数据挖掘互评作业二: 频繁模式与关联规则挖掘

- 1. 问题描述 本次作业中, 将选择2个数据集进行分析与挖掘
- 1. 可选数据集 来源包括: SNAP(Stanford Large Network Dataset Collection): http://snap.stanford.edu/data/index.html Microsoft 资讯推荐: https://learn.microsoft.com/zh-cn/azure/open-datasets/dataset-microsoft-news? tabs=azureml-opendatasets YELP: https://www.yelp.com/dataset/download DBLP: https://dblp.uni-trier.de/xml/
- 2. 数据分析要求 数据获取与预处理; 频繁模式挖掘: 可以是项集、序列和图。 模式命名: 如论文-作者网络中合作模式、引用模式和发表模式等,不同的领域的频繁模式的含义也不尽相同,需自行确定模式的名称。 对挖掘结果进行分析; 可视化展示。
- 3. 提交的内容 数据集获取和预处理的代码 关联规则挖掘的代码 挖掘过程的报告:展示挖掘的过程、结果和你的分析 所选择的数据集在README中说明,数据文件不要上传到Github中

乐学平台提交注意事项: 仓库地址: https://github.com/DingDongCat/data-mining-homework-two 报告: 附件, word, pdf, html格式都可以

一、针对Microsoft资讯推荐数据集的处理

1、数据获取与预处理

数据获取

运行 https://learn.microsoft.com/zh-cn/azure/open-datasets/dataset-microsoft-news? tabs=azureml-opendatasets 给出的数据获取代码

```
In [1]: import os
         import tempfile
         import shutil
         import urllib
         import zipfile
         import pandas as pd
         # Temporary folder for data we need during execution of this notebook (we'll clean u
         # at the end, we promise)
         temp dir = os. path. join(tempfile. gettempdir(), 'mind')
        os. makedirs (temp dir, exist ok=True)
         # The dataset is split into training and validation set, each with a large and small
         # The format of the four files are the same.
         # For demonstration purpose, we will use small version validation set only.
         base url = 'https://mind201910small.blob.core.windows.net/release'
         training_small_url = f' {base_url}/MINDsmall_train.zip'
         validation_small_url = f' {base_url}/MINDsmall_dev.zip'
```

```
training_large_url = f' {base_url}/MINDlarge_train.zip'
         validation_large_url = f' {base_url}/MINDlarge_dev.zip'
In [2]: def download_url(url,
                          destination filename=None,
                          progress_updater=None,
                          force download=False,
                          verbose=True):
             Download a URL to a temporary file
             if not verbose:
                 progress updater = None
             # This is not intended to guarantee uniqueness, we just know it happens to guaran
             # uniqueness for this application.
             if destination filename is None:
                 url_as_filename = url.replace('://', '_').replace('/', '_')
                 destination_filename = \
                     os. path. join (temp dir, url as filename)
             if (not force_download) and (os. path. isfile(destination_filename)):
                 if verbose:
                     print('Bypassing download of already-downloaded file {}'.format(
                         os. path. basename (url)))
                 return destination filename
                 print('Downloading file {} to {}'. format(os. path. basename(url),
                                                           destination_filename),
                       end='')
             urllib.request.urlretrieve(url, destination filename, progress updater)
             assert (os. path. isfile(destination filename))
             nBytes = os. path. getsize(destination_filename)
             if verbose:
                 print('...done, {} bytes.'.format(nBytes))
             return destination filename
        # For demonstration purpose, we will use small version validation set only.
In [3]:
         # This file is about 30MB.
         zip path = download url(validation small url, verbose=True)
         with zipfile. ZipFile(zip_path, 'r') as zip_ref:
             zip_ref. extractall(temp_dir)
         os. listdir (temp dir)
        Bypassing download of already-downloaded file MINDsmall_dev.zip
         ['behaviors.tsv',
Out[3]:
         'entity embedding.vec',
          'https://mind201910small.blob.core.windows.net_release_MINDsmall_dev.zip',
          'news.tsv',
          'relation embedding.vec']
In [4]: # The behaviors.tsv file contains the impression logs and users' news click histories
         # It has 5 columns divided by the tab symbol:
         # - Impression ID. The ID of an impression.
         # - User ID. The anonymous ID of a user.
         # - Time. The impression time with format "MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS AM/PM".
         # - History. The news click history (ID list of clicked news) of this user before th
         # - Impressions. List of news displayed in this impression and user's click behavior
         behaviors_path = os. path. join(temp_dir, 'behaviors.tsv')
         behaviors table = pd. read table (
             behaviors path,
             header=None,
             names=['impression_id', 'user_id', 'time', 'history', 'impressions'])
         behaviors table
```

Out[4]:		impression_id	user_id	time	history	impressions
	0	1	U80234	11/15/2019 12:37:50 PM	N55189 N46039 N51741 N53234 N11276 N264 N40716	N28682-0 N48740-0 N31958-1 N34130-0 N6916-0 N5
	1	2	U60458	11/15/2019 7:11:50 AM	N58715 N32109 N51180 N33438 N54827 N28488 N611	N20036-0 N23513-1 N32536-0 N46976-0 N35216-0 N
	2	3	U44190	11/15/2019 9:55:12 AM	N56253 N1150 N55189 N16233 N61704 N51706 N5303	N36779-0 N62365-0 N58098-0 N5472-0 N13408-0 N5
	3	4	U87380	11/15/2019 3:12:46 PM	N63554 N49153 N28678 N23232 N43369 N58518 N444	N6950-0 N60215-0 N6074-0 N11930-0 N6916-0 N248
	4	5	U9444	11/15/2019 8:25:46 AM	N51692 N18285 N26015 N22679 N55556	N5940-1 N23513-0 N49285-0 N23355-0 N19990-0 N3
	•••					
	73147	73148	U77536	11/15/2019 8:40:16 PM	N28691 N8845 N58434 N37120 N22185 N60033 N4702	N496-0 N35159-0 N59856-0 N13270-0 N47213-0 N26
	73148	73149	U56193	11/15/2019 1:11:26 PM	N4705 N58782 N53531 N46492 N26026 N28088 N3109	N49285-0 N31958-0 N55237-0 N42844-0 N29862-0 N
	73149	73150	U16799	11/15/2019 3:37:06 PM	N40826 N42078 N15670 N15295 N64536 N46845 N52294	N7043-0 N512-0 N60215- 1 N45057-0 N496-0 N37055
	73150	73151	U8786	11/15/2019 8:29:26 AM	N3046 N356 N20483 N46107 N44598 N18693 N8254 N	N23692-0 N19990-0 N20187-0 N5940-0 N13408-0 N3
	73151	73152	U68182	11/15/2019 11:54:34 AM	N20297 N53568 N4690 N60608 N43709 N43123 N1885	N29862-0 N5472-0 N21679-1 N6400-0 N53572-0 N50

73152 rows × 5 columns

```
In [5]: # The news.tsv file contains the detailed information of news articles involved in tl
         \# It has 7 columns, which are divided by the tab symbol:
         # - News ID
         # - Category
         # - Subcategory
         # - Title
         # - Abstract
         # - URL
         # - Title Entities (entities contained in the title of this news)
         # - Abstract Entities (entities contained in the abstract of this news)
         news_path = os.path.join(temp_dir, 'news.tsv')
         news_table = pd. read_table(news_path,
                        header=None,
                        names=[
                            'id', 'category', 'subcategory', 'title', 'abstract', 'url', 'title_entities', 'abstract_entities'
                        ])
         news\_table
```

	Id	category	subcategory	title	abstract	
0	N55528	lifestyle	lifestyleroyals	The Brands Queen Elizabeth, Prince Charles, an	Shop the notebooks, jackets, and more that the	https://assets.msn.com/labs/m
1	N18955	health	medical	Dispose of unwanted prescription drugs during	NaN	https://assets.msn.com/labs/n
2	N61837	news	newsworld	The Cost of Trump's Aid Freeze in the Trenches	Lt. Ivan Molchanets peeked over a parapet of s	https://assets.msn.com/labs/n
3	N53526	health	voices	I Was An NBA Wife. Here's How It Affected My M	I felt like I was a fraud, and being an NBA wi	https://assets.msn.com/labs/m
4	N38324	health	medical	How to Get Rid of Skin Tags, According to a De	They seem harmless, but there's a very good re	https://assets.msn.com/labs/n
•••						
42411	N63550	lifestyle	lifestyleroyals	Why Kate & Meghan Were on Different Balconies	There's no scandal here. It's all about the or	https://assets.msn.com/labs/m
42412	N30345	entertainment	entertainment- celebrity	See the stars at the 2019 Baby2Baby gala	Stars like Chrissy Teigen and Kate Hudson supp	https://assets.msn.com/labs/m
42413	N30135	news	newsgoodnews	Tennessee judge holds lawyer's baby as he swea	Tennessee Court of Appeals Judge Richard Dinki	https://assets.msn.com/labs/n
42414	N44276	autos	autossports	Best Sports Car Deals for October	NaN	https://assets.msn.com/labs/i
42415	N39563	sports	more_sports	Shall we dance: Sports stars shake their leg	NaN	https://assets.msn.com/labs/m

Out[5]:

id

category

subcategory

title

abstract

Out[6]:		entity	vector
	0	Q34433	[0.017808, -0.073256, 0.102521, -0.059926, -0
	1	Q41	[-0.063388, -0.181451, 0.057501, -0.091254, -0
	2	Q56037	[0.02155, -0.044888, -0.027872, -0.128843, 0.0
	3	Q1860	[0.060958, 0.069934, 0.015832, 0.079471, -0.02
	4	Q39631	[-0.093106, -0.052002, 0.020556, -0.020801, 0
	•••		
	22888	Q278846	[0.042413, 0.021957, 0.072414, -0.068437, 0.02
	22889	Q54621949	[-0.018299, -0.048378, -0.021645, -0.079743, 0
	22890	Q42225228	[-0.051346, -0.028947, -0.07587, 0.017512, -0
	22891	Q54862508	[-0.052323, -0.078029, -0.060925, -0.052536, 0
	22892	Q42301562	[-0.00519, -0.047871, 0.009753, -0.0215, -4.9e

22893 rows × 2 columns

Out[7]:		relation	vector
	0	P31	[-0.073467, -0.132227, 0.034173, -0.032769, 0
	1	P21	[-0.078436, 0.108589, -0.049429, -0.131355, 0
	2	P106	[-0.052137, 0.052444, -0.019886, -0.152309, 0
	3	P735	[-0.051398, 0.056219, 0.068029, -0.137717, -0
	4	P108	[0.091231, 0.022526, 0.059349, -0.141853, 0.03
	•••		
	1086	P1897	[-0.019021, 0.001183, -0.009602, -0.040833, -0
	1087	P3776	[-0.018365, 0.028526, -0.025934, 0.032296, -0
	1088	P1194	[-0.026819, 0.003231, -0.011298, -0.015206, 0
	1089	P2502	[0.003554, -0.041121, -0.010559, -0.037862, -0
	1090	P6977	[-0.023617, -0.021648, 0.009369, -0.021757, 0

1091 rows × 2 columns

数据预处理

将behaviors_table中的history按news_table中的类型替换为整数格式

```
In [8]:
        behaviors_table = behaviors_table.dropna()
         transaction = []
        category = news_table['category'].unique().tolist()
        print(category)
        err_num = 0
         for i in range(len(behaviors_table)):
            if i\%1000 == 0:
                print(i,'/',len(behaviors_table))
        # for i in range(10):
            try:
                news_list = behaviors_table['history'][i].split(' ')
                tmp_list = []
                 for news_id in news_list:
                     tmp_list.append(category.index(news_table['category'][news_table[news_ta
                transaction.append(tmp_list)
            except:
                err_num += 1
        print('error count: ', err num)
         print(transaction[0:10])
```

```
['lifestyle', 'health', 'news', 'sports', 'weather', 'entertainment', 'foodanddrin k', 'autos', 'travel', 'video', 'tv', 'finance', 'movies', 'music', 'kids', 'middlee
ast', 'games']
0 / 70938
1000 / 70938
2000 / 70938
3000 / 70938
4000 / 70938
5000 / 70938
6000 / 70938
7000 / 70938
8000 / 70938
9000 / 70938
10000 / 70938
11000 / 70938
12000 / 70938
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15000 / 70938
16000 / 70938
17000 / 70938
18000 / 70938
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56000 / 70938
57000 / 70938
58000 / 70938
59000 / 70938
60000 / 70938
```

```
61000 / 70938
62000 / 70938
63000 / 70938
64000 / 70938
65000 / 70938
66000 / 70938
67000 / 70938
68000 / 70938
69000 / 70938
70000 / 70938
error count: 2150
[[10, 2, 10, 2, 11, 7, 10, 12, 5, 2, 0, 2, 2, 1, 10], [2, 8, 11, 2, 2, 11, 13, 2, 1
1, 4, 11, 1, 0], [3, 2, 10, 2, 0, 3, 2, 5, 3], [8, 2, 3, 3, 8, 2, 10, 2, 3, 2, 10,
2, 12, 8, 9, 2, 3, 3, 2], [10, 3, 5, 3, 11], [3, 11, 3, 2, 2, 11, 6, 5, 3, 11, 7],
5, 2, 2], [2, 3, 11, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 12]]
```

2、频繁模式与关联规则挖掘

使用orangecontrib.associate.fpgrowth包进行频繁模式挖掘。首先使用默认的0.2作为频繁模式的相对支持度支持度阈值。

```
import orangecontrib. associate. fpgrowth as oaf
In [24]:
          items = list(oaf.frequent_itemsets(transaction, 0.5))
          for i in items:
              print(i)
          (frozenset({0}), 49167)
          (frozenset(\{2\}), 61406)
          (frozenset({0, 2}), 45533)
          (frozenset({3}), 47444)
          (frozenset({0, 3}), 35535)
          (frozenset({2, 3}), 43907)
          (frozenset({10}), 45719)
          (frozenset({0, 10}), 36972)
          (frozenset({2, 10}), 42526)
          (frozenset({0, 2, 10}), 35192)
          (frozenset({11}), 42614)
          (frozenset({2, 11}), 40412)
```

frozenset是项集,后面的数字是这个项集的绝对支持度。为了更好地显示频繁项集,下面将数字重新转化为原始的字符串,同时计算相对支持度。

```
In [25]: for i in items:
    freq_set = []
    abs_sup = i[1]
    for j in i[0]:
        freq_set. append(category[j])
    print(freq_set, abs_sup, round(float(abs_sup) / len(behaviors_table), 2))
```

```
['lifestyle'] 49167 0.69
['news'] 61406 0.87
['lifestyle', 'news'] 45533 0.64
['sports'] 47444 0.67
['lifestyle', 'sports'] 35535 0.5
['news', 'sports'] 43907 0.62
['tv'] 45719 0.64
['lifestyle', 'tv'] 36972 0.52
['news', 'tv'] 42526 0.6
['lifestyle', 'news', 'tv'] 35192 0.5
['finance'] 42614 0.6
['news', 'finance'] 40412 0.57
```

在计算出频繁项集的基础上,计算关联规则,置信度阈值选择为0.5,结果转化为原始字符串输出.

```
In [29]: | items = list(oaf.frequent_itemsets(transaction, 0.5))
          rules = list(oaf. association rules(dict(items), 0.5))
          for i in rules:
              antecedent = []
              consequent = []
              for j in i[0]:
                  antecedent. append (category[j])
              for j in i[1]:
                  consequent. append (category[j])
              print(antecedent, "->", consequent, i[2], round(i[3], 2))
          print(len(rules))
          ['news', 'tv'] -> ['lifestyle'] 35192 0.83
           'lifestyle', 'tv'] -> ['news'] 35192 0.95
          ['tv'] -> ['lifestyle', 'news'] 35192 0.77
          ['lifestyle', 'news'] -> ['tv'] 35192 0.77
          ['news'] -> ['lifestyle', 'tv'] 35192 0.57
['lifestyle'] -> ['tv', 'news'] 35192 0.72
          ['news'] -> ['lifestyle'] 45533 0.74
          ['lifestyle'] -> ['news'] 45533 0.93
          ['sports'] -> ['lifestyle'] 35535 0.75
          ['lifestyle'] -> ['sports'] 35535 0.72
          ['sports'] -> ['news'] 43907 0.93
          ['news'] -> ['sports'] 43907 0.72
          ['tv'] -> ['lifestyle'] 36972 0.81
          ['lifestyle'] -> ['tv'] 36972 0.75
          ['tv'] -> ['news'] 42526 0.93
          ['news'] -> ['tv'] 42526 0.69
          ['finance'] -> ['news'] 40412 0.95
          ['news'] -> ['finance'] 40412 0.66
          18
```

3.关联规则的评价

使用Lift和Kulc两种评价指标评价关联规则。

```
['news', 'tv'] -> ['lifestyle'] 1.19
          ['lifestyle', 'tv'] -> ['news'] 1.1
         ['tv'] -> ['lifestyle', 'news'] 1.2
         ['lifestyle', 'news'] -> ['tv'] 1.2
         ['news'] -> ['lifestyle', 'tv'] 1.1
['lifestyle'] -> ['tv', 'news'] 1.19
          ['news'] -> ['lifestyle'] 1.07
         ['lifestyle'] -> ['news'] 1.07
         ['sports'] -> ['lifestyle'] 1.08
         ['lifestyle'] -> ['sports'] 1.08
         ['sports'] -> ['news'] 1.07
         ['news'] -> ['sports'] 1.07
          ['tv'] -> ['lifestyle'] 1.17
         ['lifestyle'] -> ['tv'] 1.17
         ['tv'] -> ['news'] 1.07
         ['news'] -> ['tv'] 1.07
         ['finance'] -> ['news'] 1.1
         ['news'] -> ['finance'] 1.1
In [31]: # 计算Kulc
         kulc = []
         visit = [False for i in range(len(rules))]
          for i in range(len(rules)):
             if visit[i] == True:
                 continue
             visit[i] = True
              for j in range (len (rules)):
                  if visit[j] == True:
                      continue
                  if rules[j][0] == rules[i][1] and rules[j][1] == rules[i][0]:
                      one = []
                      antecedent = []
                      consequent = []
                      for k in rules[i][0]:
                          antecedent. append (category [k])
                      for k in rules[i][1]:
                          consequent. append(category[k])
                      one. append (rules[i][0])
                      one. append (rules[i][1])
                      one. append ((rules[i][3] + rules[j][3])/2)
                      kulc. append (one)
                      print('Kulc(', antecedent, consequent, ') = ', round((rules[i][3] + rule
                      visit[j] = True
         Kulc(['news', 'tv']['lifestyle']) = 0.77
         Kulc(['lifestyle', 'tv'] ['news']) = 0.76
         Kulc(['tv']['lifestyle', 'news']) = 0.77
         Kulc(['news']['lifestyle']) = 0.83
         Kulc(['sports']['lifestyle']) = 0.74
         Kulc(['sports'] ['news']) = 0.82
         Kulc(['tv'] ['lifestyle']) = 0.78
         Kulc(['tv'] ['news']) = 0.81
         Kulc(['finance']['news']) = 0.8
```

4.挖掘结果的分析

lift可以用于衡量关联规则中两个项目的相关度,lift(A,B)>1说明A与B正相关,lift(A,B)=1说明A与B相互独立,lift(A,B)<1说明A与B负相关。所有的18条关联规则中,lift值均大于1。

在所有计算出的关联规则的Kulc值中,以下三个Kulc值较大:

```
Kulc(['news']['lifestyle']) = 0.83
```

```
Kulc( ['sports'] ['news'] ) = 0.82
Kulc( ['tv'] ['news'] ) = 0.81
```

因此可以得到以下结论:

- 1、对新闻相关内容感兴趣的观众对生活方式相关内容同样感兴趣
- 2、对体育相关内容感兴趣的观众对新闻相关内容同样感兴趣
- 3、对电视节目相关内容感兴趣的观众对新闻相关内容同样感兴趣

在关联规则中,有两条的置信度很高:

```
['lifestyle', 'tv'] -> ['news'] 35192 0.95
['finance'] -> ['news'] 40412 0.95
```

5.可视化展示

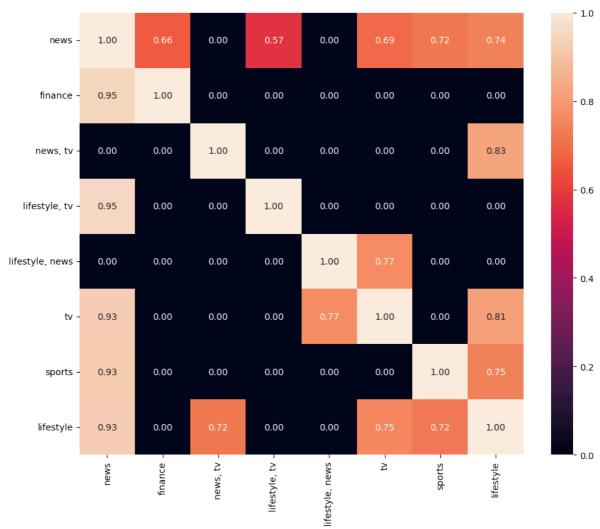
绘制关联规则的置信度、Lift和Kulc相关性热图

横纵坐标是关联规则中包含的项,热图中每个点的数据是两项的置信度、Lift值或Kulc值

```
In [36]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         # 利用置信度绘制热图
         conf matrix = []
         rules_column = set()
         for i in range(len(measure)):
             rules column. add(measure[i][0])
         # 计算置信度矩阵
         for i in rules column:
             one = []
             for j in rules_column:
                 if i == j:
                     one. append (1)
                 else:
                     flag = False
                     for k in range(len(rules)):
                         if rules[k][0] == i and rules[k][1] == j:
                             one. append (rules [k][3])
                            flag = True
                     if flag == False:
                         one. append (0)
             conf_matrix.append(one)
         # 改columns名字
         rules column list = []
         for i in rules column:
             one = ""
             for j in range(len(i)):
                 one += category[j]
                 if j < len(i) - 1:
                     one += ", "
             rules_column_list.append(one)
         # 绘制热图的数据
         rules_column = list(rules_column)
         rules_column_list = []
```

```
for i in rules_column:
    one = ""
    for j in range(len(i)):
        one += category[list(i)[j]]
        if j < len(i) - 1:
            one += ", "
        rules_column_list.append(one)

conf_pd = pd.DataFrame(conf_matrix, columns = rules_column_list, index = rules_column_list.figure(figsize=(11, 9), dpi=100)
    sns.heatmap(data = conf_pd, annot = True, fmt = ".2f")
    plt.show()</pre>
```

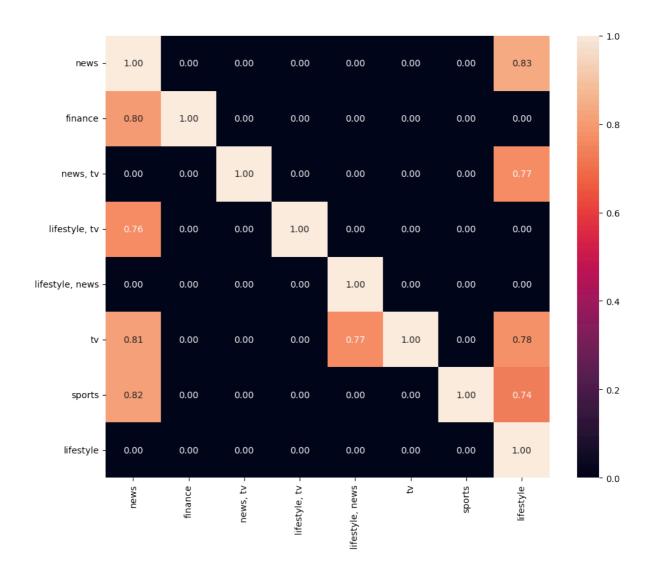


```
In [37]: # 使用Lift值绘制热图
         # 计算lift矩阵
         lift_matrix = []
         for i in rules_column:
             one = []
             for j in rules_column:
                 if i == j:
                     one. append (1)
                 else:
                     flag = False
                     for k in range(len(measure)):
                         if measure[k][0] == i and measure[k][1] == j:
                             one. append (measure[k][6])
                             flag = True
                     if flag == False:
                         one. append (0)
             lift_matrix.append(one)
```

```
lift_pd = pd. DataFrame(lift_matrix, columns = rules_column_list, index = rules_colum
plt.figure(figsize=(11, 9), dpi=100)
sns.heatmap(data = lift_pd, annot = True, fmt = ".2f")
plt.show()
```



```
# 使用Kulc值绘制热图
In [38]:
         kulc matrix = []
         # 计算kulc矩阵
          for i in rules_column:
             one = []
             for j in rules_column:
                  if i == j:
                     one. append (1)
                 else:
                     flag = False
                     for k in range(len(kulc)):
                          if kulc[k][0] == i and kulc[k][1] == j:
                             one. append (kulc[k][2])
                              flag = True
                     if flag == False:
                          one. append (0)
             kulc_matrix.append(one)
          kulc_pd = pd. DataFrame(kulc_matrix, columns = rules_column_list, index = rules_colum
          plt. figure (figsize= (11, 9), dpi=100)
          sns. heatmap(data = kulc_pd, annot = True, fmt = ".2f")
          plt. show()
```



二、针对YELP数据集的处理

1、数据获取与预处理

```
In [1]: # import json
    # file = open("yelp_academic_dataset_business.json", 'r', encoding='utf-8')
    # papers = []
    # for line in file.readlines():
    # dic = json.loads(line)
    # papers.append(dic)

# print(len(papers))
# print(papers[0])
# print(papers[1])

import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_json('yelp_academic_dataset_business.json', lines=True)

df
```

Out[1]:		business_id	name	address	city	state	postal_code	latitı
	0	Pns2l4eNsfO8kk83dixA6A	Abby Rappoport, LAC, CMQ	1616 Chapala St, Ste 2	Santa Barbara	CA	93101	34.426
	1	mpf3x-BjTdTEA3yCZrAYPw	The UPS Store	87 Grasso Plaza Shopping Center	Affton	МО	63123	38.551
	2	tUFrWirKiKi_TAnsVWINQQ	Target	5255 E Broadway Blvd	Tucson	AZ	85711	32.223
	3	MTSW4McQd7CbVtyjqoe9mw	St Honore Pastries	935 Race St	Philadelphia	PA	19107	39.955
	4	mWMc6_wTdE0EUBKIGXDVfA	Perkiomen Valley Brewery	101 Walnut St	Green Lane	PA	18054	40.338
	•••							
	150341	IUQopTMmYQG-qRtBk-8QnA	Binh's Nails	3388 Gateway Blvd	Edmonton	АВ	T6J 5H2	53.468
	150342	c8GjPlOTGVmlemT7j5_SyQ	Wild Birds Unlimited	2813 Bransford Ave	Nashville	TN	37204	36.115
	150343	_QAMST-NrQobXduilWEqSw	Claire's Boutique	6020 E 82nd St, Ste 46	Indianapolis	IN	46250	39.908
	150344	mtGm22y5c2UHNXDFAjaPNw	Cyclery & Fitness Center	2472 Troy Rd	Edwardsville	IL	62025	38.782
	150345	jV_XOycEzSlTx-65W906pg	Sic Ink	238 Apollo Beach Blvd	Apollo beach	FL	33572	27.771
	150346 ı	rows × 14 columns						

数据预处理

```
In [22]:
         df = df. dropna()
          id2str = []
          str2id = \{\}
          id = 0
          transaction = []
          for i, row in df. iterrows():
              print(i, row)
              one = []
              cate = df['categories'][i].split(', ')
              for j in cate:
                  if j in str2id:
                      one.append(str2id[j])
                  else:
                      id2str.append(j)
                      str2id[j] = 1en(id2str)
                      one.append(str2id[j])
              if df['stars'][i] in str2id:
                  one. append(str2id[str(df['stars'][i])])
              else:
                  id2str. append(str(df['stars'][i]))
                  str2id[str(df['stars'][i])] = len(id2str)
                  one. append(str2id[str(df['stars'][i])])
              transaction. append (one)
          print(transaction[0:10])
          id2str
```

[[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13], [14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19], [20, 21, 1 5, 22], [23, 24, 25, 15, 26, 14, 27], [28, 9, 29, 8, 30, 31, 32], [26, 24, 23, 14, 1 5, 33], [7, 8, 9, 34], [35, 15, 14, 36, 37], [38, 14, 39, 40, 41]]

```
Out[22]: ['Shipping Centers',
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           'Notaries',
           'Mailbox Centers',
           'Printing Services',
           3.0,
           'Department Stores',
           'Shopping',
           'Fashion',
           'Home & Garden',
           'Electronics',
           'Furniture Stores',
           '3. 5',
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           'Food',
           'Bubble Tea',
           'Coffee & Tea',
           'Bakeries',
           4.0,
           'Brewpubs',
           'Breweries',
           4.5,
           'Burgers',
           'Fast Food',
'Sandwiches',
           'Ice Cream & Frozen Yogurt',
           '2.0',
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           'Shoe Stores',
'Sports Wear',
           'Accessories',
           '2.5',
           1.5,
           3.5,
           'Vietnamese',
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           4.0,
           'American (Traditional)',
           'Diners',
           'Breakfast & Brunch',
           2.5,
           'General Dentistry',
           'Dentists',
           'Health & Medical',
           'Cosmetic Dentists',
           '5.0',
           'Delis',
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           4.5,
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           'Personal Shopping',
           'Vitamins & Supplements',
           4.0,
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           4.5,
           'Cafes',
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```
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'4.0',
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4.0,
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'Pizza',
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'Active Life',
'5.0',
'Salad',
'Soup',
3.0,
'Dance Wear',
'Arts & Entertainment',
'Social Clubs',
'Performing Arts',
'4.5',
'3.5',
'Eatertainment',
3.5,
'Mobile Phones',
'Telecommunications',
'Mobile Phone Accessories',
'IT Services & Computer Repair',
'2.0',
'Museums',
'Kids Activities',
'Education',
'Playgrounds',
"Children's Museums",
'4.5',
'Musicians',
'DJs',
'Karaoke',
'Event Planning & Services',
'5.0',
'Hair Salons',
'Hair Extensions',
'Beauty & Spas',
'Wigs',
1.5,
'Specialty Food',
'Pasta Shops',
3.0,
'Laser Hair Removal',
```

```
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'Chiropractors',
'Weight Loss Centers',
'Sports Medicine',
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4.0,
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'2.5',
'Chinese',
3.0,
'Music Venues',
'Internet Service Providers',
'Jazz & Blues',
'Professional Services',
'Internet Cafes',
4.0,
'Caterers',
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'5.0',
'Fitness & Instruction',
'Trainers',
'Gyms',
'Yoga',
3.0,
'Health Markets',
'4.0',
Pets',
'Pet Adoption',
'5.0',
'Juice Bars & Smoothies',
3.0,
'Ophthalmologists',
'Eyewear & Opticians',
'Optometrists',
'2.5',
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'4.0',
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3.5,
'Hotels & Travel',
'Tours',
'Local Flavor',
4.0,
'Appliances & Repair',
'5.0',
'Chocolatiers & Shops',
'Candy Stores',
4.0,
'Baby Gear & Furniture',
1.5,
'Personal Care Services',
'Massage',
'Nail Salons',
4.5,
'Beer Bar',
4.5,
'Grocery',
2.5,
'Tabletop Games',
```

```
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4.5,
'Beer',
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4.5,
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'Convenience Stores',
3.0,
'Keys & Locksmiths',
'Home Services',
4.5,
4.0,
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'Gastropubs',
'Venues & Event Spaces',
4.5,
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4.5,
'Towing',
'Body Shops',
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'Lawn Services',
'Tree Services',
'Landscape Architects',
'Contractors',
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4.5,
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3.5,
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3.0,
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'Discount Store',
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'4.5',
'Public Services & Government',
'Libraries',
'3.5',
'3.O',
'Flowers & Gifts',
'Embroidery & Crochet',
'Uniforms',
'Arts & Crafts',
'Gift Shops',
4.5,
'Parenting Classes',
'Maternity Wear',
'Specialty Schools',
'Laundry Services',
'Child Care & Day Care',
'5.0',
'3.0',
'2.5',
'Glass & Mirrors',
'Door Sales/Installation',
'5.0',
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'Pool & Hot Tub Service',
2.5,
'Tires',
'Auto Repair',
'0il Change Stations',
1.5,
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'Orthopedists',
'Spine Surgeons'
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'Cupcakes',
'3.0',
1.5,
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4.0,
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4.0',
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'Stadiums & Arenas',
'Professional Sports Teams',
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'Tattoo',
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'Video Game Stores',
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'Eyelash Service',
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'Nutritionists',
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'Windshield Installation & Repair',
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'Truck Rental',
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4.0,
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4.0,
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'5.0',
'3.0',
'Historical Tours',
'5.0',
'3.0',
'2.5',
4.0,
'Cheesesteaks',
4.0,
'Garage Door Services',
'5.0',
4.0,
'African',
'4.0',
'3.5',
3.0,
4.5,
'2.5',
'Florists',
4.0,
'University Housing',
'Property Management',
4.0,
'Furniture Assembly',
'Pool & Billiards',
'Furniture Repair',
'4. 5',
4.0',
'Party Equipment Rentals',
'4.0',
'2.0',
'3.5',
4.5,
'5.0',
3.5,
'5.0',
'Virtual Reality Centers',
'5.0',
'3.5',
4.0,
3.5,
2.5,
'Kebab',
'Turkish',
4.0,
3.5,
'Amusement Parks',
'Laser Tag',
'2.5',
'3.5',
'3.5',
'2.5',
'3.5',
4.0,
'5.0',
4.0,
4.0,
'Race Tracks',
'Mini Golf',
```

```
'Go Karts',
4.5,
'Preschools',
'Community Centers',
'Day Camps',
'Summer Camps',
'3.5',
'3.5',
4.5,
4.0',
4.5,
'Awnings',
'Patio Coverings',
'3.5',
'2.0',
'Paint & Sip',
'5.0',
'2.5',
4.5,
4.0',
4.5,
4.5,
'2.0',
'Signmaking',
'3.5',
4.0,
1.5,
'Guns & Ammo',
'3.5',
'4.5',
'Tea Rooms',
4.0,
'2.0',
4.0',
'Middle Eastern',
'Lebanese',
4.0,
4.5,
'Pilates',
'Barre Classes',
. . . ]
```

2、频繁模式与关联规则挖掘

使用orangecontrib.associate.fpgrowth包进行频繁模式挖掘。由于关联项集过小因此降低了置信度阈值。

```
In [27]: import orangecontrib.associate.fpgrowth as oaf
   items_thr = 0.05
   rules_thr = 0.05
   items = list(oaf.frequent_itemsets(transaction, items_thr))
   for i in items:
        print(i)
```

```
(frozenset({2}), 9351)
          (frozenset(8)), 21053)
          (frozenset({14}), 44676)
          (frozenset({15}), 23910)
          (frozenset({14, 15}), 13816)
          (frozenset({17}), 6186)
          (frozenset({17, 15}), 6186)
          (frozenset({24}), 5959)
          (frozenset({24, 14}), 5959)
          (frozenset({25}), 7623)
          (frozenset({25, 14}), 7623)
          (frozenset({38}), 7419)
          (frozenset({38, 14}), 7419)
          (frozenset({44}), 9821)
          (frozenset({53}), 8083)
          (frozenset({65}), 9882)
          (frozenset({65, 14}), 7713)
          (frozenset({67}), 10777)
          (frozenset({67, 14}), 8036)
          (frozenset({65, 67}), 9882)
          (frozenset({65, 67, 14}), 7713)
          (frozenset({87}), 6026)
          (frozenset({14, 87}), 6026)
          (frozenset({118}), 8137)
          (frozenset({122}), 12038)
          (frozenset({204}), 11760)
         items = list(oaf. frequent itemsets(transaction, items thr))
In [28]:
          rules = list(oaf.association rules(dict(items), rules thr))
          for i in rules:
              antecedent = []
              consequent = []
              for j in i[0]:
                  antecedent.append(id2str[j])
              for j in i[1]:
                  consequent. append (id2str[j])
              print (antecedent, "\rightarrow", consequent, i[2], round (i[3], 2))
          print(len(rules))
          ['4.0', 'Food'] -> ['Wine Bars'] 7713 0.96
          ['4.0'] -> ['Wine Bars', 'Food'] 7713 0.72
          ['Wine Bars', 'Food'] -> ['4.0'] 7713 1.0
          ['Food'] \rightarrow ['Wine Bars', '4.0'] 7713 0.17
          ['Wine Bars'] -> ['4.0', 'Food'] 7713 0.78
          ['Wine Bars', '4.0'] -> ['Food'] 7713 0.78
          ['Bubble Tea'] -> ['Food'] 13816 0.58
          ['Food'] -> ['Bubble Tea'] 13816 0.31
          ['Bubble Tea'] -> ['Bakeries'] 6186 0.26
          ['Bakeries'] -> ['Bubble Tea'] 6186 1.0
          ['Food'] -> ['Sandwiches'] 5959 0.13
          ['Sandwiches'] -> ['Food'] 5959 1.0
          ['Food'] -> ['Ice Cream & Frozen Yogurt'] 7623 0.17
          ['Ice Cream & Frozen Yogurt'] -> ['Food'] 7623 1.0
          ['Food'] -> ['Diners'] 7419 0.17
          ['Diners'] -> ['Food'] 7419 1.0
          ['Food'] -> ['Wine Bars'] 7713 0.17
          ['Wine Bars'] -> ['Food'] 7713 0.78
['Food'] -> ['4.0'] 8036 0.18
          ['4.0'] -> ['Food'] 8036 0.75
          ['4.0'] -> ['Wine Bars'] 9882 0.92
          ['Wine Bars'] -> ['4.0'] 9882 1.0
          ['Chicken Wings'] -> ['Food'] 6026 1.0
          ['Food'] -> ['Chicken Wings'] 6026 0.13
          24
```

3.关联规则的评价

使用Lift和Kulc两种评价指标评价关联规则。

```
measure = list(oaf.rules stats(oaf.association rules(dict(items), items thr), dict(o
In [29]:
          for i in measure:
              antecedent = []
              consequent = []
              for j in i[0]:
                  antecedent. append (id2str[j])
              for j in i[1]:
                  consequent. append(id2str[j])
              print(antecedent, "->", consequent, round(i[6], 2))
          ['4.0', 'Food'] -> ['Wine Bars'] 11.42
          ['4.0'] -> ['Wine Bars', 'Food'] 10.91
          ['Wine Bars', 'Food'] -> ['4.0'] 10.91
          ['Food'] -> ['Wine Bars', '4.0'] 2.05
['Wine Bars'] -> ['4.0', 'Food'] 11.42
          ['Wine Bars', '4.0'] -> ['Food'] 2.05
          ['Bubble Tea'] -> ['Food'] 1.52
          ['Food'] -> ['Bubble Tea'] 1.52
          ['Bubble Tea'] -> ['Bakeries'] 4.92
          ['Bakeries'] -> ['Bubble Tea'] 4.92
          ['Food'] -> ['Sandwiches'] 2.63
          ['Sandwiches'] -> ['Food'] 2.63
          ['Food'] -> ['Ice Cream & Frozen Yogurt'] 2.63
          ['Ice Cream & Frozen Yogurt'] -> ['Food'] 2.63
          ['Food'] -> ['Diners'] 2.63
          ['Diners'] -> ['Food'] 2.63
          ['Food'] -> ['Wine Bars'] 2.05
          ['Wine Bars'] -> ['Food'] 2.05
          ['Food'] -> ['4.0'] 1.96
          ['4.0'] -> ['Food'] 1.96
          ['4.0'] -> ['Wine Bars'] 10.91
          ['Wine Bars'] -> ['4.0'] 10.91
          ['Chicken Wings'] -> ['Food'] 2.63
          ['Food'] -> ['Chicken Wings'] 2.63
In [30]: # 计算Kulc
          ku1c = []
          visit = [False for i in range(len(rules))]
          for i in range(len(rules)):
              if visit[i] == True:
                  continue
              visit[i] = True
              for j in range(len(rules)):
                  if visit[j] == True:
                  if rules[j][0] == rules[i][1] and rules[j][1] == rules[i][0]:
                      one = []
                      antecedent = []
                      consequent = []
                      for k in rules[i][0]:
                          antecedent. append (id2str[k])
                      for k in rules[i][1]:
                          consequent. append (id2str[k])
                      one. append (rules[i][0])
                      one. append (rules[i][1])
                      one. append ((rules[i][3] + rules[j][3])/2)
                      kulc. append (one)
```

```
print('Kulc(', antecedent, consequent, ') = ', round((rules[i][3] + rule visit[j] = True

Kulc(['4.0', 'Food'] ['Wine Bars']) = 0.87
Kulc(['4.0'] ['Wine Bars', 'Food']) = 0.86
Kulc(['Food'] ['Wine Bars', '4.0']) = 0.48
Kulc(['Bubble Tea'] ['Food']) = 0.44
Kulc(['Bubble Tea'] ['Bakeries']) = 0.63
Kulc(['Food'] ['Sandwiches']) = 0.57
Kulc(['Food'] ['Ice Cream & Frozen Yogurt']) = 0.59
Kulc(['Food'] ['Wine Bars']) = 0.48
Kulc(['Food'] ['Wine Bars']) = 0.48
Kulc(['Food'] ['Wine Bars']) = 0.96
Kulc(['A.0'] ['Wine Bars']) = 0.96
Kulc(['Chicken Wings'] ['Food']) = 0.57
```

所有的24条关联规则中,lift值均大于1。

在所有计算出的关联规则的Kulc值中,以下三个Kulc值较大:

Kulc(['4.0']['Wine Bars']) = 0.96

Kulc(['4.0', 'Food']['Wine Bars']) = 0.87

Kulc(['4.0'] ['Wine Bars', 'Food']) = 0.86

因此可以得到以下结论:

Wine Bars 通常提供食物且评星在4星

在关联规则中,以下几条的置信度很高,达到了1.0:

['Wine Bars', 'Food'] -> ['4.0'] 7713 1.0

['Bakeries'] -> ['Bubble Tea'] 6186 1.0

['Sandwiches'] -> ['Food'] 5959 1.0

['Diners'] -> ['Food'] 7419 1.0

['Wine Bars'] -> ['4.0'] 9882 1.0

['Chicken Wings'] -> ['Food'] 6026 1.0

5.可视化展示

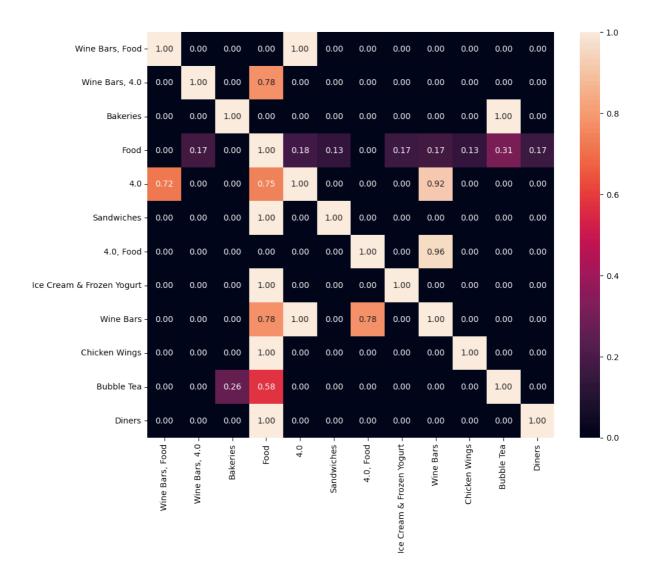
绘制关联规则的置信度、Lift和Kulc相关性热图

横纵坐标是关联规则中包含的项,热图中每个点的数据是两项的置信度、Lift值或Kulc值

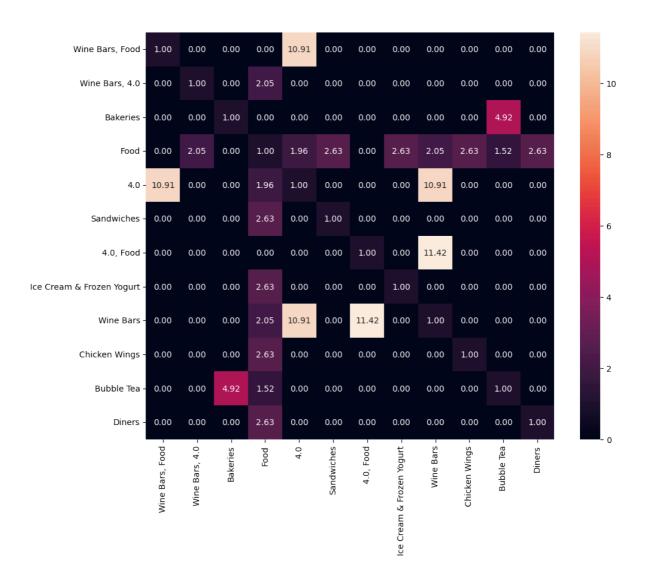
```
In [32]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns

# 利用置信度绘制热图 conf_matrix = []
```

```
rules_column = set()
for i in range(len(measure)):
    rules_column. add(measure[i][0])
# 计算置信度矩阵
for i in rules column:
    one = []
    for j in rules_column:
        if i == j:
           one. append (1)
        else:
            flag = False
            for k in range(len(rules)):
                if rules[k][0] == i and rules[k][1] == j:
                    one. append (rules [k][3])
                    flag = True
            if flag == False:
                one. append (0)
    conf_matrix.append(one)
# 改columns名字
rules column list = []
for i in rules_column:
   one = ""
    for j in range(len(i)):
       one += id2str[j]
        if j < len(i) - 1:
           one += ", "
    rules_column_list.append(one)
# 绘制热图的数据
rules_column = list(rules_column)
rules column list = []
for i in rules column:
    one = ""
    for j in range(len(i)):
        one += id2str[list(i)[j]]
       if j < len(i) - 1:
one += ", "
    rules_column_list.append(one)
conf_pd = pd. DataFrame(conf_matrix, columns = rules_column_list, index = rules_colum
plt. figure (figsize=(11, 9), dpi=100)
sns.heatmap(data = conf_pd, annot = True, fmt = ".2f")
plt. show()
```



```
In [33]: # 使用Lift值绘制热图
          # 计算lift矩阵
          lift matrix = []
          for i in rules_column:
              one = []
              for j in rules column:
                  if i == j:
                      one. append (1)
                  else:
                      flag = False
                      for k in range(len(measure)):
                          if measure[k][0] == i and measure[k][1] == j:
                              one. append (measure[k][6])
                              flag = True
                      if flag == False:
                          one. append (0)
              lift matrix. append (one)
          lift_pd = pd. DataFrame(lift_matrix, columns = rules_column_list, index = rules_column
          plt. figure (figsize= (11, 9), dpi=100)
          sns. heatmap(data = lift_pd, annot = True, fmt = ".2f")
          plt. show()
```



```
# 使用Kulc值绘制热图
In [34]:
         kulc_matrix = []
          # 计算kulc矩阵
          for i in rules_column:
             one = []
             for j in rules_column:
                  if i == j:
                     one. append (1)
                 else:
                     flag = False
                     for k in range(len(kulc)):
                          if kulc[k][0] == i and kulc[k][1] == j:
                             one. append (kulc[k][2])
                             flag = True
                     if flag == False:
                         one. append (0)
             kulc_matrix.append(one)
         kulc_pd = pd. DataFrame(kulc_matrix, columns = rules_column_list, index = rules_column
          plt.figure(figsize=(11, 9),dpi=100)
          sns. heatmap(data = kulc_pd, annot = True, fmt = ".2f")
          plt. show()
```