

Rise of Associations Led by MIDDLE CLASS "PROFESSIONALS"

They gradually replaced domination of orgs of landed class.

BENGAL: 1876 INDIAN ASSOCIATION of SURENDRANATH BANERJEE

With goal of "Representing the people"

BOMBAY: THORNTON (1852) 1876
BOMBAY ASSOCIATION revived 'with arrival of
Dadabhai NAOROTI & NAOROTI FERDUNSI from London
BUT now
Younger WESTERN Leaders like M.G. RANADE, P.M. MEHTA
K.T. TELANG challenged it

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1870 POONA SARVATANTRIK SABHA est by M.G. RANADE

it collected Power of ATTORNEY from 17000 ppl ☺ claimed
to be Representative of ppl

OTHER PARTS: LAHORE INDIAN ASSOCIATION

(AJIT SINGH & LALA LAL PAT RAI)

MADRAS: Madras Native Association 1852 ended in 1862

MADRAS MAHAJAN SABHA (1884) revived political activity.

Till 1890s a phase of Coexistence & Transition (brw) Conservatives
+
Moderates.

Progress @ W.M reflected by new Political Demands of new Associations

TOOK LEADERSHIP OF Peasantry

(i.e. Deccan Riots 1875, Indigo Revolt 1860,

CANAL COLONY AGITATIONS early 1900s)

o Poona SARVJANIK Sabha organized Famine Relief

1870s, ARBITRATION COURTS

1859

o Protested \Rightarrow Plantation Labour & Inland Emigration ACT

which \rightarrow to SERFDOM : gave POWER OF ARREST TO PLANTERS \Rightarrow
escaping labour

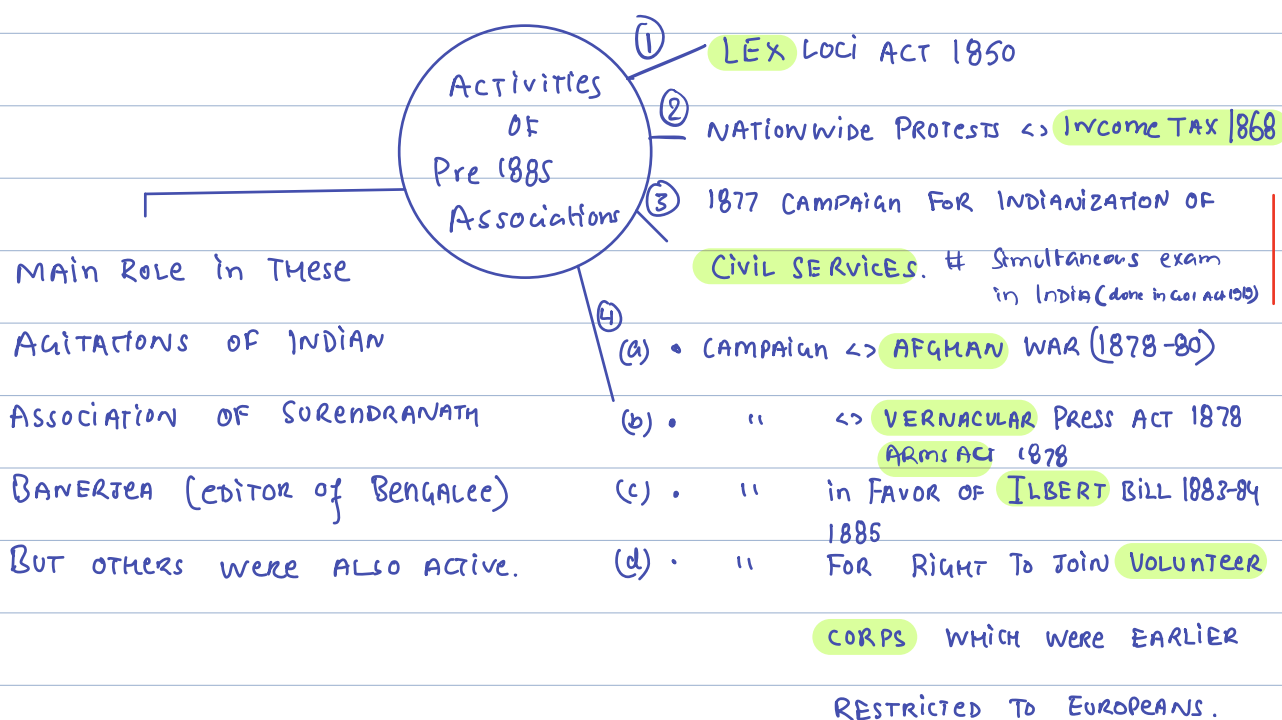
Representation in L.Cs

So Power @ Executive & Judicial fnc of the govt.

des Home CHARGES

EXTEND PERMANENT SETTLEMENT to other areas

to PREVENT rise in TAXES @ L.C.



In 1885 a NATIONAL FUND FOR POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS IN INDIA & LONDON (e) • 1885 APPEAL TO BY VOTERS FOR VOTING FOR PRO INDIAN CANDIDATES

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