Name:
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(1) How many possible tag sequences can the sentence below have? Show your work. *The dog ate his homework.* 

Possible tags:

```
the – DT, NN
dog – DT, NN, V
ate – NN, V
his – PRO
homework – NN, V, NNS
```

**Answer:** 2\*3\*2\*1\*3

(2) **HMM taggers**: For the sentence "Karlsson lives on the roof" and the tag sequence "NN VB IN DT NN", what is the probability assigned to the sentence and the tag sequence by a trigram POS tagger? Note: assume START and STOP symbols.

**Answer**: p(``Karlsson lives on the roof', ``NN VB IN DT NN'')= p(NN|START)\*p(VB|START NN)\*p(IN|NN VB)\*p(DT|VB IN)\*p(NN|IN DT)\*p(STOP|DT NN)\* p(Karlsson|NN)\*p(lives|VB)\*p(on|IN)\*p(the|DT)\*p(roof|NN)

(3) Exercise 8.1 (Jurafsky and Martin, Chapter 8, p. 25).

## Answer:

- 1. Atlanta NNP
- 2. dinner NN
- 3. have VBP
- 4. can MD
- **(4) Exercise 3**.2 (Jurafsky and Martin Chapter 3, p. 25). Also calculate the perplexity of the given sentence under each model.

Answer (see pp, 5 and 6 in the chapter for relevant unigram and bigram counts): Unsmoothed bigram model:

```
p(i want chinese food) 
=p(i|<s>)*p(want|i)*p(chinese|want)*p(food|chinese)*p(</s>|food) 
=0.25*0.33*0.0065*0.52*0.68 
=.000189
```

## **Bigram model with Add-one smoothing**

```
Note: count(<s>,i) can be found from unsmoothed MLE probabilities: 0.25*count(<s>)=0.25*9332=2333  
Similarly for count(food,</s>)=count(food)*0.68=1093*0.68=743  
|V|=1446  
p(i|<s>)=(count(<s>,i)+1)/((count(<s>)+1446)=(2333+1)/(9332+1446)=0.22  
p(</s>|food)=(count(food, </s>)+1)/((count(food)+1446)=(743+1)/(1093+1446)=0.29
```

p(i want chinese food) =0.22\*0.21\*0.0029\*0.052\*0.29 =0.000002

## **Perplexities:**

Unsmoothed bigram model:

 $l = [math.log(0.25,2) + math.log(0.33,2) + math.log(0.0065,2) + math.log(0.52,2) + math.log(0.68,2)]/5 \\ ppl = math.pow(2,-1) = 5.552$ 

Bigram model with Add-one smoothing:

 $= [math.log(0.22,2) + math.log(0.21,2) + math.log(0.0029,2) + math.log(0.052,2) + math.log(0.29,2)]/5 \\ ppl = math.pow(2,-l) = 13.77$