

Product Manual

Laser Marking Machine

Applicable model: MF20-P-A

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Whole using the machine from our company, users are required to ensure integrity and independence of the product including but not limited to: mechanical, electrical, optical, control software and accessories. Unauthorized modification is strictly prohibited. It is a must to satisfy operating environment and operating specifications specified in the owner's manual. For the followings:

- Machine modified with no authorization (including but not limited to: add, remove, modify, unauthorized disassembly, replacing parts);
- Use the machine in the environment failing to satisfy the operating requirements;
- Operate disobeying the specifications of our company;
- Unauthorized use the machine parts, accessories and auxiliaries on to other machine or in other places;
- Viciously disassemble, destroy, decode hardware and software of the machine from our company

Our company shall not undertake any direct, indirect or joint responsibility. Our company reserves the rights to ascertain legal responsibility for the serious consequences or economic losses or reputation losses caused by what mentioned above.



Foreword

Thanks for purchasing the laser engraving machine control system of our company.

Before operating, please read this manual carefully to ensure proper operation.

Please keep the manual properly for reference.

Since the configuration is different, certain models do not have the functions listed in this manual. Please refer to the specific functions for details.

Due to the constantly tech-update, the specification for reference only, subject to the real standard.

Tags in this book:



Special Attention: User must follow and perform as the manual. Otherwise, it could lead to errors or relatively serious problem.

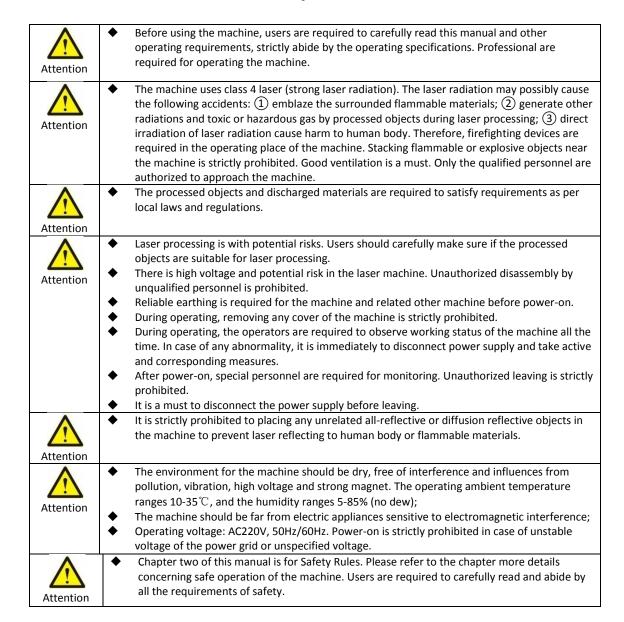


Note: User should comply with the attention and suggestion in this manual. It could bring much easier operation.





Safety Precautions







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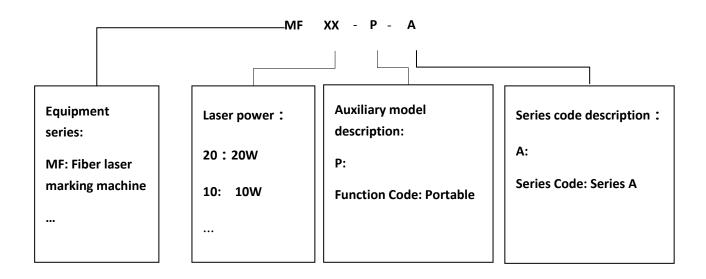




Chapter1. Equipment Overview

Equipped with sophisticated fiber laser generator, MF20-P-A laser marking machine, composed of marking system, work platform and chassis, is a broad-applied laser marking device with good quality of portability. Han's Yueming self-designed YMmarker control software is adopted in this model to achieve multiple-dimension-marking within limited range.

Description of equipment model:

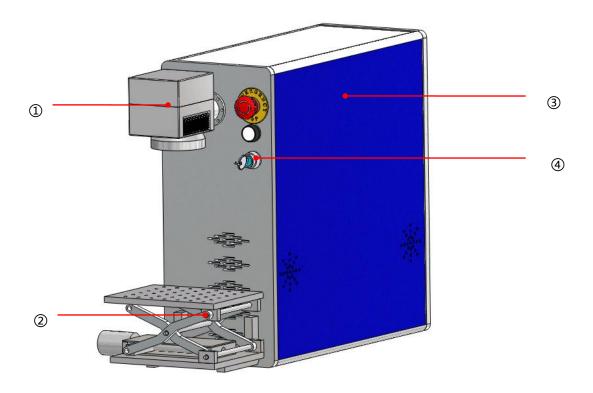


1.1 Equipment Composition

Due to different machine models and product update, some models may have different appearances and details. The actual product shall prevail.

Overall Components 1.1.1

The front view of the machine is as shown in Fig. 1-1:



① Optical scanner galvanometer ② Elevator ③ Case ④ Control Button Fig. 1-1 Front View

The operation panel is as shown in Fig. 1-2:

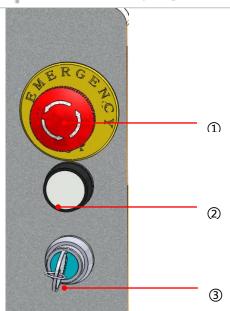


Fig.1-2 Control Buttons

- ① Emergency Button ②Power supply button ③Gross Power Lock
- The rear view of the machine is as shown in Fig.1-3:

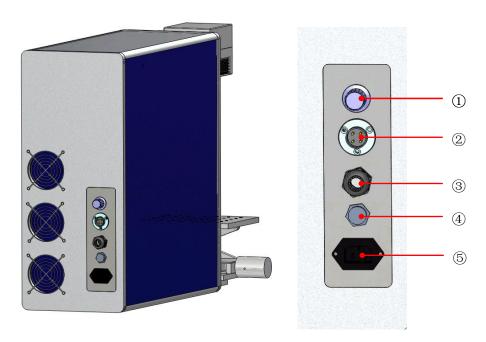


Fig.1-3

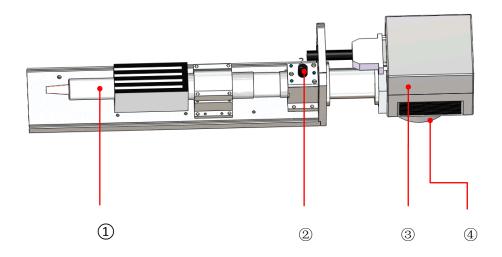
Rear View, Position of Line Guide Holes



Red Light Regulator ②Spare Rotational Signal Outlet ③USB Port ④Foot Switch⑤Power Inlet

1.1.2 **Optical system composition**

The optical structure is shown in Figure 1-4:



2 Laser 2 Red Light Punctuation 3 Scanner Mirror 4 Focus Lens

Fig.1-4 Optical Mechanism of the Machine

1.2 Equipment Parameters

The equipment parameters are different due to the model and configuration. The actual product nameplate and attached factory parameters shall prevail. The nameplate is usually on the back or the left side of the machine. Below is the nameplate of MF20-P-A:

大族學語激光 YUBMING HAN'S YUBMING LASER	Series Laser Equipment
LASER TYPE: LASER POWER: WORK AREA:	MF20-P-A FIBER 20 W 110 X 110 mm 220V ± 10% 50/60Hz
TOTAL POWER: SERIAL NO. : DATE:	D HAN'S YUEMING LASER GROUP CO.,LTD.

Fig.1-5 Machine Nameplate

The machine parameters on the nameplate are as follows:

Model: MF20-P-A

Laser Type: Fiber laser marking machine

Laser Power: 20W

Work Area: 110mm×110mm

Power Supply: 220V±10% 50/60Hz

Total Power: 0.8KW

Serial No.:

Date:

Manufacturer: GD Han's Yueming Laser Group co., LTD.

Tel: 0769-89838888 0769-89839999





1.3 Product Configuration

	序 号 N O.	Item	Confi gurati on	Specification	Qty	Manufacturer	Matchin g Item	Remark
	1	fiber laser	•	OEM-M-Q-20	1	Han's Yueming OEM		20W
	2		0	OEM-M-Q-10L		Han's Yueming OEM		10W
	3		0			Han's Yueming OEM		30W
	4		0	YLP-1-100-20-20		IPG		20W
(5	-	0	YLP-1-120/50/5 0-HC		IPG		20W
	6	Galvano	•	Ultrascan 10		Han's Yueming OEM		Digital,10mm
	7	meter	o	MS-10[Y]D1/SZ	1	Import		Ray laser
机 m ai	8	focus lens	•	SL-1064-112-163 G	1	Import		Working scope:110mm×110mm , f=163mm; Maximum thickness: 0-90mm
gi n e 1	9		0	SL-1064-70-100				Working scope:70mm×70mm, f=100mm; Maximum thickness: 0-150mm
	10		0	TKFY-220-10LNS				Working scope:153mm×153mm , f=254mm ; Maximum thickness: 0-20mm
	11	up-and- down working table	•		1	Han's Yueming		up-and-down distance:120mm
	12	Laptop	•		1	Lenovo		English Win7 Professional Edition is optional
	13	Control board	•	fiber marking control card	1	Han's Yueming		
	14	PC software	•	YMmarker	1	Han's Yueming		
	15	Optional accessorie s	Δ	Rotary device	1	Han's Yueming		Maximum height between the center of rotating shaft and mirror:184mm, with 70X70mm field lens only

^{•:} Standard configuration; ○: Optional configuration; △: Configuration can be added; ▲: Used in conjunction with other items; ×: No such configuration

Table 1-1 Configuration Table

1.4 Operating Environment

Humidity: 5%-85%; (non-condensing), If it is too humid, the dehumidifier should be installed.



- Temperature: 10-35°C; Too hot, install the air-conditioner.
- Power supply: AC220V; 50Hz;
- Grid power fluctuations: ±5%; grid reference to international standard; voltage fluctuation amplitude is higher than 5% should install automatic stable equipment such as digital voltage regulator.
- Equipment environment should be dry, smokeless, no dust, and no strong magnetic field interference.

1.5 Applicable Industries & Materials

This equipment is widely used in food and beverage, pharmaceutical, tobacco, leather, packaging, building materials, lighting, jewelry, cosmetics, mobile phone shell, kitchen and bath hardware, clock and watch shells, medical equipment, tools and accessories, electronic components, auto parts, lighting and other industries; Low energy consumption, non-toxic, non-pollution.

Applicable Materials: plastic, pig iron, stainless steel, aluminium magnesium alloy, zinc alloy, copper, nickel plating, galvanization, aluminium oxide, etc.







Chapter2. Safety Rules

This chapter mainly introduces safety warnings for protecting personnel and the machine, and makes an introduction to signs used in the owner's manual. The machine is already equipped with sufficient safety guarantee, yet it is still with certain risk. All the operators are required to carefully read through and well understand the safety rules.

2.1 Warning and signs



May possibly cause serious harm to human body or danger to life and property



What the operator and maintenance personnel should pay attention to

2.2 Product safety

The following conditions are required to be satisfied to ensure safe work:

- Abide by operation manual and instruction signs;
- Operators and maintenance personnel have received training held by machine manufacture;
- In case of operation by couples of person at the same time, division of responsibility should be made and followed;
- No admission to the working area for the unauthorized personnel;
- Avoid any working method breaking the safety rules;
- Timely eliminate all the failures possibly causing lower safety coefficient;
- Abide by maintenance regulations of the machine.

2.3 Safe equipment

Safety equipments are used for protecting personnel, and unauthorized disassembly, bridge-group or by-pass connection are strictly prohibited; in case of failure with the safety machine, professional are required for repair. If part replacement is needed, the product with same model, specification and from the same manufacture is required; otherwise, written consent from the manufacturer is required.





2.4 Safety awareness

The machine can be operated only by skilled personnel or under supervision of them. Improper use or operation may possibly be very dangerous and cause damage to the machine. Therefore, the followings are strictly prohibited:

- Placing heavy objects or stepping on the working table of the machine;
- Used for processing the materials unapproved by manufacturer;
- Staying of unauthorized personnel in the dangerous area (It is the responsibility of operators to ensure keeping unauthorized personnel away from the working area.);
- Block of using emergency stop button (Regular check is required to ensure a good condition for the emergency stop button.

2.5 Requirements for personnel

After trail operation, maintenance personnel from the manufacturer may perform training on the operators.

It is the responsibility of machine owner to have operators trained at corresponding level.

We have prepared ready a series of training course for your option. Please make phone call to our Customer Training Center for details.

Definition of terms 2.5.1

All the personnel using or operating the machine are called User in the manual;

Different requirements are for different users. Users are classified into the followings:

Owner

Owner means the authorized person or representative to sign contract with the manufacturer. With authorization, the owner has rights to sign the agreement with binding force of law;

Operator

Operator means the personnel trained for operating the machine. Training of the operator includes participation of training held by the manufacturer.

Maintenance personnel

Maintenance personnel mean the technicians having received formal training for machine and electric engineering. The maintenance personnel are responsible for daily maintenance of the machine, and repair at low level if needed. Training on the maintenance personnel contains participation training held by manufacturer.







2.5.2 Qualifications

The operator is required to accept guidance and training of the owner, and the operator is responsible for the safety of a third party in the working area; the personnel required for further training and guidance are required work or operate the machine under supervision of the operators.

2.5.3 Responsibility

It is a must to clarify the related responsibilities of each performance (operation, maintenance, parameter setting), and carry it out. Unclarified responsibilities will cause hidden safety risks.

Owner is required to provide operation manual for the operators and maintenance personnel, and ensure that they have read and understood the operation manual.

2.5.4 Personal protective devices

When technology or measures fail to absolutely avoid risk of health, the owner is required to provide personal protective devices for operator and maintenance personnel. For example,

- Protective gloves;
- Laser-proof goggle;
- Light respirator



Personal protective devices shall not be provided together with the laser marking machine.

2.6 Special product risks

2.6.1 Laser radiation risk

Based on level of potential risk of laser radiation, the national standard GB 7247.1-2001 makes classification for them. Laser class applicable for this laser marking machine depends on operation mode. The followings are abstract of laser device classification prescribed by the state:

Class 1: safe laser device under reasonable and foreseeable working conditions

Class 2: laser device is emitting visible light at wave length of 400nm-700nm. Generally, avoidance response including blink reflection provides protection.

Class 3A: safe laser light visible to naked eyes. Generally, avoidance response including blink reflection provides protection. Harm to naked eyes of other wave lengths will be less Class 1 laser device. Class 3A light beam internal observation with optical device (e.g. glasses, telescope, and microscope) may be dangerous.





Class 3B: dangerous laser device is to directly and internally see light beam. Generally, observation of diffuse reflection is safe.

Class 4: laser device with diffuse reflection causes danger. They may possibly cause skin burn, or fire accident. Great care is required to use this kind of laser device.

2.6.2 Common mode

In the normal operating mode, the laser marking cutting machine equals to Class 4 laser radiation. In this operating mode, there will harm of laser radiation to eyes and skin; you are required to wear goggles with antiglare filter.



- Common working mode must ensure:
- Correct operation of the laser marking machine
- Materials should be verified to be suitable to be processed by fiber laser.

2.6.2.1 Direct laser

You are required to pay attention to the followings while operating the laser machine:

- It is strictly prohibited to directly expose any parts of human body, explosive object and flammable objects to direct laser;
- Modification of fasteners on the optical parts is strictly prohibited;
- Unauthorized change of light route is strictly prohibited;
- Abide by all instructions prescribed in the operation manual

2.6.2.2 Reflection and diffuse radiation

Avoid exposing eyes and skin to mirror reflection and diffuse radiation. In the maintenance mode, the maintenance personnel are required to wear laser-proof glasses, and the laser-proof glasses should satisfy the requirements as per EU standard EN207A1:2002.





Fig.2-1 SaftyGoggles





Wavelength of CO2 laser device of this class is 10.6 µm and it is a class 4 laser device:

Note

You are recommended to use SD-5 type of protective glasses made by Shield Company.



- You are prohibited to directly watch strong light and laser even with laser-proof glasses on;
- Laser-proof glasses are made from high polymer material, and dipping into organic solvent or cleaning with it are prohibited;
- It is a must to replace the laser-proof glasses at the expiration.

High voltage risk 2.6.3

The external power supply is at 20000V.



High voltage 20000V!

Alarm

- The voltage over 50V and the current over 20mA are with the risk of danger and may cause death.
- Only the maintenance personnel from the manufacturer are permitted to perform operation on the inner parts

2.6.4 Risk of electric shock



While operating electric machine or device, mis-operation or neglect during operation may possibly cause serious hurt or human body or even death;

Alarm

Technicians with related qualifications are required for operating the electric machine or device or perform operation under their supervision.

The followings are required for operating of installing the electric machine:

- It is a must to use the specified fuse provided by the manufacture;
- Immediate pressing the emergency stop button is required in case of power failure;
- Unless otherwise prescribed, power disconnection of the electric part is required for maintenance;
- First check if there is live power on the insulated part, and then perform the treatment of earthing and open circuit, and perform insulation for the nearby live (charge) parts;
- Make regular check on the electric machine. Timely correct failure like poor contact or burnt power cord;





- While operating live (charge) parts, minimum two persons are required at the site for pressing the emergency stop button or disconnecting power supply if necessary; Mark the working area with red-and-white band and warning sign;
- It is a must to use insulation tools.

Risk of process by product 2.6.5

During laser processing, outgrowth may possibly generate, and their hazard must satisfy the requirements specified in Appendix A for example of processing outgrowth as national standard GB 18490-2001 laser processing machine. The abstract is as below:

A1.1 china processing

The oxide of Al2O3, Mg, Ca and Si; BeO (virulent).

A1.2 silicon slice processing

Crumb of silicon and silicon monoxide suspended in the air (possibly breathed into lungs causing silicosis);

A1.3 metal processing

In a view of medicine, the following metals and their compounds are influential: Mn, Cr, Ni, Co, Al, Zn, Cu, Be, Pb, Sb

Medical influences are as below:

Toxic Cr6-, Mn, Co

Allergic reaction, burn caused by metal smoke Zn, Cu

Lung fibrosisBe

carcinogenic Cr6+, NiO

Metal beryllium is very dangerous, especially cutting alloy or metal containing Zn in atmosphere will generate heavy metal smoke.

A1.4 plastic cutting

Various kinds of substances with potential risks may be generated when cutting the plastic. At lower temperature, aliphatic hydrocarbon will be produced; at higher temperature, aromatic hydrocarbon (e.g. benzene PAH) and polyhalo-polynuclear hydrocarbon (e.g. dioxin, furan) will be increased. Some of these substances may possibly generate cyanide, isocyanate (PU), acrylate (PMMA) and hydrogen chloride (PVC).

Medical influences include:

-----Toxic: Cyanide, CO, derivative of benzene

-----Allergy source/irritation: isocyanate, acrylate

Company Headquarter: No. 28 East Industrial Road, Songshan Lake High-Tech Industrial Development Zone, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

------Respiratory stimulating: formaldehyde, acrolein, amine;

------Carcinogenesis: benzene, some PAH substances

A1.6 Surface modification

Generally, there is no noticeable outgrowth, but sometimes heavy metal steam is generated.

A1.8 paper and wood cutting

General fibrin outgrowth, ester, acid ethanol, benzene —



During laser cutting, the smoke generated may be very toxic. The smoke is removed by upper exhaust blower system;



Cutting with abnormal blower system is prohibited.



Make frequent check on the ventilation system;

Clean and maintenance the blowing system regularly;

Note

- Foreign matter coming into duct of the blowing system is strictly prohibited;
- Ensure a good ventilation and the exhaust gas expel from the working room;
- Ensure a necessary disposal of the exhaust gas to satisfy emission requirements prescribed by the state and local government

2.6.6 Risk of optical system

2.6.6.1 Routine operation

The optical system of the laser marking machine doesn't need to be maintained with great attention, however, due to the great amount of dust generated by marking, the field lens should be cleaned frequently.



- Note
- During cleaning, please wear on goggle and gloves. The damaged parts must be sealed in a container and properly packaged, and then returned to the manufacturer.
- Good ventilation is required in case of any damage of the parts.



2.6.6.2 Warning for fire accident

Damaged machine or improper operation of the machine will cause risk of fire accident. Fire extinguisher must be equipped according to fire control regulations prescribed by the state.



Alarm

Atomizer or flammable or explosive substances are strictly prohibited to approach the machine, make regular check on the fire extinguishers to ensure a good condition.

Other risks 2.6.7

To ensure safety, modification or changing use of the machine with no consent from the manufacturer is strictly prohibited; any change of operating software or function to the machine is strictly prohibited, or it is strictly prohibited to perform integration of the machine with other system.

2.6.8 Measures for emergency

2.6.8.1 Measures for personal injury

In case of personal injury, the followings should be performed:

- Stop hurting (e.g. stop the machine, disconnect the power supply);
- It is a must to take first aid measures;
- Notify professional medical personnel;
- Notify the competent management department;
- Abide by the related regulations prescribed by the state and the company.

2.6.8.2 Measures for fire accident

In case of fire accident, the following measures should be taken:

- Emergency stop of the machine, disconnection of power supply;
- Control of fire with the fire extinguisher, evacuation of personnel;
- Notify the competent management department;
- Abide by the related regulations prescribed by the state and the company.







Chapter3. Equipment Installation and Commissioning

3.1 Equipment Installation

Unpacking Steps 3.1.1

Before installation, disassemble the wooden for the machine in the following steps: :



Fig.3-1 Equipment Packing Case

1. Prize up the packing case of the machine with a crowbar. Unpack in the following orders: top cover, left and right side covers, front and rear side covers, fastening ropes or fixing plate.

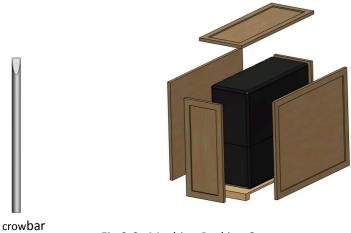


Fig.3-2 Machine Packing Case

Unpack the air box: find the catch in the middle of the box; hold the locking plate and rotate it by 90°; takes machine out

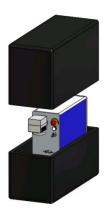


Fig.3-3 Separate Box

3. Take the machine out of the box and lay it on a platform or other stable flats

Unpacking 3.1.2

After unpacking, check the equipment and auxiliary fittings to ensure that the product wasn't damaged during transport. Check the following items:

1 . Equipment model

Please confirm that the equipment model is the one you ordered.

2. Appearance

Please check if the appearance has scratches, breakage, deformation or corrosion.

Spare parts and accessories

Open the packing case of auxiliary machine, check the parts and accessories according to the packing list, and check if the parts are damaged or deformed.



alarm

- Do not attempt to unpack without permission
- If you want to unpack, first obtain the consent of our customer service or business personnel, or else we will assume no responsibility for the unexpected events.



alarm

- If any problem occurs after unpacking, please inform our customer service or business personnel, or call the company directly
- Do not attempt to handle without permission

3.1.2.1 Preparation

The preparations required before installation are as follows:

1. Site

- Please set a separate platform (more than 800×400×650mm) to ensure the machine (700×210× 525mm)can operate normally.
- Please check if the site conditions and working environment for the laser equipment comply with the requirements in Section 1.4 and the requirements of our company.

Personnel

The equipment must be installed by our professional service personnel. If the customer wants to install the machine, the installer must have received the full installation training and have mastered the key points of laser equipment installation.

Tools

The installation tools have been provided. In addition, the user should prepare some installation and testing tools if necessary, such as screwdrivers, multimeter, etc.

Others

The user needs to prepare the water, electricity, smoke exhaust channels, proofing materials, computer and power outlets associated with the equipment.



Alarm

The customer shall accompany in the whole course when the customer service personnel install the equipment. The installation and commissioning are part of the training, and the user shall master.



3.1.3 Adjust the level of the machine

After the machine is moved from the crate to the workplace, the level of the machine should be re-adjusted as follows due to differences in the workplace

- First, adjust four feet to completely hold up the machine (casters off the ground);
- Then, place a spirit level in the front of the machine, and observe the shift direction of the bubbles in the spirit level. If the bubbles shift to the left, the left side of the machine is higher than the right side. Please adjust the level of the machine by reducing the height of the left foot or increasing the height of the right foot. When the bubble is centered in the spirit level, the front level of the machine has been adjusted properly;



The machine level adjustment is necessary. The subsequent operation of the machine will be affected if the machine level is quite different.

Alarm

The installation of computer /display and keyboard and mouse

Controlled by laptop, this model is very convenient to install.

Take the laptop out, connect it to the USB patch cord from the main engine; connect the mouse to the laptop. The position of the laptop is flexible according to real situation.

3.1.5 The installation of focus

Take out the scan focus lens from packing box carefully, Remove protective plastic cover, Thread will be shot has a head gently screwing machine lens fixing seat and make it complete fastening to cooperate ,The installation process fingers or other objects do not touch lens mirror, to ensure that the mirror is clean and without damage.

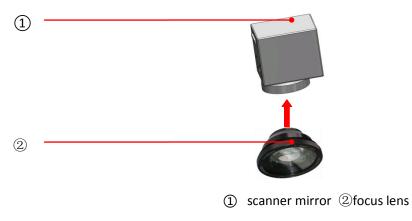


Fig.3-4 the installation of scanner mirror and focus lens

3.1.6 Foot switch installation

The position of FOOT Switch is shown as below:

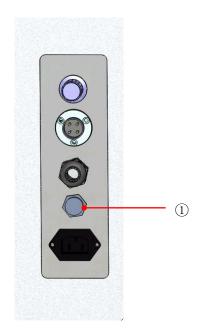




Fig.3-5 Foot Switch Interface

Foot Switch Interface

As shown in figure 3-5, insert the foot switch pedal to interface, which can be used.

Equipment Grounding 3.1.7

MF20-P-A laser equipment has strict requirements on safe grounding of user power system, which must comply with local safety standards: :







Fig.3-6 Power outlet

- L: 220V mains system phase line; must be equipped with safety electrical switch (switch must be installed in the phase line).
- N: commonly known as the neutral line, supply power to the equipment with the phase line.
- E: earth wire; the enclosures (earth terminals) of all electrical equipment are connected to this wire to ensure safety. Resistance to earth should be less than 5Ω

The user must consult professional electrical installer (electrician), and ask the electrician to check and ensure that the earth wire is securely connected!



Improper grounding can cause high failure rate, and may lead to other accidents! The Company assumes no responsibility and obligation for such failures and accidents

3.2 Equipment button instruction

Power button of laser generate 3.2.1

The laser power switch button is the reset button, after press down this button, laser generator on and the white light is lit, press down this button again, laser generator off and the light is out.



Fig.3-7 power button of laser generate



3.2.2 **Key switch lock**

Key switch lock for switch on machine, when the key clockwise rotation, machine switch on; when key anticlockwise turn back to the original position, machine switch off.

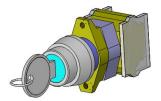


Fig.3-8 key switch lock

Emergency stop switch 3.2.3

Equipped with urgent stop switch, one of the emergency stop button is installed on the switch panel of the console, the front left and right sides each have one .The emergency stop button to activate the stop function, and all equipment of the power supply will be cut off, the machine is in the safety "stop" state.

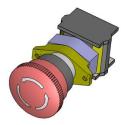


Fig.3-9 Emergency stop switch



note

- After press down emergency stop button, all equipment of the power will be cut off, necessary if need to power off the machine, should be shut off the main power switch and unplug the power cable.
- Only in has ruled out an emergency and correct all defects or repaired the failure cases can loosen the stop to continue operating the machine



note

- After emergency rule out will be pressing the stop button clockwise rotate its automatic reset, will be terminate the stop state.
- Must be restart software after removed stop condition, equipment shall be resumed work.





After installation, the equipment needs debugging and processing test. Equipment debugging mainly completes state detection of each module of the machine, including motion module, laser module and electrical I/O module.

3.3.1 **Switching sequence**

The switching on sequence follows:

Master power—turn the key switch clockwise --- press down laser generator control button

Shutdown in opposite order, successively:

Press down laser generator button – turn the key switch counterclockwise --- master power

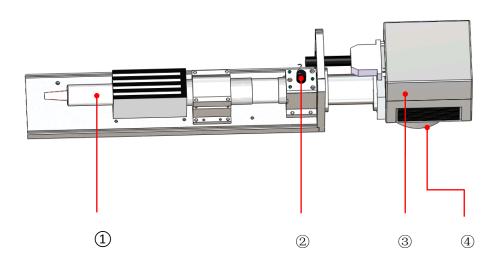


Please operate in accordance with the required sequence, or else it may cause equipment malfunction.

Laser debugging 3.3.2

3.3.2.1 The introduction of cavity components

MF20-P-A laser marking machine adopts constant light path structure. Composed of fiber laser, red light punctuation, combined beams, vibration mirror and optical scanning field lens parts, such as concrete as shown in figure 3-10:



1) laser generator 2 red light graticule 3 scanner mirror 4 focus lens

Fig.3-10 Cavity component structure diagram





3.3.2.2 Cavity component parts introduction and regulation

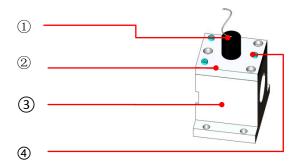
3.3.2.2.1 Radio frequency laser

Radio frequency laser structure as shown in figure 3-29:



Fig.3-11 Pulse fiber laser

Red light graticule 3.3.2.2.2



(1) Red Light Graticule (2) Red Light Adjustment Base (3) Base (4) Regulating Screw

Fig.3-12 Red Light Graticule

Whether the light path adjustment good can be judged through the photographic lenses visual method .Put the photographic lenses in the laser beam out position, According to the position of light spot, adjust the Angle of incident laser light or red light incident Angle, until traces on a light hole center.

By adjusting the laser installation height to adjust laser generator, adjust the four nuts of red light graticule base to adjust the red light of the incident Angle.





3.3.2.2.3 Scan mirror / focus lens



1) Scan Mirror 2 Focus Lens

Fig.3-13 Scan Mirror/ Focus Lens

To realize the X and Y direction movement through the galvanometer, through different level focusing lens to achieve a wide range of marking.

3.3.2.3 Mark Adjust

We have rallied mark effects are tested before leaving the factory machine. Under normal circumstances, you just need to connect power to machine which it will be working normally. Due to vibration in transit may be influence marking effect. In this case, it is needed to adjust machine and software parameters.

Test the process 3.3.3

Make one design for test:

- First, following the power on sequence for start the device.
- And then put the materials on the working table.
- Import or draw the design to our software.
- Set the processing parameters (layer parameter), and related technical data.
- Adjust the focus distance, and make the focus on the materials surface.
- Set the correct position by the RED light.
- Start work.

All the above steps is the standard, more details check the operation manual.



Chapter4. System Maintenance

The stable and normal working of the machine depends on the correct operation and routine maintenance. This chapter describes the daily maintenance of the equipment.

4.1 Mechanical Maintenance

Mechanical maintenance mainly includes the rise-fall device and the plate form. The following items must be done:

- Must clean all the parts of the machine, after work.
- No regular inspection on equipment, mainly to check whether there is loose connection of phenomenon, if there is any exception handling in time, avoid the problem of expanding.

The following maintenance details all the mechanical parts.

4.2 Electrical Maintenance

The electrical maintenance mainly includes electrical components, buttons, marking control card, and sensors.

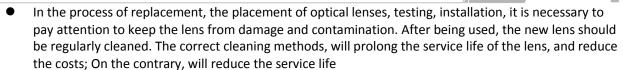
4.2.1 **Emergency Stop button**

Emergency Stop button is safety emergency components for laser marking machine, property related to personnel and equipment safety. Must be within the provisions of this operating manual maintenance interval according to the following steps to test its function

- Switch on laser marking machine, and process the work.
- Press on the Emergency stop button, if all the power for the machine is cut off which means the emergency stop button in function; if one machine with two or more than two emergency stop button, it is necessary to check it one by one.
- Reset Emergency button, the device will be restart.
- Emergency stop button is one optional device, having this device or not need check the configuration.
- Maintenance of Optical Path and Optical Devices
- The beam path system includes beam combiner and the lens. After long time work or the mechanical shake, the beam path will be changed, so it is suggested that check the laser beam path first before start the work.
- Correctly, and regular maintenance of the optical system, which can effectively extend the service life of laser device and decrease the cost of the use of the lens.







- When laser working, inevitably optical element contact suspension. When the laser was cutting or engraving on the part of the cutting dust generating material cutting, carving, marking, material surface could release a large number of corrosive gas and dust, the gas and dust will cause harm to the lens. When pollutants fell on the surface of the lens, will absorb energy from the laser beam, lead to the thermal lens effect. If the lens have not form the thermal stress, the operator can be disassembled and cleaned., of course, shall be made in a certain way to avoid damage to the lens and further pollution
- **General Operation Principles**

In the installation and cleaning process of lens, any sticky material, even nail print or oil droplets, will increase the absorption rate of the lens and reduce service life.

Therefore, the following precautions are required:

- Do not use suction device or inflatable equipment to avoid scratching the lens surface;
- Hold the edge of the lens rather than the film when take lens;
- The lens should be stored in a dry and clean place for testing and cleaning. A good console should have several layers of cleaning tissue or lens tissue on the surface;
- The operator should avoid talking over the lens, and keep food, beverages and other potential contaminants away from the working environment.
- The correct cleaning method
- Against mild pollution (dust, fiber particles) for flexible clean Before the following steps, use a balloon blowing off the dust on the lens surface; if it still cannot be removed, please go to step(2).



note

Avoid using workshop air pipes, because they contain a lot of water and oil. These pollutants can be harmful in lens surface absorption layer.

(2) for mild pollution stains, fingerprints) for flexible clean

With acetone or isopropyl alcohol extract infiltrates an unused degreased cotton swabs about 30 seconds on the mirror surface cleaning, cleaning swab with slight pressure do from the center of the circle to the outside of the spiral movement. Swab control when dragging drag speed and strength, left behind a swab of liquid can evaporate immediately, so it cannot leave streaks. If the pollution still cannot be removed, please go to step(3).



Must control the operating strength, force will damage the lens coating film

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(3) for moderate pollution (saliva, oil) of the lens to the cleanness of moderate intensity

USES distilled white vinegar soak a unused degreased cotton swabs, cotton swabs with slight pressure to do from the center of the circle to the outside of the spiral movement (see operating technique step (2), with an unused degreased cotton swabs to wipe the lens on the extra distilled white vinegar. With an infiltrating acetone degrease cotton swabs gently wipe the surface of the lens, remove all of the acetic acid, please go to step(4)

for severely contaminated (splash) lenses must try super clean



Alarm

Only the lens in use process by high levels of pollution, and perform steps 1, 2, 3, still failed to achieve acceptable cleaning effect, this method can be used.

If removed the coating film, the performance of the lens will be completely destroyed. If the color of the lens has obvious changes, the coating has been completely destroyed.

- A. After fully shaking the container which fills with polish, open the container, drop out 4 or 5 drops in cotton ball. Move the cotton ball as draw circle path; during process please do not press the cotton ball, continuously rotate the mirror, avoid the over polish, the time no over 30 seconds. During this process, once find the color changed which means the coting film damaged, please stop the operation immediately and change color,
- B. After use polish, use an unused degreased cotton swabs infiltration with distilled water. And then clean the mirror surface. Thoroughly wet the lens surface, remove the polishing residue as much as possible; do not make the lens surface dry , because it will be hard to remove the polishing residue
- C. Prompt use one unused degrease cotton swab soak with isopropyl alcohol, and then soft clean the mirror surface. Put the head of the cotton swab on the surface as much as possible to clean the polish residue.
- D. Use one unused degrease cotton swab soak with acetone, clean the mirror surface for remove the residual acetone and polish residue.



The last step must work at somewhere ,which have good light and the black background, check the mirror surface carefully, if still have the polish residue, please repeat step (4)B-(4)D

For the above procedures, please pay attention to the following precautions:

Should always wear no powder finger or rubber/latex gloves, dirt and grease stain on the skin can lead to serious pollution optical element, make its performance fell sharply;



- Prohibit to use any tools for the procedures, including the tweezers;
- For the purpose to protect the lens should always be placed on the lens wiping paper (in the case of lenses removed clean up), it is forbidden to put the lenses on a hard or rough surface, it will make the lens scratches.

Focus lens (mirror) cleaning: the lens wiping paper folded several times, with a cleaning fluid (anhydrous ethanol) dip, dip in with the presence of water ethanol wipe mirror paper with spiral linear graze focus lens from inner to outer surface, repeated several times, until the mirror clean.







Chapter5. Troubleshooting

No.	Failure	Reason	Solution
1	Can't turn on the equipment	The circuit breaker in the electrical control box isn't turned on	Turn on the circuit breaker
		Key switch is damaged	Replace the key switch
		Intermediate relay is damaged	Replace the intermediate relay
		System short circuit	Check and repair the short circuit
	Can't turn on the laser / galvanometer	Control button is damaged	Replace the control button
2		Control switching power supply is damaged	Replace the switching power supply of same model
		Intermediate relay is damaged	Replace the intermediate relay
	Can't find the control card	External switching power supply is damaged	Replace the switching power supply
		Control card power cord plug is loose	Reseat connector plug
3		USB cable isn't plugged in properly	Reinsert the USB cable properly
		Driver is uninstalled or not installed	Reinstall the driver
		Control card is damaged	Replace the control card
	Marking graph deformed	Correction parameter is incorrect	Modify the correction parameters
4		Scale is incorrect	Modify the scale parameter
		Galvanometer signal cable isn't plugged in properly	Check the signal cable interface and plug properly
	No laser ray	Laser control plug isn't plugged in properly	Insert laser control plug properly
5		Laser switching power supply is damaged	Replace the switching power supply
		Laser heat dissipation poor	Check the operation of the cooling fan
		Laser failure	Replace or repair the laser

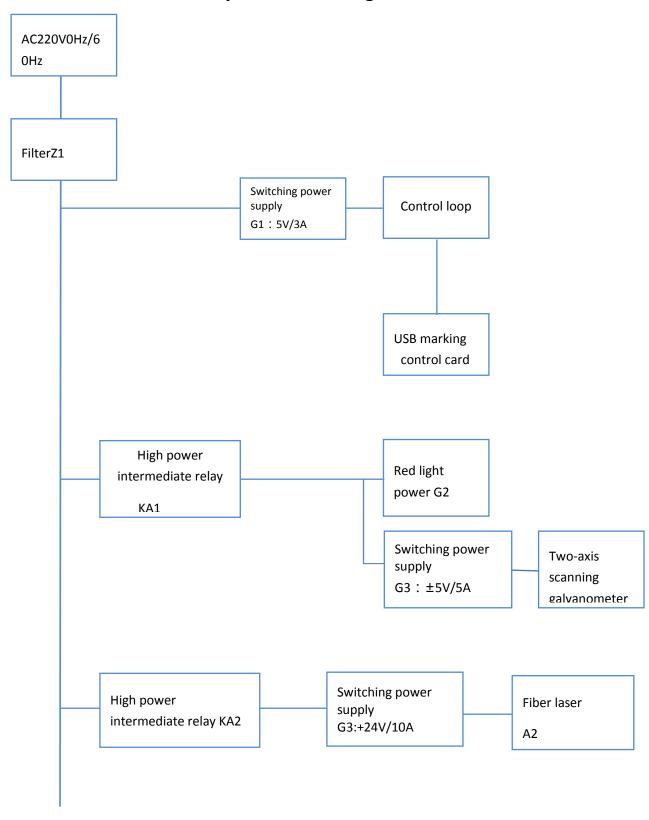






Chapter6. Appendix

6.1 Electrical Control System Block Diagram of Main Power







Post

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