

## Introducing JSON

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## ECMA-404 The JSON Data Interchange Standard.

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is a lightweight data-interchange format. It is easy for humans to read and write. It is easy for machines to parse and generate. It is based on a subset of the JavaScript Programming Language, Standard ECMA-262 3rd Edition - December 1999. JSON is a text format that is completely language independent but uses conventions that are familiar to programmers of the C-family of languages, including C, C++, C#, Java, JavaScript, Perl, Python, and many others. These properties make JSON an ideal data-interchange language.

## JSON is built on two structures:

- A collection of name/value pairs. In various languages, this is realized as an *object*, record, struct, dictionary, hash table, keyed list, or associative array.
- An ordered list of values. In most languages, this is realized as an *array*, vector, list, or sequence.

These are universal data structures. Virtually all modern programming languages support them in one form or another. It makes sense that a data format that is interchangeable with programming languages also be based on these structures.

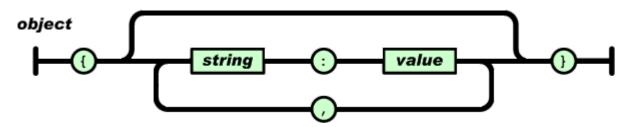
In JSON, they take on these forms:

An *object* is an unordered set of name/value pairs. An object begins with { (left brace) and ends with } (right brace). Each name is followed by : (colon) and the name/value pairs are separated by , (comma).

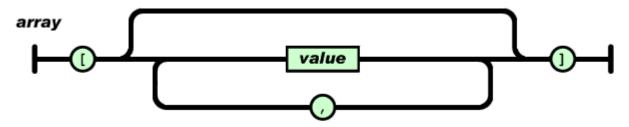
```
object
     { members }
members
     pair
     pair, members
pair
     string : value
array
     [ elements ]
elements
     value
     value, elements
value
     string
     number
     object
     array
     true
     false
     nu11
string
     " chars"
chars
     char
     char chars
char
     any-Unicode-character-
       except-"-or-\-or-
       control-character
     \u four-hex-digits
number
     int
     int frac
     int exp
     int frac exp
```

http://www.json.org/

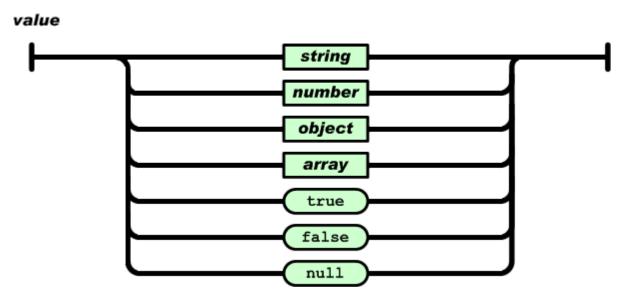
```
int
     digit
     digit1-9 digits
     - digit
     - digit1-9 digits
frac
      . digits
exp
      e digits
digits
      digit
      digit digits
e
     e+
     Е
     E+
```



An *array* is an ordered collection of values. An array begins with [ (left bracket) and ends with ] (right bracket). Values are separated by , (comma).

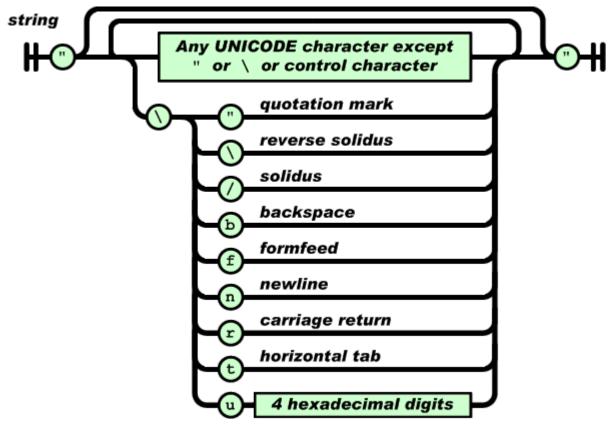


A *value* can be a *string* in double quotes, or a *number*, or true or false or null, or an *object* or an *array*. These structures can be nested.

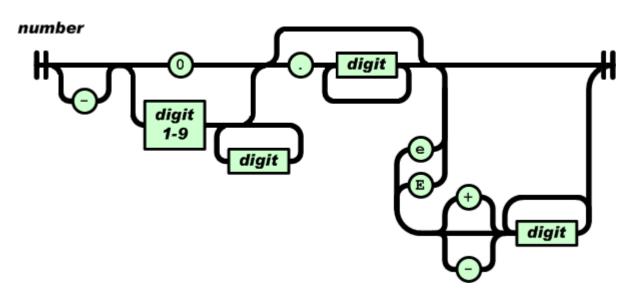


A *string* is a sequence of zero or more Unicode characters, wrapped in double quotes, using backslash escapes. A character is represented as a single character string. A string is very much like a C or Java string.

http://www.json.org/



A *number* is very much like a C or Java number, except that the octal and hexadecimal formats are not used.



Whitespace can be inserted between any pair of tokens. Excepting a few encoding details, that completely describes the language.

- 8th:
  - json>.
- ABAP:
  - EPO Connector.
- ActionScript:
  - ActionScript3.
- Ada:
  - GNATCOLL.JSON.
- AdvPL:
  - JSON-ADVPL.
- ASP:
  - JSON for ASP.
  - JSON ASP utility class.
- AWK:
  - JSON.awk.
  - rhawk.
- Bash:
  - Jshon.
  - JSON.sh.

- Cobol:
  - XML Thunder.
  - Redvers COBOL JSON Interface.
- ColdFusion:
  - SerializeJSON.
  - toJSON.
- D:
  - Libdjson.
- Dart:
  - json library.
- Delphi:
  - Delphi Web Utils.
  - JSON Delphi Library.
- E:
- JSON in TermL.
- Fantom:
  - Json.
- FileMaker:

- BlitzMax:
  - bmx-rjson.
- C:
- JSON\_checker.
- YAJL.
- LibU.
- json-c.
- json-parser.
- jsonsl.
- WJElement.
- M's JSON parser.
- cJSON.
- Jansson.
- jsmn.
- parson.
- ujson4c.
- nxjson.
- frozen.
- microjson.
- C++:
  - JSONKit.
  - jsonme--.
  - ThorsSerializer.
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  - jvar.
  - rapidjson.
  - JSON for Modern C++.
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  - JSON library for IoT.
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  - JsonWax for Qt.
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  - FastJsonParser.
  - LightJson.
- Ciao:
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- Clojure:
  - data.json.

- JSON.
- Fortran:
  - json-fortran.
  - YAJL-Fort.
- Go:
  - package json.
- Groovy:
  - groovy-io.
- Haskell:
  - RJson package.
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- Java:
  - JSON-java.
  - JSONUtil.
  - jsonp.
  - Json-lib.
  - Stringtree.
  - SOJO.
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  - json-io.
  - JsonMarshaller.
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- JavaScript:
  - JSON.
  - json2.js.
  - clarinet.
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- LabVIEW:
  - flatten.
- Lisp:
  - Common Lisp JSON.
  - Emacs Lisp.
- LiveCode:
  - mergJSON.
- LotusScript:
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- LPC:
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- Lua:
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- M:
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- PascalScript:
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- Perl:
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- Photoshop:
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- PHP:
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- Puredata:
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- Python:
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- R:
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