

For First Terminal Examination -2081

Class-10

Subject: Optional Mathematics Course Contents:

1. Algebra: Function
2. Matrix: All
3. Coordinate Geometry: conditions for lines to be parallel and perpendicular
4. Trigonometry: Multiple angles Sub- multiple angles
5. Limit and continuity :all
6. Statistics :all

For Second Terminal Examination -2081

1. Algebra: Polynomials, Function
2. Coordinate Geometry: All
3. Trigonometry: transformation of trigonometric ratio, Conditional trigonometric identities
4. Vectors: Scalar product Vector Geometry
5. Limit and continuity: all
6. Statistics: all
7. Matrix: all

For Third Terminal Examination-2081 Course Contents

- Algebra: sequence and series.
- Coordinate: conic section, circle
- linear programming problems.
- Quadratic equation and graphs.
- Limit and continuity.
- Trigonometry: * Solution of trigonometric equation
- Height and distance
- Transformation: All
- Revision all chapter

EMBOCS NAWALPARASI**Specification Grid for First Terminal Examination-2081**

S. N	Contents	Topic	K	U	A	H. A	Total number of Questions	Total mark
1	Algebra	* Function	2	2	2	1	7	16
2	Matrix	all	1	1	1		3	6
3.	*Coordinate Geometry	conditions for lines to be parallel and perpendicular	1					1
4	Trigonometry	* Multiple angle * Sub – multiple angle	2	2	3	-	7	15
5.	Statistics	All		1	2		3	8
6.	Limit & continuity	All	1		1		2	4
		Total mark	7	6	9	1	22	50

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Specification Grid for Second Terminal Examination-2081

S. N	Contents	Topic	K	U	A	H. A	Total number of Questions	Total mark
1	Algebra	* Function * Polynomials	1	1	1	1	4	10
2	Matrix	all	1	1	1		3	6
3.	Coordinate Geometry	all	1	1	1	1	4	10
4	Trigonometry	* Multiple angle * Sub – multiple angle * Transformation of Trigonometric ratio * Conditional trigonometric identities	2	2	1		6	9
5.	Vectors	* Scalar product * Vector Geometry	1	1			2	3
6	statistics	all		1	2		3	8
7.	Limit & continuity	all	1		1		2	4
Total			7	7	7	2	24	50
Marks			7	14	21	8		50

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Specification Grid for Third Terminal Examination-2081

SN	Contents	Knowledge	Understanding	Application	Higher ability	Total questions	Total marks
		each of 1 marks	each of 2 marks	each of 3 marks	each of 4 marks		
1.	बीजगणित (Algebra)	2	2	2	1	7	16
2.	सीमान्त मान र निरन्तरता (Limit and continuity)	1		1		2	4
3.	मैट्रिक्स (Matrix)	1	1	1		3	6
4.	निर्देशाङ्क ज्यामिति (Co-ordinate Geometry)	2	1	1	1	5	11
5.	त्रिकोणमिति (Trogonometry)	2	2	3		7	15
6.	भेक्टर (Vectors)	1	1		1	3	7
7.	स्थानान्तरण (Transformation)	1		1	1	3	8
8.	तथ्याङ्क शास्त्र (Statistics)		1	2		3	8
	जम्मा प्रश्न सङ्ख्या (Total questions)	10	8	11	4	33	75

EMBOCS NAWALPARASI
Model Questions for First Terminal Examination -2081

Sub: Opt : Math
Class:10

Time
Group A 7x1=6

FM:50

1a. Define trigonometric function.

b) What is the maximum value of $y=\sin x$.

2a) Write in sentence $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x)$.

b) Write the condition of two lines parallel.

3. a) Define singular matrix.

b) Express $\cos 2A$ in term $\cos A$.

4a) Write the formula to find $\sin 3A$.

Group B 6x2=12

5a. In the $f = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4)\}$ and $g = (2, a), (4, c), (3, b)$, then show the composite function $g \circ f$ in arrow diagram and find it in ordered pair form.

b) If $F(x) = 8x + 7$ then find the value of $f \circ f(x)$ and $f \circ f(-2)$

6a) If matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ Find the value of A^{-1} .

b) prove that: $\frac{\sin 2A - \sin A}{1 - \cos A + \cos 2A} = \tan A$.

7a) If $\sin A = \frac{1}{2} \left(m + \frac{1}{m}\right)$ then prove that: $\cos 2A = -\frac{1}{2} \left(m^2 + \frac{1}{m^2}\right)$.

b) In a group data the quartile deviation and its Coefficient are 15 and $\frac{3}{7}$ respectively find first quartile.

Group C 9x3=27

8. If $f(x) = 4x + 5$, $f \circ g(x) = 8x + 17$, find the value of $g^{-1}(7)$

9. If $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $g(x) = 3x + 1$ are two function then find $f^{-1}(x)$ and $g^{-1}(x)$.

10. A real value function $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is Defined by $f(x) = 2x + 3$

i) find the value of $f(x)$ at $x = 4.9, 4.99, 4.999$.

ii) find the value of $f(5)$

iii) Is this function continuous at $x = 5$.

11. Solve by cramer's method: $8x + 11 = 3y$ and $6y - 15 = -2x + 11$

12. prove that: $\tan(45^\circ + A) = \sec 2A + \tan 2A$

13. prove that: $\frac{1}{\sin 10^\circ} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cos 10^\circ} = 4$

14. prove that: $4\cos^3 20^\circ + 4\sin^3 10^\circ = 3(\cos 20^\circ + \sin 10^\circ)$

15. . Calculate the mean deviation from the median of the given data

x	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
f	2	3	5	4	6

16. Calculate the standard deviation from the given data.

Class interval	0-4	4-8	8-12	12-16	16-20
Frequency	10	8	12	6	4

Group D 1x4=4

17. Two functions are $f(x) = \frac{2x+5}{8}$ and $g(x) = 3x - 4$. If $(f \circ g)^{-1}(x)$ is an identity function, find the value of x .

THE END

Sub: Opt : Math
Class:10

Time
Group A 7x1=6

FM:50

- 1a) Define identity function.
b) Write a condition to be a continuous for a function.
2a) If matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ find A^{-1} .
3a) If θ be the angle between the two straight lines whose equations are as $y = m_1x + c_1$ and $y = m_2x + c_2$, then find the value of $\tan \theta$.
b) The slopes of two straight lines L1 and L2 are M1 and M2 respectively. write the condition of parallelism of lines.
4a) Express $\sin A$ in term of $\tan \frac{A}{2}$.
b) Write $\cos x + \cos y$ into product form.

Group B 7x2=14

- 5a) If $f(x) = \frac{2x-3}{5}$, Find the value of $f^{-1}(\frac{1}{5})$.
b) Find the obtuse angle between the lines $2x - y + 3 = 0$ and $x - 3y + 4 = 0$.
6a) Find the value of D_1 and D_2 from the given equation $y = 2x$, $x + 2y = 10$ by crammers rule.
b) prove that: $\frac{\sin \theta + \sin \frac{\theta}{2}}{1 + \cos \theta + \cos \frac{\theta}{2}} = \tan \frac{\theta}{2}$.
7a) Find the value of $\sin 75^\circ - \sin 15^\circ$.
b) The position vectors of A and B are $\vec{7i} + \vec{2j}$ and $\vec{3i} - \vec{4j}$ respectively. If the point P is the midpoint of line AB, find the position vectors of point P.
8a) In a data, the first quartile and quartile deviation are 17.5 and 20 respectively. Find the third quartile and coefficient of quartile deviation.

Group C 7x3=21

9. If $f(x) = 2x - 4$, then prove that $(f \circ f^{-1})x$ is an identity function.
10. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x + 5 & x < 3 \\ 6x - 4 & x \geq 3 \end{cases}$
i) For $x = 2.9999$, find the value of $f(x)$
ii) For $x = 3.0001$ find the value of $f(x)$
iii) Is the function $f(x)$ continuous at $x = 3$. give reason
11. Prove that: $2\cos 4A + 1 = (2\cos A - 1)(2\cos A + 1)(2\cos 2A - 1)$
12. Solve the equation by matrix method. $2x - 3y = 7$ and $4y - 3x = -1$
13. Find the equation of a pair of line through (2,5) and perpendicular to the line $5x + 2y = 7$
14. . Calculate the mean deviation from the mean of the given data

x	0-15	15-30	30-45	45-60	60-75
f	2	7	10	6	5

15. Calculate the standard deviation from the given data.

Class interval	0-4	4-8	8-12	12-16	16-20
Frequency	12	10	8	5	15

Group D 4x2=8

16. Find the equation of straight line passing through the point (3,2) and making angle of 45° with line $x - 2y - 3 = 0$
17. Solve: $y^3 - 19y - 30 = 0$

THE END

1. त्रिकोणमितीय फलनको परिभाषा लेख्नुहोस् ।
Define trigonometric function.
2. दुई सङ्ख्याहरू a र b बिचको अङ्कगणितीय मध्यक कति हुन्छ ?
What is arithmetic mean between two numbers a and b .
3. अविच्छिन्न सङ्ख्याहरूको समूहको नाम लेख्नुहोस् ।
Write the name of the set of numbers which is continuous.
4. यदि मैट्रिक्स $A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ भए $|A|$ को मान कति हुन्छ ?
If matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ & what is the value of $|A|$?
5. यदि दुई सिधा रेखाहरूको बिचको कोण θ र भुजाव क्रमशः m_1 र m_2 भए $\tan\theta$ को मान पत्ता लगाउने सूत्र लेख्नुहोस् ।
If the angle between two straight lines is θ and their slopes are m_1 and m_2 respectively, write the formula to find the value of $\tan\theta$.
6. एउटा सोलीलाई समतलीय सतहले आधारसँग समानान्तर हुने गरी प्रतिच्छेदन गर्दा कस्तो आकृति बन्छ, लेख्नुहोस् ।
Which geometric figure will be formed if a plane intersects a cone parallel to its base? Write.
7. $\sin 2A$ लाई $\tan A$ को रूपमा व्यक्त गर्नुहोस् ।
Express $\sin 2A$ in terms of $\tan A$.
8. उन्नतांश कोणको परिभाषा लेख्नुहोस् ।
Define angle of elevation.
9. यदि \vec{a} र \vec{b} बिचको कोण θ भए \vec{a} र \vec{b} को स्केलर गुणन के हुन्छ ?
What is the scalar product of two vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} if the angle between them is θ ?
10. केन्द्रबिन्दु O र अर्धव्यास r भएको वृत्तमा कुनै विपरीत स्थानान्तरणमा P को प्रतिबिम्ब P' भए OP , OP' र r को सम्बन्ध लेख्नुहोस् ।
If P' is the image of P and r is radius of circle with centre O in an inversion transformation, write the relation of OP , OP' and r .

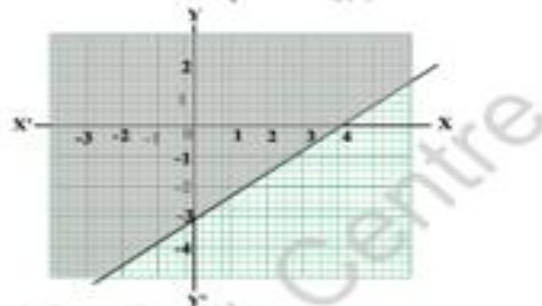
11. यदि $2x^3 - 7x^2 + x + 10 = (x-1)Q(x) + R$, भए शेष R र भागफल $Q(x)$ पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

If $2x^3 - 7x^2 + x + 10 = (x-1)Q(x) + R$, find the remainder R and quotient $Q(x)$.

12. दिइएको ग्राफमा छाया पारिएको भागलाई

जनाउने असमानता लेख्नुहोस् ।

Write down the inequality represented by the shaded region in the adjoining figure.



13. समीकरणहरू $4x - 5y = 2$ र $3x + 4y = 48$ मा क्रमशः D_1 र D_2 पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

Find the determinants D_1 and D_2 of coefficient of x and y by using Cramer's rule from the equations $4x - 5y = 2$ and $3x + 4y = 48$.

14. समीकरणहरू $3x + 4y + 5 = 0$ र $6x + 8y + 7 = 0$ भएका रेखाहरूका भुकाव पत्ता लगाई ती रेखाहरूको सम्बन्ध लेख्नुहोस् ।

Find the slopes of two straight lines having equations $3x + 4y + 5 = 0$ and $6x + 8y + 7 = 0$ and write the relationship between them.

15. $\sin 6A \cdot \cos 4A$ लाई sine वा cosine को योग वा अन्तरमा रूपान्तरण गर्नुहोस् ।

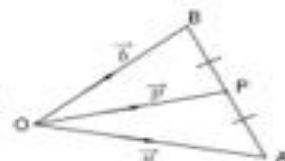
Convert $\sin 6A \cdot \cos 4A$ into sum or difference of sine or cosine.

16. यदि $2\sin 2\theta = \sqrt{3}$ भए θ को मान पत्ता लगाउनुहोस्. ($0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 180^\circ$)

If $2\sin 2\theta = \sqrt{3}$, find the value of θ . ($0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 180^\circ$)

17. दिइएको चित्रमा O उद्गम बिन्दु हो । यदि \vec{a} र \vec{b} बिन्दु A र B का स्थिति भेक्टर भए, बिन्दु P को स्थिति भेक्टर $\vec{p} = \frac{1}{2}(\vec{a} + \vec{b})$ हुन्छ भनी देखाउनुहोस् ।

O is the origin in the given figure. If \vec{a} and \vec{b} are the position vector of the points A and B , show that the position vector of point P is $\vec{p} = \frac{1}{2}(\vec{a} + \vec{b})$



18. यदि एउटा श्रेणीको पहिलो चतुर्थांश $(Q_1) = 35$ र तेस्रो चतुर्थांश $(Q_3) = 75$ भए, चतुर्थांशीय विचलन र यसको गुणाङ्क पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

In a series, the first quartile $(Q_1) = 35$ and third quartile $(Q_3) = 75$, find the quartile deviation and its coefficient.

19. यदि दुई फलनहरू $f(x) = \frac{2x+5}{x}$ र $g(x) = 3x - 4$ भए $(f \circ g)^{-1}(3)$ पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

If two functions are $f(x) = \frac{2x+5}{x}$ and $g(x) = 3x - 4$, find $(f \circ g)^{-1}(3)$.

20. लेखाचित्र विधिद्वारा हल गर्नुहोस् ।

Solve by graphical method:

$$2x^2 + x - 6 = 0.$$

21. वास्तविक फलन $f(x) = 2x + 3$ का लागि $f(2.99)$, $f(3.01)$ र $f(3)$ का मानहरू पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् । के यो फलन $x = 3$ मा अविच्छिन्न हुन्छ ?

For a real valued function $f(x) = 2x + 3$, find the values of $f(2.99)$, $f(3.01)$ and $f(3)$. Is this function continuous at $x = 3$?

22. मेट्रिक्स विधिको प्रयोग गरी तल दिइएका समीकरणहरू हल गर्नुहोस् :

Use matrix method to solve the following systems of equations:

$$3x + 5y = 11, 2x - 3y = 1$$

23. समीकरण $6x^2 - xy - y^2 = 0$ ले प्रतिनिधित्व गर्ने जोडा रेखाहरूको समीकरण पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् र ती रेखाहरू बिचको कोण पनि पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

Find the equations of the pair of lines represented by the equation $6x^2 - xy - y^2 = 0$ and also find the angle between them.

24. प्रमाणित गर्नुहोस् ।

$$\text{Prove that: } \tan A + 2 \tan 2A + 4 \cot 4A = \cot A$$

25. यदि $A + B + C = \pi$ भए प्रमाणित गर्नुहोस् :

$$\text{If } A + B + C = \pi, \text{ prove that: } \sin^2 A + \sin^2 B + \sin^2 C = 2 \sin A \cos B \sin C$$

26. एउटा धरहराको ठिक अगाडि जमिनको सतहमा रहेको कुनै एक स्थानबाट धरहराको माथि ठड्याइएको 6m अग्लो ध्वजदण्डको टुप्पो र फेदका उन्नतांश कोणहरू क्रमशः 60° र 45° पाइयो । धरहराको उचाई र धरहराको फेदबाट सो बिन्दुसम्मको दुरी पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

From a place at the ground level in front of a tower, the angle of elevations of the top and bottom of flag staff 6m high situated at the top of a tower are observed 60° and 45° respectively. Find the height of the tower and the distance between the base of the tower and point of observation.

27. एकाइ वर्ग $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ लाई समानान्तर चतुर्भुज $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ का रूपमा

19. यदि दुई फलनहरू $f(x) = \frac{2x+5}{8}$ र $g(x) = 3x - 4$ भए $(f \circ g)^{-1}(3)$ पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

If two functions are $f(x) = \frac{2x+5}{8}$ and $g(x) = 3x - 4$, find $(f \circ g)^{-1}(3)$.

20. लेखाचित्र विधिद्वारा हल गर्नुहोस् ।

Solve by graphical method:

$$2x^2 + x - 6 = 0.$$

21. वास्तविक फलन $f(x) = 2x + 3$ का लागि $f(2.99)$, $f(3.01)$ र $f(3)$ का मानहरू पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् । के यो फलन $x = 3$ मा अविच्छिन्न हुन्छ ?

For a real valued function $f(x) = 2x + 3$, find the values of $f(2.99)$, $f(3.01)$ and $f(3)$. Is this function continuous at $x = 3$?

22. मैट्रिक्स विधिको प्रयोग गरी तल दिइएका समीकरणहरू हल गर्नुहोस् :

Use matrix method to solve the following systems of equations:

$$3x + 5y = 11, 2x - 3y = 1$$

23. समीकरण $6x^2 - xy - y^2 = 0$ ले प्रतिनिधित्व गर्ने जोडा रेखाहरूको समीकरण पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् र ती रेखाहरू बिचको कोण पनि पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

Find the equations of the pair of lines represented by the equation $6x^2 - xy - y^2 = 0$ and also find the angle between them.

24. प्रमाणित गर्नुहोस् ।

Prove that: $\tan A + 2 \tan 2A + 4 \cot 4A = \cot A$

25. यदि $A + B + C = \pi$ भए प्रमाणित गर्नुहोस् :

If $A + B + C = \pi$, prove that: $\sin^2 A + \sin^2 B + \sin^2 C = 2 \sin A \cos B \sin C$

26. एउटा धरहराको ठिक अगाडि जमिनको सतहमा रहेको कुनै एक स्थानबाट धरहराको माथि ठड्याइएको 6m अग्लो झण्डाको टुप्पो र फेदका उन्नतांश कोणहरू क्रमशः 60° र 45° पाइयो । धरहराको उचाइ र धरहराको फेदबाट सो बिन्दुसम्मको दुरी पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

From a place at the ground level in front of a tower, the angle of elevations of the top and bottom of flag staff 6m high situated at the top of a tower are observed 60° and 45° respectively. Find the height of the tower and the distance between the base of the tower and point of observation.

27. एकाइ वर्ग $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ लाई समानान्तर चतुर्भुज $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ का रूपमा स्थानान्तरण गर्ने 2×2 मैट्रिक्स पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

Find the 2×2 matrix which transforms unit square $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ to a parallelogram

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

28. दिइएको तथ्याङ्कको मध्यक भिन्नता र यसको गुणाङ्क पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् :
Find the mean deviation and its coefficient of the given data.

प्राप्ताङ्क (Marks obtained)	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
विद्यार्थी सङ्ख्या (No. of students)	2	3	6	5	4

29. दिइएको तथ्याङ्कबाट स्तरीय भिन्नता पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् :
Find the standard deviation from given data.

उमेर (Age)	0 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50	50 - 60
मानिसको सङ्ख्या (No. of Persons)	4	6	10	20	6	4

समूह घ 'Group D'

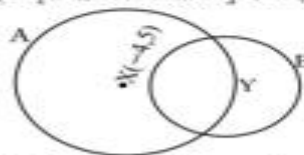
$$4 \times 4 = 16$$

30. एउटा समानान्तर श्रेणीमा तीनओटा पदहरूको योगफल 24 छ । यदि ती पदहरूमा क्रमशः 1, 6 र 18 जोड्दा परिणाम गुणोत्तर श्रेणीमा हुन्छ भने ती पदहरू निकाल्नुहोस् ।

The sum of three terms in an arithmetic series is 24. If 1, 6 and 18 are added to them respectively, the results are in geometrical series, find the terms.

31. दिइएको चित्रमा X र Y क्रमशः A र B को केन्द्रबिन्दुहरू हुन् । वृत्त B को केन्द्रबिन्दु Y भएर वृत्त A गएको छ । यदि वृत्त B को समीकरण $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 6y - 12 = 0$ र X को निर्देशाङ्क $(-4, 5)$ छ भने वृत्त A को समीकरण पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।

In the given figure, X and Y are the center of circles A and B respectively. Circle A passes through the centre Y of the circle B. If the equation of the circle B is $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 6y - 12 = 0$ and the coordinates of X is $(-4, 5)$, find the equation of the circle A.



32. वेक्टर विधि प्रयोग गरी कुनै पनि चतुर्भुजका भुजाहरूका मध्यबिन्दुहरू क्रमशः जोड्दै जाँदा बन्ने चतुर्भुज समानान्तर चतुर्भुज हुन्छ, भनी प्रमाणित गर्नुहोस् ।

By using vector method, prove that the quadrilateral formed by joining the midpoints of adjacent sides of a quadrilateral is a parallelogram.

33. दिए गए को मूल त्रिभुज A को प्रतिबिम्ब A' र A' को प्रतिबिम्ब A'' मए The image of the triangle A is A' and image of A' is A'' in the given graph.

(क) कुल स्थानांतरण द्वारा त्रिभुज A को प्रतिबिम्ब A' हुआ ?

कारण सहित लिखिए। By what transformation the image of the triangle A is A' ? Write with reason.

(ख) कुल स्थानांतरण द्वारा त्रिभुज A' को प्रतिबिम्ब A'' हुआ ?

कारण सहित लिखिए। By what transformation the image of the triangle A' is A'' ? Write with reason.

(ग) साथिका हुई स्थानांतरण को संयुक्त स्थानांतरण साईं बताइये स्थानांतरण कौन हुआ ?

कारण सहित लिखिए। Write the name of transformation which denotes the combined transformation of above two transformations? Write with reason.

