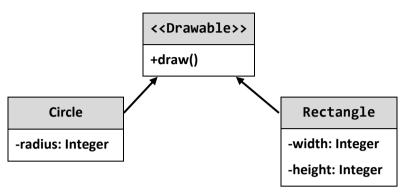
## Lab: Interfaces and Abstraction

Problems for exercises and homework for the "Databases Frameworks" course @ SoftUni.

# 1. Shapes Drawing

Build hierarchy of interfaces and classes:



You should be able to use the class like this:

```
Main.java
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
   Queue<Integer> queue = new ArrayDeque<>();
   for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
       queue.add(Integer.parseInt(scanner.nextLine()));
   Drawable circle = new Circle(queue.poll(), queue.poll());
   Drawable rect = new Rectangle(queue.poll(), queue.poll());
    circle.draw();
    rect.draw();
```

## **Examples**

Input	0	utput
4	*****	
6	***	***
6	**	**
5 4	**	**
4	*	*
	**	**
	**	**
	***	***
	***	****
	* * * *	*
	*	*
	*	*
	* * * *	*

#### Solution

For circle drawing you can use this algorithm:

















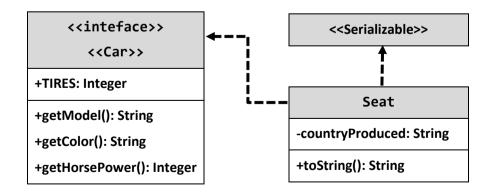
```
public void draw() {
    double r in = this.radius - 0.4;
    double r_out = this.radius + 0.4;
    for(double y = this.radius; y >= -this.radius; --y)
        for(double x = -this.radius; x < r_out; x += 0.5)</pre>
            double value = x * x + y * y;
            if(value >= r_in * r_in && value <= r_out * r_out) {
                System.out.print("*");
            } else {
                System.out.print(" ");
        System.out.println();
```

For rectangle drawing algorithm will be:

```
public void draw() {
    for (int i = 0; i < height; i++) {
        System.out.print("*");
        for (int k = 1; k < width - 1; k++) {
            System.out.print(" ");
            if (i == 0 || i == (height - 1)) {
                System.out.print("*");
            } else {
                System.out.print(" ");
        System.out.print(" ");
        System.out.print("*");
        System.out.print("\n");
```

# 2. Car Shop

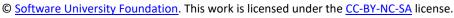
Build hierarchy from classes and interfaces for this UML diagram



Your hierarchy have to be used with this code

Main.java



















Input	Output
	Leon is gray and have 110 horse power This is Leon produced in Spain and have 4 tires

#### Solution

```
public interface Car {
    int TIRES = 4;

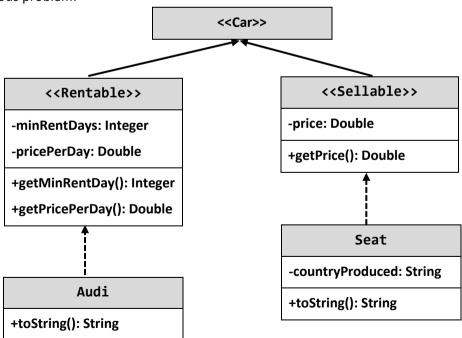
    String getModel();

    String getColor();

    int getHorsePower();
}
```

# 3. Car Shop Extend

Extend previous problem:



Your hierarchy have to be used with this code

Main.java

















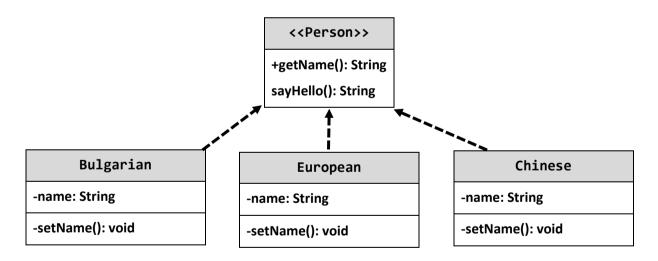




Input	Output	
	Leon is gray and have 110 horse power This is Leon produced in Spain and have 4 tires	

## 4. Say Hello

Build hierarchy from classes and interfaces for this UML diagram



Your hierarchy have to be used with this code

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
  List<Person> persons = new ArrayList<>();

  persons.add(new Bulgarian("Pesho"));
  persons.add(new European("Pesho"));
  persons.add(new Chinese("Pesho"));
```

















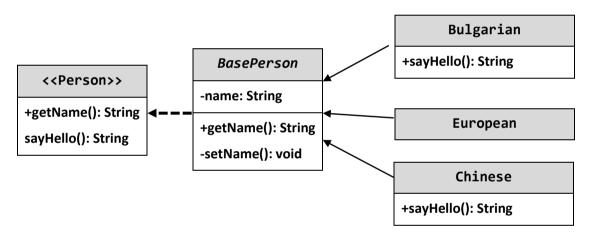
```
for (Person person : persons) {
    print(person);
}

private static void print(Person person) {
    person.sayHello();
}
```

Input	Output
	Здравей Hello Djydjybydjy

## 5. Say Hello Extend

Build hierarchy from classes and interfaces for this UML diagram



Your hierarchy have to be used with this code

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   List<Person> persons = new ArrayList<>();

   persons.add(new Bulgarian("Pesho"));
   persons.add(new European("Pesho"));
   persons.add(new Chinese("Pesho"));

   for (Person person : persons) {
       print(person);
   }
}

private static void print(Person person) {
    person.sayHello();
}
```















Input	Output
	Здравей Hello Djydjybydjy















