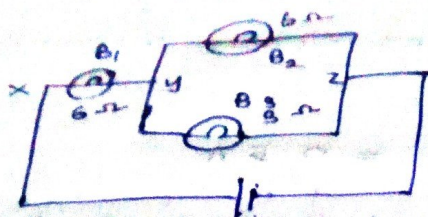


Tutorial 07

Three bulbs B_1 , B_2 and B_3 are connected to 12V supply as shown in the following diagram.



(i) Calculate total resistance of the two bulbs B_2 and B_3 .

$$\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1+2}{6} = \frac{1}{2} \quad R = \underline{\underline{2 \Omega}}$$

(ii) What is the total resistance between the two points x and z.

$$R = 6 + 2 = \underline{\underline{8 \Omega}}$$

(iii) What is the current gained from the electric supply.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= IR \\ I &= \frac{12V}{8 \Omega} = \underline{\underline{1.5 A}} \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Calculate the potential difference between x and y.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= IR \\ &= 1.5 A \times 6 \Omega \\ &= \underline{\underline{9.0 V}} \end{aligned}$$

(V) Calculate potential difference between Y and Z.

$$V = IR$$

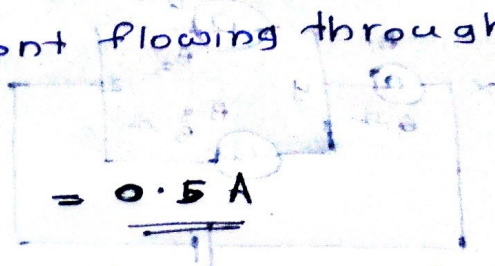
$$= 1.5 \text{ A} \times 2 \Omega$$

$$= \underline{3 \text{ V}}$$

(VI) Calculate the current flowing through B_2 bulb.

$$V = IR$$

$$I = V/R = \frac{3 \text{ V}}{6 \Omega} = \underline{0.5 \text{ A}}$$



(VII) Calculate the current through the bulb B_3 .

$$V = IR$$

$$I = V/R = \frac{3 \text{ V}}{3 \Omega} = \underline{1 \text{ A}}$$

(VIII) If the bulb B_3 is removed then what would be the current gain from the electric supply.

Same current flow in the B_1 and B_2 .