

# Creative Process of Concept Development

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## CREATIVE PROCESS WITH EXAMPLES

### 1. EMPATHISE

- **Goal:** Understand the audience and their needs.
- **Example:** For designing a fitness app logo, the designer interviews users and finds that they want **motivating, energetic, and modern visuals**.

### 2. DEFINE

- **Goal:** Clearly state the design problem.
- **Example:** *“Create a logo for the fitness app that conveys energy, motivation, and simplicity to appeal to young adults.”*

### 3. IDEATE

- **Goal:** Brainstorm multiple ideas and concepts.
- **Example:** Designer sketches various ideas: dumbbells, running figures, abstract motion lines, or initials of the app in bold, dynamic fonts.

### 4. PROTOTYPE

- **Goal:** Build rough digital versions of selected ideas.
- **Example:** Using Illustrator, the designer creates 3 logo mockups:
  - A running figure with gradient colors
  - A bold “F” with motion lines
  - A minimal dumbbell icon with modern typography

### 5. TEST

- **Goal:** Gather feedback and refine the design.
  - **Example:** Share mockups with 10 users; most like the running figure concept. Designer adjusts colors and font size for clarity.
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## BRAINSTORMING

### Definition:

Brainstorming is a **creative process** where a designer (or team) generates **many ideas quickly** without judging them, aiming to explore all possible solutions to a design problem.

### Purpose in Graphic Design:

- To come up with **creative concepts** for logos, posters, websites, or any visual project.
- To explore **different approaches** before settling on a final design.
- To encourage **out-of-the-box thinking** and avoid getting stuck on one idea.

### How It Works:

1. **Define the problem:**  
e.g., “Design a logo for a vegan café.”
2. **Generate ideas freely:**
  - Draw sketches, write keywords, or create mood boards.
  - Think about symbols, colors, typography, and shapes.
3. **Record all ideas:**
  - No idea is too small or silly at this stage.
4. **Review and shortlist:**
  - Pick the most promising ideas to develop further into prototypes.

### **Example:**

**Problem:** Create a poster for a music festival.

#### **Brainstorming Ideas:**

- Use a guitar silhouette as the main icon
  - Vibrant neon colors for a modern look
  - Include abstract sound waves in the background
  - Feature illustrations of crowds enjoying music
  - Play with bold typography for the festival name
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## **BRAINSTORMING TECHNIQUES FOR GRAPHIC DESIGNER**

1. **Mind Mapping**
  - Draw a central idea (e.g., logo for a café) and branch out related ideas, keywords, colors, or symbols.
  - Helps visualize connections between concepts.
2. **Sketching / Doodling**
  - Quickly draw rough sketches of logos, layouts, or icons.
  - Encourages experimentation without worrying about perfection.
3. **Word Association / Free Writing**
  - Write down words related to the project (e.g., “fresh,” “organic,” “cozy” for a café).
  - Helps generate ideas for imagery, typography, and color schemes.
4. **Mood Boards / Visual Collage**
  - Collect images, colors, textures, and typography examples that inspire the design.
  - Helps define the visual style and direction.
5. **SCAMPER Technique**
  - Modify existing ideas using: **Substitute, Combine, Adapt, Modify, Put to another use, Eliminate, Reverse.**
  - Example: Combine coffee cup + leaf to create a new café logo.
6. **Brainwriting**
  - Each team member writes ideas on paper, then passes it to others to build upon.
  - Encourages collaboration and more diverse ideas.

