

# Linear Regression

18/02/2024  
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Minimize the distance b/w  $(y, \bar{y})$

$$\begin{aligned} J(w) \quad J(y, \bar{y}) &= \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{2m} (\bar{y}^{(i)} - y^{(i)})^2 \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{2m} (w_0 x^{(i)} - y^{(i)})^2 \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{2m} (w_0 + w_1 x^{(i)} - y^{(i)})^2 \end{aligned}$$

$J(w) \rightarrow$  cost function

Ans: minimize  $J(w)$

Cost function

$$J(w) = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{2m} (w_0 + w_1 x^{(i)} - y^{(i)})^2$$

$$\frac{\partial J(w)}{\partial w_0} = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{2m} 2(w_0 + w_1 x_i - y_i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial J(w)}{\partial w_1} &= \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{2m} 2(w_0 + w_1 x_i - y_i) x_i \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{m} (w_0 + w_1 x_i - y_i) x_i \end{aligned}$$

Generalised form:

$$J(w) = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{2m} (w_0 x_0 + w_1 x_1 - y_i)^2$$

$x_0 = 1$

$$\frac{\partial J(w)}{\partial w_0}; \quad \frac{\partial J(w)}{\partial w_1}$$

- Starting pt  $w^* = (w_0^*, w_1^*)$   
 →  $J, -\nabla J$  at  $w_k^* = w^*$   
 → Update  $w$ 's

$$w_{k+1}^* = w_k^* - \alpha_k \nabla J$$

→ find using line search  
 or  
 use fixed learning rate

Aim: minimize  $w$ 's so that  $J(w)$

Cost fn has to be in convex  
 fn | one minima.

↓  
 Verify.

→ any  $w$  can converge.

