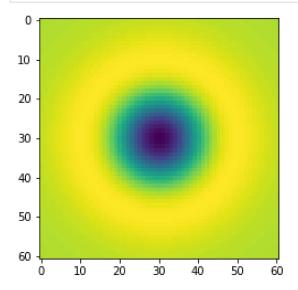
```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

sigma = 10
hw = 3*sigma
X, Y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(-hw, hw+1, 1), np.arange(-hw, hw+1, 1))
log = 1/(2*np.pi*sigma**2)*(X**2/(sigma**2) + Y**2/(sigma**2) - 2)*np.exp

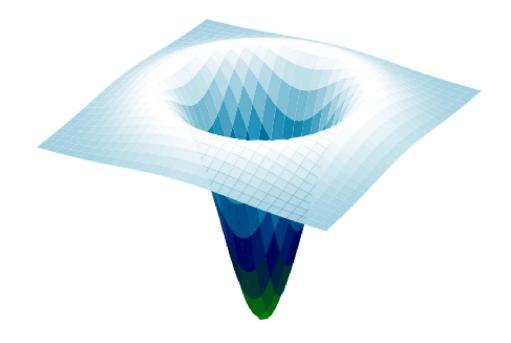
plt.imshow(log)
plt.show()
```



```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
from matplotlib import cm
from matplotlib.ticker import LinearLocator, FormatStrFormatter

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111,projection = '3d')

surf = ax.plot_surface(X,Y,log,cmap=cm.ocean,linewidth=0,antialiased = Tro
ax.zaxis.set_major_locator(LinearLocator(10))
ax.zaxis.set_major_formatter(FormatStrFormatter('%.02f'))
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```

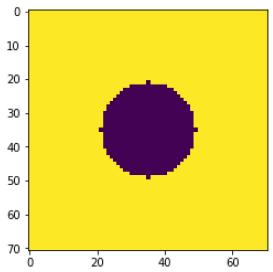


```
In []: # Q2

# Generating the circle
import numpy as np
import cv2 as cv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

w, h = 71, 71
hw, hh = w//2 , h//2

f = np.ones((h,w),dtype=np.float32)*255
X, Y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(-hh, hh+1, 1), np.arange(-hw, hw+1,1))
r = w//5 #14
f *= X**2 + Y**2 > r**2
plt.imshow(f)
plt.show()
```



import cv2 as cv

sift = cv.SIFT_create()

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

img1 = cv.imread('img1.ppm',cv.IMREAD_COLOR)
img2 = cv.imread('img4.ppm',cv.IMREAD_COLOR)

```
s = 11
In [ ]:
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(2, s, figsize=(20,5))
        scale_space =np.empty((h, w, s),dtype=np.float32)
        sigmas = np.arange(5, 16, 1)
        for i, sigma in enumerate(np.arange(5,16,1)):
            log_hw = 3*np.max(sigma)
            X, Y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(-hw, hw+1, 1), np.arange(-hw, hw+1, 1))
            log = 1/(2*np.pi*sigma**2)*(X**2/(sigma**2) + Y**2/(sigma**2) - 2)*np
            f log = cv.filter2D(f, -1, log)
            scale_space[:,:,i] = f_log
            ax[0,i].imshow(log)
            ax[0,i].axis('off')
            ax[0,i].set_title(r'$\sigma ={}$'.format(sigma))
            ax[1,i].imshow(f_log)
            ax[1,i].axis('off')
        indices = np.unravel_index(np.argmax(scale_space, axis=None), scale_space
        print(indices) \#r = \sqrt{2}*sigma
        print(sigmas[indices[2]])
        plt.show()
        (35, 35, 5)
        10
In [ ]: # Q 3
        import numpy as np
```

```
kp1, des1 = sift.detectAndCompute(img1,None)
kp2, des2 = sift.detectAndCompute(img2,None)

bf = cv.BFMatcher()
matches = bf.knnMatch(des1,des2,k=2)

good = []
for m,n in matches:
    if m.distance < 0.75*n.distance:
        good.append([m])

img3 = cv.drawMatchesKnn(img1,kp1,img2,kp2,good,None,flags=cv.DrawMatches

plt.figure(figsize=(16,10))
plt.imshow(cv.cvtColor(img3,cv.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()</pre>
```



```
In [ ]: | # Q 4
         # Least-squares line following
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # Generating the true line y = m*x + c
         m = 2 \# gradient
         c = 1 # intercept
         x = np.arange(1, 10, 1)
         np.random.seed(45)
         sigma = 1
         noise = sigma*np.random.randn(len(x))
         o = np \cdot zeros (x.shape)
         \#o[=1] = 20
         y = m*x + c + noise + o
         n = len(x)
         X = np.concatenate([x.reshape(n,1), np.ones((n,1))], axis=1)
         B = np.linalg.pinv(X.T @ X) @ X.T @ y
         mstar = B[0]
         cstar = B[1]
         plt.plot([x[0], x[-1]], [m*x[0] + c, m*x[-1]+c], color='g', linewidth=2,
         plt.plot([x[0], x[-1]], [mstar*x[0] + cstar, mstar*x[-1]+cstar], color='
```

```
plt.plot(x, y, '+', label = 'Noisy points')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

```
20.0
             True line
             Estimated line
17.5
              Noisy points
15.0
12.5
10.0
 7.5
 5.0
 2.5
                 ż
                        á
                                         Ė.
                                                 6
                                                         ż
                                                                8
                                                                        9
```

```
In [ ]: |# Q 5
        # Total least squares line fitting
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        # Generating the true line y = m*x + c
        m = 2 # gradient
        c = 1 # intercept
        x = np.arange(1, 10, 1)
        np.random.seed(45)
        sigma = 1
        noise = sigma*np.random.randn(len(x))
        o = np \cdot zeros (x.shape)
        \#o[=1] = 20
        y = m*x + c + noise + o
        n = len(x)
        u11 = np.sum((x - np.mean(x))**2)
        u12 = np.sum((x - np.mean(x))*(y - np.mean(y)))
        u21 = u12
        u22 = np.sum((y - np.mean(y))**2)
        U = np.array([[u11, u12], [u21, u22]])
        W, V = np.linalg.eig(U)
        ev_corresponding_to_smallest_ev = V[:, np.argmin(W)]
        a = ev_corresponding_to_smallest_ev[0]
        b = ev_corresponding_to_smallest_ev[1]
        d = a*np.mean(x) + b*np.mean(y)
        mstar = -a/b
        cstar = d/b
        plt.plot([x[0], x[-1]], [m*x[0] + c, m*x[-1]+c], color='g', linewidth=2,
        plt.plot([x[0], x[-1]], [mstar*x[0] + cstar, mstar*x[-1]+cstar], color='|
        plt.plot(x, y, '+', label = 'Noisy points')
```

```
plt.legend(loc='best')
plt.show()
```

