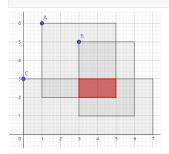
矩形相交的面积

题目描述:

在坐标系中,给定3个矩形,求相交区域的面积。



输入描述:

3 行输入分别为 3 个矩形的位置,分别代表

'左上角×坐标','左上角y坐标','矩形宽','矩形高'

-1000 <= x,y < 1000

输出描述:

输出 3 个矩形相交的面积,不相交的输出 O

示例 1

输入:

1 6 4 4

3 5 3 4

0 3 7 3

输出:

2

说明:

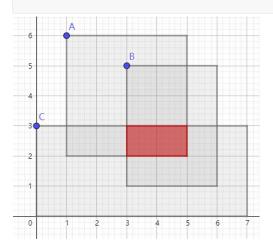
给定3个矩形A,B,C

A: 左上角坐标(1,6), 宽 4, 高 4

B: 左上角坐标(3,5),宽3,高4

C: 左上角坐标(O, 3), 宽 7, 高 3

3个矩形的相交面积为2,如图所示



#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

struct marray {

int x, y;

int 1, h;

};

bool solve(marray& a, marray& b) {

$$if (a.x > b.x && b.x + b.l > a.x) {$$

$$t_x = a.x;$$

if
$$(b.x + b.1 < a.x + a.1)$$

$$t_{l} = b.x + b.l - a.x;$$

else

 $t_h = a.h < b.h$? a.h : b.h;

 $a.x = t_x$, $a.y = t_y$, $a.l = t_l$, $a.h = t_h$;

```
return true;
    }
} else if (a.x < b.x && a.x + a.l > b.x) {
    t_x = b.x;
    if (a.x + a.l < b.x + b.l)
        t_l = a.x + a.l - b.x;
    else
        t_{-}l = b.l;
    if (b.y > a.y && b.y - b.h < a.y) {
        t_y = a.y;
         if (b.y - b.h > a.y - a.h)
             t_h = a.y - (b.y - b.h);
         else
             t_h = a.h;
         a.x = t_x, a.y = t_y, a.l = t_l, a.h = t_h;
         return true;
```

$$t_h = b.h;$$

```
a.x = t_x, a.y = t_y, a.l = t_l, a.h = t_h;
        return true;
    t_y = a.y;
        t_h = a.h < b.h? a.h : b.h;
        a.x = t_x, a.y = t_y, a.l = t_l, a.h = t_h;
        return true;
    }
} else if (a.x == b.x) {
    t_x = a.x;
    t_{-}l = a.l < b.l ? a.l : b.l;
    if (a.y > b.y && a.y - a.h < b.y) {
        t_y = b.y;
        if (a.y - a.h > b.y - b.h)
            t_h = b.y - (a.y - a.h);
        else
            t_h = b.h;
        a.x = t_x, a.y = t_y, a.l = t_l, a.h = t_h;
        return true;
    } else if (a.y < b.y && b.y - b.h < a.y) {
        t_y = a.y;
        if (b.y - b.h > a.y - a.h)
```

```
t_h = a.y - (b.y - b.h);
             else
                 t_h = a.h;
             a.x = t_x, a.y = t_y, a.l = t_l, a.h = t_h;
             return true;
        } else if (a.y == b.y) {
            t_y = a.y;
            t_h = a.h < b.h? a.h : b.h;
            a.x = t_x, a.y = t_y, a.l = t_l, a.h = t_h;
             return true;
        }
    3
    return false;
int main() {
    marray a, b, c;
    cin >> a.x >> a.y >> a.l >> a.h;
    cin >> b.x >> b.y >> b.l >> b.h;
    cin >> c.x >> c.y >> c.l >> c.h;
    if (solve(a, b)) {
        if (solve(a, c)) {
```

}

```
cout << a.l* a.h << endl;
} else {
      cout << '0' << endl;
}
else {
      cout << '0' << endl;
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```