Price Prediction with Neural Networks: Time Series Forecast meets Deep Learning

Prospectus
CSC 240 Final Project

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Abstract—For the final project of CSC240, we look to apply deep learning techniques in the subject of time series analysis and analyze its performance in this type of task, and possibly compare their accuracy against autoregressive methods, which are algorithms specially developed for time series data. Specifically, we look at whether neural networks can be applied in the financial sectors by using a variety of networks such as bidirectional RNN, GRU, and LSTM to predict future prices of Microsoft stocks, Bitcoin, and similar datasets. We have also prepared and generated artificial time series datasets that simulates reality to see how deep learning can be applied in this kind of task. Here in this prospectus, we discuss our plans to approach this final project.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. About time series

From every day's temperature to stock market price, time series data appears everywhere in every parts of our life. As such, it is inevitable that each one of us has wondered at least once about what tomorrow's temperature will be, or whether this cryptocurrency that we have invested will make us appear in the next Forbes 30 under 30, or will it just pull us deeper in the red. The subject of time series forecasting has been widely researched back in the later half of 20th century, with many algorithms having been developed, and widely used, for this kind of task, most notably autoregressive methods.

B. Deep learning in time series forecasting

With autoregerssive methods seem to be the go-to algorithms for this task, our team decides to take a step back and approach this problem in a different way: using deep learning. For our final project, we are interested in seeing whether deep learning algorithms can be used for the price prediction task in financial datasets, the extent of which some techniques can be used and their effectiveness, and how well they work in both real-life time series dataset and artificial ones.

II. OUR APPROACH

In this section, we will elaborate how we will tackle the goal we have set out in the Introduction section, what deep learning techniques we will be using, and how we will conduct our analysis.

A. Deep learning models

In time series dataset, any piece of data at any given point in time may depend on the data before and after it, which means that context matters a lot in determining a value in time. Due to this property of time series data, recurrent neural networks seem to be best fit for this job, and so we will be applying this type of networks along with their variations for our analysis. Specifically, we will be using in total four recurrent-type neural networks which are:

- Traditional RNN
- · Bidirectional RNN
- GRU, or RNN with forget gates
- LSTM

which we will apply on a variety of financial datasets and compare their performance in each of the datasets.

B. Datasets and some analysis

To test the performance of the four deep learning models we have listed above, we decide to use four financial datasets that come from three different fields, and also two more artificial datasets we generate with certain constraints. We prepare four real-life datasets which come from slightly different financial contexts, whose subfields and metadata we listed in the table below:

TABLE I: Datasets

Dataset name	Field	Source
Microsoft Stock Prices	Stock market	Kaggle ¹
S&P 500 Index	Stock market	DataHub ²
Europe Crude Oil Prices	Natural resources	FRED Economic Data ³
Bitcoin Prices	Cryptocurrency	Kaggle ⁴

With the four datasets belonging into slightly different subfields of the financial world, we can reliably compare our prediction accuracy of each models we use and apply our findings to generalize without biases. This following subsections detail some analysis on the above four datasets:

¹https://www.kaggle.com/vijayvvenkitesh/
microsoft-stock-time-series-analysis

²https://datahub.io/core/s-and-p-500

³https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/DCOILBRENTEU

⁴https://www.kaggle.com/sudalairajkumar/ cryptocurrencypricehistory

1) Microsoft Stock prices: For this dataset, we decide to go with the close stock prices of Microsoft (MSFT on NASDAQ) from 2015-04-01 to 2021-03-3. Here we graph the values of Microsoft Stock prices over time in Fig. 1:

Fig. 1: Microsoft (MSFT) close stock prices (in USD) over time.

2) S&P 500 Index: The Standard & Poor 500 Index (S&P 500) is a stock market index tracking the performance of 500 large companies listed on stock exchanges in the United States⁵, and the dataset that we have contains index from 1871-01-01 to 2018-04-01. Here we graph the values of the S&P 500 Index over time in Fig. 2:

Fig. 2: S&P 500 Index over time.

3) Europe Crude Oil Prices: The dataset contains the crude oil prices (in USD) of Europe from 2015-11-02 to 2021-11-01. Here we graph the values of the Europe crude oil prices over time in Fig. 3:

Fig. 3: Europe crude oil prices (in USD) over time.

4) Bitcoin Prices: The main dataset from Kaggle offer prices of many different cryptocurrency; however, we decided to go with Bitcoin since it seems to be the most popular one currently as of 2021. The dataset contains Bitcoin prices (in USD) at close from 2013-04-29 to 2021-07-06. Here we graph the values of the Bitcoin prices at close over time in Fig. 4:

Fig. 4: Bitcoin prices (in USD) at close over time.

Besides the real-life datasets listed above, we have also created an algorithm that generated artificial time series dataset, and would apply our neural networks on two which will be created during the course of our final project. Fig 5 and 6 showcase two artificial datasets that were generated by our methods.

III. EXPECTATIONS & TIMELINE

A. Expectations

The goal we have set out for this final project is to examine whether deep learning techniques can be used in place of autoregressive methods in this price prediction challenge. By using the four neural networks on the datasets that we have introduced above, we hope to be able to gain insights on the effectiveness of deep learning in time series analysis and forecasting, and explore which neural networks can best be used for certain types of datasets by conducting a series of statistical analysis at the results of the prediction. With everything we have set up above, we believe that we will be able to produce a meaningful report out of this final project.

Fig. 5: Generated time series dataset example 1.

Fig. 6: Generated time series dataset example 2.

B. Timeline

We have created a detailed schedule of our final project, with the following milestones:

- Nov 6-9: Complete the analysis of the 4 real-life datasets, as well as the algorithms to generate artificial data.
- Nov 10-12: Gather dataset analysis and write prospectus.
- Nov 13-19: Implement the 4 neural networks above.
- Nov 20-25: Train the 4 neural networks on the datasets and conduct analysis on the results.
- Nov 26-29: Compile the analysis results, do further analysis between the different neural network, and create presentation material.
- Nov 30-Dec 4: Conduct further analysis in the results and write the Final Essay.
- Dec 4-7: Final compilation and revision of the Final Essay before submission.

We also hold a weekly meeting up until the last day of the final project in order to report on our progress and also to discuss on current approach. For the division of labor, we have set up as follows:

- 1) Dataset Analysis: For this section, Vuong and Minh Khoi will work on analyzing the Bitcoin and the Europe Crude Oil price datasets, while Chuqin and Qianwen work on Microsoft Stock prices and S&P 500 Index.
- 2) *Prospectus:* Vuong will be responsible for writing the prospectus, which is what you are reading right now.
- 3) Neural network implementation: We have split up the four neural networks implementation responsibility as detailed in the following table:

TABLE II: Datasets

Neural Network Name	Implementer
Traditional RNN	Qianwen
Bidirectional RNN	Vuong
GRU	Chuqin
LSTM	Minh Khoi

Each person will also be responsible for applying their implementation to the datasets, as well as conducting analysis on the results. With their results, each person will go ahead and write up their own report and analysis, which will be pieced together in the presentation and the final essay.

4) Presentation & Final Essay: As mentioned above, each person will be responsible for their chosen neural networks, both writing up the materials and presentation slots. The general analysis for all four neural networks will be done by all four members. The final essay will be written up and compiled from the four analysis by Vuong.

⁵Wikipedia

IV. CONCLUSION

In this prospectus, we have laid out how we are going to approach the final project with the idea of exploring the possibilities of deep learning in time series forecasting, specifically price prediction. By taking a look at four recurrent neural network structures and using them for prediction in both real-life and artificial financial datasets, we hope to be able to analyze the performance of deep learning in price prediction, and this, we believe, will open paths to more research on such methods in time series forecasting with deep learning.