1

AI1103-Assignment 4

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/DineshAvulaMohanaDurga/ AI1103/blob/main/assignment_3/codes/ ai1103_assignment4_new.py

and latex codes from

https://github.com/DineshAvulaMohanaDurga/ AI1103/blob/main/assignment_4 new/main.tex

1 Question

(CSIR-UGC-NET June 2015 Q 110)Suppose X has density $f\left(\frac{x}{\theta}\right) = \frac{1}{\theta}e^{-x/\theta}, x > 0$ where $\theta > 0$ is unknown. Define Y as follows:

Y=k if $k \le X < k + 1$, k=0,1,2 · · ·

Then the distribution of Y is:

- 1) Normal
- 2) Binomial
- 3) Poisson
- 4) Geometric

2 Answer

Given pdf of X is

$$f\left(\frac{x}{\theta}\right) = \frac{1}{\theta}e^{-x/\theta}, x > 0, \text{ where } \theta > 0 \text{ is unknown}$$
 (2.0.1)

$$f(X) = \frac{1}{\theta}e^{-X}, X > 0 \text{ as } x > 0, \theta > 0$$
 (2.0.2)

: The total probability is 1

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} f(X) dX = 1$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-X} dX = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{\theta} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = 1$$
(2.0.3)

So
$$f(X) = e^{-X}$$
 (2.0.5)

Also given that Y=k if $k \le X < k+1$ k=0,1,2,···

$$p(Y = k) = \int_{k}^{k+1} e^{-X} dX$$
 (2.0.6)

$$= e^{-k} \left(1 - e^{-1} \right) \tag{2.0.7}$$

Which is of the form of geometric distribution $p(X = x) = (1 - p)^{x-1} p$ where $p = e^{-1}$ and $\therefore k \in (0, 1, \dots, \infty)$ the forward shift by one unit doesn't matter.

Hence the distribution is geometric distribution.

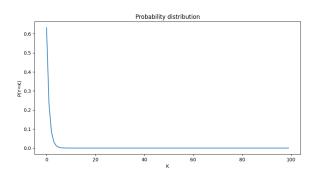


Fig. 4: Probability distribution of Y