

1. Consider the following code segment.

```
String oldStr = "ABCDEF";
String newStr = oldStr.substring(1, 3) + oldStr.substring(4);
System.out.println(newStr);
```

What is printed as a result of executing the code segment?

- (A) ABCD
- (B) BCDE
- (C) BCEF
- (D) BCDEF
- (E) ABCDEF

AP Computer Science A



2. Consider the following class.

```
public class SomeMethods
{
  public void one(int first)
  { / * implementation not shown * / }
  public void one(int first, int second)
  { / * implementation not shown * / }
  public void one(int first, String second)
  { / * implementation not shown * / }
}
```

Which of the following methods can be added to the SomeMethods class without causing a compile-time error?

```
I. public void one(int value)
{ / * implementation not shown * / }
```

II. public void one (String first, int second)

```
{ / * implementation not shown * / }
```

III. public void one (int first, int second, int third)

```
{ / * implementation not shown * / }
```

- (A) I only
- (B) I and II only
- (C) I and III only
- (D) II and III only
- (E) I, II, and III



3. Consider the following methods, which appear in the same class.

```
public void slope(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
{
    int xChange = x2 - x1;
    int yChange = y2 - y1;
    printFraction(yChange, xChange);
}

public void printFraction(int numerator, int denominator)
{
    System.out.print(numerator + "/" + denominator);
}
```

Assume that the method call slope(1, 2, 5, 10) appears in a method in the same class. What is printed as a result of the method call?

- (A) 8/4
- (B) 5/1
- (C) 4/8
- (D) 2/1
- (E) 1/5
- Consider the following method, which is intended to calculate and return the expression $\sqrt{\frac{(x+y)^2}{|a-b|}}$.

```
public double calculate(double x, double y, double a, double b)
{
    return /* missing code */;
}
```

Which of the following can replace /* missing code */ so that the method works as intended?

- (A) Math.sqrt($x ^2$, $y ^2$, a b)
- (B) $Math.sqrt((x + y) ^ 2) / Math.abs(a, b)$
- (C) Math.sqrt($(x + y) ^ 2 / Math.abs(a b)$)
- (D) Math.sqrt(Math.pow(x + y, 2) / Math.abs(a, b))
- (E) Math.sqrt (Math.pow(x + y, 2) / Math.abs(a b))



5. Consider the following method.

```
public double myMethod(int a, boolean b)
{  /* implementation not shown */ }
```

Which of the following lines of code, if located in a method in the same class as myMethod, will compile without error?

- (A) int result = myMethod(2, false);
- (B) int result = myMethod(2.5, true);

```
(C) double result = myMethod(0, false);
```

- (D) double result = myMethod(true, 10);
- (E) double result = myMethod(2.5, true);
- **6.** Consider the following code segment.

What is printed when the code segment is executed?

- (A) comp
- (B) comp
- (C) comp com co c
- (D) comp omp mp p
- (E) comp comp comp comp
- 7. Consider the following code segment.

```
String str = "CompSci";
System.out.println(str.substring(0, 3));
int num = str.length();
```

What is the value of num when the code segment is executed?

- (A) 3
- (B) 4
- (C) 5
- (D) 6
- (E) 7



8. Consider the following code segment.

```
String str = "0";
str += str + 0 + 8;
System.out.println(str);
```

What is printed as a result of executing the code segment?

- (A) 8
- **(B)** 08
- (C) 008
- (D) 0008
- (E) Nothing is printed, because numerical values cannot be added to a String object.
- **9.** Consider the following code segment.

```
int one = 1;
int two = 2;
String zee = "Z";
System.out.println(one + two + zee);
```

What is printed as a result of executing the code segment?

- (A) 12Z
- **(B)** 3Z
- (C) 12zee
- (D) 3zee
- (E) onetwozee
- 10. Consider the following method, which is intended to return true if at least one of the three strings s1, s2, or s3 contains the substring "art". Otherwise, the method should return false.

```
public static boolean containsArt(String s1, String s2, String s3)
{
   String all = s1 + s2 + s3;
   return (all.indexOf("art") != -1);
}
```

Which of the following method calls demonstrates that the method does not work as intended?



```
(A) containsArt ("rattrap", "similar", "today")
```

- (B) containsArt ("start", "article", "Bart")
- (C) containsArt ("harm", "chortle", "crowbar")
- (D) containsArt ("matriculate", "carat", "arbitrary")
- (E) containsArt ("darkroom", "cartoon", "articulate")
- 11. The Student class has been defined to store and manipulate grades for an individual student. The following methods have been defined for the class.

```
/* Returns the sum of all of the student's grades */
public double sumOfGrades()
{    /* implementation not shown */ }

/* Returns the total number of grades the student has received */
public int numberOfGrades()
{    /* implementation not shown */ }

/* Returns the lowest grade the student has received */
public double lowestGrade()
{    /* implementation not shown */ }
```

Which of the following statements, if located in a method in the Student class, will determine the average of all of the student's grades except for the lowest grade and store the result in the double variable newAverage?

```
(A) newAverage = sumOfGrades() / numberOfGrades() - 1;
```

- (B) newAverage = sumOfGrades() / (numberOfGrades() 1);
- (C) newAverage = sumOfGrades() lowestGrade() / (numberOfGrades() 1);
- (D) newAverage = (sumOfGrades() lowestGrade()) / numberOfGrades() 1;
- (E) newAverage = (sumOfGrades() lowestGrade()) / (numberOfGrades() 1);
- **12.** Consider the following method.

```
public void doSomething()
{
        System.out.println("Something has been done");
}
```

Each of the following statements appears in a method in the same class as doSomething. Which of the following statements are valid uses of the method doSomething?

```
I. doSomething();
II. String output = doSomething();
```

III. System.out.println(doSomething());



- (A) I only
- (B) II only
- (C) I and II only
- (D) I and III only
- (E) I, II, and III
- 13. Consider the following code segment.

```
double d1 = 10.0;
Double d2 = 20.0;
Double d3 = new Double(30.0);
double d4 = new Double(40.0);
System.out.println(d1 + d2 + d3.doubleValue() + d4);
```

What, if anything, is printed when the code segment is executed?

- (A) 100.0
- (B) 10.050.040.0
- (C) 10.020.070.0
- (D) 10.020.030.040.0
- (E) There is no output due to a compilation error.



14. Consider the following class definition.

```
public class ExamScore
{
    private String studentId;
    private double score;
    public ExamScore(String sid, double s)
    {
        studentId = sid;
        score = s;
    }
    public double getScore()
    {
        return score;
    }
    public void bonus(int b)
    {
        score += score * b/100.0;
    }
}
```

Assume that the following code segment appears in a class other than ExamScore.

```
ExamScore es = new ExamScore("12345", 80.0);
es.bonus(5);
System.out.println(es.getScore());
```

What is printed as a result of executing the code segment?

- (A) 4.0
- **(B)** 5.0
- (C) 80.0
- (D) 84.0
- (E) 85.0



15. Consider the following methods, which appear in the same class.

```
public int function1(int i, int j)
{
    return i + j;
}

public int function2(int i, int j)
{
    return j - i;
}
```

Which of the following statements, if located in a method in the same class, will initialize the variable x to 11?

```
(A) int x = function2(4, 5) + function1(1, 3);
```

```
(B) int x = function1(4, 5) + function2(1, 3);
```

- (C) int x = function1(4, 5) + function2(3, 1);
- (D) int x = function1(3, 1) + function2(4, 5);
- (E) int x = function2(3, 1) + function1(4, 5);



16. Consider the following class declaration.

```
public class GameClass
{
    private int numPlayers;
    private boolean gameOver;

public Game()
    {
        numPlayers = 1;
        gameOver = false;
    }

    public void addPlayer()
    {
        numPlayers++;
    }

    public void endGame()
    {
        gameOver = true;
    }
}
```

Assume that the GameClass object game has been properly declared and initialized in a method in a class other than GameClass. Which of the following statements are valid?

```
I. game.numPlayers++;
II. game.addPlayer();
III. game.gameOver();
IV. game.endGame();
```

- (A) IV only
- (B) I and III only
- (C) I and IV only
- (D) II and IV only
- (E) II, III, and IV only

17. A pair of number cubes is used in a game of chance. Each number cube has six sides, numbered from 1 to 6, inclusive, and there is an equal probability for each of the numbers to appear on the top side (indicating the cube's value) when the number cube is rolled. The following incomplete statement appears in a program that computes the sum of the values produced by rolling two number cubes.

```
int sum = / * missing code * / ;
```

Which of the following replacements for /* missing code */ would best simulate the value produced as a result of rolling two number cubes?



- (A) 2 * (int) (Math.random() * 6)
- (B) 2 * (int) (Math.random() * 7)
- (C) (int) (Math.random() * 6) + (int) (Math.random() * 6)
- (D) (int) (Math.random() * 13)
- (E) 2 + (int) (Math.random() * 6) + (int) (Math.random() * 6)



The f	following	<i>questions</i>	refer to	the cod	e from	the C	GridWorld	case study	v. A co	pv of	the co	de is	provided	below.

Appendix B — Testable API

info.gridworld.grid.Location class (implements Comparable)

public Location(int r, int c)

constructs a location with given row and column coordinates

public int getRow()

returns the row of this location

public int getCol()

returns the column of this location

public Location getAdjacentLocation(int direction)

returns the adjacent location in the direction that is closest to direction

public int getDirectionToward(Location target)

returns the closest compass direction from this location toward target

public boolean equals(Object other)

returns true if other is a Location with the same row and column as this location; false otherwise



public int hashCode()

returns a hash code for this location

public int compareTo(Object other)

returns a negative integer if this location is less than other, zero if the two locations are equal, or a positive integer if this location is greater than other. Locations are ordered in row-major order.

Precondition: other is a Location object.

public String toString()

returns a string with the row and column of this location, in the format (row, col)

```
Compass directions:
```

public static final int NORTH = 0;

public static final int EAST = 90;

public static final int SOUTH = 180;

public static final int WEST = 270;

public static final int NORTHEAST = 45;

public static final int SOUTHEAST = 135;

public static final int SOUTHWEST = 225;

public static final int NORTHWEST = 315;

Turn angles:

public static final int LEFT = -90;

public static final int RIGHT = 90;



```
public static final int HALF_LEFT = -45;

public static final int HALF_RIGHT = 45;

public static final int FULL_CIRCLE = 360;

public static final int HALF_CIRCLE = 180;

public static final int AHEAD = 0;
```

info.gridworld.grid<E> interface

int getNumRows()

returns the number of rows, or -1 if this grid is unbounded

int getNumCols()

returns the number of columns, or -1 if this grid is unbounded

boolean isValid(Location loc)

returns true if loc is valid in this grid, false otherwise

Precondition: loc is not null

E put(Location loc, E obj)

puts obj at location loc in this grid and returns the object previously at that location (or null if the location was previously unoccupied).

Precondition: (1) loc is valid in this grid (2) obj is not null

E remove(Location loc)



removes the object at location loc from this grid and returns the object that was removed (or null if the location is unoccupied)

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

E get(Location loc)

returns the object at location loc (or null if the location is unoccupied)

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedLocations()

returns an array list of all occupied locations in this grid

ArrayList<Location> getValidAdjacentLocations(Location loc)

returns an array list of the valid locations adjacent to loc in this grid

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

ArrayList<Location> getEmptyAdjacentLocations(Location loc)

returns an array list of the valid empty locations adjacent to loc in this grid

Precondition: loc is valid in this grid

ArrayList<Location> getOccupiedAdjacentLocations(Location loc)



returns an array list of the valid occupied locations adjacent to loc in this grid Precondition: loc is valid in this grid ArrayList<E> getNeighbors(Location loc) returns an array list of the objects in the occupied locations adjacent to loc in this grid Precondition: loc is valid in this grid info.gridworld.actor.Actor class public Actor() constructs a blue actor that is facing north public Color getColor() returns the color of this actor public void setColor(Color newColor) sets the color of this actor to newColor public int getDirection() returns the direction of this actor, an angle between 0 and 359 degrees

public void setDirection(int newDirection)



sets the direction of this actor to the angle between 0 and 359 degrees that is equivalent to newDirection

public Grid<Actor> getGrid()

returns the grid of this actor, or null if this actor is not contained in a grid

public Location getLocation()

returns the location of this actor, or null if this actor is not contained in a grid

public void putSelfInGrid(Grid<Actor> gr, Location loc)

puts this actor into location loc of grid gr. If there is another actor at loc, it is removed.

Precondition: (1) This actor is not contained in a grid (2) loc is valid in gr

public void removeSelfFromGrid()

removes this actor from its grid.

Precondition: this actor is contained in a grid

public void moveTo(Location newLocation)

moves this actor to newLocation. If there is another actor at newLocation, it is removed.

Precondition: (1) This actor is contained in a grid (2) newLocation is valid in the grid of this actor

public void act()

reverses the direction of this actor. Override this method in subclasses of Actor to define types of actors with different



behavior public String toString() returns a string with the location, direction, and color of this actor info.gridworld.actor.Rock class (extends Actor) public Rock() constructs a black rock public Rock(Color rockColor) constructs a rock with color rockColor public void act() overrides the act method in the Actor class to do nothing info.gridworld.actor.Flower class (extends Actor) public Flower() constructs a pink flower public Flower(Color initialColor)



}

constructs a flower with color initialColor

public void act()

causes the color of this flower to darken

18. Consider the following method that is intended to move the parameter anActor to a different grid that is referred to by the parameter newGrid. The location of anActor in newGrid should be the same as the location that anActor had occupied in its original grid.

```
/** Moves anActor to newGrid in the same location it occupied in its original grid.

* @param anActor the actor to be moved

* @param newGrid the grid in which the actor is to be placed

*/

public void moveActorToNewGrid(Actor anActor, Grid<Actor> newGrid)

{

Grid<Actor> oldGrid = anActor.getGrid();

Location loc = anActor.getLocation();

/* missing code */
```

Which of the following can be used to replace /* missing code */ so that moveActorToNewGrid will work as intended?



- (A) anActor.putSelfInGrid(newGrid, loc); anActor.removeSelfFromGrid();
- (B) oldGrid.remove(loc); anActor.putSelfInGrid(newGrid, loc);
- (C) anActor.removeSelfFromGrid(); anActor.putSelfInGrid(newGrid, loc);
- (D) oldGrid.remove(loc); newGrid.put(anActor, loc);
- (E) newGrid.put(anActor, loc); oldGrid.remove(loc);
- **19.** Consider the following class declaration.

```
public class Student
{
  private String myName;
  private int myAge;

  public Student()
  { /* implementation not shown */ }

  public Student(String name, int age)
  { /* implementation not shown */ }

  // No other constructors
}
```

Which of the following declarations will compile without error?

- I. Student a = new Student();
- II. Student b = new Student("Juan", 15);
- III. Student c = new Student("Juan", "15");
- (A) I only
- (B) II only
- (C) I and II only
- (D) I and III only
- (E) I, II, and III



20. Consider the following class definition.

```
public class Bird
{
    private String species;
    private String color;
    private boolean canFly;
    public Bird(String str, String col, boolean cf)
    {
        species = str;
        color = col;
        canFly = cf;
    }
}
```

Which of the following constructors, if added to the Bird class, will cause a compilation error?

```
public Bird()
         species = "unknown";
(A)
         color = "unknown";
         canFly = false;
    }
    public Bird(boolean cf)
         species = "unknown";
(B)
         color = "unknown";
         canFly = cf;
    }
    public Bird(String col, String str)
         species = str;
(C)
         color = col;
         canFly = false;
    }
    public Bird(boolean cf, String str, String col)
         species = str;
(D)
         color = col;
         canFly = cf;
    }
    public Bird(String col, String str, boolean cf)
         species = str;
(E)
         color = col;
         canFly = cf;
    }
```



21. A student has created a Car class. The class contains variables to represent the following.

A String variable called color to represent the color of the car An int variable called year to represent the year the car was made A String variable called make to represent the manufacturer of the car A String variable called model to represent the model of the car

The object vehicle will be declared as type Car.

Which of the following descriptions is accurate?

- (A) An instance of the vehicle class is Car.
- (B) An instance of the Car object is vehicle.
- (C) An attribute of the year object is int.
- (D) An attribute of the vehicle object is color.
- (E) An attribute of the Car instance is vehicle.
- **22.** Consider the code segment below.

What, if anything, is printed when the code segment is executed?

- (A) It is trueclaima but falseclaimb.
- (B) It is trueclaim1998 but falseclaim1990.
- (C) It is true that the world's athletes competed in Olympic Games in a but false that the world's athletes competed in Olympic Games in b.
- It is true that the world's athletes competed in Olympic Games in (D) 1988 but false that the world's athletes competed in Olympic Games in 1990.
- (E) Nothing is printed because the code segment does not compile.



23. A student has created an OrderedPair class to represent points on an xy-plane. The class contains the following.

```
An int variable called x to represent an x-coordinate.

An int variable called y to represent a y-coordinate.

A method called printXY that will print the values of x and y.
```

The object origin will be declared as type OrderedPair.

Which of the following descriptions is accurate?

- (A) origin is an instance of the printXY method.
- (B) origin is an instance of the OrderedPair class.
- (C) origin is an instance of two int objects.
- (D) OrderedPair is an instance of the origin object.
- (E) printXY is an instance of the OrderedPair class.
- **24.** Consider the following class declaration.

```
public class Person
{
  private String myName;
  private int myYearOfBirth;

public Person(String name, int yearOfBirth)
{
    myName = name;
    myYearOfBirth = yearOfBirth;
}

public String getName()
{    return myName; }

public void setName(String name)
{    myName = name; }

// There may be instance variables, constructors, and methods that are not shown.}
```

Assume that the following declaration has been made.

Person student = new Person ("Thomas", 1995);

Which of the following statements is the most appropriate for changing the name of student from "Thomas" to "Tom"?

- (A) student = new Person ("Tom", 1995);
- (B) student.myName = "Tom";
- (C) student.getName ("Tom");
- (D) student.setName ("Tom");
- (E) Person.setName ("Tom");



25. Consider the following Point2D class.

```
public class Point2D
{
    private double xCoord;
    private double yCoord;

    public Point2D(double x, double y)
    {
        xCoord = x;
        yCoord = y;
    }
}
```

Which of the following code segments, appearing in a class other than Point2D, will correctly create an instance of a Point2D object?

```
(A) Point2D p = (3.0, 4.0);
(B) Point2D p = Point2D(3.0, 4.0);
(C) new p = Point2D(3.0, 4.0);
(D) new Point2D = p(3.0, 4.0);
```

```
(E) Point2D p = new Point2D(3.0, 4.0); \checkmark
```

26. Consider the following methods, which appear in the same class.

```
public void printSum(int x, double y)
{
        System.out.println(x + y);
}

public void printProduct(double x, int y)
{
        System.out.println(x * y);
}
```

Consider the following code segment, which appears in a method in the same class as printSum and printProduct.

```
int num1 = 5;
double num2 = 10.0;
printSum(num1, num2);
printProduct(num1, num2);
```

What, if anything, is printed as a result of executing the code segment?



- (A) $\frac{15}{50}$
- (B) $\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 50.0 \end{array}$
- (C) $\begin{array}{c} 15.0 \\ 50 \end{array}$
- (D) $\begin{array}{c} 15.0 \\ 50.0 \end{array}$
- (E) Nothing is printed because the code does not compile.
- 27. Consider the processWords method. Assume that each of its two parameters is a String of length two or more.

```
public void processWords(String word1, String word2)
{
    String str1 = word1.substring(0, 2);
    String str2 = word2.substring(word2.length() - 1);
    String result = str2 + str1;
    System.out.println(result.indexOf(str2));
}
```

Which of the following best describes the value printed when processWords is called?

- (A) The value 0 is always printed.
- (B) The value 1 is always printed.
- (C) The value result.length() 1 is printed.
- (D) A substring containing the last character of word2 is printed.
- (E) A substring containing the last two characters of word2 is printed.
- **28.** Consider the following method.

```
public double puzzle(int x)
{
    Double y = x / 2.0;
    y /= 2;
    return y.doubleValue();
}
```

Assume that the method call puzzle(3) appears in a method in the same class as puzzle. What value is returned as a result of the method call?



- (A) 0.0
- (B) 0.5
- (C) 0.75
- (D) 1.0
- (E) 1.5
- 29. Which of the following statements assigns a random integer between 25 and 60, inclusive, to rn?
 - (A) int rn = (int) (Math.random() * 25) + 36;
 - (B) int rn = (int) (Math.random() * 25) + 60;
 - (C) int rn = (int) (Math.random() * 26) + 60;
 - (D) int rn = (int) (Math.random() * 36) + 25;
 - (E) int rn = (int) (Math.random() * 60) + 25;
- **30.** Which of the following statements assigns a random integer between 1 and 10, inclusive, to rn?
 - (A) int rn = (int) (Math.random()) * 10;
 - (B) int rn = (int) (Math.random()) * 10 + 1;
 - (C) int rn = (int) (Math.random() * 10);
 - (D) int rn = (int) (Math.random() * 10) + 1;
 - (E) int rn = (int) (Math.random() + 1) * 10;
- 31. Consider the following code segment, which is intended to assign to num a random integer value between min and max, inclusive. Assume that min and max are integer variables and that the value of max is greater than the value of min.

```
double rn = Math.random();
int num = /* missing code */;
```

Which of the following could be used to replace /* missing code */ so that the code segment works as intended?

- (A) (int) (rn * max) + min
- (B) (int) (rn * max) + min 1
- (C) (int) (rn * (max min)) + min
- (D) (int) (rn * (max min)) + 1
- (E) (int) (rn * (max min + 1)) + min

32. Consider the following code segment. Assume that a is greater than zero.

```
int a = /* value not shown */;
int b = a + (int) (Math.random() * a);
```

Which of the following best describes the value assigned to b when the code segment is executed?

- (A) a
- (B) 2 * a
- (C) A random integer between 0 and a 1, inclusive
- (D) A random integer between a and 2 * a, inclusive
- (E) A random integer between a and 2 * a 1, inclusive
- **33.** Assume that the following variable declarations have been made.

```
double d = Math.random();
double r;
```

Which of the following assigns a value to r from the uniform distribution over the range $0.5 \le r < 5.5$?

- (A) r = d + 0.5;
- (B) r = d + 0.5 * 5.0;
- (C) r = d * 5.0;

(D)
$$r = d * 5.0 + 0.5;$$

- (E) r = d * 5.5;
- **34.** Consider the following method.

What value is returned as a result of the call scramble ("compiler", 3)?



- (A) "compiler"
- (B) "pilercom"
- (C) "ilercom"
- (D) "ilercomp"
- (E) No value is returned because an IndexOutOfBoundsException will be thrown.

Directions: Select the choice that best fits each statement. The following question(s) refer to the following information.

Consider the following partial class declaration.

```
public class SomeClass
{
  private int myA;
  private int myB;
  private int myC;

  // Constructor(s) not shown

  public int getA()
  { return myA; }

  public void setB(int value)
  { myB = value; }
}
```

35. The following declaration appears in another class.

SomeClass obj = new SomeClass ();

Which of the following code segments will compile without error?

```
(A) int x = obj.getA ();

(B) int x; obj.getA (x);

(C) int x = obj.myA;

(D) int x = SomeClass.getA ();

(E) int x = getA(obj);
```



36. A student has created a Song class. The class contains the following variables.

```
A String variable called artist to represent the artist name A String variable called title to represent the song title A String variable called album to represent the album title
```

The object happyBirthday will be declared as type Song.

Which of the following statements is true?

- (A) artist, title, and album are instances of the Song class.
- (B) happyBirthday is an instance of three String objects.
- (C) happyBirthday is an instance of the Song class.
- (D) Song is an instance of the happyBirthday object.
- (E) Song is an instance of three String objects.
- **37.** Consider the following class definition.

```
public class Student
{
    private int studentID;
    private int gradeLevel;
    private boolean honorRoll;

    public Student(int s, int g)
    {
        studentID = s;
        gradeLevel = g;
        honorRoll = false;
    }

    public Student(int s)
    {
        studentID = s;
        gradeLevel = 9;
        honorRoll = false;
    }
}
```

Which of the following code segments would successfully create a new Student object?

```
I. Student one = new Student(328564, 11);
II. Student two = new Student(238783);
III. int id = 392349;
  int grade = 11;
  Student three = new Student(id, grade);
```



- (A) I only
- (B) II only
- (C) III only
- (D) I and II only
- (E) I, II, and III
- **38.** Consider the following class definition.

```
public class Thing
{
    public void talk()
    {
        System.out.print("Hello ");
    }

    public void name()
    {
        System.out.print("my friend");
    }

    public void greet()
    {
        talk();
        name();
    }
    /* Constructors not shown */
}
```

Which of the following code segments, if located in a method in a class other than Thing, will cause the message "Hello my friend" to be printed?

```
Thing a = new Thing();
(A) Thing.talk();
Thing.name();
```

- (B) Thing a = new Thing();
 Thing.greet();
- (C) Thing a = new Thing();
 a.talk();

```
(D) Thing a = new Thing();
a.greet();
```

```
Thing a = new Thing();
(E) a.name();
a.talk();
```



39. Consider the following method.

```
public int timesTwo (int n)
{
    return n * 2;
}
```

The following code segment appears in a method in the same class as the times Two method.

```
Integer val = 10;
int result1 = timesTwo(val);
Integer result2 = result1;
System.out.print(result2);
```

What, if anything, is printed as a result of executing the code segment?

(A) 10



- (C) Nothing; the code segment will not compile because times Two cannot accept an Integer parameter.
- (D) Nothing; the code segment will not compile because the value returned by timesTwo cannot be assigned to result1.
- (E) Nothing; the code segment will not compile because the int variable result1 cannot be assigned to the Integer variable result2.
- **40.** Consider the following class.

```
public class WindTurbine
{
    private double efficiencyRating;
    public WindTurbine()
    {
        efficiencyRating = 0.0;
    }
    public WindTurbine(double e)
    {
        efficiencyRating = e;
    }
}
```

Which of the following code segments, when placed in a method in a class other than WindTurbine, will construct a WindTurbine object wt with an efficiencyRating of 0.25 ?



- (A) WindTurbine wt = new WindTurbine(0.25);
- (B) WindTurbine wt = 0.25;
- (C) WindTurbine wt = new WindTurbine();
 wt = 0.25;
- (D) WindTurbine wt = new WindTurbine();
 wt.efficiencyRating = 0.25;
- (E) new WindTurbine wt = 0.25;