

DevOps Assignment

Multi-Container Application Deployment with Docker Compose and Kubernetes

Here is the repo :

- Backend: <https://github.com/Anand-1432/Techdome-backend>
- Frontend: <https://github.com/Anand-1432/Techdome-frontend>

Task:

- Build a multi-container application with at least 3 containers (e.g., frontend, backend, database).
- Use Docker Compose to define the application and its dependencies.
- Deploy the application to a local Kubernetes cluster using Minikube or through docker.
- Demonstrate the application functionality and explain your deployment strategy.

Requires knowledge of Docker Compose, Kubernetes deployments, and container networking.

Tools: Docker, Docker Compose, Minikube, Kubernetes

Deliverables:

- Docker Compose file: A properly formatted Docker Compose file defining the application architecture and its dependencies.
- Kubernetes deployment manifests: YAML files defining the deployment of each container in the Kubernetes cluster (Optional).
- Documentation: A document explaining the application architecture, deployment strategy, and instructions for building, deploying, and managing the application.
- Demonstration: A recording or screenshot showcasing the application's functionality and providing a detailed explanation of the deployment approach

Bonus points:

- Automate infrastructure scaling based on load or resource utilization Terraform .
- Implement unit tests for your Terraform code and automation scripts.
- Demonstrate a rollback strategy for infrastructure changes.

These tasks can be completed using free tools and resources, making them accessible for everyone. **Remember to document your approach, solutions implemented, and**

challenges faced. Upload your completed work to a public GitHub repository and be prepared to discuss your solutions. Good luck!

DevOps Assignment
By
A Dinesh Kumar Reddy

To complete the Multi-Container Application Deployment using Docker Compose and Kubernetes, I will outline the necessary steps, provide the required files (Docker Compose, Kubernetes manifests, and documentation), and walk you through the dependencies.

Prerequisites: Tools to Install

Docker: Install Docker to build, ship, and run containerized applications.

Docker Compose: To define and run multi-container Docker applications.

Minikube: Local Kubernetes cluster to test and run the application.

Kubectrl: Command-line tool for interacting with Kubernetes clusters.

Step-1: Creation of EC2 and Login into the server

- ✧ Created the server with Ubuntu Operating system
- ✧ Configured all the details like instance type, Security Groups, Key pair, Storage and all the details that are needed
- ✧ Log in to the server by using the SSH key

Step-2: Installing GIT and cloning of the Repositories to the Server

- ✧ apt install git -y
- ✧ Git clone <https://github.com/Anand-1432/Techdome-frontend.git>
- ✧ Git clone <https://github.com/Anand-1432/Techdome-backend.git>

Step-3: Creating Dockerfile for Frontend

- ✧ Created the Dockerfile for frontend to build the images in the Techdone-frontend directory
- ✧ Built the custom image by using the following command

➤ **Docker build -t <image_name>:<tag> .**

◆ . Refers to the current location

```
root@ip-172-31-84-225: ~
FROM node:18 AS build
WORKDIR /usr/src/app
COPY package*.json ./
RUN npm install
COPY . .

# Build the frontend for production
RUN npm run build

# Stage 2: Serve the frontend with nginx
FROM nginx:alpine

# Copy build files to Nginx web server
COPY --from=build /usr/src/app/build /usr/share/nginx/html

EXPOSE 80

CMD ["nginx", "-g", "daemon off;"]
```

Step-4: Creating Dockerfile for Backend

- ✧ Created the Dockerfile for backend to build the images in the Techdone-backend directory
- ✧ Built the custom image by using the following command

➤ **Docker build -d <image_name>:<tag> .**

◆ . Refers to the current location

```
root@ip-172-31-84-225: ~
# Use Node.js official image as base
FROM node:18

# Set the working directory
WORKDIR /usr/src/app

# Copy package.json and install dependencies
COPY package*.json ./
RUN npm install

# Copy the rest of the application
COPY . .

# Expose the backend port
EXPOSE 5000

# Start the backend service
CMD ["npm", "start"]
```

Step-5: Creating the Docker Compose File

- ✧ Create a docker-compose.yml in your root directory that defines our frontend, backend, and database services.


```

root@ip-172-31-82-218:~# docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG          IMAGE ID          CREATED          SIZE
frontend            v2          7aa03d0fd84b     2 hours ago     46.5MB
backend             v1          feb702abe6f8     2 hours ago     1.15GB
frontend            v1          01315c6a0f53     2 hours ago     1.5GB
gcr.io/k8s-minikube/kicbase v0.0.45     aeed0e1d4642     2 weeks ago     1.28GB
mysql               5.7         5107333e08a8     9 months ago    501MB
root@ip-172-31-82-218:~#

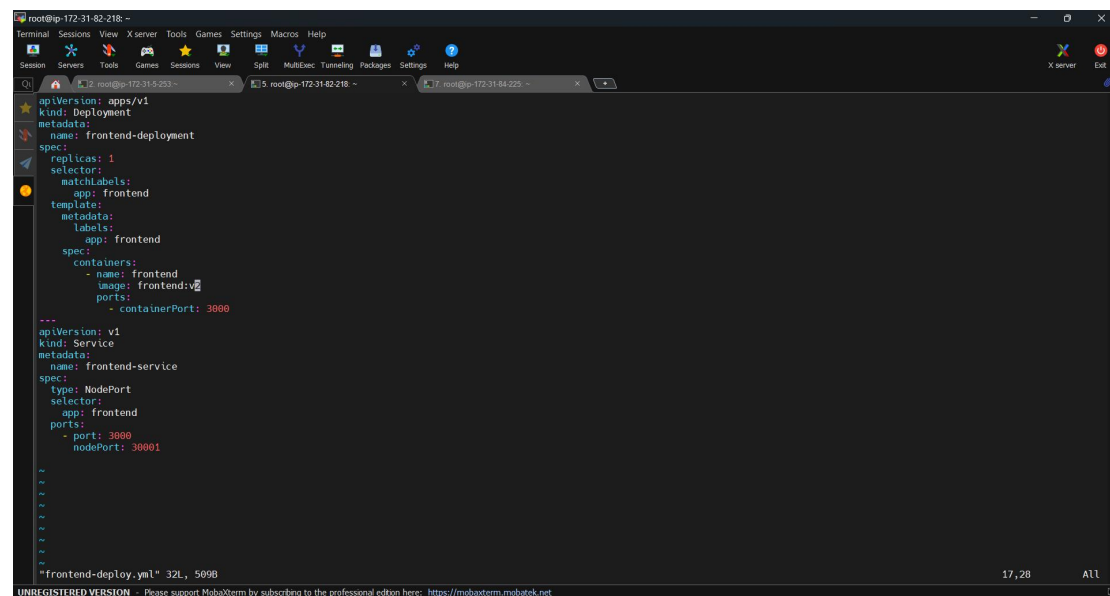
```

Step-7: Accessing the application

- ✧ We can access the application from the browser by using the public ip along the port number of the application
 - Frontend: <http://localhost:3000>
 - Backend: <http://localhost:5000>

Step-8: Creation of K8s Deployment Manifest files

- ✧ We create 3 different Deployment YAML files along with the service node to expose our application
- ✧ **Frontend-deployment.yml file**



```

root@ip-172-31-82-218:~# cat frontend-deploy.yml
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: frontend-deployment
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: frontend
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: frontend
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: frontend
          image: frontend:v2
          ports:
            - containerPort: 3000
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: frontend-service
spec:
  type: NodePort
  selector:
    app: frontend
  ports:
    - port: 3000
      nodePort: 30001

```

- ✧ **Backend-deployment.yml file**

```
root@ip-172-31-82-218: ~
Terminal Sessions View X server Tools Games Settings Macros Help
Session Servers Tools Games Sessions View Split MultiExec Tunneling Packages Settings Help

apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: backend-deployment
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: backend
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: backend
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: backend
          image: backend:v1
          ports:
            - containerPort: 5000
          env:
            - name: DATABASE_URL
              value: mysql://db_user:db_pass@db/db_name
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: backend-service
spec:
  type: NodePort
  selector:
    app: backend
  ports:
    - port: 5000
      nodePort: 30002
---
"backend-deploy.yml" 35L, 606B
35,0-1 All
```

✧ Database-deployment.yml file

```
root@ip-172-31-82-218: ~
Terminal Sessions View X server Tools Games Settings Macros Help
Session Servers Tools Games Sessions View Split MultiExec Tunneling Packages Settings Help

apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: db-deployment
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: db
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: db
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: db
          image: mysql:5.7
          env:
            - name: MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD
              value: root_password
            - name: MYSQL_DATABASE
              value: db_name
            - name: MYSQL_USER
              value: db_user
            - name: MYSQL_PASSWORD
              value: db_pass
          ports:
            - containerPort: 3306
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: db-service
spec:
  type: ClusterIP
  selector:
    app: db
  ports:
    - port: 3306
---
"db-deploy.yml" 40L, 728B
40,0-1 All
```

Step-9: Start the Minikube

- ✧ Start the minikube by the command **Minikube start**

Step-10: Deploy to Kubernetes Using Minikube

- ✧ We deploy the manifest files to the kubernetes cluster by using the command
 - **Kubectl apply -f <manifest_file_name>**

```

root@ip-172-31-84-225:~# kubectl apply -f frontend-deploy.yml
deployment.apps/frontend-deployment unchanged
service/frontend-service unchanged
root@ip-172-31-84-225:~# kubectl apply -f backend-deploy.yml
deployment.apps/backend-deployment unchanged
service/backend-service unchanged
root@ip-172-31-84-225:~# kubectl apply -f d
db-deployly.yml      docker-compose.yml
root@ip-172-31-84-225:~# kubectl apply -f db-deployly.yml
deployment.apps/db-deployment unchanged
service/db-service unchanged

```

Step-11: Getting the list of services

✧ We can get the list of services created by the command **Kubectl get svc**

```

root@ip-172-31-84-225:~# kubectl get svc

```

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
backend-service	NodePort	10.110.162.83	<none>	5000:30002/TCP	74m
db-service	ClusterIP	10.102.157.247	<none>	3306/TCP	74m
frontend-service	NodePort	10.103.250.63	<none>	3000:30001/TCP	76m
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	85m

Application Architecture

- **Frontend:** A React application served using Nginx.
- **Backend:** A Node.js/Express application that interacts with a MySQL database.
- **Database:** MySQL 5.7 instance.

Deployment Strategy

Docker Compose:

- Three containers (frontend, backend, database) are defined and run in a single Docker network.
- Dependencies are managed via `depends_on` in Docker Compose.

Kubernetes (Minikube):

- The application is divided into deployments for each service (frontend, backend, database).
- Kubernetes manages the replication, health, and scaling of these services.
- Each service is exposed via a NodePort to access them externally