## **Assignment 9**

## **Solving Producer Consumer Problem using Semaphores**

Submission Date: 28th October 2015, 9:00 pm

**Goal:** To solve the **bounded buffer producer-consumer problem** using semaphores as discussed in the class.

**Details.** You have to implement the bounded buffer producer-consumer problem using semaphores. The outline of the program and the producer/consumer threads are given below. Once, the program starts, it creates  $n_p, n_c$  producer and consumer threads respectively. The pseudocode of the program is as follows:

```
Listing 1: Initialization
1 create a buffer of size capacity;
                                     Listing 2: main thread
1 void main()
        . . .
4
       create n_p producer threads;
        create n_c consumer threads;
        . . .
        . . .
9 }
                                   Listing 3: producer thread
   void producer()
2
       id = thread.getID();
3
        for (i=0; i < cnt_p; i++)
5
            // Use semaphores here
            produce the next element into item;
            place item into the mth location in the shared buffer;
            prodTime = getSysTime();
cout << i << "th item: " << item << " produced by thread "</pre>
10
            << id << " at " << prodTime << " into buffer location " << m;
11
12
13
            sleep (t1);
14
       }
```

16 }

## Listing 4: consumer thread

```
void consumer()
1
  {
2
       id = thread.getID();
3
       for (i=0; i < cnt_c; i++)
4
5
            // Use semaphores here
6
            read item from the mth location from the shared buffer;
           consTime = getSysTime();
8
           cout << i << "th item: " << \emph{item}<<</pre>
9
           " read from the buffer by the thread " << id << " at "
10
           << consTime << " from location " << m;
11
           consume the element in item;
12
13
14
           sleep (t2);
15
       }
16
17
  }
```

Here t1 and t2 are delay values that are exponentially distributed with an average of  $\mu_p$ ,  $\mu_c$  seconds. The objective of having these time delays is to simulate that these threads are performing some complicated time consuming tasks.

**Input:** The input to the program will be a file, named inp-params.txt, consisting of all the parameters described above: capacity,  $n_p$ ,  $n_c$ ,  $cnt_p$ ,  $cnt_c$ ,  $\mu_p$ ,  $\mu_c$ . A sample input file is: 100 10 15 15 10 8 12.

**Output:** Your program should output to a file in the format given in the pseudocode for each algorithm. The output of all the producers and consumers must be combined. A sample output is as follows:

1st item produced by thread 1 at 10:00 into buffer location 1 2nd item produced by thread 1 at 10:03 into buffer location 2 1st item produced by thread 2 at 10:04 into buffer location 3 2nd item produced by thread 2 at 10:06 into buffer location 4 1st item consumed by thread 10 at 10:07 from buffer location 1 3rd item produced by thread 2 at 10:08 into buffer location 5

.

The output should demonstrate the following properties:

- a producer thread produces items only when there is sufficient space left in the buffer;
- a consumer thread consumes only those items that are indeed produced by a consumer thread.

**Report:** You have to submit a report for this assignment. This report should contain a comparison of the performance of producer and consumer threads. You must execute these threads multiple times to compare the performances and display the result in form of a graph.

In all these experiments, please have the same values for all the parameters mentioned above. The y-axis of the graph is the average time taken for the producers and consumers. It can be seen from the description above that in each execution, the time taken by the producer

thread will should be averaged over  $cnt_p$  whereas the time taken by consumer thread will be averaged over  $cnt_c$ .

The x-axis of the graph will consist of ratio of  $\mu_p/\mu_c$ , i.e. the ratio of the average delays of the producer thread to the consumer thread. It will specifically consist of the following 11 values: 10, 8, ...... 2, 1, 0.8, 0.6, ..... 0.2, 0.1.

Thus, the graph will have two curves: one for the time taken by producer threads and the other the time taken by consumer threads. Finally, you must also give an analysis of the results while explaining any anomalies observed (like in the previous assignment).

**Deliverables:** You have to submit the following:

- The source file containing the actual program to execute named as prod\_cons-<rollno>.c
- A readme.txt that explains how to execute the program
- The report as explained above

Zip all the three files and name it as Assn9-<rollno>.zip. Then upload it on the google classroom page of this course. Submit it by **28th October 2015, 9:00 pm**.