```
In [ ]: from pyspark.sql import SparkSession, Window
        from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, IntegerType, StringType, BooleanType, TimestampType, DateType
        from pyspark.sql.functions import sum, col, count, when, lead, collect_list, length, year, countDistinct, round, first, lit
        from datetime import datetime
In [ ]: spark = SparkSession.builder.master('local[*]').appName('PysparkDataPipeline').getOrCreate()
        Creating an empty Df -
In [ ]: schema = StructType([StructField('column_a', IntegerType(), True),
                          StructField('column_b', StringType(), False)])
In [ ]: df = spark.createDataFrame([], schema=schema)
In [ ]: df.show()
       +----+
       column_a|column_b
       +----+
       +----+
        Append Data into it
In [ ]: df2 = spark.createDataFrame([[1, 'a'],
                                   [2, 'b'],
                                   [3, 'c'],
                                   [None, 'd']], schema=schema)
In [ ]: df2.show()
       +----+
       |column a|column b|
                      Ы
              2
              3|
                      c|
           null
In [ ]: df = df.union(df2)
In [ ]: df.show()
```

```
| column_a|column_b|
+-----+
| 1| a|
| 2| b|
| 3| c|
| null| d|
```

### Fill Null Values

# Replace all 1's with 2's

```
In [ ]: from pyspark.sql.functions import when
    df = df.replace(1, 2, subset=['column_a'])
    df.show()

+-----+
    | column_a|column_b|
+----+
    | 2| a|
    | 2| b|
    | 3| c|
    | 2| d|
    +-----+
    | 2| d| | |
    | 4|    | 4|    |
    | 5| d|
    | 6| d|
    | 7| d|
    | 8| d|
    | 9| d
```

# LeetCode SQL problem

# Replace Employee ID With The Unique Identifier

https://leetcode.com/problems/replace-employee-id-with-the-unique-identifier/description/?envType=study-plan-v2&envId=top-sql-50

```
In [ ]: from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, IntegerType, StringType
       employees_schema = StructType([StructField('id', IntegerType(), False),
                                   StructField('name', StringType(), True)])
       employees_df = spark.createDataFrame([[1, 'Alice'],
                                         [7, 'Bob'],
                                         [11, 'Meir'],
                                         [90, 'Winston'],
                                         [3, 'Jonathan']], schema=employees_schema)
       employee uni schema = StructType([StructField('id', IntegerType(), False),
                                      StructField('unique_id', IntegerType(), True)])
       employee_uni_df = spark.createDataFrame([[3, 1],
                                            [11, 2],
                                            [90, 3]], schema=employee_uni_schema)
In [ ]: employees df.show()
      +---+
      | id| name|
      +---+
        1 Alice
        7 |
               Bobl
              Meir
       | 11|
       90| Winston|
      | 3|Jonathan|
      +---+
In [ ]: employee uni df.show()
      +---+
      | id|unique_id|
      +---+
      | 3|
                 1|
       | 11|
                 2
      901
      +---+
In [ ]: employees_df.join(employee_uni_df, how='left', on=['id']).select('unique_id', 'name').show()
      +----+
      |unique_id| name|
      +----+
           null | Alice|
           null
                    Bob
              2
                   Meir
              1|Jonathan|
              3 | Winston|
      +----+
```

#### Leetcode SQL problem - Confirmation Rate

https://leetcode.com/problems/confirmation-rate/description/?envType=study-plan-v2&envId=top-sql-50

```
In [ ]: signups schema = StructType([StructField('user id', IntegerType(), False),
                                    StructField('time stamp', TimestampType(), True)])
        confirmations schema = StructType([StructField('user id', IntegerType(), True),
                                          StructField('time_stamp', TimestampType(), True),
                                          StructField('action', StringType(), True)])
In [ ]: sinups df = spark.createDataFrame([[3, datetime.strptime('2020-03-21 10:16:13', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')],
                                          [7, datetime.strptime('2020-01-04 13:57:59', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')],
                                          [2, datetime.strptime('2020-07-29 23:09:44', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')],
                                          [6, datetime.strptime('2020-12-09 10:39:37', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')]], schema=signups_schema)
        confirmations df = spark.createDataFrame([[3, datetime.strptime('2021-01-06 03:30:46', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'), 'timeout'],
                                                 [3, datetime.strptime('2021-07-14 14:00:00', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'), 'timeout'],
                                                 [7, datetime.strptime('2021-06-12 11:57:29', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'), 'confirmed'],
                                                 [7, datetime.strptime('2021-06-13 12:58:28', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'), 'confirmed'],
                                                 [7, datetime.strptime('2021-06-14 13:59:27', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'), 'confirmed'],
                                                 [2, datetime.strptime('2021-01-22 00:00', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'), 'confirmed'],
                                                 [2, datetime.strptime('2021-02-28 23:59:59', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'), 'timeout']], schema=confirmations_schema)
In [ ]: result df = sinups df.join(confirmations df, how='left', on=['user id'])
In [ ]: result df.groupBy('user id').agg((sum(when(result df.action == 'confirmed', 1).otherwise(
            0.00)) / count('*')).alias('confirmation rate')).show()
       +----+
       |user_id|confirmation_rate|
       +----+
                             0.01
             7 l
                            1.0
             2|
                            0.5
                             0.0
```

#### Find Users With Valid E-Mails

https://leetcode.com/problems/find-users-with-valid-e-mails/description/?envType=study-plan-v2&envId=30-days-of-pandas&lang=pythondata

```
[6, 'David', 'david69@gmail.com'],
                                 [7, 'Shapiro', '.shapo@leetcode.com']], schema=schema)
In [ ]: df.show()
      |user id|
                   namel
            1 | Winston | winston@leetcode.com |
            2 | Jonathan
                           jonathanisgreat|
            3|Annabelle| bella-@leetcode.com|
            4| Sally|sally.come@leetco...|
            5 | Marwan|quarz#2020@leetco...|
            6 | David | david69@gmail.com
            7 | Shapiro | .shapo@leetcode.com
      +----+
In [ ]: df.filter(col('mail').rlike('^[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_.-]*@leetcode\.com')).show()
      |user_id| name|
      +----+
            1| Winston|winston@leetcode.com|
            3|Annabelle| bella-@leetcode.com|
            4 Sally sally.come@leetco...
      +----+
        Consecutive Numbers
        https://leetcode.com/problems/consecutive-numbers/
In [ ]: schema = StructType([StructField('id', IntegerType(), False),
                         StructField('num', StringType(), True)])
        df = spark.createDataFrame([[1, '1'],
                                 [2, '1'],
                                 [3, '1'],
                                 [4, '2'],
                                 [5, '1'],
                                 [6, '2'],
                                 [7, '2']], schema=schema)
In [ ]: df.createOrReplaceTempView('df')
In [ ]: spark.sql('''with temp as (
                      select num,
                         lead(num, 1) over (order by id) num1,
                         lead(num, 2) over (order by id) num2
```

from df

```
select distinct num
                        from temp
                        where num = num1
                        and num = num2''').show()
       +---+
       Inuml
       | 1|
       23/08/03 15:05:56 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio
       23/08/03 15:05:56 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio
       23/08/03 15:05:57 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio
       23/08/03 15:05:57 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio
In [ ]: df.withColumn('num1', lead('num', 1).over(Window.orderBy('id')))\
            .withColumn('num2', lead('num', 2).over(Window.orderBy('id')))\
            .filter((col('num') == col('num1')) & (col('num') == col('num2')))\
            .select('id').distinct().show()
       l idl
       +---+
       | 1|
       +---+
      23/08/03 15:56:26 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio
       23/08/03 15:56:26 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio
       23/08/03 15:56:26 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio
       23/08/03 15:56:26 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio
```

# Students and classes example

```
[2, 1, 2, 'maths', 12],
                              [2, 1, 1, 'english', 14],
                              [2, 1, 2, 'english', 12],
                              [3, 2, 1, 'maths', 10],
                              [3, 2, 2, 'maths', 12],
                              [3, 2, 1, 'english', 16],
                              [3, 2, 2, 'english', 14]], schema=schema)
In [ ]: df.show()
      +----+
      |class|student id|term|subject|marks|
      +----+
                   1 | 1 | maths | 10 |
         2 |
                   1 2 maths
                                 12
         2
                  1 | 1 | english | 14 |
                  1 2 english 12
                   2 | 1 | maths |
         3 |
                                 10
         3 |
                   2 | 2 | maths | 12 |
         3 |
                   2 | 1 | english | 16 |
         3
                   2 | 2 | english | 14 |
      +----+
            Get class 2 students in following format --> class student_id subject term1 term2
In [ ]: df = df.orderBy('class', 'student_id', 'subject')\
          .groupBy('class', 'student_id', 'subject')\
          .agg(collect_list('marks')[0].alias('term1'), collect_list('marks')[1].alias('term2'))
In [ ]: df.show()
      +----+
      |class|student_id|subject|term1|term2|
      +----+
                   1|english| 14| 12|
         2
                   1 maths 10 12
                   2|english| 16| 14|
         3 |
         3 |
                   2 | maths | 10 | 12 |
      +----+
In [ ]: df.filter(col('class') == 2).show()
```

Get subject-wise aggregated score with 25% weightage to term1 and 75% weightage to term2

```
In [ ]: df = spark.createDataFrame([[2, 1, 1, 'maths', 10],
                                 [2, 1, 2, 'maths', 12],
                                 [2, 1, 1, 'english', 14],
                                 [2, 1, 2, 'english', 12],
                                 [3, 2, 1, 'maths', 10],
                                 [3, 2, 2, 'maths', 12],
                                 [3, 2, 1, 'english', 16],
                                 [3, 2, 2, 'english', 14]], schema=schema)
In [ ]: df.show()
      +----+
      |class|student_id|term|subject|marks|
      +----+
                    1 | 1 | maths | 10 |
                    1 2 maths 12
                   1| 1|english| 14|
          2 |
                  1 2 english 12
                    2 1 maths 10
          3 l
          3 |
                  2 2 maths 12
          3 |
                   2| 1|english| 16|
          3 |
                     2 | 2 | english | 14 |
In [ ]: maths_agg = \
           df.filter(col('subject') == 'maths')\
           .orderBy('student_id', 'term')\
           .groupBy('student_id')\
            agg((collect_list('marks')[0] * 0.25 + collect_list('marks')[1] * 0.75).alias('maths_agg'))
In [ ]: english_agg = \
           df.filter(col('subject') == 'english')\
           .orderBy('student_id', 'term')\
            .groupBy('student_id')\
            .agg((collect_list('marks')[0] * 0.25 + collect_list('marks')[1] * 0.75).alias('english_agg'))
In [ ]: maths_agg.join(english_agg, how='inner', on='student_id').show()
```

```
+-----+
|student_id|maths_agg|english_agg|
+------+
| 1 | 11.5 | 12.5 |
| 2 | 11.5 | 14.5 |
```

## **Exchange Seats -**

https://leetcode.com/problems/exchange-seats/description/

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
        import io
        data = '''
        id, student
        1,Abbot
        2,Doris
        3,Emerson
        4,Green
        5,Jeames
        111
        df = spark.createDataFrame(pd.read_csv(io.StringIO(data), header=0))
In [ ]: df.show()
       +---+
       | id|student|
       +---+
        1 Abbot
        2 Doris
         3 Emerson
         4| Green|
        5| Jeames|
       +---+
In [ ]: max_id = max(df.select('id').collect())[0]
        df.select(when(col('id') % 2 == 1,
                     lead('id', 1, max_id).over(Window.orderBy('id')))
                 .otherwise(col('id') - 1).alias('id'),
                 'Student').orderBy('id').show()
```

23/08/09 17:41:37 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio n.
23/08/09 17:41:37 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio n.
23/08/09 17:41:37 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio n.
23/08/09 17:41:37 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio n.
23/08/09 17:41:37 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradatio n.

#### Tree Node

In [ ]: distinct\_parent\_ids = df.select(

'p id').distinct().rdd.flatMap(lambda x: x).collect()

### https://leetcode.com/problems/tree-node/

```
In [ ]: schema = StructType([StructField('id', IntegerType(), False),
                         StructField('p_id', IntegerType(), True)])
       df = spark.createDataFrame(
           [[1, None],
           [2, 1],
           [3, 1],
            [4, 2],
            [5, 2]], schema=schema)
In [ ]: df.show()
      +---+
      | id|p_id|
      +---+
        1|null|
       2 1
        3 11
        4 2
      | 5| 2|
      +---+
```

```
df.select('id',
                 when(col('p_id').isNull(), 'Root')
                 .when(col('p_id').isNotNull() & col('id').isin(distinct_parent_ids), 'Inner')
                 .otherwise('Leaf').alias('type')).show()
       +---+
       | id| type|
       +---+
        1 Root
        2|Inner|
        3| Leaf|
       | 4| Leaf|
       | 5| Leaf|
       +---+
        Pandas
In [ ]: pdf = df.toPandas()
In [ ]: pdf
Out[ ]:
          id p_id
        0 1 NaN
        1 2 1.0
        2 3 1.0
        3 4 2.0
        4 5 2.0
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        pdf['type'] = np.where(pdf['p_id'].isna(),
                             'Root',
                             np.where(pdf['id'].isin(pdf['p_id'].unique()) & pdf['p_id'].notna(),
                                     'Inner',
                                     'Leaf'))
In [ ]: pdf[['id', 'type']]
```

```
Out[]: id type

0 1 Root
1 2 Inner
2 3 Leaf
3 4 Leaf
4 5 Leaf
```

### Customers who bought all products

6

+----+

https://leetcode.com/problems/customers-who-bought-all-products/description/

```
In [ ]: customer_schema = StructType([StructField('customer_id', IntegerType(), False),
                                     StructField('product_key', IntegerType(), False)])
        product_schema = StructType([StructField('product_key', IntegerType(), False)])
        customer_df = spark.createDataFrame([[1, 5],
                                            [2, 6],
                                            [3, 5],
                                            [3, 6],
                                            [1, 6]], schema=customer_schema)
        product_df = spark.createDataFrame([[5], [6]], schema=product_schema)
In [ ]: customer_df.show()
       |customer_id|product_key|
                 1|
                             5
                 2
                             6
                             5|
                 3 |
                 3|
                             6
                 1|
                             6
In [ ]: product_df.show()
       +----+
       |product_key|
       +----+
                 5
```

```
In [ ]: grouped_df = customer_df.dropDuplicates().groupBy(
           'customer_id').agg(count(col('customer_id')).alias('count'))
In [ ]: grouped_df.show()
      +----+
       |customer_id|count|
       +----+
                1 2
                3 2
                2 1
      +----+
In [ ]: grouped_df.filter(col('count') == product_df.count()).select('customer_id').show()
      +----+
       |customer_id|
       +----+
                1|
                3|
      +----+
       Triangle Judgement
       https://leetcode.com/problems/triangle-judgement/description/
In [ ]: schema = StructType([StructField('x', IntegerType(), False),
                          StructField('y', IntegerType(), False),
                          StructField('z', IntegerType(), False)])
        df = spark.createDataFrame([[13, 15, 30],
                                 [10, 20, 15]], schema=schema)
In [ ]: df.show()
      +---+
       | x| y| z|
      +---+
      | 13| 15| 30|
      | 10| 20| 15|
      +---+
In [ ]: df.withColumn('triangle', when((col('x') + col('y') > col('z'))
                                   & (col('y') + col('z') > col('x'))
                                   & (col('x') + col('z') > col('y')), 'Yes')
                    .otherwise('No')).show()
```

### **Invalid Tweets**

https://leetcode.com/problems/invalid-tweets/?envType=study-plan-v2&envId=30-days-of-pandas&lang=pythondata

```
In [ ]: schema = StructType([StructField('tweet_id', IntegerType(), False),
                       StructField('content', StringType(), True)])
      df = spark.createDataFrame([[1, 'Vote for Biden'],
                             [2, 'Let us make America great again!']], schema=schema)
In [ ]: df.show(truncate=False)
     +----+
     |tweet_id|content
     +----+
     11
             | Vote for Biden
            |Let us make America great again!|
     +----+
In [ ]: df.filter(length(col('content')) > 15).select('tweet_id').show()
     +----+
     |tweet_id|
     +----+
           2|
     +----+
```

# **Calculate Special Bonus**

https://leetcode.com/problems/calculate-special-bonus/description/?envType=study-plan-v2&envId=30-days-of-pandas&lang=pythondata. The problems of the proble

```
In [ ]: df.show(truncate=False)
     +----+
     |employee id|name |salary|
     +----+
     |2
               |Meir |3000
     13
               |Michael|3800
     17
               |Addilyn|7400
     18
               |Juan | 6100
     19
               |Kannon | 7700
     +----+
In [ ]: df.withColumn('bonus', when((col('employee_id') % 2 == 1) & (~col('name').startswith(
          'M')), col('salary')).otherwise(0).alias('bonus')).select('employee_id', 'bonus').show()
     +----+
     |employee id|bonus|
     +----+
              2 0
              3 0
              7 | 7400 |
              81 01
              9 | 7700 |
     +----+
```

## Market Analysis I

https://leetcode.com/problems/market-analysis-i/description/

```
In [ ]: users schema = StructType([StructField('user id', IntegerType(), False),
                                   StructField('join_date', StringType(), False),
                                    StructField('favorite_brand', StringType(), False)])
        users_df = spark.createDataFrame([[1, '2018-01-01', 'Lenovo'],
                                           [2, '2018-02-09', 'Samsung'],
                                          [3, '2018-01-09', 'LG'],
                                           [4, '2018-05-21', 'HP']], schema=users_schema)
        orders schema = StructType([StructField('order id', IntegerType(), False),
                                     StructField('order_date', StringType(), False),
                                    StructField('item_id', IntegerType(), False),
                                     StructField('buyer_id', IntegerType(), False),
                                    StructField('seller_id', IntegerType(), False)])
        orders_df = spark.createDataFrame([[1, '2019-08-01', 4, 1, 2],
                                           [2, '2018-08-02', 2, 1, 3],
                                           [3, '2019-08-03', 3, 2, 3],
                                           [4, '2018-08-04', 1, 4, 2],
                                           [5, '2018-08-04', 1, 3, 4],
                                            [6, '2019-08-05', 2, 2, 4]], schema=orders_schema)
```

```
In [ ]: users_df = users_df.withColumn('join_date', col('join_date').cast('date'))
       orders_df = orders_df.withColumn('order_date', col('order_date').cast('date'))
In [ ]: users df.printSchema()
      root
       |-- user_id: integer (nullable = false)
       |-- join date: date (nullable = true)
       |-- favorite brand: string (nullable = false)
In [ ]: orders df.printSchema()
       |-- order id: integer (nullable = false)
       |-- order_date: date (nullable = true)
       |-- item id: integer (nullable = false)
       |-- buyer_id: integer (nullable = false)
       |-- seller_id: integer (nullable = false)
In [ ]: orders_temp = orders_df.filter(year(col('order_date')) == 2019).groupBy(
           col('buyer id')).agg(count('order id').alias('orders in 2019'))
       orders_temp.show()
      +----+
      |buyer id|orders in 2019|
      +----+
                          1|
             2
                          2|
      +----+
In [ ]: users_df.join(orders_temp, users_df.user_id == orders_temp.buyer_id, how='left')\
           .select(col('user_id').alias('buyer_id'), 'join_date', 'orders_in_2019')\
           .fillna(0, subset=['orders_in_2019']).show()
      +----+
      |buyer_id| join_date|orders_in_2019|
      +----+
             1|2018-01-01|
                                    1
             2 | 2018-02-09 |
                                    2
             3 | 2018-01-09 |
             4 | 2018 - 05 - 21 |
      +----+
```

**Department Highest Salary** 

https://leetcode.com/problems/department-highest-salary/

```
In [ ]: employee_schema = StructType([StructField('id', IntegerType(), False),
                                 StructField('name', StringType(), False),
                                 StructField('salary', IntegerType(), False),
                                 StructField('departmentId', IntegerType(), False)])
       employee df = spark.createDataFrame([[1, 'Joe', 70000, 1],
                                       [2, 'Jim', 90000, 1],
                                      [3, 'Henry', 80000, 2],
                                       [4, 'Sam', 60000, 2],
                                      [5, 'Max', 90000, 1]], schema=employee_schema)
       department schema = StructType([StructField('id', IntegerType(), False),
                                   StructField('name', StringType(), False)])
       department_df = spark.createDataFrame([[1, 'IT'],
                                         [2, 'Sales']], schema=department_schema)
In [ ]: employee df.show()
      +---+
      | id| name|salary|departmentId|
      +---+----+
        1| Joe| 70000|
                               1|
        2| Jim| 90000|
                               11
        3|Henry| 80000|
                               2|
        4| Sam| 60000|
                               2
      | 5| Max| 90000|
                               1|
      +---+
In [ ]: department_df.show()
      +---+
      l idl namel
      +---+
      | 1| IT|
      | 2|Sales|
      +---+
In [ ]: max_salary = employee_df.groupby(col('departmentId')).max(
           'salary').withColumnRenamed('max(salary)', 'max salary')
       max_salary.show()
      +----+
      |departmentId|max_salary|
      +----+
                11
                      90000
                2
                       80000
      +----+
```

```
In [ ]: max_salary = max_salary.withColumnRenamed('departmentId', 'depId')
        employee_df = employee_df.withColumnRenamed('name', 'empName')
        employee_df.join(max_salary,
                       (employee df['departmentId'] == max salary['depId'])
                       & (employee df['salary'] == max salary['max salary']),
                       how='inner')\
           .join(department_df,
                 employee df['departmentId'] == department df['id'],
                 how='inner')\
           .select(col('name').alias('Department'), col('empName').alias('Employee'), col('salary').alias('Salary')).show(truncate=False)
      |Department|Employee|Salary|
      +----+
      IT
                Max
                        |90000 |
      IIT
                |Jim |90000
      Sales
                |Henry | | 80000
      +----+
```

### The Number of Rich Customers

https://leetcode.com/problems/the-number-of-rich-customers/description/?envType=study-plan-v2&envId=30-days-of-pandas&lang=pythondata

```
In []: import pandas as pd
import io

In []: df = pd.read_csv(io.StringIO('''
bill_id,customer_id,amount
6,1,549
8,1,834
4,2,394
11,3,657
13,3,257
'''))

In []: df
Out []: bill_id_customer_id_amount
```

]:		bill_id	customer_id	amount
	0	6	1	549
	1	8	1	834
	2	4	2	394
	3	11	3	657
	4	13	3	257

```
In [ ]: df = spark.createDataFrame(df)
In [ ]: df.show()
     +----+
      |bill id|customer id|amount|
                    1 549
           8
                    1 834
           41
                    2 394
          11|
                    3 | 657 |
                    3 | 257 |
          13|
      +----+
In [ ]: df.filter(col('amount') > 500).select(countDistinct(col('customer id')).alias('rich count')).show()
     +----+
     |rich_count|
     +----+
             2
     +----+
```

### **Project Employees I**

In [ ]: project\_df.show()

https://leetcode.com/problems/project-employees-i/description/

```
|project_id|employee_id|
            1
                    2
            1
                  3|
            2 |
                    1|
            2|
     +----+
In [ ]: employee_df.show()
     |employee id| name|experience years|
     +----+
            1|Khaled|
             2| Ali|
             3 John
                            1|
             4 Doe
                              2
In [ ]: project_df.join(employee_df, on='employee_id', how='inner')\
         .groupBy('project_id').avg('experience_years')\
         .select(col('project_id'), round(col('avg(experience_years)'), 2).alias('average_years')).show()
     |project id|average years|
     +----+
                   2.0
            2|
                  2.5
     +----+
```

## **Customer Who Visited but Did Not Make Any Transactions**

https://leetcode.com/problems/customer-who-visited-but-did-not-make-any-transactions/description/?envType=study-plan-v2&envId=top-sql-50

```
StructField('amount', IntegerType(), False)])
       transactions_df = spark.createDataFrame([[2, 5, 310],
                                            [3, 5, 300],
                                            [9, 5, 200],
                                            [12, 1, 910],
                                            [13, 2, 970]], schema=transactions_schema)
In [ ]: visits_df.show()
      +----+
      |visit_id|customer_id|
             1
                       23
             2
                        9|
                       30
                       54
                       96
                       54
                       54
In [ ]: transactions_df.show()
      +----+
      |transaction_id|visit_id|amount|
                              310
                  3 |
                          5
                             300
                  9|
                          5 200
                          1|
                               910
                 12
                 13
                          2 970
             If transactions_df is small in size -
In [ ]: unique_visit_ids_who_transacted = [i[0] for i in transactions_df.select('visit_id').distinct().collect()]
       visits_df.filter(~visits_df['visit_id'].isin(unique_visit_ids_who_transacted))\
           .groupBy('customer_id').count()\
           .withColumnRenamed('count', 'count_no_trans').show()
      +----+
      |customer_id|count_no_trans|
      +----+
               30
                             1|
                             1|
               96
                             2
               54
```

If transactions\_df is large to run collect(), we can use left join and picking records with null transaction\_id

```
In [ ]: visits df.join(transactions df, on='visit id', how='left')\
           .filter(col('transaction_id').isNull())\
            .groupBy('customer id').agg(count('visit id'))\
            .withColumnRenamed('count(visit_id)', 'count_no_trans')\
            .show()
       |customer id|count no trans|
       +----+
               54
               961
                              1|
               30
                              1
```

#### Product Price at a Given Date

https://leetcode.com/problems/product-price-at-a-given-date/description/

```
In [ ]: product_schema = StructType([StructField('product_id', IntegerType(), False),
                                   StructField('new_price', IntegerType(), True),
                                   StructField('change_date', StringType(), True)])
        product_df = spark.createDataFrame([[1, 20, '2019-08-14'],
                                           [2, 50, '2019-08-14'],
                                           [1, 30, '2019-08-15'],
                                           [1, 35, '2019-08-16'],
                                           [2, 65, '2019-08-17'],
                                           [3, 20, '2019-08-18']], schema=product schema).select('product id', 'new price', col('change date').cast('date'))
In [ ]: product_df.show()
       |product id|new price|change date|
                         20 | 2019-08-14 |
                     50 | 2019-08-14 |
                2
                1
                      30 | 2019-08-15 |
                11
                     35 | 2019-08-16 |
                2
                         65 | 2019-08-17 |
                3|
                         20 | 2019-08-18 |
       +----+
In [ ]: from pyspark.sql.functions import min as min
        ## note - it is important to alias the pyspark min function since otherwise it would use python min() function and break the code
```

In [ ]: