AIM:

To execute PL/SQL programs based on the given constraints

- 9. Create a Trigger which comes into action when updating is performed onto the Employee table. The new action triggered is: Insertion of a row into the Employee History table which has all information in Employee table in addition to the date and time when the salary was updated in the original Employee table.
- 10. Create a Trigger which comes into action when deletion is performed onto the Employee table. The new action triggered is: Insertion of a row into the Employee Resigned table which has all information in Employee table in addition to the date and time when the Employee was relieved from duty officially effecting the removal of his/her information from the Employee table.
- 11. Create a Trigger which comes into action when insertion is performed onto the Employee table. The new action triggered is: Computation and Display of age of the new employee after the addition of new employee information into the Employee table.

9)

```
1 create table Employee_details(e_id integer primary key,
2 e_name_varchar2(20),salary_Integer
3 );
4 insert into Employee_details values (1,'Bheem', 50000);
5 insert into Employee_details values(2,'Raju',55000);
6 Insert Into Employee_details values(3,'Chutki',60000);
7 insert into Employee_details values(4, 'Kichak',70000);
8
9 create table Employee_history(emp_his_id_integer primary key,
e_id_integer_references_Employee_details(e_id),
e_name_varchar2(20),salary_integer,
update_date_timestamp);

13
```

```
create sequence employee_history_seq start with 100;
create or replace trigger salary_update
after update of salary on Employee_details
for each row
begin
insert into Employee_history_values(employee_history_seq.nextval,:old.e_id,:old.e_name,:new.salary,systimestamp);
END;

update Employee_details set salary=95000 where e_id=1;
update Employee_details set salary=77000 where e_id=2;
select * from Employee_history;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History										
	EMP_HIS_ID		E_ID	E_NAME	SALARY	UPDATE_DATE				
120				Raju	77000	05-MAY-24 01.05.46.587979 PM				
100				Bheem	95000	05-MAY-24 01.05.34.714621 PM				
2 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download										

10)

```
create table Employee_join(
emp_id integer primary key,
emp_name varchar2(20),
dept varchar2(20),
joindate timestamp
);
insert into Employee_join values(1,'John','Hr',timestamp '2022-01-19 05:26:14');
insert into Employee_join values(2,'Joe','it',timestamp '2020-05-29 10:36:24');
```

```
create table Employee_resignation(
emp_id integer primary key,
emp_name varchar2(20),
dept varchar2(20),
joindate timestamp,
resignationdate timestamp

);

create or replace trigger After_Delete_Employee
after delete on Employee_join
FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN
INSERT INTO Employee_resignation (emp_id,emp_name,dept,joindate, resignationdate)
VALUES (:OLD.emp_id ,:OLD.emp_name,:OLD.dept, :OLD.joindate,systimestamp);

END:
```

```
select * from Employee_join;
delete from Employee_join where emp_id=1;
select * from Employee_resignation;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History								
E	MP_ID	EMP_NAME	DEPT	JOINDATE	RESIGNATIONDATE			
1.		John		19-JAN-22 05.26.14.000000 AM	05-MAY-24 08.27.11.533055 AM			
1 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download								

```
create table Empdetails(
  emp_id integer primary key,
  emp_name varchar2(20),
  dob date,
  salary integer
);
insert into Empdetails values(1,'Ram',date '2023-09-29',40000);
insert into Empdetails values(2,'Vasanth',date '2022-05-31',55000);
insert into Empdetails values(3,'Hari',date'2021-04-27',95000);
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER emp_age_trigger

AFTER INSERT ON Empdetails

FOR EACH ROW

DECLARE

age NUMBER;

BEGIN

age := TRUNC(MONTHS_BETWEEN(sysdate, :NEW.dob) / 12);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Employee Age: ' || age);

END;

insert into Empdetails(emp_id,emp_name,dob,salary) values(4,'Vicky',date'2020-05-17',97000);
```

Results	Explain	Describe	Saved SQL	History				
Employee	Employee Age: 38							
1 row(s) inserted.								
0.01 seconds								