

**1. Which of the following best defines the IoT 4S rule according to the text? (Medium)\*\***

- A) Standardized, Secure, Stable, Scalable
- B) Safe, Simple, Smart, Sustainable
- C) Simple, Secure, Smart, Scalable
- D) Synchronized, Secure, Strategic, Scalable

**\*\*Answer:\*\* C) Simple, Secure, Smart, Scalable**

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**2. In the IoT system hierarchy, which level uses a single node that performs sensing/actuation and**

- A) Level-1
- B) Level-2
- C) Level-3
- D) Level-5

**\*\*Answer:\*\* B) Level-2**

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**3. According to the Oxford Dictionary definition cited in the text, what is the primary purpose of IoT**

- A) Automating human tasks using robots
- B) Connecting everyday devices via the internet for data sharing
- C) Enhancing cybersecurity in industrial systems
- D) Replacing traditional networks with wireless protocols

**\*\*Answer:\*\* B) Connecting everyday devices via the internet for data sharing**

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**4. Which IoT application domain includes "smart hospitals" and "patient surveillance" as examples**

- A) Environmental Monitoring
- B) Healthcare
- C) Transportation
- D) Energy Management

**\*\*Answer:\*\* B) Healthcare**

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**5. How does IoT differ from traditional internet content consumption? (Hard)\*\***

- A) IoT requires explicit user requests to retrieve data, unlike traditional networks.
- B) IoT content is consumed through search engines, while traditional networks use real-time triggers.
- C) IoT data is pushed automatically and triggers actions, while traditional networks rely on user requests.
- D) Traditional networks use machine-generated content, while IoT depends on human-created links.

**\*\*Answer:\*\* C) IoT data is pushed automatically and triggers actions, while traditional networks rely**