

4000 Essential English Words 5 Unit 4: The Corrupt Administrator

1.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

merchandise

- A) stores
- B) money
- C) goods
- D) fame

2.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

corrupt

- A) healthy
- B) bad
- C) angry
- D) nice

3.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

rubbish

- A) trash
- B) power
- C) food
- D) truth

4.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

transaction

- A) meeting
- B) friend
- C) test
- D) sale

5.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

revenue

- A) concert
- B) guide
- C) income
- D) trade

6.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

manipulate

- A) control
- B) explain
- C) decrease
- D) attempt

7.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

infrastructure

- A) education
- B) science
- C) religion
- D) roads

8.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

headquarters

- A) material
- B) base
- C) dream

9.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

audit

- A) enjoy
- B) leave
- C) inspect
- D) prepare

10.

Choose the one that is similar in meaning to the given word.

incentive

- A) reason
- B) product
- C) waste
- D) idea



4000 Essential English Words 5 Unit 4: The Corrupt Administrator

11. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

This is the *affluent* area of the city. It is where most of the poor people live.

A) C
B) I

12. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

He added his trash to the large pile of *rubbish*.

A) C
B) I

13. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

The company *automated* by hiring twenty new workers.

A) C
B) I

14. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

This painting is an important part of the city's *infrastructure*.

A) C
B) I

15. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

The *subsidy* helped the company recover some of the money it had lost.

A) C
B) I

16. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

The store sold most of its *merchandise* in the sale over the weekend.

A) C
B) I

17. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

The cook *violated* the two sauces together into one delicious sauce.

A) C
B) I

18. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

She took the food out of the refrigerator and then *disposed* the door.

A) C
B) I

19. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

The company's bank records were *audited*.

A) C
B) I

20. Write C if the italicized word is used correctly.
Write I if the word is used incorrectly.

Bigger kids sometimes find it easy to *manipulate* smaller children.

A) C
B) I

21. Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word.

violate

A) borrow
B) respect
C) approve
D) explain

22. Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word.

affluent

A) smart
B) quick
C) poor
D) evil



4000 Essential English Words 5 Unit 4: The Corrupt Administrator

23. Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word.

dispose

- A) keep
- B) make
- C) feed
- D) speak

24. Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word.

administrator

- A) singer
- B) student
- C) mother
- D) worker

25. Choose the one that is opposite in meaning to the given word.

legitimate

- A) free
- B) pretty
- C) wrong
- D) alert

26. THE CORRUPT ADMINISTRATOR

Mr. Pig was an **administrator** at a big factory that made different kinds of **merchandise**. During a meeting at the company's **headquarters**, his bosses said they wanted the factory to make more money.

"If the factory makes more money, then you will too," his boss, Mr. Horse, told him. It was a great **incentive**. Pig had always wanted to be as **affluent** as his bosses.

Mr. Pig returned to the factory and started making changes. However, most were not very nice, and some were not **legitimate**.

First, he fired all his employees. Then he **automated** the entire factory. Machines now made everything, and the other animals, Mr. Rabbit, Mr. Sheep, and Mr. Dog had no jobs. Next, he **bribed** some **corrupt** senators into **legislating** special **subsidies** for the factory. Finally, instead of paying a company to **dispose** of the factory's **rubbish** properly, he **violated** the law by throwing it into the river to save money.

At first, all the changes to the factory's **infrastructure** created more **revenue**. But soon many stores could no longer sell the factory's goods at **retail**. It seemed that the machines couldn't make products as well as the workers. The customers were disappointed with the factory's merchandise.

There were other problems, too. The animals had told their friends and family to stop buying the factory's goods. Officials discovered the factory's rubbish in the river, and when they **audited** the company, they discovered that Pig had **manipulated** the law in order to get more money.

All **transactions** with Pig's factory stopped. The factory lost money, and Pig lost his job. He realized his mistakes too late. He had tried to become rich by saving money in any way possible, but the cheapest way was not always the best.

Mr. Rabbit was an administrator at a big factory that made different kinds of merchandise.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE



4000 Essential English Words 5 Unit 4: The Corrupt Administrator

27. THE CORRUPT ADMINISTRATOR

Mr. Pig was an **administrator** at a big factory that made different kinds of **merchandise**. During a meeting at the company's **headquarters**, his bosses said they wanted the factory to make more money.

"If the factory makes more money, then you will too," his boss, Mr. Horse, told him. It was a great **incentive**. Pig had always wanted to be as **affluent** as his bosses.

Mr. Pig returned to the factory and started making changes. However, most were not very nice, and some were not **legitimate**.

First, he fired all his employees. Then he **automated** the entire factory. Machines now made everything, and the other animals, Mr. Rabbit, Mr. Sheep, and Mr. Dog had no jobs. Next, he **bribed** some **corrupt** senators into **legislating** special **subsidies** for the factory. Finally, instead of paying a company to **dispose** of the factory's **rubbish** properly, he **violated** the law by throwing it into the river to save money.

At first, all the changes to the factory's **infrastructure** created more **revenue**. But soon many stores could no longer sell the factory's goods at **retail**. It seemed that the machines couldn't make products as well as the workers. The customers were disappointed with the factory's merchandise.

There were other problems, too. The animals had told their friends and family to stop buying the factory's goods. Officials discovered the factory's rubbish in the river, and when they **audited** the company, they discovered that Pig had **manipulated** the law in order to get more money.

All **transactions** with Pig's factory stopped. The factory lost money, and Pig lost his job. He realized his mistakes too late. He had tried to become rich by saving money in any way possible, but the cheapest way was not always the best.

Some of the changes made to the factory were legitimate.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE

28. THE CORRUPT ADMINISTRATOR

Mr. Pig was an **administrator** at a big factory that made different kinds of **merchandise**. During a meeting at the company's **headquarters**, his bosses said they wanted the factory to make more money.

"If the factory makes more money, then you will too," his boss, Mr. Horse, told him. It was a great **incentive**. Pig had always wanted to be as **affluent** as his bosses.

Mr. Pig returned to the factory and started making changes. However, most were not very nice, and some were not **legitimate**.

First, he fired all his employees. Then he **automated** the entire factory. Machines now made everything, and the other animals, Mr. Rabbit, Mr. Sheep, and Mr. Dog had no jobs. Next, he **bribed** some **corrupt** senators into **legislating** special **subsidies** for the factory. Finally, instead of paying a company to **dispose** of the factory's **rubbish** properly, he **violated** the law by throwing it into the river to save money.

At first, all the changes to the factory's **infrastructure** created more **revenue**. But soon many stores could no longer sell the factory's goods at **retail**. It seemed that the machines couldn't make products as well as the workers. The customers were disappointed with the factory's merchandise.

There were other problems, too. The animals had told their friends and family to stop buying the factory's goods. Officials discovered the factory's rubbish in the river, and when they **audited** the company, they discovered that Pig had **manipulated** the law in order to get more money.

All **transactions** with Pig's factory stopped. The factory lost money, and Pig lost his job. He realized his mistakes too late. He had tried to become rich by saving money in any way possible, but the cheapest way was not always the best.

Mr. Pig bribed some corrupt senators into legislating special subsidies for his factory.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE



4000 Essential English Words 5 Unit 4: The Corrupt Administrator

29. THE CORRUPT ADMINISTRATOR

Mr. Pig was an **administrator** at a big factory that made different kinds of **merchandise**. During a meeting at the company's **headquarters**, his bosses said they wanted the factory to make more money.

"If the factory makes more money, then you will too," his boss, Mr. Horse, told him. It was a great **incentive**. Pig had always wanted to be as **affluent** as his bosses.

Mr. Pig returned to the factory and started making changes. However, most were not very nice, and some were not **legitimate**.

First, he fired all his employees. Then he **automated** the entire factory. Machines now made everything, and the other animals, Mr. Rabbit, Mr. Sheep, and Mr. Dog had no jobs. Next, he **bribed** some **corrupt** senators into **legislating** special **subsidies** for the factory. Finally, instead of paying a company to **dispose** of the factory's **rubbish** properly, he **violated** the law by throwing it into the river to save money.

At first, all the changes to the factory's **infrastructure** created more **revenue**. But soon many stores could no longer sell the factory's goods at **retail**. It seemed that the machines couldn't make products as well as the workers. The customers were disappointed with the factory's merchandise.

There were other problems, too. The animals had told their friends and family to stop buying the factory's goods. Officials discovered the factory's rubbish in the river, and when they **audited** the company, they discovered that Pig had **manipulated** the law in order to get more money.

All **transactions** with Pig's factory stopped. The factory lost money, and Pig lost his job. He realized his mistakes too late. He had tried to become rich by saving money in any way possible, but the cheapest way was not always the best.

Mr. Pig violated the law by disposing of the factory's rubbish in the ocean.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE

30. THE CORRUPT ADMINISTRATOR

Mr. Pig was an **administrator** at a big factory that made different kinds of **merchandise**. During a meeting at the company's **headquarters**, his bosses said they wanted the factory to make more money.

"If the factory makes more money, then you will too," his boss, Mr. Horse, told him. It was a great **incentive**. Pig had always wanted to be as **affluent** as his bosses.

Mr. Pig returned to the factory and started making changes. However, most were not very nice, and some were not **legitimate**.

First, he fired all his employees. Then he **automated** the entire factory. Machines now made everything, and the other animals, Mr. Rabbit, Mr. Sheep, and Mr. Dog had no jobs. Next, he **bribed** some **corrupt** senators into **legislating** special **subsidies** for the factory. Finally, instead of paying a company to **dispose** of the factory's **rubbish** properly, he **violated** the law by throwing it into the river to save money.

At first, all the changes to the factory's **infrastructure** created more **revenue**. But soon many stores could no longer sell the factory's goods at **retail**. It seemed that the machines couldn't make products as well as the workers. The customers were disappointed with the factory's merchandise.

There were other problems, too. The animals had told their friends and family to stop buying the factory's goods. Officials discovered the factory's rubbish in the river, and when they **audited** the company, they discovered that Pig had **manipulated** the law in order to get more money.

All **transactions** with Pig's factory stopped. The factory lost money, and Pig lost his job. He realized his mistakes too late. He had tried to become rich by saving money in any way possible, but the cheapest way was not always the best.

At first, changes to the factory's infrastructure created less revenue.

- A) TRUE
- B) FALSE



4000 Essential English Words 5 Unit 4: The Corrupt Administrator

Answer Key:

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1: C | 16: A |
| 2: B | 17: B |
| 3: A | 18: B |
| 4: D | 19: A |
| 5: C | 20: A |
| 6: A | 21: B |
| 7: D | 22: C |
| 8: B | 23: A |
| 9: C | 24: D |
| 10: A | 25: C |
| 11: B | 26: B |
| 12: A | 27: B |
| 13: B | 28: A |
| 14: B | 29: B |
| 15: A | 30: B |

www.english-test-online.com



By visiting the link below, you can access the online version of this test and see the most recent updates.

<https://www.english-test-online.com/4000-essential-english-words-5-unit-4-the-corrupt-administrator/>