Ex-09

```
import numpy as np
In [ ]:
        import cv2 as cv
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        f = open(r'./templeSparseRing/templeSR_par.txt','r')
        assert f is not None
        n = int (f.readline())
        l = f.readline().split()
        im1 fn = 1[0] # im1 file name
        K1 = np.array([float(i) for i in l[1:10]]).reshape((3,3))
        R1 = np.array([float(i) for i in 1[10:19]]).reshape((3,3))
        t1 = np.array([float(i) for i in 1[19:22]]).reshape((3,1))
        # Reading the information on the second image
        l = f.readline().split()
        im2_fn = 1[0] # im2 file name
        K2 = np.array([float(i) for i in l[1:10]]).reshape((3,3))
        R2 = np.array([float(i) for i in 1[10:19]]).reshape((3,3))
        t2 = np.array([float(i) for i in l[19:22]]).reshape((3,1))
        # Read the two image sand show
        im1 = cv.imread(r'./templeSparseRing/'+ im1_fn , cv.IMREAD_COLOR)
        im2 = cv.imread(r'./templeSparseRing/'+ im2 fn , cv.IMREAD COLOR)
        fig , ax = plt.subplots(1,2)
        ax[0].imshow(cv.cvtColor(im1, cv.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
        ax[0].set title('Image 1')
        ax[0].set_xticks([]), ax[0].set_yticks([])
        ax[1].imshow(cv.cvtColor(im2, cv.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
        ax[1].set_title('Image 2')
        ax[1].set_xticks([]), ax[1].set_yticks([])
```

Out[]: ([], [])





Image 2



```
In [ ]: sift = cv.xfeatures2d.SIFT_create()
    kp1 , decs1 = sift.detectAndCompute(im1,None)
    kp2 , decs2 = sift.detectAndCompute(im2,None)

FLANN_INDEX_KDTREE = 1
```

```
index_paras = dict(algorithm = FLANN_INDEX_KDTREE , trees =5 )
        search_paras = dict(checks = 100)
        flann = cv.FlannBasedMatcher(index paras, search paras)
        matches = flann.knnMatch(decs1,decs2, k=2)
        good =[]
        pts1 = []
        pts2 = []
        for i , (m,n) in enumerate(matches):
           if m.distance < 0.7*n.distance:</pre>
               good.append(m)
               pts1.append(kp1[m.queryIdx].pt)
               pts2.append(kp2[m.trainIdx].pt)
        pts1 = np.array(pts1)
        pts2 = np.array(pts2)
        F, mask = cv.findFundamentalMat(pts1,pts2, cv.FM_RANSAC) # Fundamental ma
        print(F)
        [-8.25788252e-06 8.67005344e-08 4.00767127e-03]
         [ 2.27526901e-02 -7.28270380e-03 1.00000000e+00]]
In [ ]: | # Essential matrix
        E = K2.T @ K1
        print(E)
        [[2311616.16
                                  459647.328 ]
                     2328370.81
                                  376698.933 ]
             0.
         152343.1793]]
In [ ]: | retval,R, t, mask = cv.recoverPose(E, pts1,pts2, K1)
         R_t_1 = \text{np.concatenate}((R1,t1), \text{ axis} = 1) \# 3 \times 4 \text{ matrix}
         R2 = R1 @ R
         t2 = R1 @ t
         R_t_2 = np.concatenate((R2, t2), axis = 1) # 3 x 4 matrix
         P1 = K1 @ np.hstack((R1,t1)) # First camera matrix read form file
         P2_ = K2 @ R_t_2 # second camera matrix estimated from the fundamental
         print(P2_)
        [[-1.15350563e+03 6.00156470e+01 -1.03384546e+03 7.88687914e+02]
         [ 1.73177671e+02 1.52579596e+03 -1.76838351e+02 4.43777647e+02]
         In [ ]: | points4d = cv.triangulatePoints(P1 ,P2_ ,pts1.T , pts2.T )
        points4d /= points4d[3,:]
        X = points4d[0,:]
        Y = points4d[1,:]
        Z = points4d[2,:]
```

```
fig = plt.figure(1)
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection= '3d' )
ax.scatter(X,Y,Z , s = 1 ,cmap = 'gray')
plt.show()
```

