$$\begin{array}{c} A \\ E \\ O \end{array} \begin{array}{c} A \\ E \\ O \end{array} \begin{array}{c} C \\ C \\ O \end{array} \begin{array}{c} C \\ C \end{array} \begin{array}{c} C \\ C \\ C \end{array} \begin{array}{c} C \\ C \end{array}$$

Inputs					O	etpuls		ADARTER I. I. C.		
A	B	C	0	E	A'	A'+B	(A'+B)C	DE	F= (A'+B)C+DE	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000	000000000000	00000000000000	0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-			00 00 0000 000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-	000	

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In	puts				(Sulpi	uls			J190 (6-1)	16 - WinV		
A	В	C	0	E	θ,	c',	0,	ВС	B,+C,	D'+BC	CB4C')A	E(D'+BC)	F
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000000000000000	000000000000	00000000000000	0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-		000000000000	00 00 00 00 00 00 00	00000000000000000000000000000000000		0000000000	000000000000000000000	0-000-000-0-0-0-0-000-000-00-0-	0-000-000-000-0

Components Required ->
Sl. No. Name of the Components Specification Quantity

1 7400 IC 2 input NAND Gate 2
2 7410 IC 3 input NAND Gate 3
4 Universal Trainer Kit — 1
4 Connecting Wires 23 SWG As required

Observation ->

For Obj. 1 -> F = A'+BC+BCD

10	Inp	uls		Theoretical Output	Pradical	Outputs
A	B	C	0	F=A'+BC+BCD	0 1	
0	0	0	0	1 0 1	1 10	
0	0	0	1	1 0 3		
00	0	1	0	o i o o	110	
0	0	10	1	1 0 1 /	0 0	
0	i	0	0	9 1/1	0 0	10
000000	!	0	-		5 6	11
0	1	1	0	1 1 0 1	111	0 0
1	00	0	0	001	0	10
12	0	0	1	0	0	0 1
	0		0	0	0	1 1
1		0	6	0	00	00
		0	Ī	0	0	10
	1	1	0	9 9		0.1
	1	1	1	1 0	1 1	0 0

For Obj. 2 -> F = CA'+B)C+DE

-	Inpu	ls .	00	Loil	Theoretical Output.	Practical Outputs
A	B	C	0	E	F= (A'+B)C+DE	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000	000000000000	000000000000000	0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-	1=(A+6)C+De	000000

For Obj. 3 → F=(B'+C') A+ E (D'+BC)

1	Inputs					Theoretical Output	Practical Output
	A	B	C	0	E	F=(B'+C')A+E(D'+BC)	
	000000000000000	00000000000000000	0000000000000	00000000000000	0-	0-000-000-000-0	0-000-000-000-0

Conclusion ->

This experiments implements Boolean functions using logic gates. Some basics of logic gates (NAND) in sum of product representation of equations of their implementation using logic gate and 7410 IC, 3 input NAND gate is also used.

I. OBJECTIVE:

- 1. Implement the Boolean function given below using two-level NAND-gate circuit. F = A' + BC + BCD
- 2. Implement the following Boolean function using two-input NAND-gates F = (A' + B) C + DE
- Consider the Boolean function given below:
 F = (B' + C') A + E (D' + BC)
 Implement the function using minimum number of NAND gates.

II. PRE-LAB

For Obj. 1:

- a. Draw the circuit diagram for the function F.
- b. Obtain the truth table for all input combinations.

For Obj. 2:

- a. Draw the circuit diagram for the function F.
- b. Obtain the truth table for all input combinations

For Obj. 3:

- a. Draw the circuit diagram for the function F.
- b. Obtain the truth table for all input combinations

III. LAB:

Components Required:

S. No Name of the Component Specification Quantity

Observation:

Conclusion:

IV. POST LAB:

- 1. Draw a circuit for the following Boolean function using NAND-gates F=AC+AD+B'D
- 2. Simplify the following Boolean expression and Draw the circuit using NAND gates. F= BC'D' + ABC' + AC'D + AB'D + A'BD'.



