## 4000 Essential English Words 5 Unit 5: a Famous Accident

Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word. the given word. remedy synthetic A) island A) natural B) instance B) rhythmic C) movie C) shiny D) poison **D)** harmless 2. Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word. the given word. latter extract A) first A) manage B) rough B) anger C) temporary C) insert www.englishtestsonline.com **D)** trivial D) explode 3. 8. Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word. the given word. terminal publicity A) brief A) gravity B) chilly B) privacy C) pleasant C) bravery **D)** curable **D)** energy Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word. the given word. commence impulse A) rescue A) truck B) finish B) music C) require C) revenge **D)** twirl D) plan 5. 10. Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word. the given word. precise fabulous A) moist A) rude B) insane B) noisy C) messy C) fertile D) awful **D)** hungry



#### 11. A FAMOUS ACCIDENT

One of the greatest **pharmaceutical** discoveries happened by accident. In his **haste** to go on vacation, Alexander Fleming had left his laboratory in a mess. The **essence** of his **ongoing** work involved a type of bacteria. An infection caused by the bacteria was often **terminal**, and he was looking for a **remedy**. He had left the bacteria out while he was away.

When he returned from vacation, he found that his lab was covered in fungus. He started cleaning up the mess. While he was cleaning, he had an **impulse** to examine the fungus. He saw that whenever the fungus was in close **proximity** to the bacteria, the bacteria died.

Though he was a messy scientist, his experiments were **precise**. He thought that there might be some **significance** to the fungus. He immediately **commenced** an experiment to **assess** what had happened to the bacteria. It had either died by accident or the fungus had killed it. The **subsequent** tests proved it was the **latter** reason.

What he found **astonished** him. The fungus actually killed the bad bacteria. All this time, he had been looking for a **synthetic** material to kill the bacteria. Instead, a common fungus did the job.

He knew that something in the fungus had killed the bacteria. His next step was to find those **molecules** that had done it. When he found them, he **extracted** them and put them into a pill. The drug proved to be very effective. It also worked against other types of harmful bacteria.

The discovery received a lot of **publicity**. Soon after, the new drug was being used all over the world. Because of the success, the scientist was able to develop even more **fabulous** drugs to help people. His accidental discovery changed the world and helped save many people's lives.

One of the most fabulous pharmaceutical discoveries was an accident.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE

#### 12. A FAMOUS ACCIDENT

One of the greatest **pharmaceutical** discoveries happened by accident. In his **haste** to go on vacation, Alexander Fleming had left his laboratory in a mess. The **essence** of his **ongoing** work involved a type of bacteria. An infection caused by the bacteria was often **terminal**, and he was looking for a **remedy**. He had left the bacteria out while he was away

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The essence of the scientist's ongoing work was to find a remedy for a terminal infection.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE



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The infection caused by the bacteria he was working on was not terminal.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE

#### 14. A FAMOUS ACCIDENT

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Fleming examined the fungus on an impulse.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE



#### 15. A FAMOUS ACCIDENT

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Whenever the synthetic material was far from the bacteria, the bacteria died.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE



# 4000 Essential English Words 5 Unit 5: a Famous Accident

### **Answer Key:**

<b>1</b> : D	<b>9</b> : D
<b>2</b> : A	<b>10</b> : D
<b>3</b> : D	<b>11</b> : A
<b>4</b> : B	<b>12</b> : A
<b>5</b> : C	<b>13</b> : B
<b>6</b> : A	<b>14</b> : A
<b>7</b> : C	<b>15</b> : B
<b>8</b> ⋅ R	

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