evaluation strategy
```

Table 5: Form of the mo_data.txt file.

(S5) Having set all the aforementioned files, the user can directly run the algorithm by running the so_vcb_main or the mo_vcb_main command in the Matlab® command window. The user has two options regarding the screen output during the run. Setting the parameter screenOutput to "off" in the so_vcb_main.m or mo_vcb_main.m file, the user receives only essential information on the screen, such as the start and the end of each experiment and the elapsed time. Table 6 reports this type of output.

```
Screen output (screenOutput = ''off'')

SO-VCB ALGORITHM

All data has been read, and output files are ready.

Proceeding to experiments:

Running Experiment 1...

...finished (elapsed time: 7.71 sec).

Running Experiment 2...

...finished (elapsed time: 7.14 sec).
```

Table 6: Screen output running so_vcb_main with the parameter screenOutput = "off" in so_vcb_main.m.

On the other hand, setting screenOutput to "on", which is also the default value, the program prints a line per VCB cycle, reporting the best solution value f* up to that cycle, as well as the neural network evaluations spent (in number and percentage of the total available computation budget). Table 7 illustrates this type of output. The number of Pareto optimal solutions is also reported per cycle in the multi-objective approach.

```
Screen output (screenOutput = ''on')
SO-VCB ALGORITHM
All data has been read, and output files are ready.
Proceeding to experiments:
Running Experiment 1...
    Cycle 1 ... f*=20.4209072115 ... NNeval=153600/10000000 (15.4%)
    Cycle 2 ... f*=5.4099053397 ... NNeval=283200/10000000 (28.3%)
    Cycle 3 ... f*=1.5491444294 ... NNeval=391200/10000000 (39.1%)
                f*=1.3728664490 ...
                                     NNeval=552000/10000000 (55.2%)
    Cycle 5 ... f*=1.2921087204 ... NNeval=712800/10000000 (71.3%)
    Cycle 6 ... f*=0.9590738342 ... NNeval=780000/10000000 (78.0%)
    Cycle 7 ... f*=0.8961949619 ... NNeval=876000/10000000 (87.6%)
    Cycle 8 ... f*=0.8403128739 ...
                                     NNeval=928800/10000000 (92.9%)
    Cycle 9 ... f*=0.8059666415 ... NNeval=1089600/10000000 (109.0%)
...finished (elapsed time: 7.57 sec).
```

Table 7: Screen output running so_vcb_main with the parameter screenOutput = "on" in so_vcb_main.m.

(S6) After the end of all experiments, the three output files are written in the results/ folder. The *_log files (where "*" stands for either "so" or "mo") differ between the single-objective and the multi-objective approach because they report the corresponding algorithm parameters along with the VCB and network parameters. However, the other two files, namely *_report and *_solution, contain the same information for both approaches. Table 8 illustrates such a *_report file. Each line consists of the experiment number, the total MSE of the detected solution over the whole training set, the number of VCB cycles, the total number of network evaluations, and the elapsed time. For instance, in the second experiment (2-nd line), the detected solution had a total MSE equal to 0.1431546082, and the algorithm spent 1106400 network evaluations while running for 7.73 seconds (wall-clock time).

*_re	eport			
1	0.8059666415	9	1089600	7.57
2	0.1431546082	8	1106400	7.73

Table 8: Form of the *_report file.

The corresponding solution vectors are reported in Table 9.

After the end of all experiments, the user may employ the results files for post-processing, e.g., for statistical analysis of the each algorithm's performance. The plain text format of the results files allows

*_solution						
1	2.6873326262	-13.3158690724	9.7231230055		3.6376235658	
2	-10.2043261403	-10.2745952288	0.0004279571		0.7325618163	

Table 9: Form of the *_solution file. The vectors are trimmed due to length limitation.

to feed the desirable information easily to any external software for further analysis or representation.

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