CAPSTONE PROJECT

SECURE DATA HIDING IN IMAGE USING STEGANOGRAPHY

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OUTLINE

- Problem Statement
- Technology used
- Wow factor
- End users
- Result
- Conclusion
- Git-hub Link
- Future scope



PROBLEM STATEMENT

• Introduction:

- Cyberattacks and data breaches are on the rise.
- Sensitive information is vulnerable to interception and hacking.

Challenge:

- Need for innovative methods to securely transmit data.
- Traditional security methods (e.g., encryption) are often vulnerable to attacks.

Solution:

Steganography: Hiding data within images to prevent unauthorized access.



TECHNOLOGY USED

- Steganography Techniques:
- Least Significant Bit (LSB): Embedding data in the least significant bits of an image.
- Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT): Hiding data within the image's frequency domain.
- Image Processing Tools:
- OpenCV (Python) or PIL (Python Imaging Library) for image manipulation.
- Encryption (Optional):
- AES Encryption for securing data before embedding.
- Programming Languages:
- Python (preferred for simplicity and versatility).



WOW FACTORS

- Invisible Data: Data hidden in an image without visible changes.
- Two Layers of Security: Combination of steganography and encryption.
- Real-World Use Cases: Secure communication, digital watermarking, and private data storage.
- Increased Privacy: Provides a more secure alternative to conventional data transmission methods.



END USERS

- Corporate Sector:
- Securely send sensitive business documents.
- Government Agencies:
- Protect confidential communications, especially in intelligence operations.
- Individuals:
- Secure personal data (photos, documents) shared online.
- Cybersecurity Professionals:
- Use in secure data exchanges and to detect hidden threats.



RESULTS

```
stego.py - D:\intership\stego.py (3.13.2)
                                                                                                 - D X
                                                                                                                *IDLE Shell 3.13.2*
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
                                                                                                                 File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
                                                                                                                    Python 3.13.2 (tags/v3.13.2:4f8bb39, Feb 4 2025, 15:23:48) [MSC v.1942 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
                                                                                                                   Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
import os
import string
                                                                                                                    # Load the image
                                                                                                                    Enter secret message: helloeveryone
img = cv2.imread("car.jpg") # Replace with the correct image path
                                                                                                                    Enter a passcode: 1234
                                                                                                                   Enter passcode for Decryption: 1234
if img is None:
 print("Error: Unable to load image. Please check the image path.")
  exit()
msg = input("Enter secret message: ")
password = input("Enter a passcode: ")
d = \{\}
c = \{\}
# Mapping characters to integers and vice versa
for i in range (255):
 d[chr(i)] = i
  c[i] = chr(i)
height, width, channels = img.shape # Get the dimensions of the image
m, n, z = 0, 0, 0 # Initialize coordinates for the pixel
# Encode the message into the image
for i in range(len(msg)):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Ln: 7 Col:
  if m >= width:
      m = 0
      n += 1
  if n >= height:
      print("Message is too long to hide in the image.")
                                                                                                                                        ☐ > This PC > DATA FOR CODE (D:) > intership
                                                                                                                                                                                                       Search intership
   img[n, m, z] = d[msg[i]] # Assign the encoded value to the image pixel
                                                                                                                  ① New ~
                                                                                                                                                              ↑ Sort ∨ □ View ∨ ···
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Detail:
  z = (z + 1) % 3 # Cycle through the RGB channels
                                                                                                                   A Home
# Save the modified image
cv2.imwrite("encryptedImage.jpg", img)
                                                                                                                   Gallery
os.system("start encryptedImage.jpg") # Open the image on Windows
                                                                                                                  > dinesh - Persona
# Decrypt the message
message = ""
n, m, z = 0, 0, 0
                                                                                                                   🔙 Desktop 🗼
pas = input("Enter passcode for Decryption: ")
if password == pas:
                                                                                                                    for i in range(len(msg)):
      if m >= width:
                                                                                                                    ■ Documents *
          m = 0
          n += 1
                                                                                                                    Pictures *
       if n >= height:
                                                                                                                    Music
       message += c[img[n, m, z]] # Extract the encoded character

▼ Videos 

*

       z = (z + 1) % 3 # Cycle through the RGB channels
```



CONCLUSION

- Effective Security Solution: Steganography provides a unique and effective method to protect data.
- Combining Encryption and Steganography: Enhances security and privacy.
- Practical Use: Offers real-world applicability for secure data transmission.
- Scalability: Adaptable for various domains such as secure messaging, digital watermarks, and file protection.



GITHUB LINK

HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/DINZS01/MY_PROJECT_01.GIT



FUTURE SCOPE(OPTIONAL)

Advanced Algorithms:

Development of more robust algorithms that withstand attacks.

• Al Integration:

Use of AI to detect steganography or improve its detection.

Real-Time Applications:

Implementations in secure communication apps or file-sharing platforms.

Multimedia Data:

Hiding complex data like audio and video in addition to images.



THANK YOU

