

OCLab assembly instruction

Dimitri Fichou

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Usefull ressources

Some knowledge are mandatory to build this device. The following links should give an overview. Over this document, it is assumed that you know the content of those ressources.

3D printing:

- Reprap project
- Gcode listing
- Course on 3D printing

Information on each electronic board used:

- Ramps board (electronic of our machines)
- Inkshield board for inkjet, more info from people who used the board [here](#), [here](#), [here](#). Place to buy the cartridge
- Raspberry pi project
- Arduino project (see those courses for an introduction on the Internet of things)

Some software to install:

- Openscad software (for drawing, see [this tutorial](#))
- Slic3r software (to create Gcode file for 3d printing, [here](#) is the main page but it's better to install the Prusa edition)
- Arduino IDE (to modify and upload the marlin firmware)

Others:

- Instructable for LED control from the RAMP

Print the parts

SCAD folder

SCAD file: `full_view("printed")`.

SCAD files can be found in the SCAD folder, normally, only the file `OCLab.scad` is of interest. Each different module can be observed separately by changing the argument of the `full_view` module.

STL folder

The STL files in this folder contain several files, only the file `OCLab.stl` should be considered up to date. Parts are designed to be printed on a Prusa i3 MK2 with the *0.35mm fast* setting. Normally, no supports are needed but a brim could be useful. Be sure to rotate the part so they print correctly.

Bill of material

Table 1: Bill of material - Estimated total price: 808 Euro (VAT)

Name	Amount/comment	Seller	Euro (VAT)
Plastic PLA	1kg	Colorfabb	13
zip ties	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	2
lm8uu bearing	8	Motedis	10
lm8uu housing	4	Motedis	12
623zz bearing	4	amazon	2
gt2 belt	2 meters	Motedis	3
gt2 pulley 20 teeth	2	Motedis	3
Nema 14	2	emotientech	30
8mm stainless steel rod	4x255 mm	Motedis	15
20x20 profile 5 I-type	5x215 mm (X) + 4x255 mm (Y) + 6x 210 mm (Z)	Motedis	10
nut for 20x20 profile 5 I_type	pack of 100 (X needed)	Motedis	20
cube connector for 20x20 profile	pack of 10 (6 needed)	Motedis	25
angle connector for 20x20 profile	pack of 10 (10 needed)	Motedis	10
Aluminium frame for box	2 mm thick	local workshop	30
Screw M5 x 10	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	5
Screw M5 x 16	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	5
Screw M3 x 30	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	5
Screw M3 x 10	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	5
Screw M3 x 16	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	5
Screw M4 x 20	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	5
nut M3	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	3
nut M4	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	3
nut M5	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	3
washer M3	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	3
washer M4	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	3
washer M5	pack of 100 (X needed)	local workshop	3
Glass plates	1 mm thick, recycled from commercial plates	recycled	0
raspberrypi	1	Conrad	35
5v 2.5 A power supply	1	Conrad	10
16 Giga bit sd card	1	Conrad	10
ethernet cable	1	local workshop	5
raspberrypi camera	1	Conrad	25
raspberrypi camera longer cable	200 mm is enough	Conrad	5
arduino mega 2560	1	Conrad	30
Ramp 1.4	1	amazon	30
A9688 motor driver	2	amazon	20
endstop	2	amazon	10
Inkshield board	1	nerdcreationlab	100
12v 10A power supply	5A could be enough	amazon	20
NPN transistor 2n3904h33	3	conrad	5
LED strip	1 meter	conrad	10
Prototype soldering plate	NA	amazon	5
Breadboard Jumper Wires Ribbon Cable	NA	amazon	5
255 nm LED	Optan 225P SMD 4-6 mW	Crystal IS	200
power supply for UV LED	No information	local workshop	50

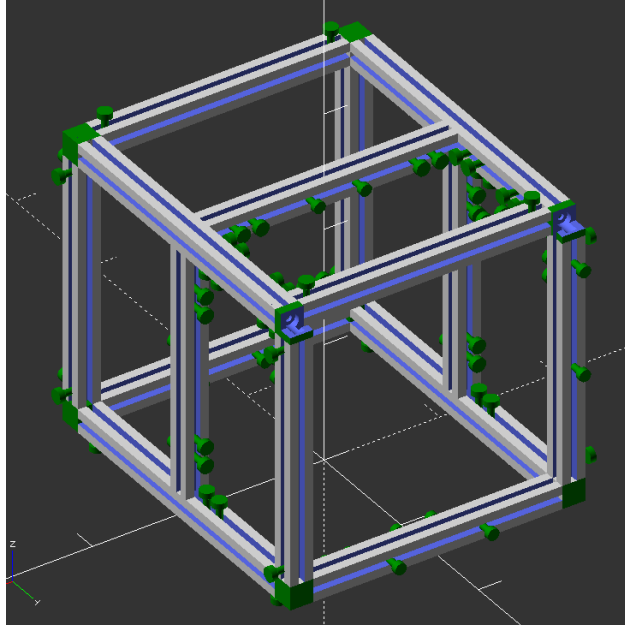


Figure 1: Frame assembly.

Frame

SCAD file: `full_view("frame")`.

Needed parts:

- 76x M5 nuts
- 20x20 profiles
- 6x 20x20 cube connectors
- 10x 20x20 angle connectors
- M5 screw for cube connector (sold with it normally)
- M5*10 screw for angle connectors
- printed parts: `feets`; `green_top_front`
- closing plates

Before assembling the frame, set the nuts to have one nut for each M5 screw shown in Figure 1. There is 76 in total.

The plate to close the box can be added now or later but can make the assembly difficult, worth case scenario, they are put to early and need to be dismounted to grant access.

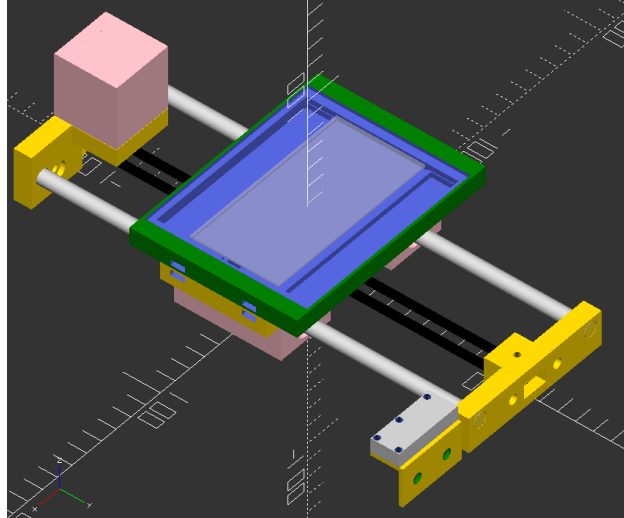


Figure 2: Y axis.

Y axis

SCAD file: `full_view("Y axis")`.

Needed parts:

- 2x 8mm rods
- 4x lm8uu bearing
- 4x lm8uu housing
- 2x 623zz bearing
- 1x endstop
- 1x nema14
- 1x gt2 pulley
- printed parts: `Y_endstop_holder`, `Y_moving`, `plate_holder`, `Y_end` and `Y_motor`
- 8x magnets
- 16x M4x20
- 3x M3x30
- 4x M3x16
- 2x M3x10

Assemble the Y axis as in Figure 2. Start by the `Y_moving` part, screw the lm8uu housing (with the lm8uu in). For the belt holder, be careful with the direction, it can be changed when the belt will be tightened during the assembly to the frame if needed.

Pull the magnets in the `Y_moving` part and the `plate_holder` part, be careful with the direction.

Insert the rods in the lm8uu housing. The rods must then fit in the `Y_end` and `Y_motor` parts, if not, drill a 8mm hole.

The endstop must be screw to the `Y_endstop_holder` can be put appart for the moment and will be set during the assembly.

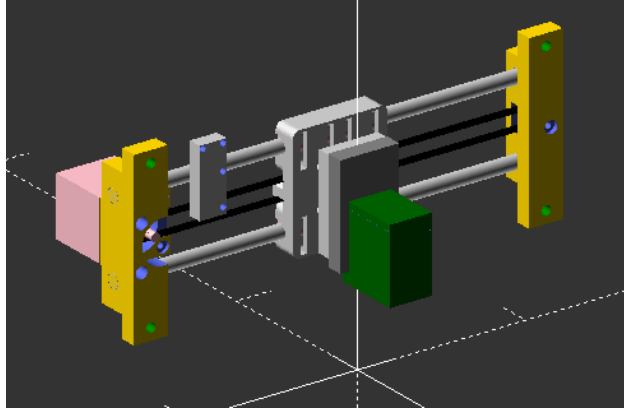


Figure 3: X axis.

X axis

SCAD file: `full_view("X axis")`.

Needed parts:

- 2x 8mm rods
- 4x lm8uu bearing
- 2x 623zz bearing
- 1x endstop
- 1x nema14
- 1x gt2 pulley
- printed parts: `X_motor`, `X_end`, `X_moving`, `HP_C6602_holder_holder`, `X_end_stop_holder`
- HP C6602 holder
- 2x M4x20
- 2x M4 nut
- 1x M3x30
- 4x M3x10
- 2x M2*10
- 1x M3 nut
- 2x M2 nut

Assemble the `X_motor`, `X_end` and `X_moving` parts as for the Y axis.

The link between the HP C6602 holder and `X_moving` is made by the `HP_C6602_holder_holder` part, use M4 and M2 screws and nuts for this. M4 link to the `X_moving` and M2 to the HP C6602 holder.

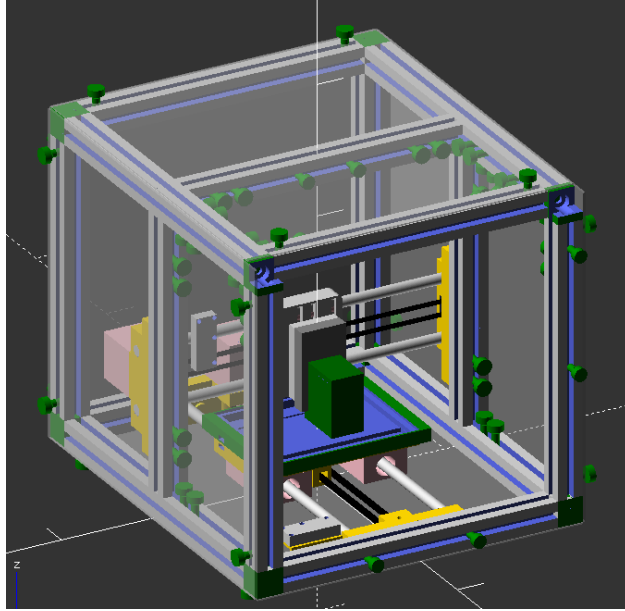


Figure 4: Assembled.

Axis assembly

SCAD file: `full_view("assembled")`.

Needed parts:

- X axis
- Y axis
- frame
- 10x M5
- belts

Position the X axis and Y axis as in Figure 4. The belt must be tightned and blocked with zip-ties.

The X axis must be position as low as possible while avoiding colision with the plate hodler. The Y axis will be positioned later when the cartridge will be able to fire.

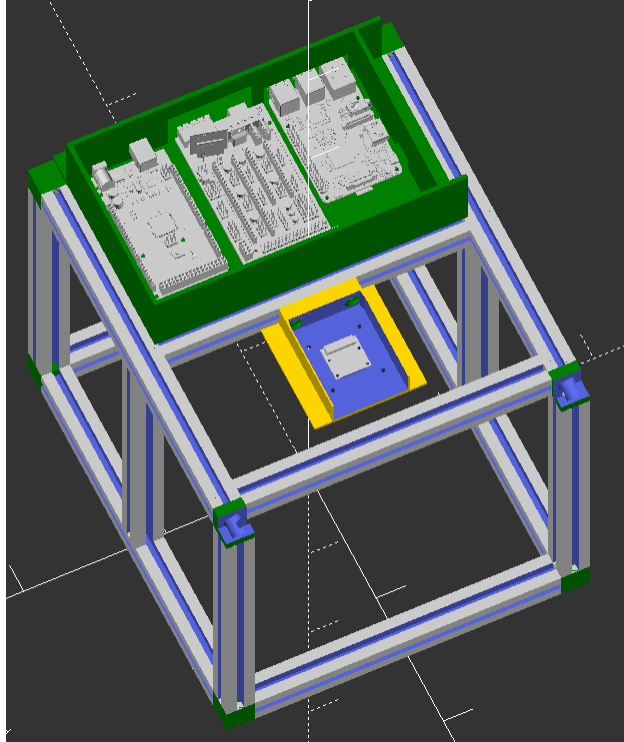


Figure 5: Electronique.

Electronique

SCAD file: `full_view("elec")`.

Needed parts:

- printed parts: `elec_holder`, `camera_holder`
- raspberry pi
- arduino mega
- ramsp 1.4
- 2x A9688 motor drivers
- LED strip
- Prototype soldering plate
- 3x NPN transistor 2n3904h33
- Breadboard Jumper Wires Ribbon Cable
- 6x M3x20 screws
- 8x M2x10 screws
- 8x M2 nuts
- 255 nm LEDs

Solder the inkshield board as shown on the website.

Mount the UV LED to an appropriate board (screw distance 35.5mm, hole for camera lens centered in the middle) and connect it to the `camera_holder`.

Follow this instructable to make the electronic for the RGB LED strips. The LED strips must be attached with double side tape to the `camera_holder` part.

Screw the arduino/ramps and inkshield boards to the `elec_holder` part and mount it in the frame as in Figure 5. Plud the motor driver in the X and Y axis positions.

RepRap Arduino Mega Pololu Shield 1.4

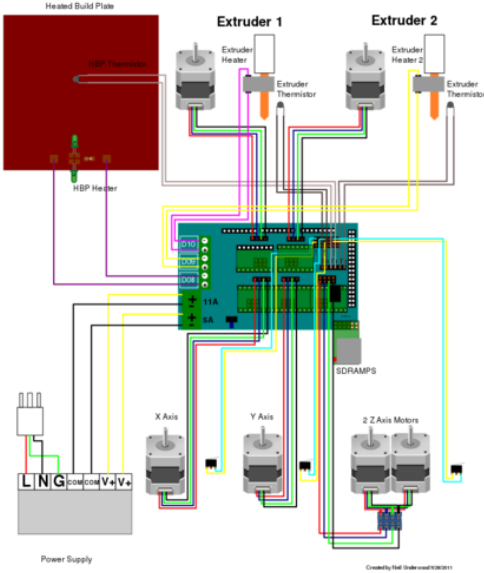


Figure 7: Motor wiring.

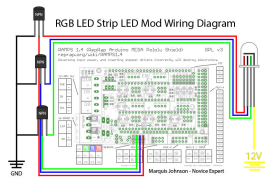


Figure 8: LED wiring.

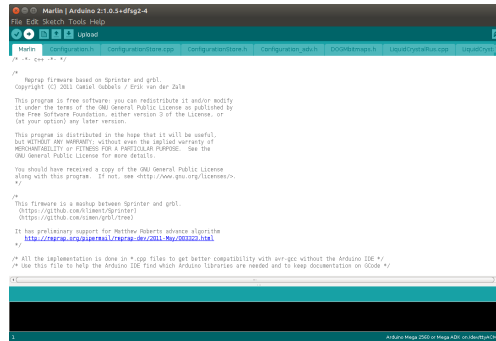


Figure 9: Marlin upload.

Software set up

Uploading the firmware

Use the Arduino IDE to upload the Marlin firmware present in the github repository to control the board. Open the `Marlin.ino` file and flash the firmware on the board while connected to usb (Figure 9).

Flash the sd card for the raspberry pi

Follow online instruction to flash the sd card on the raspberry pi (a sd card with everything set up is planned but not yet available). In the mean time, use the latest version of rasbian.

It is necessary to set a static IP address for the pi. As this is done differently depending of rasbian version, look for an up to date answer online. Once the SD card is flashed, the raspberry pi can be screwed in the `elec_holder` part.

OC manager

Follow the instruction on the github repository of `OC_manager`. Steps could be missing and feedback are more than welcome. As a rule of thumb, a rapid google search with the error message can solve most problem.

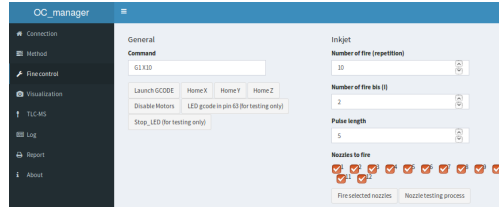


Figure 10: Fine tuning OC manager.

Calibration

The only calibration necessary is to position correctly the Y axis. To do so:

- Open OC_manager by going in your browser on the IP address of the raspberry pi,
- Connect the board
- In the Fine control tab (Figure 10): home the X axis and the Y axis, (if the motor are not in the good direction, turn off the full system and simply reverse the cable on the ramp)
- With an ink cartridge in the cartridge holder and a plate in the 10x10 cm plate holder, click on **fire selected nozzles**. The 12 ink droplets must be on the plate in the top left corner. Move the Y axis if necessary.

This calibration procedure is not enough and is a known problem, ideally, a complementary procedure should be inserted in the code to add a bias in X and Y to every movement. The 3D printing environment was done to have reproducible movement **during the print** and not between print.