

UPSC GS Mains

Ethics Case Studies

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Crisis & Disaster Management



Case Study

Sunil has been posted as a DM in a hilly district which is vulnerable to several natural disasters. The district is known for a pilgrimage site and is frequently visited by tourists from all over India. The major occupation of locals therefore lies in the hospitality business. Unfortunately, after a few days of his joining, the district faced a major earthquake. It has led to high casualties and damages to the essential infrastructure such as roads and bridges. Both locals and tourists are trapped at different routes and locations. An international convoy of dignitaries from a neighboring country which has come to pay their obeisance at the pilgrimage site, is also trapped due to the disaster. Because of this, Sunil has to divert most of the available resources in the rescue operation of the foreign dignitaries. People are emotionally distressed due to the disaster, and delayed response from authorities to their needs has led to a law-and-order situation in the district. People from other states whose families are trapped and need immediate assistance are also getting restless and flooding the emergency helplines with complaints and requests.

- (a) Discuss the issues being faced by Sunil in the given scenario.
- (b) Mention a course of action that Sunil must take to maintain law-and-order as well as to expediate rescue operations of all concerned.



- Briefly state the facts of the case study and the key stakeholders involved.
- Discuss the issues being faced by Sunil as a District Magistrate.
- Mention his priorities in such a case and accordingly provide a course of action.
- Conclude by highlighting the ethical aspects of handling the case.



Introduction: Sunil, the newly appointed District Magistrate in a hilly district, faces a major earthquake leading to high casualties, trapped locals and tourists, and damaged infrastructure. He must balance rescuing an international convoy and maintaining law and order.

(a) Issues Faced by Sunil:

- 1. **Inexperience:** New to the area, unfamiliar with its topography and infrastructure.
- 2. **Saving Pilgrimage Site:** Ensuring the site's protection and assessing its damage.
- 3. **Rescuing International Convoy:** Managing international concerns and resources.
- 4. **Resource Distribution:** Efficiently allocating limited resources for rescue operations.
- 5. Infrastructure Constraints: Damaged roads and bridges hindering rescue efforts.
- 6. **Basic Necessities:** Providing food, water, medicine, and shelter.
- 7. **Safety of Women:** Ensuring the safety of local and female tourists.
- 8. **Body Retrieval:** Preventing health hazards and maintaining dignity.
- 9. **Complaint Resolution:** Addressing the influx of complaints and requests.





(b) Course of Action action for Sunil to ensure law and order as well as to expedite rescue operations of all concerned:

- 1. **Emergency Meeting:** Gather officials, assess resources, and map critical areas.
- 2. **Team Formation:** Create teams for search, rescue, and rehabilitation with NDRF and SDRF.
- 3. **Dedicated Helplines:** Separate portals for victims and their families, use GPS/GIS for mapping.
- 4. Inform Central Government: Request assistance for international convoy rescue.
- 5. Army Assistance: Use the army for constructing temporary roads/bridges.
- 6. Pilgrimage Site: Dispatch a team to protect and assess the site.
- 7. **Resource Request:** Inform the state government of requirements.
- 8. **Safe Zones:** Identify areas for rescued victims and ensure their safety.
- 9. **Broadcast Messages:** Inform victims about safe routes and rescue points.
- 10. **Centralized Information:** Platform for victims' status and updates on deceased.
- 11. **Prevent Hoarding:** Monitor local shopkeepers to prevent monopolies on essentials.
- 12. **Lost and Found:** Set up a system for recovering lost documents and belongings.

Conclusion: Sunil must balance immediate rescue efforts with maintaining order and ensuring transparency. Periodic information dissemination and prudent resource allocation are crucial for effective disaster management.

Crisis & Disaster Management



Case Study

You are the District Magistrate of a hilly district, which has recently been struck by flash floods and landslides causing supply routes to be cut off. It is brought to your notice that shopkeepers in the area are taking advantage of the situation by exorbitantly increasing the prices of various goods. One example is the case of a dhaba charging Rs. 250 for a paratha citing supply constraints. Others have also been reported to be charging exorbitant prices for transportation and other services. Given the difficult situation, there have also been issues of law and order where people have resorted to picketing of shops in retaliation to the increased prices. On enquiring, representatives of shopkeepers argue that since supply is constrained, prices are bound to increase. They further argue that higher prices are, in fact, helpful in ensuring judicious use of goods and services that are most urgently needed during emergencies.

- (a) Identify the various issues from the perspective of different stakeholders involved.
- (b) What will be the course of action you will undertake? Justify your stand with relevant arguments.



- Give a brief introduction about the case.
- Highlight various stakeholders and issues involved in the case.
- Then discuss the course that can be taken as District magistrate in the case with relevant reasoning.



Introduction: A hilly district struck by flash floods and landslides faces cut-off supply routes, leading to price gouging by local shopkeepers. This has caused law and order issues due to public backlash against the inflated prices.

(a) Stakeholders and Issues:

- 1. Local Public:
 - Issues: Need for essential goods at reasonable prices; protection of life and property.
- 2. Local Shopkeepers/Market:
 - Issues: Fair prices for goods due to increased procurement costs; preventing hoarding and black marketing.
- 3. Local Administration:
 - Issues: Maintaining law and order; ensuring fair business practices; preventing black marketing and hoarding.
- 4. Government:
 - Issues: Providing relief and rehabilitation; supporting local administration during the crisis.



(b) Course of Action:

1. Immediate Steps:

- Assessment: Ascertain supply constraints and use disaster relief funds if necessary.
- Law and Order: Deploy police and volunteers to prevent violence and picketing.

2. Action with Shopkeepers:

- Anti-hoarding: Deploy teams to check hoarding and black marketing; penalize malpractices.
- Market Regulation: Explain the irrelevance of free-market principles in disaster; implement Essential Commodities Act to control prices.
- o Communication: Address shopkeepers' misplaced argument about higher prices ensuring judicious use.

3. Action at Local Level:

- Equitable Access: Fix maximum purchase limits per individual.
- Public Confidence: Engage with the public to prevent panic buying and ensure continued supply.
- **Grievance Redressal:** Create a portal for public grievances and information sharing.
- Law Enforcement: Penalize extra-legal activities such as picketing.

4. Government Actions:

- Report: Send a detailed report to higher government levels requesting necessary aid.
- Alternative Supply Routes: Explore using helicopters for supply maintenance if disruptions persist.

Conclusion: Balancing the needs of the public, shopkeepers, and maintaining law and order requires decisive and immediate action. By regulating prices, ensuring equitable distribution, and seeking government support, the administration can address the crisis effectively.

Crisis & Disaster Management



Case Study

In the face of acute famine in the district, you, as an area officer, have instructed your subordinates to procure food grains from the FCI godowns located in the adjoining districts. This would make the food grains available to the public through PDS shops. Considering the gravity of the situation, this task has to be done immediately, because majority of the people in the district are poor, and therefore can't buy the food at the market prices. However, you were told that all the truck operators have formed a cartel and are asking for three times the usual transportation rate, in order to exploit the situation. This would nullify your effort, as the prices of the food grains would increase due to high transportation charges.

- (a) Following are some suggested options. Please evaluate the merits and demerits of each of the options:
 - 1) Threaten the truck owners of severe consequences if they do not fall in line and cancel their transportation permits.
 - 2) Transport the food grains by Railways, though it may take a week.
 - 3) Agree to pay the truck owners the transportation charges they are demanding, so as to ensure the availability of food grains, but searching for alternative and affordable transportation. However, take legal actions against the truck owners at a later time.
 - 4) Asking the state government for sending some help.
- (b) Also indicate (without necessarily restricting to the above options) the course of action you would like to follow, giving proper reasons for the same.



- The answer should begin with the context and the gravity of the situation.
- In this context, one should evaluate all the given options with possible merits and demerits.
- In the conclusion, one should choose any of the given options or any other option of his/her choice with adequate reasons.



Introduction: Acute famine in a district necessitates immediate procurement of food grains from FCI godowns in adjoining districts. Truck operators have formed a cartel, demanding triple the usual transportation rate, complicating the relief efforts.

(a) Evaluating Options:

- 1. Threaten truck owners with severe consequences:
 - Merits: May coerce compliance, maintain control over pricing.
 - o **Demerits:** Risk of backlash, delays in transportation, potential legal challenges.
- 2. Transport food grains by Railways:
 - Merits: Lower transportation cost, avoids cartel.
 - Demerits: Delays (one week), worsening famine conditions.
- 3. Agree to truck owners' demands but search for alternatives and take legal action later:
 - Merits: Immediate availability of food grains, ensures public access to food, addresses exploitation later.
 - Demerits: Higher immediate costs, perceived as yielding to extortion.
- 4. Request help from the state government:
 - Merits: Potential for state resources and support.
 - Demerits: Delays in response, immediate crisis unaddressed.



(b) Preferred Course of Action: Option 3: Agree to truck owners' demands for immediate transportation while exploring alternative transport and preparing for legal action.

Reasons:

- Ensures immediate availability of food grains, crucial in famine conditions:
- Provides time to find alternative and affordable transportation solutions.
- Deters future exploitation through subsequent legal action against truck owners.

Additional Measures:

- Establish communication with state government for potential future support.
- Mobilize local resources and volunteers to assist in distribution.
- Set up emergency relief centers to manage food distribution and prevent further crises.

Conclusion: This approach balances immediate relief with long-term accountability, ensuring both the welfare of the affected population and the integrity of the relief process.

Crisis & Disaster Management



Case Study

You are a young IAS officer posted as SDM of a flood prone sub-division. There is an old dam in your area which protects about 2 dozen villages from floods. Though the dam is weak, it is expected to hold up as repair works are being carried upon by the villagers. One day you receive a call that the villagers in the area had abandoned repairs and were running away from the work site because the dam was about to collapse as the force of water was building up. You quickly reach the site and see the fear and panic induced villagers. Systematised evacuation will take 2 days and if the dam collapses now, there will be great loss of life and property. You noticed several geo-bags (synthetic bags which are used to protect hydraulic structures and river banks from severe erosion) lying at a construction site near the dam which could hold the dam for some time. You realized that all you needed now was manpower to place these bags on the dam in such a way as to prevent water from entering the village. But the people are fear stricken and are preparing to flee.

Based on above information, answer the following questions:

- (a) Elaborate on the qualities of a civil servant that are essential in such circumstances.
- (b) What options do you have to handle this situation? Evaluate each of them with their merits and demerits.



- Discuss various qualities of a good civil servant that comes into play in such situations.
- Evaluate the various options that are available to the SDM.
- Conclude by suggesting the course of action that the SDM should take.



Introduction: The SDM faces an imminent dam collapse that threatens several villages. The villagers, fear-stricken, have abandoned repair efforts, and urgent action is needed to prevent disaster.

(a) Essential Qualities of a Civil Servant:

- 1. **Emotional Intelligence:** Understanding and empathizing with the villagers' fear.
- 2. Courage and Commitment: Willingness to risk personal safety for the greater good.
- 3. Motivational Ability: Inspiring villagers to take necessary actions despite their fear.
- 4. Quick Decision-Making: Making rational decisions under pressure.
- 5. **Leadership:** Guiding and coordinating efforts effectively in crisis.



(b) Evaluation of Options:

- 1. Motivate Villagers to Place Geo-Bags:
 - Merits: Immediate manpower availability, quick action, and community involvement.
 - Demerits: Risk of failure if villagers remain too fearful.
- 2. Take Help of Contractors:
 - Merits: Potential access to skilled labor.
 - Demerits: Time-consuming to mobilize, contractors may face the same fear as willagers.
- 3. Call the DM for Help:
 - Merits: Additional support and resources.
 - Demerits: Delays in response could lead to disaster.

Preferred Course of Action:

- Motivate the Villagers:
 - Direct and immediate solution.
 - Use emotional appeals, highlighting their responsibility to protect families and property.
 - Lead by example, placing geo-bags himself to inspire confidence and action.
 - Simultaneously, start organizing systematic evacuation plans to ensure safety.

Conclusion: This approach utilizes available resources quickly, engages the community, and demonstrates strong leadership, essential for managing the crisis effectively.

Health & Medical Ethics



Case Study

You work as a marketing consultant for a multinational company that specializes in various products including nutrient supplements, diet pills etc. The company pays its employees extremely well and provides satisfactory fringe benefits. Your manager has hinted that he will recommend you for overseas company transfer, which will improve your job profile. This has motivated you to work harder and perform better.

The company has to advertise and sell a new weight loss pill 'X'. As per in-company research, it has minimal or no side effects and has no adverse impacts on health, which is its unique selling point (USP). You are given the responsibility of heading the marketing team for advertising pill 'X'. Due to a well-crafted marketing strategy including endorsement by a renowned celebrity, the product has generated considerable public attention. However, while working on an advertisement campaign for the pill, you find out that the in-company research findings of pill 'X' are fabricated. While it indeed has no side-effects, there are no proven benefits of taking the pill as well. It merely acts as a placebo.

When you bring up the issue with your manager, he promptly tells you to keep the facts to yourself. He also indirectly brings up the fact that your performance review date is approaching and hints that you will get transferred overseas if you prove your loyalty to the company.

Based on the given information, address the following:

- (a) Identify the stakeholders in this situation.
- (b) State the ethical issues that arise in this case.
- (c) Discuss your options in this scenario and mention your next step.



- Give a brief overview of the case.
- Identify the stakeholders in the situation.
- Mention the ethical issues in the given scenario.
- Evaluate your options as an employee of the company who is responsible for marketing the product.
- State your final action in the given situation with reasoning.



Introduction: The case involves ethical concerns about marketing a weight loss pill, 'X', that has no proven benefits, only a placebo effect, despite the company's claims.

(a) Stakeholders:

- **Me (Head of Marketing):** Responsible for the campaign.
- General Public: Potential consumers misled by false claims.
- Manager: Pressuring to keep the findings secret.
- Other Employees: Unaware but involved in selling the product.
- Company and Celebrity Endorser: Risking reputation and credibility.

(b) Ethical Issues:

- Misleading Advertising: Deceptive claims about the pill's effectiveness.
- Conflict of Interest: Balancing personal integrity and professional loyalty.
- Corporate Responsibility: The company prioritizing profit over honesty.
- Consumer Rights: Public being misled and potentially harmed.



(c) Options:

- 1. Follow Manager's Orders:
 - Merits: Job security, potential overseas transfer.
 - **Demerits:** Compromise on ethics, misleading consumers, long-term damage to reputation.
- Talk to Senior Officials:
 - Merits: Allows internal resolution, upholds integrity.
 - Demerits: Risk of inaction, potential backlash from management.
- 3. Report to Government Authorities:
 - Merits: Ensures public safety, forces re-evaluation of the product.
 - **Demerits:** May result in legal issues for the company, potential job loss.
- 4. Leak Information to Press:
 - Merits: Immediate public awareness.
 - Demerits: Severe backlash for the company and employees, loss of job.

Preferred Course of Action:

- Talk to Senior Officials:
 - **Reason:** Provides a chance for internal resolution, maintains professional integrity, and prioritizes consumer rights. If inaction persists, escalate to government authorities to ensure public safety and accountability.

Conclusion: This approach balances ethical responsibility, professional duty, and practical considerations, ensuring the public is not misled while giving the company a chance to correct its course.

Health & Medical Ethics



Case Study

You are working as a senior doctor in the oncology department of a super specialty hospital located in Delhi. While accessing the quotations from reputed pharmaceutical companies to hospitals, you unearth a nexus between pharma firms and the hospital administration. You get to know that they are hand-in glove with each other and trying to fleece cancer patients by selling drugs at exorbitant prices, even though low cost alternative drugs are available in the market. Being the head of Alliance of Doctors for Ethical Healthcare, who is working against the arbitrary price regime of life saving drugs, you get a chance to represent your case before the Health Minister of your state. However, certain other doctors of the Alliance have asked you to present a distorted reality in front of the Minister since they are obtaining pecuniary benefits from such a scheme of nexus, which would cease if the nexus gets exposed.

- (a) Identify the main stakeholders and ethical issues involved.
- (b) Analyse the possible solutions for addressing the issues.
- (c) What would be your final course of action and why?



- · Briefly introduce the concerns of the case, in a larger framework.
- · Identify the main stakeholders and ethical issues present in the case.
- Suggest some possible solutions for addressing the main issues at hand by analyzing the merits and demerits of each case.
- Discuss the final course of action along with its rationale. Also, suggest some long terms solutions which can help eradicate the problem right from its root.



Introduction: The case involves unethical practices by a hospital administration and pharmaceutical companies to overcharge cancer patients for drugs despite the availability of low-cost alternatives. The senior doctor has the opportunity to expose this to the Health Minister but faces pressure from colleagues to conceal the truth.

(a) Stakeholders and Ethical Issues:

Stakeholders	Ethical Issues
Cancer patients	Exploitation through inflated drug prices; violation of rights to fair treatment and justice.
Hospital administration	Lack of transparency and accountability; prioritizing profit over patient care.
Pharmaceutical firms	Misuse of corporate power for profit; lack of compassion for patients.
Alliance of Doctors for Ethical Healthcare	Compromise of integrity and foundational values by some members for pecuniary benefits.
Health Minister	Needs to ensure public health and uphold medical ethics in healthcare policies.
State & Society	Failure to protect public interest and regulate healthcare; undermining trust in medical institutions.
Myself (senior doctor)	Ethical responsibility to expose wrongdoing; conflict between personal integrity and professional pressures.



(b) Possible Solutions:

- 1. Adhere to demands of other doctors and present distorted reality:
 - **Merits:** Maintain support from colleagues and administration; avoid confrontation.
 - Demerits: Compromise on ethics; perpetuate injustice; potential long-term harm to patients and public trust.
- 2. Issue a warning to administrative officials and pharma firms:
 - Merits: Opportunity for internal reform; immediate price correction possible.
 - Demerits: Injustice already done remains unaddressed; risk of recurrence without strict measures.
- 3. Present the true picture with factual evidence to the Health Minister:
 - Merits: Uphold ethical standards; ensure long-term corrective measures; protect patient rights and public trust.
 - Demerits: Potential backlash from colleagues and administration; risk to personal job security.

(c) Final Course of Action:

- Present the true picture with factual evidence to the Health Minister:
- Rationale: This action aligns with ethical responsibilities and professional integrity, ensuring justice for patients and transparency in healthcare practices. It addresses the root issue and sets a precedent for accountability and ethical conduct in the medical field.

Long-term Solutions:

- Regulate drug prices to prevent exploitation.
- Enforce a strict code of marketing for pharmaceutical companies.
- Take stringent actions against those found guilty in illegal activities.
- Conduct regular audits of medical procedures and business practices.
- Establish guidelines for hospital management and the conduct of doctors, ensuring compliance through competent authorities.

Conclusion: By choosing to expose the truth, the senior doctor upholds the core values of medical ethics, ensuring the welfare of patients and reinforcing the trust in healthcare systems.

Health & Medical Ethics



Case Study

Regulation and procedure of human clinical trials vary from nation to nation. Stem cell research, as an emerging biomedical field, requires approval for human trials and encounters multiple challenges. You are the head of a team of scientists who developed a new Tissue Engineering system, which appears to be a promising means of regenerating heart tissue. Trials of the system have already been conducted on animals and yielded good results. Millions of people suffering from critical heart diseases would benefit immensely if this medication is immediately made available to them. However, you need to conduct human clinical trials before it could be commercialised. It is also known that the stringent regulatory environment in the country will mean that human trials and final approval will take many years before it is made commercially available. On the other hand, regulation of clinical trials in many poor countries is weak and quick approval is possible. Many of your competitors also resort to human trials in these countries, often bribing the officials for getting quick approvals.

Given this situation, answer the following questions:

- (a) Identify the ethical issues which arise during clinical trials.
- (b) Given the above situation, would you prefer to shift human trials to a third country where regulations are lax? Give reasons in support of your choice.
- (c) Suggest a framework of standard procedure to minimise ethical conflicts and speed-up the approval process of new medicines.



- Give a brief introduction about human clinical trials and identify the ethical issues in clinical trials.
- Discuss the merits and demerits of shifting lab location and state your final stand on shifting the lab from the home country.
- Give a framework of standard procedure to minimise ethical conflicts and speed-up the approval process of new medicines.



Introduction: The situation involves conducting clinical trials for a new Tissue Engineering system designed to regenerate heart tissue. The stringent regulatory environment in the home country would delay approval, while conducting trials in countries with lax regulations could expedite the process. This scenario raises several ethical issues.

(a) Ethical Issues in Clinical Trials:

- Exploitation of Vulnerable Populations: Conducting trials in poorer countries may exploit individuals who are less informed or economically disadvantaged.
- Informed Consent: Ensuring that participants fully understand the risks and benefits is challenging in areas with lower literacy rates.
- 3. **Safety and Welfare:** The lack of stringent regulations may compromise participant safety and welfare.
- 4. **Integrity and Trust:** Fabricating data or bypassing ethical guidelines erodes trust in the medical community.
- 5. **Professional Ethics:** Physicians and researchers have a duty to prioritize patient health and well-being over commercial interests.



(b) Option: Shift Trials to a Country with Lax Regulations

Merits:

- Cost-Effective: Lower operational costs can make the treatment more affordable.
- Quick Approval: Faster approval process can save lives by making the treatment available sooner.
- Access to Treatment: Populations in poorer countries gain access to advanced medical treatments.

Demerits:

- Ethical Concerns: Risks of exploiting vulnerable populations.
- Quality of Data: Reliability of data might be compromised due to lax oversight.
- Reputation: Potential damage to the company's reputation and trustworthiness.
- Legal and Ethical Violations: Risk of engaging in corrupt practices to expedite approvals.

My Stand: While shifting trials to countries with lax regulations has practical benefits, it is imperative to ensure strict adherence to ethical standards. Conducting trials responsibly, with full informed consent, fair compensation, and rigorous monitoring, can mitigate many ethical concerns.



(c) Framework of Standard Procedure:

- 1. **Ethical Review Boards:** Establish independent ethical review boards to oversee all stages of the trial process, ensuring adherence to ethical guidelines.
- 2. **Informed Consent:** Ensure participants understand the trial's purpose, procedures, risks, and benefits through clear communication and educational materials.
- 3. **Transparency:** Maintain transparency with participants, stakeholders, and the public about trial procedures, findings, and any potential risks.
- 4. **Data Sharing and Collaboration:** Share trial data with international health organizations and researchers to promote transparency and improve global health outcomes.
- 5. **Fair Compensation:** Provide fair compensation and healthcare to participants, especially if they suffer any adverse effects from the trial.
- 6. **Monitoring and Reporting:** Implement robust monitoring systems of track participant health and trial progress, and ensure prompt reporting of any issues.
- 7. **Cultural Sensitivity:** Respect local customs and practices, ensuring that trials are conducted in a culturally sensitive manner.
- 8. **Government Collaboration:** Work with local governments to strengthen regulatory frameworks and ensure that trials meet both local and international standards.
- 9. **Post-Trial Access:** Ensure participants have access to successful treatments post-trial, demonstrating a commitment to their long-term well-being.

Conclusion: By adhering to a comprehensive ethical framework, we can balance the need for timely medical advancements with the imperative to protect and respect human participants in clinical trials. This approach not only upholds the integrity of the medical profession but also ensures equitable access to healthcare advancements.

Sports and Ethics



Case Study

You are a young athlete representing India at an international-level competition. To your surprise, during the competition, you witness a few senior athletes injecting something using a syringe in private. When you approach them, they explain that it is a performance enhancing drug, which is very common in such competitions and you should take the same as well. You are aware that if these players get caught in a doping test, it may damage India's reputation. You are confused and afraid of the repercussions and decide to approach the coach to discuss the event you witnessed. However, you get to know that the athletes are taking the drug on the advice of the coach himself.

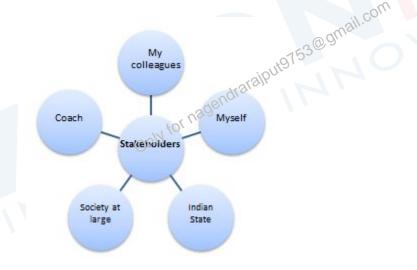
- (a) What would you do in this scenario? Discuss the options available to you and chart your course of action.
- (b) What are the reasons behind the use of performance enhancing drugs in competitive sporting events? How can this practice be minimized?



- · Briefly introduce the case with ethical dilemmas and associated stakeholders.
- List the options available with the merits and demerits of each option. Also, write your course of action.
- Mention the reasons for use of such unfair means in competition and suggest steps that can be taken to minimize this practice.
- Conclude accordingly.



Introduction: The above case study represents the classic case of **means** (unethical) vs **ends** (winning) ethical dilemma. Use of performance enhancing drugs makes a mockery of a competition as well as the international reputation of India is at stake.





(a) Options and Course of Action:

Option 1: Warn the Athletes and Coach

- Merits: Allows them to rectify their actions discreetly.
- **Demerits**: Risk of not being taken seriously; potential retaliation.

Option 2: Report to Higher Authorities Immediately

- Merits: Ensures fair competition and adherence to ethical standards.
- Demerits: Potential backlash and media scrutiny; involvement of higher officials.

Option 3: Report After the Competition

- **Merits**: Protects the team's performance during the competition.
- Demerits: Continued unethical behavior; risk of getting caught and tarnishing the country's image.

Preferred Course of Action:

- Gather Information: Confirm the use and legality of the drugs.
- 2. **Persuade Athletes and Coach**: Advocate for stopping the drug use, emphasizing health risks and ethical issues.
- 3. **Report to Higher Authorities**: If persuasion fails, escalate the issue to the Team Managers, Sports Authority of India, and relevant bodies.





(b) Reasons for Using Performance-Enhancing Drugs and Minimization Strategies:

Reasons:

- 1. **Desire to Win**: Pressure to perform and achieve success.
- 2. **Economic Gains**: Financial rewards and career longevity.
- 3. Systemic Issues: Historical prevalence and weak enforcement of anti-doping laws.
- 4. **Influence of Coaches and Peers**: Guidance from authority figures and peer pressure.

Minimization Strategies:

- 1. **Preventive Measures**: Educate athletes on the dangers and legal consequences of doping; implement stricter testing policies.
- 2. **Punitive Actions**: Enforce strict penalties for violations, including bans for athletes and coaches involved.
- 3. **Promotive Steps**: Encourage best practices and ethical behavior through funding and support mechanisms.
- 4. **Universal Measures**: Use of athletes' biological passports and Therapeutic Use Exemption (TEU) certificates to monitor and regulate drug use.

Conclusion: In sports, success must be achieved through fair and honest means. Ethical behavior ensures the integrity of competition and protects the health and reputation of athletes and nations alike. Implementing a multi-faceted approach can help curb the unethical practice of doping in sports.

Technology and Ethics

Case Study



In a metropolitan city of India, the law enforcement authorities decided to adopt facial recognition technology to improve their crime-fighting capabilities. They implemented a facial recognition system that integrated with existing surveillance cameras across the city, allowing real-time identification and tracking of individuals. The system was intended to assist in identifying known criminals, missing persons, and suspects in ongoing investigations.

One evening, a woman reported a mugging incident where the perpetrator wore a hoodie, obscuring most of his face. The victim provided a vague description to the police, and based on that information, the authorities decided to use facial recognition technology to locate potential suspects. The system scanned through hours of surveillance footage from various locations near the crime scene.

The facial recognition algorithm generated a list of potential matches, and one individual's image stood out as a close match to the description provided by the victim. The police considered this individual a prime suspect and proceeded with his arrest. Subsequently, it was discovered that the arrested person was innocent. Further investigation revealed that the facial recognition system had misidentified the innocent individual due to the limitations of the technology and the partial description provided by the victim. The police released the arrested individual; still his reputation got tarnished for life. He, along with his family, was evicted from their current place of residence. The psychological impact of the incident has been tremendous owing to which his job is also on the line.

With reference to this case study, answer the following:

- (a) What are the issues involved in this case?
- (b) What measures can be taken to minimize the negative implications of adopting such technologies?



- Give a brief introduction of the case study.
- Highlight the ethical issues involved in this case and implications of facial recognition technology on human rights.
- Suggest measures that can be taken to ensure that negative implications of adopting such a technology are minimized.
- Give a brief conclusion.



Introduction: The case highlights the misuse of facial recognition technology, leading to wrongful arrest and severe personal repercussions for an innocent individual.

(a) Issues Involved:

- 1. **Misidentification:** Incorrect identification due to technological limitations, resulting in wrongful arrest.
- 2. Invasion of Privacy: Continuous monitoring violates individuals' privacy and freedom.
- 3. Lack of Accountability: Insufficient scrutiny of matches and responsibility for errors.
- 4. **Undermining Justice:** Technology biases perpetuating social inequalities.
- 5. **Over-reliance on Technology:** False security, neglecting traditional investigation methods.



(b) Measures to Minimize Negative Implications:

- 1. **Robust Testing and Evaluation:** Rigorous testing to identify and mitigate biases and limitations.
- 2. Regular Audits and Reviews: Independent audits to ensure farmess across demographics.
- 3. **Transparent Guidelines and Regulations:** Clear rules on data protection, consent, and technology limits.
- 4. Ethical Framework and Oversight: Prioritize human rights, privacy, and due process.
- 5. Public Awareness and Engagement: Open discussions to incorporate societal concerns.
- 6. **Accountability and Redress Mechanisms:** Systems to hold authorities accountable for wrongful arrests and rights infringements.

Conclusion: Facial recognition technology must operate within ethical and legal frameworks to ensure fairness, privacy, and human rights are upheld. Balancing technological advancements with humane principles is essential for its beneficial use.

Environmental Ethics

Case Study



The Indian Railways (IR) has approximately 43,000 hectares of vacant land, which is not required for operational purposes in the foreseeable future. Such plots of land are entrusted to the Rail Land Development Authority (RLDA) by the Railway Board for commercial development. As the Vice-Chairman of the RLDA, you are responsible for identifying the potential of these vacant lands and work out the best mode of commercial development.

Meanwhile, the Union government is planning to build India's first intermodal stations. Intermodal Stations (IMS) are terminal infrastructure, which integrate various transportation modes such as rail, road, mass rapid transit system, bus rapid transit, inland waterways, auto-rickshaws, taxis and private vehicles so that people can move from one mode to another seamlessly.

The Union Ministry has shortlisted two cities to build IMS. The land identified in one city, which also happens to be the home town of a Union Minister, belongs to the RLDA. You are supposed to clear a final report on this land based on which it will be cleared for building IMS.

After going through the land details, you discover that the land contains natural urban forest with more than 40,000 trees that provide diverse ecosystem services to the residents of the cities. Clearing this land for the project will lead to cutting of these trees. Also, the news of this land being under consideration is already out and the environmental civil society groups in the city are protesting against it. They are threatening to go to the court if the trees are cut to proceed with the project. Further, an alternative site has been proposed by an environmental think tank, which could be suitable in terms of sustainable development of the project.

On the other hand, there is pressure from the Union Minister to clear the land for the project. A senior member from the Railway Board has also approached you to look into the issue favourably else it might upset the political executive.

- (a) What are the ethical dilemmas faced by you in the given situation?
- (b) Under the given conditions, what are the options available to you?
- (c) Critically evaluate each of the options listed by you.
- (d) What option would you adopt and why?



- Briefly mention the facts of the case.
- Highlight the ethical dilemmas faced by you.
- Bring out the options available to you and critically evaluate them.
- Discuss the option that you will choose in this situation.



Introduction: The Vice-Chairman of the Rail Land Development Authority (RLDA) must decide whether to clear a forested land for an intermodal station (IMS) amid environmental protests and political pressure.

(a) Ethical Dilemmas:

- 1. **Environmental conservation vs. Economic development:** Balancing infrastructure needs with environmental protection.
- Political interest vs. Public interest: Ensuring decisions benefit the broader public, not just political interests.
- Political interference vs. Impartial decision-making: Resisting undue influence to maintain integrity.
- 4. **Accountability:** Balancing political accountability with public transparency.





(b & c) Options and its Critical Evaluation:

1. Clear the land and proceed:

- Merits: Immediate progress on a significant infrastructure project.
- Demerits: Environmental destruction, legal challenges, and reputational damage.

2. Reject the proposal:

- Merits: Protects the environment and avoids legal issues.
- Demerits: Delays in infrastructure development and potential political fallout.

3. Suggest an alternative site:

- Merits: Balances development with environmental conservation; addresses stakeholders' concerns.
- Demerits: Requires additional resources and time for site assessment.

4. Delay the decision:

- Merits: Allows for thorough evaluation and stakeholder consultation.
- Demerits: Delays project and increases political pressure.

(d) Preferred Option: Suggest an Alternative Site

Rationale: This option balances environmental and developmental concerns, addresses stakeholders' issues, and promotes
sustainable development. Engaging with my senior to explain the report's details and concerns ensures transparency and responsible
decision-making.

Conclusion: Prioritizing sustainability while ensuring infrastructure development aligns with ethical standards and public interest.

Environmental Ethics



Case Study

In a metropolitan city a new metro rail project has been sanctioned. The project is expected to reduce traffic congestion, lower pollution levels in the city and save a significant amount of fossil fuel. However, the project requires construction of a car shed for the metro terminus station.

The city is already very congested and not much land is available except a patch of green belt within the municipal area. Consequently, the municipal corporation's Tree Authority approved a proposal to cut down about 2700 trees to make way for the metro car shed.

The approval enraged environment action and citizens groups who have organized protest rallies demanding withdrawal of this order and conservation of the green belt. The print and electronic media also took up the cause.

Given the situation, answer the following:

- (a) Identify the different stakeholders in the given case. Also, bring out the issues involved from the point of view of different stakeholders.
- (b) If you are the Municipal Commissioner, what course of action will you adopt keeping in mind the interests of different stakeholders?



- Introduce by writing a brief note on the facts of the case.
- Enumerate the different stakeholders involved.
- Briefly discuss the issues involved in the case study from the point of view of different stakeholders.
- Suggest the best course of action that should be taken in the given situation.





Introduction: The case involves the decision to cut down about 2700 trees for constructing a metro car shed in a congested metropolitan city. This decision has sparked protests from environmental groups and citizens, leading to a conflict between development needs and environmental conservation.

(a) Stakeholders and Issues:

Stakeholders	Issues Involved
Citizens and Civil Society	Right to a clean environment, ease of commuting, public accountability, views on the project.
Metro/Rail Corporation	Timely project completion, avoiding negative publicity.
Government	Maintaining law and order, avoiding project stalling, addressing grievances, ensuring coordination.
Environment	Survival of trees and biodiversity, maintaining clean air and ecosystem services.
Media	Impartial broadcasting, creating awareness, bridging government and public communication.



(b) Course of Action: As the Municipal Commissioner, the following steps should be taken:

Engage with Stakeholders:

- Public Persuasion: Use media to inform the public about the metro project's benefits. Hold meetings with citizen groups and environmentalists to address concerns.
- Environmentalists: Commit to replanting more trees than are cut and involve environmentalists in reforestation efforts.

Ensure Law and Order:

- Police Presence: Deploy police to maintain order during protests and ensure the safety of the project.
- **Protest Management:** Allow peaceful protests and engage in dialogue with protest leaders to prevent escalation.

Support Metro Corporation:

- Protection: Provide security for the construction site and workers.
- Coordination: Work closely with the metro corporation to address operational challenges.

Explore Alternatives:

- Alternative Sites: Investigate the feasibility of alternative locations for the car shed as suggested by environmental groups.
- **Technological Solutions:** Consider eco-friendly construction methods to minimize environmental impact.

Environmental Conservation:

- Tree Planting Drives: Initiate tree plantation drives to compensate for the trees cut.
- Sustainable Practices: Ensure future projects follow sustainable practices to balance development with environmental conservation.

Transparency and Communication:

- Regular Updates: Hold press briefings and use social media to inform the public about project progress and environmental measures.
- Public Feedback: Establish a feedback mechanism for the public to voice concerns and suggestions.

Conclusion: By adopting a balanced approach that addresses stakeholder concerns, maintains law and order, and promotes environmental conservation, the metro project can proceed smoothly. This approach demonstrates a commitment to sustainable development and helps build public trust.

Environmental Ethics



Case Study

A manufacturing company is located in a small town where it is not easy for people to find jobs otherwise. The company has stayed in the town even though it could find cheaper workers elsewhere, because workers are loyal to the company due to the jobs it provides. Over the years, the company has developed a reputation in the town for taking care of its employees and being a responsible corporate citizen, owing to its CSR activities.

The manufacturing process used by the company produces a by product that has been flowing into the town river for some time now. According to some media reports people living near the river have started reporting illnesses off late and there is also damage to aquatic life. People, however, have refused to come forward as their livelihood depends on the company.

You being the Sustainability Officer of the company believe it to be your duty to report this to the higher management. You are of the opinion that this matter is associated with the prestige of the company and should be taken seriously. In the meanwhile the new CEO, who has just joined the company, has called you for briefing and understanding the local issues.

On the basis of the above case, answer the following:

- (a) Identify the stakeholders in the case above.
- (b) What arguments would you put forth to the CEO to convince him to act on this matter?



- Introduce the answer.
- · Identify the different stakeholders in the case above.
- Enlist the arguments you'd present to the CEO of the Company to take action in this matter.



Introduction: The case highlights a conflict between short-term economic gains and long-term health and environmental sustainability. The manufacturing company's waste disposal practices are potentially harming local residents and aquatic life, raising serious ethical and operational issues.

(a) Stakeholders:

- 1. Local population: Suffering from health issues due to pollution.
- 2. **Employees:** Directly affected by company actions.
- 3. **Management:** Responsible for addressing the issue.
- 4. **District and local administration:** Ensuring public welfare and regulatory compliance.
- 5. **Environment:** Impacted by pollution, specifically the river and aquatic life



(b) Arguments to Convince the CEO:

- Health of Workforce: Ensuring a healthy workforce is crucial for productivity and efficiency.
- 2. **Brand Value:** Addressing the issue promptly preserves the company's reputation and trust.
- 3. **Legal Risks:** Proactive measures can prevent legal challenges and potential fines.
- 4. Media Scrutiny: Timely action can avoid negative media coverage and further public outcry.
- 5. **Long-term Sustainability:** Protecting the environment ensures long-term viability and prevents future catastrophic damage.

Course of Action:

- 1. **Immediate Enquiry:** Constitute an enquiry to investigate the issue.
- 2. **Health Camps:** Initiate weekly/bi-weekly health camps in affected areas.
- 3. **Medical Allowance:** Provide medical support for affected employees and locals through CSR funds.
- 4. **Sensitization Drives:** Conduct communication programs and town halls to build trust and inform about CSR activities.
- 5. **Transparency:** Ensure full cooperation with local administration and maintain transparency throughout the process.

By taking these steps, the company can address the immediate health concerns, protect its reputation, and demonstrate a commitment to ethical and sustainable business practices.



Any Queries?

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Thank You

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