

Question 2
Correct
Marked out of 1.00
F Flag question

A nutritionist is labeling all the best power foods in the market. Every food item arranged in a single line, will have a value beginning from 1 and increasing by 1 for each, until all items have a value associated with them. An item's value is the same as the number of macronutrients it has. For example, food item with value 1 has 1 macronutrient, food item with value 2 has 2 macronutrients, and incrementing in this fashion.

The nutritionist has to recommend the best combination to patients, i.e. maximum total of macronutrients. However, the nutritionist must avoid prescribing a particular sum of macronutrients (an 'unhealthy' number), and this sum is known. The nutritionist chooses food items in the increasing order of their value. Compute the highest total of macronutrients that can be prescribed to a patient, without the sum matching the given 'unhealthy' number.

Here's an illustration:

Given 4 food items (hence value: 1,2,3 and 4), and the unhealthy sum being 6 macronutrients, on choosing items 1, 2, 3 -> the sum is 6, which matches the 'unhealthy' sum. Hence, one of the three needs to be skipped. Thus, the best combination is from among:

- 2+3+4=9
- . 1 + 3 + 4 = 8
- 1+2+4=7

Since 2 + 3 + 4 = 9, allows for maximum number of macronutrients, 9 is the right answer.

Complete the code in the editor below. It must return an integer that represents the maximum total of macronutrients, modulo 1000000007 $(10^9 + 7)$.

It has the following:

n: an integer that denotes the number of food items

k: an integer that denotes the unhealthy number

Constraints

- $1 \le n \le 2 \times 10^9$
- $1 \le k \le 4 \times 10^{15}$

Input Format For Custom Testing

The first line contains an integer, *n*, that denotes the number of food items.

The second line contains an integer, k, that denotes the unhealthy number.

Sample Input 0

2

Sample Output 0

3

Explanation 0

The following sequence of n = 2 food items:

- 1. Item 1 has 1 macronutrients.
- 2. 1 + 2 = 3; observe that this is the max total, and having avoided having exactly k = 2 macronutrients.

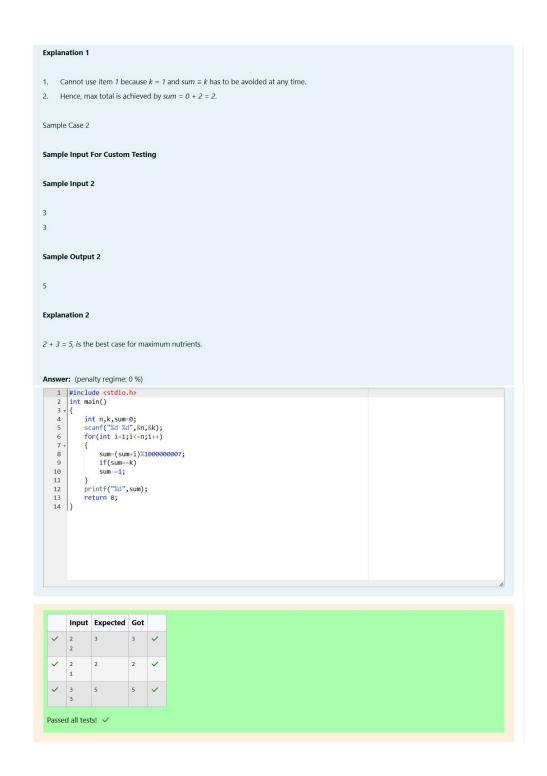
Sample Input 1

2

15

Sample Output 1

2



Question 3 Determine all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number, its factors. Return the p^{th} element of your list, sorted ascending. If there Correct is no p^{th} element, return 0. Marked out of 1.00 Flag question For example, given the number n=20, its factors are $\{1,2,4,5,10,20\}$. Using **1-based indexing** if p=3, return 4. If p>6, return 0. Complete the code in the editor below. The function should return a long integer value of the p^{th} integer factor of n. It has the following: n: an integer p: an integer Constraints $1 \le n \le 10^{15}$ $1 \le p \le 10^9$ Input Format for Custom Testing Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function. The first line contains an integer n, the number to factor. The second line contains an integer p, the 1-based index of the factor to return. Sample Input 0 10 3 Sample Output 0 Explanation 0 Factoring n = 10 we get {1, 2, 5, 10}. We then return the $p = 3^{rd}$ factor as our answer. Sample Input 1 10 5 Sample Output 1 **Explanation 1** Factoring n = 10 we get $\{1, 2, 5, 10\}$. There are only 4 factors and p = 5. We return 0 as our answer. Sample Input 2 1 1 Sample Output 2 Explanation 2 Factoring n = 1 we get {1}. We then return the $p = 1^{st}$ factor as our answer.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
int n,p;
scanf("%d %d",&n,&p);
int factors[100];
int pos=0;
for(int i=1;i<=n;i++);</pre>
                                               factors[pos]=i;
                                     }
if(pos<p-1)
printf("0");
else
printf("%d",factors[p-1]);
return 0;</pre>
                                 Input Expected Got
                                10
                                1
                        Passed all tests! 🗸
Question 1
                       Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[i] - A[j] = k, i != j.
Correct
Marked out of 3.00
                       Input Format
₹ Flag question
                       1. First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:
                       2. N, followed by N integers of the array
                       3. The non-negative integer k
                       Output format
                       Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.
                       Example
                       Input:
                       3135
                       4
                       Output:
```

```
Input:
1
3135
 99
Output:
0
 Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
 1 |#include <stdio.h>
      1 #include <s
int main()
3 * {
    int t;
    scanf("
    while(t
    7 * {
        int scanf("
        int scanf(")
        int scanf(")
                      int t;
scanf("%d",&t);
while(t--)
                              int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    int a[n];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    int k;
    scanf("%d",&k);
    int flag=0;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {</pre>
     10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 22 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 }
                                         for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
                                         { if(a[i]-a[j]==k || a[j]-a[i]==k)
                                                flag=1;
break;
                                  }
if(flag)
break;
                                 printf("%d\n",flag);
                        return 0;
          Input Expected Got
              3 1 3 5
              3 1 3 5
               99
   Passed all tests! ✓
```

P.DINESH KUMAR 240801069 ECE-B Question 2
Correct
Marked out of 5.00
F Flag question

Sam loves chocolates and starts buying them on the 1st day of the year. Each day of the year, x, is numbered from 1 to Y. On days when x is odd, Sam will buy x chocolates; on days when x is even, Sam will not purchase any chocolates.

Complete the code in the editor so that for each day Ni (where $1 \le x \le N \le Y$) in array arr, the number of chocolates Sam purchased (during days 1 through N) is printed on a new line. This is a function-only challenge, so input is handled for you by the locked stub code in the editor.

Input Format

The program takes an array of integers as a parameter.

The locked code in the editor handles reading the following input from stdin, assembling it into an array of integers (arr), and calling calculate(arr).

The first line of input contains an integer, T (the number of test cases). Each line i of the T subsequent lines describes the ith test case as an integer, Ni (the number of days).

Constraints

1 ≤ T ≤ 2 × 105

 $1 \le N \le 2 \times 106$ $1 \le X \le N \le Y$

Output Format

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

For each test case, Ti in arr, your calculate method should print the total number of chocolates Sam purchased by day Ni on a new line.

Sample Input 0 3 1 2 3 Sample Output 0 1 1 4 Explanation Test Case 0: N = 1 Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, giving us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line. Test Case 1: N = 2 Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1 and 0 on day 2. This gives us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line. Test Case 2: N = 3 Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, 0 on day 2, and 3 on day 3. This gives us a total of 4 chocolates. Thus, we print 4 on a new line.

```
#include <stdio.h>
     int main()
          int t;
scanf("%d",&t);
          while(t--)
               int n,s=0;
scanf("%d",&n);
for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
10
11
                   if(i%2!=0)
12
13
14
                        S+=1;
16
17
               printf("%d\n",s);
18
19
          return 0;
20 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	1	1	~
	1	1	1	
	2	4	4	
	3			
~	10	1296	1296	~
	71	2500	2500	
	100	1849	1849	
	86	729	729	
	54	400	400	
	40	25	25	
	9	1521	1521	
	77	25	25	
	9	49	49	
	13	2401	2401	
	98			

Question 3
Correct
Marked out of 7.00
F Flag question

The number of goals achieved by two football teams in matches in a league is given in the form of two lists. Consider:

- $\bullet \quad \text{Football team A, has played three matches, and has scored \{\,1\,,2\,,3\,\}\ goals\ in\ each\ match\ respectively.}$
- Football team B, has played two matches, and has scored { 2, 4 } goals in each match respectively.
- Your task is to compute, for each match of team B, the total number of matches of team A, where team A has scored less than or equal to the number of goals scored by team B in that match.
- In the above case:
- For 2 goals scored by team B in its first match, team A has 2 matches with scores 1 and 2.
- For 4 goals scored by team B in its second match, team A has 3 matches with scores 1, 2 and 3.

Hence, the answer: {2, 3}.

Complete the code in the editor below. The program must return an array of m positive integers, one for each maxes[i] representing the total number of elements nums[j] satisfying nums[j] \leq maxes[i] where $0 \leq j < n$ and $0 \leq i < m$, in the given order.

It has the following:

nums[nums[0],...nums[n-1]]: first array of positive integers

maxes[maxes[0],...maxes[n-1]]: second array of positive integers

Constraints

- 2 ≤ n, m ≤ 105
- $1 \le \text{nums}[j] \le 109$, where $0 \le j < n$.
- 1 ≤ maxes[i] ≤ 109, where 0 ≤ i < m.

Input Format For Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

The first line contains an integer n, the number of elements in nums.

```
The next n lines each contain an integer describing nums[j] where 0 \le j < n.
The next line contains an integer m, the number of elements in maxes.
The next m lines each contain an integer describing maxes[i] where 0 \le i < m.
Sample Case 0
Sample Input 0
4
Sample Output 0
Explanation 0
We are given n=4, nums = [1, 4, 2, 4], m=2, and maxes = [3, 5].
1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 2 elements in nums (nums[0] = 1 and nums[2] = 2) that are \leq maxes[0].
2. For maxes[1] = 5, we have 4 elements in nums (nums[0] = 1, nums[1] = 4, nums[2] = 2, and nums[3] = 4) that are \leq maxes[1].
Thus, the function returns the array [2, 4] as the answer.
Sample Case 1
Sample Input 1
5
2
10
5
Sample Output 1
1
0
3
We are given, n = 5, nums = [2, 10, 5, 4, 8], m = 4, and maxes = [3, 1, 7, 8].
1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 1 element in nums (nums[0] = 2) that is \leq maxes[0].
2. For maxes[1] = 1, there are 0 elements in nums that are \leq maxes[1].
3. For maxes[2] = 7, we have 3 elements in nums (nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, and nums[3] = 4) that are \leq maxes[2].
4. \quad \text{For maxes} \\ [3] = 8, \text{ we have 4 elements in nums (nums} \\ [0] = 2, \\ \text{nums} \\ [2] = 5, \\ \text{nums} \\ [3] = 4, \\ \text{and nums} \\ [4] = 8) \\ \text{that are } \\ \leq \\ \text{maxes} \\ [3].
```

```
Thus, the function returns the array [1, 0, 3, 4] as the answer.
int s1,s2,ans;
scanf("%d",&s1);
int ta[s1];
for(int i=0;i<s1;i++)
scanf("%d",&s2);
int tb[s2];
for(int i=0;i<s2;i++)
scanf("%d",&tb[i]);
for(int j=0;j<s2;j++)
{</pre>
    10
11
12
13
14 v
15
16
17 v
18
19
20
21
22
23
24 |}
                         ans=0;
for(int i=0;i<s1;i++)
                                if(tb[j]>=ta[i])
                          }
printf("%d\n",ans);
                   }
return 0;
            Input Expected Got
            5
            10
            1 7
  Passed all tests! 🗸
```

P.DINESH KUMAR 240801069 ECE-B Question 1 Given an array of numbers and a window of size k. Print the maximum of numbers inside the window for each step as the window moves from Correct the beginning of the array. Marked out of Input Format 1.00 Input contains the array size, no of elements and the window size ▼ Flag question Output Format Print the maximum of numbers Constraints 1 <= size <= 1000 Sample Input 1 13521869 3 Sample Output 1 555889 For example: Result 5 5 5 8 8 9 1 3 5 2 1 8 6 9 77599985 3 7 5 1 2 9 8 5 3 2 Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %) 1 |#include <stdio.h> 2 int main()
3 + {
int main() int n,k;
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre> scanf("%d",&arr[i]); 10 11 scanf("%d",&k); 12 13 14 15 for(int a=0;a<=n-k;a++) int max=arr[a];
for(int b=a;b<a+k;b++)</pre> 16 17 if(arr[b]>max) 18 19 max=arr[b]; 20 22 printf("%d ",max); 24 } Input Expected 5 5 5 8 8 9 5 5 5 8 8 9 10 77599985 77599985 🗸 Passed all tests! 🗸

Question 2 Given an array and a threshold value find the output. Correct Input: {5,8,10,13,6,2} Marked out of Threshold = 3 1.00 Output count = 17 ▼ Flag question Explanation: Number Parts Counts 5 {3,2} 2 {3,3,2} 3 8 {3,3,3,1} 4 10 13 {3,3,3,3,1} 5 6 {3,3} 2 2 {2} Input Format N - no of elements in an array Array of elements Threshold value Output Format Display the count Sample Input 1 6 58101362 Sample Output 1 For example: Input Result 17 5 8 10 13 6 2 3 20 35 57 30 56 87 30 }
scanf("%d",&t);
for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
{
 while(arr[j]>0)
 {
 arr[j]-=t;
 count++;
 }
} 12 13 v 14 15 v 16 17 18 19 printf("%d",count); Input Expected Got 17 🗸 5 8 10 13 6 2 33 🗸 20 35 57 30 56 87 30 10 Passed all tests! ✓

