

NAVY अग्निवीर SSR || IAF || ICG || NDA

LIVE

TOP 100 ENGLISH GOLDEN GRAMMAR RULES

एक Class में Grammar खलास

EXAM से पहले ज़रूर कर लेना

6

घंटे लगातार महामैट्रिक्युलेशन



RULE 1

- (1) Each / Every → Both used As Singular
- (2) Each → 2
Every → 2++
- (3) Each → Pronoun / Adjective
Every → Not use as Pronoun
- (4) Each Of + Plural Noun + Singular Verb

Q 1. Each student/students is/are doing his/their Work.

Q 2. Each of the boy/boys has/have done his/their work.

Q 3. Every of the boys (A) / has (B)/ done his work.(C)/(D) No error

Q 4. I have a (A)/ book (B)/ in every hand.(C)/(D) No error

Q 5. Each Four Labour (A)/ has done (B)/ this work.(C)/(D) No error

RULE 2

- (1) Either / Neither → Used as Singular
- (2) Either + Option 1 + Or + Option 2 + Verb according to Option 2
Neither + Option 1 + Nor + Option 2 + Verb according to Option 2
- (3) Either/Neither + Of + Plural Noun + Singular Verb + Sing.Poss.
- (4) Either / Neither → Not use (-ve)
- (5) Either /Neither → used for 2 only
None → Used for more than 2

Q 1. Either way /ways is /are fine for you.

Q 2. Either Of the boy/boys has /have completed his/their Homework.

Q 3. Either Ram (A)/ nor Shyam (B) / has done this mistake.

Q 4. Neither Ram (A)/ or Shyam (B) is going to visit this place.(C)/(D) No error

Q 5. Neither student(A)/ has not(B)/ been selected.(C)/(D) No error

RULE 3

- (1) Both → Used only for 2
- (2) BothAnd (Pair)
- (3) BothNot ~~X~~ (Replace By Neither)
- (4) Both + Possessive Adjective (My , our , your , his , her their)

Ex:

Both My students

My Both Students ~~X~~

Q 1. Both Ram as well as (A)/ Priyanka (B)/ have been selected(C)/(D) No error

Q 2. Both the candidates (A)/ have not been (B)/Selected.(C)/(D) No error

RULE 4

(1) Who/ Whom Both used for persons

Who -> Used as Subjective case

Whom → Used as Objective case

(2) Which → Used for Non Living Things , Animals, Choice

(3) That → Used with All

→ it can be used with Both person and Animal

Q 1. I know the boy who/whom came Yesterday.

Q 2. I know the girl who/whom/which you met yesterday.

Q 3. She met him who/whom/which the police arrested.

Q 4. I want to buy a car who/whom/which I saw yesterday.

Q 5. I found the man and his dog who/which/that we saw yesterday was drowned.

NOTE : All , Any, The Only , The few , A few , Few , the same , none , little , something ,anything & Superlative Degree → THAT

Q 1. I invited the friends who/that live in Delhi.

→ I invited the few friends who/that live in Delhi.

Q 2. This is the same man ____met me yesterday.

- A. Who**
- B. whom**
- C. which**
- D. That**

RULE 5

- (1) If + Present , Main Statement + Will/Shall/May/Can..
- (2) If + Subject + V2 , Main Statement + Would/Could/Should +v1
- (3) If +Subject +Had +V3 , Main Statement + would/could/should + have +v3
- (4) As if , I Wish , A though , would that , would +v1 → WERE

Q 1. If she prepares (a)/ well she would (b)/ qualify the exam.(c)/(d)

No error

Q 2. I if found this address , I ____send it.

- A. Would**
- B. will**
- C. can**
- D. would be**

Q 3. If he proposed (a)/ her , she would have accepted (b)/ it.(c)/(d)

No error

Q 4. I wish I ____a king.

- A. Was**
- B. were**
- C. had**
- D. am**

RULE 6

- (1) One of the / Each of the + Plural Noun + Singular Verb
- (2) One of the + Plural Noun + who/which/that + Plural Verb
- (3) Only one of the + Plural Noun + Singular Verb

Q 1. One of the boys ___found playing in the ground.[IAF 2023]

- A. Was
- B. Have been
- C. Were
- D. Are

Q 2. He is one of the boys who ____that everything is possible.

- A. Think
- B. thinks
- C. thought
- D. was thinking

RULE 7

Numerical Noun

**Without
Cardinal
Number**

Pair
Score
Dozen
Gross
Hundred
Thousand
Lakh
Million.....

**Cardinal
Number**

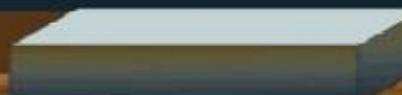
Pair
Score
Dozen
Gross
Hundred
Thousand
Lakh
Million.....

Cardinal Number (one ,two, three...)



Q 1. Thousand of people visit this area per day.

Q 2. Two thousands people visit the are per day.



****Unit System****

Concept 01 : Number + Unit + Noun/Adj. → Unit Always Singular

Ex: Ten Rupee/Rupees Note

Ten Year/Years Old.

****Unit System****

Concept 02 : Number + Unit + Not Noun/Adjective → Unit is Plural

→ That type of unit called Sufficient unit(Like rupee,year,month ..)

Ex: I have ten rupees.

****Unit System****

Concept 03 : Number + Unit + Not Noun/Adjective → Unit is Singular

NOTE : when UNIT is not Sufficient (like dozen , hundred , thousand)

Ex: I have ten dozen.

Q 1. He had five dozen/dozens.

Q 2. I have five rupee/rupees.

Q 3. Lakhs of thousands of people work very hard.

**** Arbitrary Units ****

Bow

Hand

Mouth

Spoon + Fuls [Plural]

Fist

Glass

Ex: I want two spoonful / spoonfuls Sugar.

Q . Handful/Handfuls of soldiers have won the Battle.



RULE 8

**** Since/For ****

1. **Since → Used for point of time (2023 , January , childhood etc)**
2. **For → Used for A period of time (ten years , six month etc.)**
3. **Both Since/For → Take perfect continuous tense**
4. **Since + Past point of time**

Q 1. He __here for 6 months and still can't speak a word of English.

- A. Has been
- B. Have been
- C. Had been
- D. Is

Q 2. She has been living here (A)/ since (b)/ my father had moved.(c)/(d) No error

Q 3. These experiments (A)/ have been going on (b))/ since several months.(c)/(d) No error

RULE 9

- (1) **Past perfect + Before + Past indefinite**
- (2) **Past Indefinite + After + Past perfect**

Q 1. I ____my work before I met Divya. [IAF 2023]

- A. Completed
- B. Had completed
- C. Complete
- D. Have completed

Q 2. I called her (A)/ after she called (b)/me.(c)/(d) No error

RULE 10

(1) No sooner + Inversion (H.v + Sub.) + Than

(2) Hardly
Scarcely
Barely + Inversion (H.v + Sub.) + When
Rarely

Q 1. Hardly I left home for Mumbai (a)/ when my son who is settled in Kolkata is arrived (b)/ without any prior experience.(c)/(d) No error

Q 2. No sooner did (a)/ I see the tiger (b)/ when I ran away.(c)/(d) No error

RULE 11

Subject 1 + **As well as**
Together with
In addition to
unlike
with
along with

+ Subject 2

Verb → A.c.c to Subject 1

Q 1. Ankit together with (A)/ his girlfriends are (B)/ going to Mumbai.(C)/(D) No error

Q 2. She as well as her parents ____ very decent . (is/are)

RULE 12

Subjective Case	Objective Case	Possessive Adjective	Possessive Pronoun
I -> S.H.V	Me	My	Mine
We -> P.H.V	Us	Our	Ours
You -> P.H.V	You	Your	Yours
He -> S.H.V	Him	His	His
She -> S.H.V	Her	Her	Hers
It -> S.H.V	It	Its	
They -> P.H.V (plural of he,she,it)	Them	Their	Theirs

Q 1. I am as clever as her.

Q 2. The teacher scolded I/Me

Q 3. He as well as me (a)/ expected to get (b)/ good marks.(c)/(d) No error

Q 4. I like her more than he/him.

Q 5. I like chocolates more than _____

- (a) He (b) him (c) none**



RULE 13

** Each other → used for two person

One Another → Used for more than two

Q 1. The seven brothers feel it below their (A)/ dignity to talk to each other because (b)/ they are at draggers drawn.(c)/(d) No error

Q 2. The students of this class shook hands each other /one another .

RULE 14

- (1) Much + Comparative Degree
- (2) Much + Past participle (v3 → used as adjective)
Very + present participle (v1+ing → used as adjective)
- (3) Very + Superlative Degree

***** Much + The + S.D**

The + Very + S.D

Q 1. He is much smarter/smallest .

Q 2. it is very interesting/interested.

Q 3. it is much interesting/interested.

Q 4. He is the much/very best student of my class.

Q 5. He is much/very the best player in the world.

RULE 15

(1) Though / AlthoughYet

(2) Not OnlyBut also

(3) Not only + Sub. 1 + But also + Subj. 2 + Verb Acc. Subj 2

NOTE : Either...or
Neither ...Nor



**Q 1. We have bought not only T-shirts (a)/ but (b)/ Trouser.(c)/(d)
No error**

**Q 2. Not only Ram but also (a)/ his friends is (b)/ going to watch
cricket match.(C)/(d) No error**

**Q 3. Although he is smart (a)/ but he fails (b)/ every time.(c)/(d) No
error**

RULE 16

**Some words which always takes perfect tense
[ever , never , yet , already , now , just now , occasionally , often ,
recently , lately , till , up to now , just ...]**

Q 1. He ____jus now.

- A. Is going
- B. Has gone
- C. Have went
- D. Went

Q 2. The concert has (a)/ already begun (b)/ by the time we arrived.(c)/(d) No error

RULE 17

As....as (used +ve , -ve sentences)

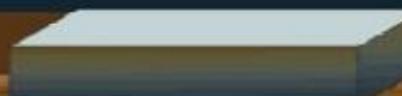
Soas (Used only with –ve sentences)

Q 1. Ram is as good as Shyam.

Ram is not as good as Shyam.

Ram is so good as Shyam.

Ram is not so good as Shyam.



RULE 18

- (1) More than one + Sl. Noun + Sl. Verb**
- (2) More than two + Pl. Noun + Pl. Verb**
- (3) Many + Pl. Noun + Pl. Verb**
- (4) Many a/an + Sl. Noun + Sl. Verb**
- (5) A Many / A Great Many + Pl. Noun + Pl. verb**



Q 1. Many Boy/Boys is/are running there for physical.

Q 2. A many Boy/Boys is /are running there for physical.

Q 3. Many a Boy/Boys is/are running there for physical.

Q 4. More than one student/students is/are absent today.

RULE 19

(1) A little , little , the little → used with Uncountable

(2) Few , a few , the few → Used with Plural countable Noun

Little / few → -ve (almost not)

A few / A little → some

The little / the few → Specific



Q 1. little / a little / the little / a few Knowledge is dangerous.

little / a little / the little / a few Knowledge that he possessed about this topic is very practical.

Don't expect tea. There is little / a little / the few milk available.

Q 2. I can't give you any book because I have few/a few / the few Books.

Q 3. I have invited few / a few /the few friends that are closed to me.

RULE 20

(1) Some , Any → used both countable and uncountable noun

(2) Some → used in +ve sentences

Any → used with negative and interrogative sentences

Q 1. Some boys has/have been selected

Some milk/milks is/are there in the fridge.

Q 2. Some of the student/students is/are not studying seriously.

Q 3. No , we don't need some/any Rice.

Q 4. Do you need some/any Rice.

RULE 21

(1) + sense → 231

(2) -ve sense → 123

Q 1. I , you and they blessed me (A)/ and encouraged me (B)/ so that I achieved this goal.(C)/(D) No error

Q 2. The teacher (A)/ Scolded (B)/ him and I .(C)/(D) No error

RULE 22

Certain Words Never use C.D And S.D
[Unique , excellent , perfect , unique , entire , complete, chief ,
round ,excellent]

Ex: He is the most Excellent Student.[Incorrect]

This is the most unique product of our company.[Incorrect]

RULE 23

Ago → Past indefinite

Before → Past Perfect [Trick : given two actions]

Q 1. She submitted/had submitted the work five hours ago.

Q 2. The patient __ before the doctor came.

- (a) die
- (b) dies
- (c) had died
- (d) died

RULE 24

(1) A number of + Pl. N + Pl. Verb

(2) The Number Of + Pl. Noun + Sl. Verb

Q 1 . A number of (a)/ customers is (b)/ increasing in our shop.(c)/
(d) No error

Q 2. The Number of (A)/ customers are (b))/ increasing in our
Shop.(C)/(D) No error

RULE 25

It is time

It is high time + Subject + V2

It is about time

It is time

It is high time + Subject + to + V1

It is about time

Q 1. It is time we ___our house .

- A. Renovate
- B. Renovates
- C. Renovated
- D. Renovating

Q 2. It is time to ___hard.

- A. Work
- B. Works
- C. Worked
- D. Working



RULE 26

Angry + with (Person)

Annoy + at (Something)

Q 1. I got really angry __ her.

- A. With
- B. at
- C. to
- D. on

Q 2. They are angry __ the way they have been treated.

- A. With
- B. at
- C. on
- D. to

RULE 27

Sort

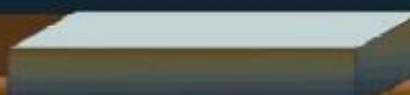
Type + Singular Verb

Kind

Sorts

Types + Plural Verb

Kinds



Q 1. This type of Article is /are sold in the market.

Q 2. The kinds of product (A)/ is available (B)/ at that shop.(c)/(d) No error

RULE 28

In → Inside area

Inside → enter form outside to inside

**into → (1) enter form outside to inside
(2) change in form and state**

Q 1. I am ____the class.

I came inside/into/in the class.

Water turns into/in/inside ice.

RULE 29

Enter ~~into~~ -> when we are talking about motion

Enter into(phrasal verb) -> Sign the agreement , treaty

Ex: (1) He entered ___the house.

- A. into
- B. in
- C. inside
- D. None

(2) He entered ____agreement with Ram.

- A. into
- B. in
- C. at
- D. None

RULE 29

Inside Out (Phrasal verb) → Completely

Ex: I know you inside out.

Inside out (Phrasal verb) -> wear something reversed order

Ex: He wore T-shirt inside out.

RULE 30

- (1) By → use with living things
- (2) With → use with non living things

Ex: (1) We write ___ a pen.

- (a) with (b) to (c) by (D) on

(2) He hit the dog with/by a stick.

RULE 31

(1) Article 'A' → used with consonant sound
'An' → used with vowel sound

Ex: a/an university

a/an European Country

a/an B.tech

a/an Unique pen

a/an Umbrella

a/an N.C.C

a/an Year. [NOTE : Word start with 'y' and 'w' takes Article "A"]

RULE 32

Things which are unique takes article 'The'

- (1) Range of mountains : The Himalayas , the Eastern ghats etc.
- (2) 'The' not used with individual island names : The Mt. Everest ,
The kanchanjunga , The k2 [incorrect]
- (3) Rivers/ Sea / ocean / Bay / Group of island
- (4) Religious books and epics [the Ramayana , The Quran etc.]
The Valmiki's Ram Charit Manas [incorrect]
- (5) Monuments , Directions , Political parties , Newspaper ,
- (6) For directions :: The north , the east

Note: The northern America [incorrect]

RULE 32

(7) with Superlative Degree

The best book , the best singer

(8) Use with Comparative degree

** The + C.D , The +C.D

Ex: The faster you walk, The sooner you reach.

The more sugar you put in the dish , the sweeter it is.

(9) Use with C.D [When select from two]

Ex: He is the better candidate of the two for the job.

(10) Celestial bodies move in universe unique in universe

(The earth, The sun etc..)



RULE 33

Omission Of Article 'The'

(1) Name of Cities : Ex: The delhi , the Jaipur [incorrect]

(2) Name of Countries : The India , The China [incorrect]

Exception: The U.S.A , THE U.K , THE UAE [correct]

(3) Name of continents : The Asia , The Europe , The South Africa X

(4) Name of Language : The English [means people of foreign]

RULE 34

The + Adjective → Shows community take Plural Verb

Ex: The poor → poor people , The rich → Rich people

Q 1. The honest __respected.

- A. Is
- B. are
- C. have
- D. had

Q 2. The poor __not always dishonest.

- A. Is
- B. are
- C. has
- D. Have

RULE 35

Certain Nouns whose Plural noun should be known

Singular	Plural
Agendum	Agenda
Datum	Data
Medium	Media
Memorandum	Memoranda
Bacterium	Bacteria
Ovum	Ova
Dictum	Dicta
Phenomenon	Phenomena

Singular	Plural
Museum	Museums
Premium	Premiums
Forum	Forums
Pendulum	Pendulums
Maximum	Maxima
Auditorium	Auditoriums
petroleum	Petroleums
Millennium	Millenniums



Singular	Plural
Museum	Museums
Premium	Premiums
Forum	Forums
Pendulum	Pendulums
Maximum	Maxima
Auditorium	Auditoriums
petroleum	Petroleums
Millennium	Millenniums



RULE 36

Compound Noun Plural

Singular	Plural
Son-in-law	Sons-in-law
Brother-in-law	Brothers-in-law
Bed-room	Bed-rooms
Commander-in-chief	Commanders-in-chief
Step-daughter	Step-daughters
Maid-servant	Maid-servants
Man hater	Man haters
Woman lover	Woman lovers
Attorney general	Attorneys general
major general	major generals
Secretary General	Secretaries general



RULE 36

Noun + Preposition + Noun → Shows plural don't make it plural

Singular	Plural
door-to-door	door-to-door
village-after-village	village-after-village
Page-after-Page	Page-after-Page

Doors –to –doors [incorrect]

RULE 37

Compound Noun Possessive case

Noun	Possession
Son-in-law car	Sons-in-law's car
Brother-in-law	Brothers-in-law's

Q Her step-Mother's Behavior is very polite and humble.

RULE 38

In → Area Complete volume

At → point of area

on → Surface

** At < On < In [Small Place ->At , Large places -> in]

Q 1. I live ____ Mukharjee nagar ____ Delhi.

- A. At , in
- B. At , on
- C. In , on
- D. On , at



'As Time Preposition'

In → Area Complete volume

At → point of area

on → Surface

** [Point of time < Day < Month < Year <Year]

At < in < in < On

*** Logic **

Day (24 Hrs) => On

Time => At (point of time like at 4pm)

Month /Year => in

NOTE : Last Monday , yesterday ,today , tomorrow , last day [not used any preposition]



Q 1. At/in/on 4pm

On/in/at Sunday

In/on/at 1947

in/on/at April

in/at/on the morning

in/on/at 8 july 2023



RULE 39

(1) Till/until -> time
→ -ve word

(2) Unless → Condition (Action)
→ -ve shows

Q 1. Wait for me until/unless sunset.

Q 2. You will not get well Unless/until You follow doctor's instruction.

RULE 40

(1) ____ + And + ____ (2) Either ____+ or +____ (3) Not only
____+ but also +____ (4) Neither ____+ nor +____, (5) ____+ or +____

Q 1. He is handsome , clever and slowly.

Q 2. I want to speak ,hear(A)/ and writing (B)/ English.(C)/(D) No error

Q 3. I like singing(a)/ and (b)/ to walk.(c)/(d) No error

RULE 41

1. [Senior , Prior , Superior , Junior , posterior] → to

2. Prefer , elder → to

Ex: (1) He is senior (a)/ and older than (b)/me.(c)/(d) No error

(2) This material is (a)/ inferior than (b)/ that one.(c)/(d) No error

RULE 42

1. Much too + Adjective
2. Too Much + Uncountable Noun

Q 1. I have too much/much too Work to do.

Q 2. You look too much / much too exhausted.

RULE 43

B (Name of Books): 'The Arabian nights' , 'The tale of two cities ' , 'The great expectations' , 'The hard times' etc.

S (Name of subjects): Physics , Mathematics , Civics , Politics ,statistics etc.

S (Name of Sports): Billiards, chess , Tennis , Cards , Darts etc.

C (Name of Countries):Arab emirates, the west indies , the united states etc.

D (Name of Disease):Measles , mumps, Rickets, Shingles, Diabetes , Rabies etc.

Miscellaneous: innings, news, summons → Singular

**Q 1. Statistics has shown that there (a)/ is a lot of malpractice (b)/
in this exam .(c)/(d) No error**

Q 2. Politics is/are interesting subject.

Q 3. Politics is/are dirty game.

RULE 44

1. A → one of many

A → Take possessive pronoun (mine , ours , yours, theirs ,his)

2. The → Take Objective case (me , us , you , him , her)

Q 1. A brother of mine /my is a doctor.

Q 2. The brother of his/him is a doctor.

RULE 45

1. Name of tools: scissor, goggles , spectacles, sunglasses, tongs, binoculars , clippers(कैंची for hair cutting) , pincers(चिमटी, सड़सी) , hammer, dividers etc.
2. Name of Accessory: Bangles , ear rings , gloves , shoes , socks , slippers , high heels , shears(पौधे आदि काटने की बड़ी कैंची), belongings, assets, proceeds etc.
3. Name of Dress items: Pants, pantaloons, jeans , trousers , shorts , studs , sneakers , plazos , leggings , lowers etc. → Plural Verb



Q 1. All proceeds from the Auction is/are donated to charity.

Q 2. These scissors __for cutting paper.

- A. Is
- B. Are
- C. Has
- D. were

RULE 46

Garbage

Wastage

Homage => ଶଦ୍ଘାଂଜଳି

Knowledge

Leakage

Percentage

Postage => ଡାକ-ଶୁଲ୍କ

Stationery

jewellery

Bakery

Crockery

Scenery

Poetry

Machinery

Imagery

Music

Health

Wealth

Length

Faith

Information

Travel

Technology

Fuel

Cost → Uncountable Noun

→ Singular



Q. 1. A two bed room(a)/ flat with all furnitures(b)/ is available for sale.(c)/(d) No error

Q. 2. The sceneries of this place (a)/ do not move from my heart(b)/up to a greater extent .(c)/(d) No error

RULE 47

1. All → 3 or more than 3

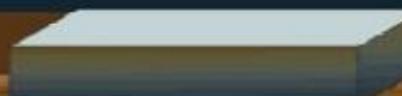
All + pl. Countable noun + Plural verb

All + U.n + Sl.verb

2. Both / ALL + Possessive Adj.(my , her , his etc)

Q. 1. my all students are talented .

Q 2. All student/students love to read from DK Sir.



RULE 48

1. Die of -> death from disease

Die from -> cause

Die for -> country

Q 1. He died ___cancer. (of/from/for/to)

Q 2. She died ____overwork(of/from/for)

RULE 49

M.P.T Rule

Adv. Of Manner => How (Slowly , fast , beautifully , fluently etc.)

Adv. Of Place => (here , there , near m far , down etc.)

Adv. Of Time => (when , where , today , before , after etc.)

Q 1. I walked Yesterday slowly .

Q 2. They will work there honestly.

RULE 50

1. Betweenand

2. From To

Q 1. I will come (a)/ between 4 o'clock (b)/ to 6 o'clock.(C)/(d) No error

RULE 51

कुछ ऐसे noun जिनको s या es जोड़कर plural बनाया जाता है
लेकिन उनका meaning change हो जाता है

Singular	Plural
1. Advice(सलाह)	Advices(सूचनाएँ)
2. Good	Goods(सामान)
3. Force(बल)	Forces(सैनिक)
4. Sand(बालू)	Sands(रेगिस्तान)
5. word(शब्द)	words(भाषए)
6. Abuse(गाली)	Abuses(कुरीतियाँ)
7. Wood(लकड़ी)	Woods(जंगल)
8. Arm(बाँह)	Arms (हथियार)
9. Work(कार्य)	Works(रचनाए)
10. Custom(रिवाज)	Customs(रीतियाँ)

RULE 51

कुछ ऐसे noun जिनको s या es जोड़कर plural बनाया जाता है
लेकिन उनका meaning change हो जाता है

Singular	Plural
11. Alphabet(वर्णमाला)	Alphabets(भाषाएँ)
12. Pain(शारीरिक कष्ट)	Pains(तकलीफ)
13. Air (वायु)	Airs(दिखावटी आचरण)
14. Return(वापसी)	Returns(लाभ)
15. People(लोग)	Peoples(राष्ट्र)



Q. 1. He live in the wood/woods.

Q 2. wood is (a)/ fast disappearing (b)/ from india.(c)/(d) No error

RULE 52

1. Elder → blood relation

Older → Normal sense

2. Later → time

3. latter → Position (second one)

Q. 1 Ramesh said that he would call me later/latter

Q 2. I found the latter/later half of the play a little tedious.

Q 3. A friend in my Is older/elder than me.

Q 4. The elder/older son of this uncle is selected in UPSC.

RULE 53

1. FARTHER → Distance

2. Further → Time (baad mai)

Q 1. How much further /farther is it from the station?

Q 2. further /farther investigation is needed for this case.

RULE 54

Suchas

So.....that

tooto

elsebut

ratherthan

otherthan

Q 1. he is such a person that you mentioned.

Q 2. He was too nervous that perform well on the stage.

RULE 55

(1) The percentage + of + Pl. C.N + Sl.VERB
+ Uncountable + Sl .Verb

(2) lots of / A lot of +Pl.noun + Pl verb
+ U.n + Sl.verb

Q 1. The percentage of the students is/are increasing day by day

Q 2. A lot of Students was/were happy

RULE 56

People , Police ,peasantry , poultry , gentry , cattle , children , cavalry ,youth etc. => Plural

Q 1. vermin has/have destroyed the crops.

Q 2. The youth of india is/are not satisfied with the reservation.

RULE 57

Q 1. A bunch of keys is/are missing from my room.

Q 2. The jury were/was divided in their opinion.

Collective noun → Singular (Unites sense)

→ plural (Divided sense)

→ A fleet of , A crowd of , A band of , A team of, committee , staff
,class , audience ...etc.

RULE 58

→ [Half , two thirds , plenty , most , majority , three fourths ,
some, rest] + Of + Pl.C.N + Pl. Verb
+ U. N + Sl .verb

Q 1. Two thirds of jewellery was/were found artificial.

Q 2. Half of the workers is/are coming today.

RULE 59

(1) Article + Subject + and + Subject + Singular H.v

(2) Article + Sub. + and + Article +Subject + Plural Verb

Q 1 The chief minister and President of the party is/are going to Delhi.

Q 2. The musician and the singer has/have died in a car accident.

RULE 60

→ Noun/Pronoun + and +Noun/Pronoun + Sl. Verb
→ when show collective idea

Q 1. caste and creed is/are major problem.

Q 2. bread and butter is/are all that we want.

RULE 60

→ Noun/Pronoun + and +Noun/Pronoun + Pl. Verb
→ when show Different

Q 1. Love and Happiness is/are necessary for a peaceful life.

Q 2. Monika and Suresh is/are going to book fair.

RULE 61

Senses : See , hear , Taste , Touch

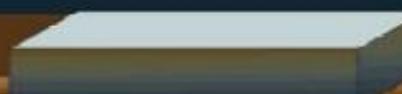
Mental : Understand, Know , Recognize , Remember , Notice

Feelings : Love , Hate , Like , Dislike , Want , Desire , Wish

Own(Possession) : Have , Own , Possess

Appearance : Look , Seem , Appear , Affect

→ Continuous Action 



Q. 1. I am Seeing (A)/ a boy (B)/ who standing there.(C)/(D) No error

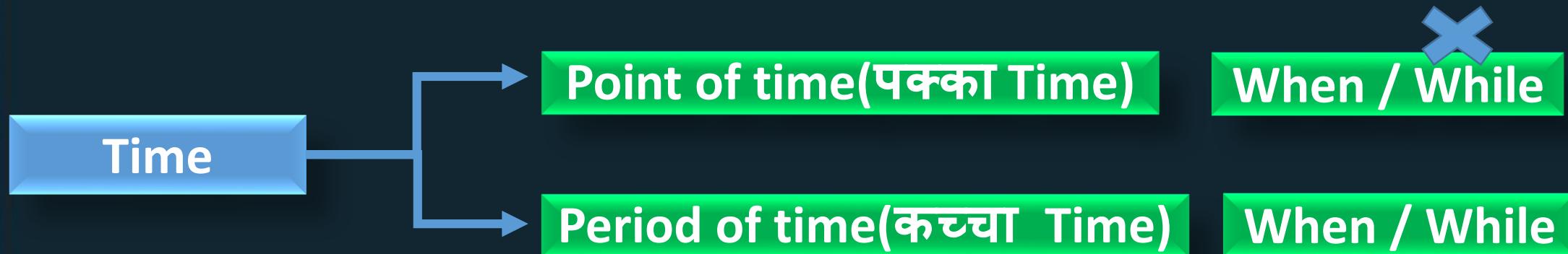
Q 2. Now he ____That why he did not get selection in IAF.

- A. Feel
- B. Feels
- C. Is feeling
- D. None

Exceptions :

- (1) I am seeing my best friend next day. (to meet)
- (2) The doctor was feeling his pulse . (Mentally or physical condition)
- (3) The judge is hearing my case today. (hearing case)
- (4) This dish is smelling amazing. (ongoing process)
- (5) Rohit is looking for a job.(to find)
- (6) I am thinking to start preperation of IAF.(think long time)]

RULE 62



Q 1. She was doing her h.w when / while called her.

Q 2. He watched a movie (A)/ when (B)/ I called her.(C)/(D) No error

Q 3. While ___, I was reading.

- A. Was sleeping
- B. Slept
- C. Sleep
- D. Has slept

RULE 63

- Q 1. The students will have left before you ___ in the classroom.
- A. Had reached
 - B. Reached
 - C. Reach
 - D. Will reach

RULE 64

Should vs Must vs Ought to

Should

चाहिए (In Normal Sense)

Must

अवश्य चाहिए (Strong way)

Ought to

चाहिए (Moral Obligation)

Q 1. You have been working all day , You ___be exhausted.

- A. Must
- B. Should
- C. Ought to
- D. Could

Q 2. Children should/must/ought to pay respect to their parents.

Q 3. He Ran fast Lest he ___miss the train.

- A. Should
- B. have to
- C. must
- D. could

RULE 65

Permission/Request

- (1) Could
- (2) May
- (3) Can

Ex: Could/may/can you , please tell me this address.

May / Can I smoke here?

RULE 66

Q 1. He __ Like to know what his future is?

- A. Would
- B. Should
- C. Could
- D. Can

Q 2. He __ rather pay the fine than go to jail.

- A. Would
- B. could
- C. should
- D. none

RULE 67

Need , Dare → Used as H.V → Need/Dare + ✗

Q 1. She need/needs your help.

Q 2. He need not (A)/ to ask my (B)/ permission.(C)/(D) No error

RULE 68

Enough + Adjective

Q1. She is Enough beautiful to attract me.

Q 2. He is too Poor (a)/ enough to afford anything.

RULE 69

Fairly → +ve

Rather → -ve

too → -ver

Q1. I was talking to (a)/ a fairly too (b)/sensible person(c)

Q 2. That was (A)/ rather too unpleasant (B)/ talk to her.(C)/(D) No error

RULE 70

Possession
('s)

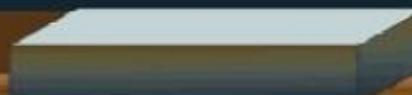
Of

's => Living things

Of -> Non Living things

Ex: Ram's car

Table's leg ✗



's:

Idiomatic expression :

At a stone's throw , Nature's Fury etc.

Weight and measurement

A tone's weight , a boat's length

Heavenly bodies

Sun's rays , moon's presence



RULE 71

1. Ram's and Shyam's Friend/ Friends
2. Ram and Shyam's Car/Cars was/were stolen
3. Ram and Shyam's Books was/were on the table.

RULE 72

Q 1. Delhi is polluted (a)/ than (b)/ more radiant.(c)/ (d)No error

Q 2. Kamal is stronger (a)/ than (b)/ healthier in this group.(C)/(d)
No error

Comparision between same person qualities
more +C.d [Kamal example]



RULE 73

Q 1. He is playing, ____?

- A. isn't he
- B. Is he
- C. He is not
- D. Does he

Q 2. He doesn't know English, ____?

- A. Does he
- B. doesn't he
- C. do he
- D. did he

RULE 74

Q 1. I am proficient in Physics , ____?

- A. amn't I
- B. Aren't I
- C. Are I
- D. Am I

RULE 75

Q 1. I go to office daily , __?

- A. don't I
- B. Didn't I
- C. Gon't I
- D. Go I

RULE 76

This , That → it

These , Those → They

There → there

one -> one

Q 1. these are animals ,____?

- A. isn't they
- B. Aren't they
- C. isn;'t it
- D. Aren't it



RULE 77

Hardly , scarcely , rarely , barely few , little → make +ve Q.tag

Q 1. She rarely attends the class , ___?

- A. Does she
- B. Doesn't she
- C. Did she
- D. Do she

RULE 78

Someone , anyone , everyone , no one , none , everybody
→ Always Plural (They)

Q . Someone was following us , __?

- A. Was they
- B. Weren't they
- C. Were they
- D. Did they

RULE 79

Imperative sentences →

Will /Won't you

Q Come here , ___?

- A. Will you
- B. Won't you
- C. You
- D. Do you



RULE 80

Let us → shall we

Let him/them /her → will you

Q 1. Let's go for a walk, ___? (will you / shall we)

Q 2. Let them solve it , ___? (will you / shall we)

RULE 81-100

Tense	Active	Passive
Indefinite E.g.	Subject + v ₁ + s/es + Object He eats an apple.	Object+is/am/are + v ₃ + by + Subject An apple is eaten by him.
Continuous E.g.	Subject + is/am/are + v ₁ + ing + Object He is watering the plants.	Object + is/am/are + being + v ₃ + by + Subject The plants are being watered by him.
Perfect E.g.	Subject+has/have+ v ₃ + Object The doctor has examined the patient.	Object + has/have + been + v ₃ + by + Subject The patient has been examined by the doctor.



RULE 91-100

Narration + Punctuation

