

American International University-Bangladesh (AIUB)

Department of Computer Science

Lab Report-03

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SECTION : G

COURSE NAME : DATA COMMUNICATION

SEMESTER : 2020-2021, Fall

<u>Title:</u> Analog Signal quantization using MATLAB

Performance Task:

My
$$ID = 17-34465-2$$

Here,

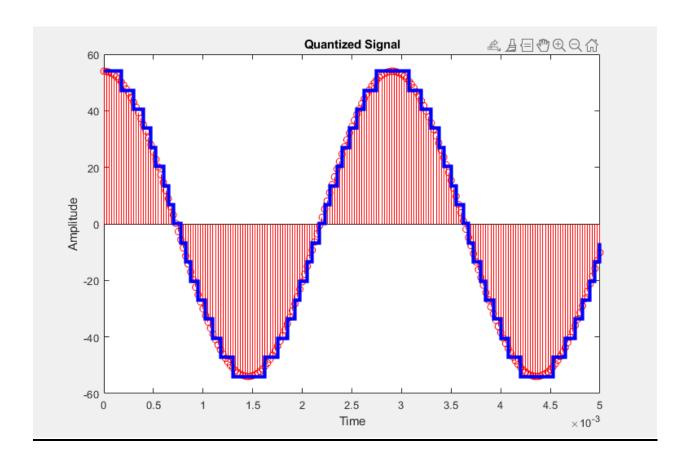
$$x_1(t) = A_1 \cos(2\pi(CDE*100)t)$$

=> $x_1(t) = A_1 \cos(2\pi(344*100)t)$

- (a) Select the value of the amplitudes as follows: let A1 = GD and A2 = AF.
- (a) $A_1 = GD = 54$ and $A_2 = AF = 16$
- (b) Assuming that a 4-bit ADC channel accepts analog input ranging from 0 to 5 volts, determine \mathbf{Ans} :

(b)

```
Editor - C:\Users\Lenovo\quan.m
   quan.m × +
       A1 = 54
       A2 = 16
       fc = 344;
       fs = 40e3;
       t = 0:1/fs:0.005;
       x = Al*cos(2*pi*fc*t);
       n = 4;
       L = (2^n);
       delta = (max(x) - min(x))/L;
10 -
      xq = min(x) + (round((x-min(x))/delta)).*delta;
      figure;
       stem(t, x, 'R');
13 -
       hold on;
       stairs(t,xq,'b','linewidth',3.2);
       hold off;
       title('Quantized Signal')
17 -
       xlabel('Time')
18 -
       ylabel('Amplitude')
19
```



- I. The number of quantization levels is 16.
- II. The step size of the quantizer or resolution is 6.67.
- III. The quantization level 8.8 when the analog voltage is 3.2 volts.
- IV. The binary code produce by the ADC is
 - 1111
 - 1110
 - 1101
 - 1011
 - 1010
 - 1001