

F1 2011 Korea (Race)* A Statistical Graphics Review

Tony Hirst[†]
F1DataJunkie Blog
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*Source data used to generate this report was obtained from the Timing Information press releases published via the F1/FIA Media Centre

[†]@psychemedia, <http://f1datajunkie.blogspot.com>

1 Race Summary Data

In this section, you will be able to find macroscopic charts that summarise the race over the whole field.

1.1 Race Summary Chart

The *Race Summary Chart* attempts to summarise position related data across the whole race, and for each driver.

Key The *red dot* denotes the GRID position; the *black dot* denotes the FINAL position; the *horizontal line* denotes the END OF FIRST LAP position; the *vertical line* denotes the RANGE OF RACE POSITIONS held during the race

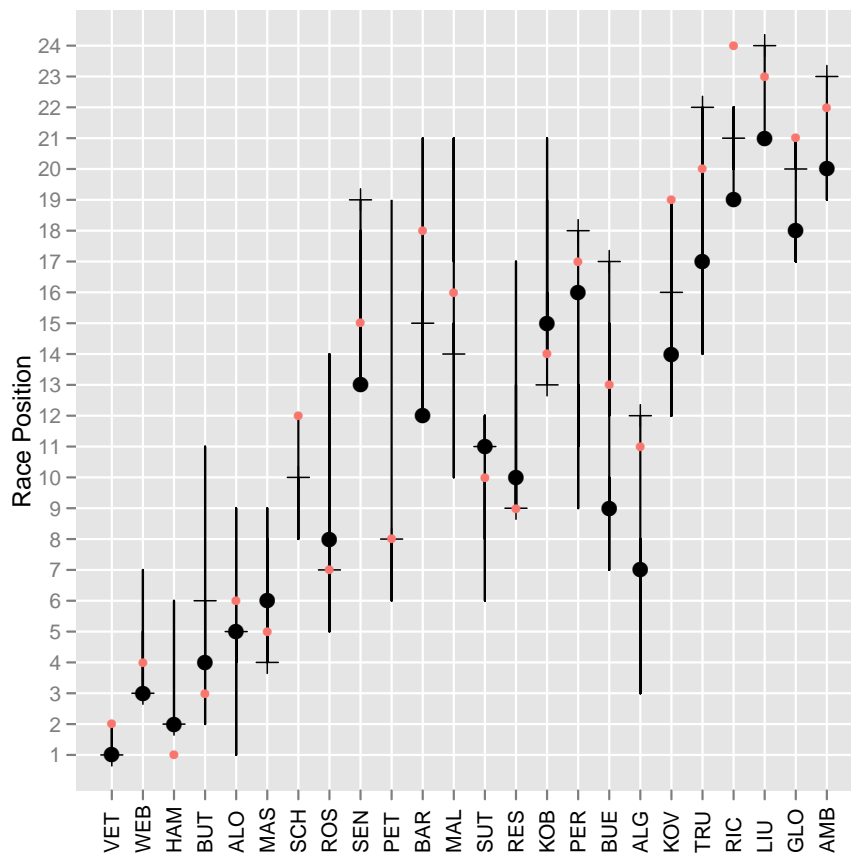


Figure 1: Race Summary Chart

Things to look for Who makes or loses places from the start (do the GRID and END OF FIRST LAP positions differ)? Do have drivers have a particularly good race, as denoted by a large gain in places comparing GRID and FINAL positions? Drivers who were placed in a wide variety of positions may have had an eventful race.

Feedback The *Race Summary Chart* is an experimental chart type; feedback/comments welcome: tony.hirst@gmail.com

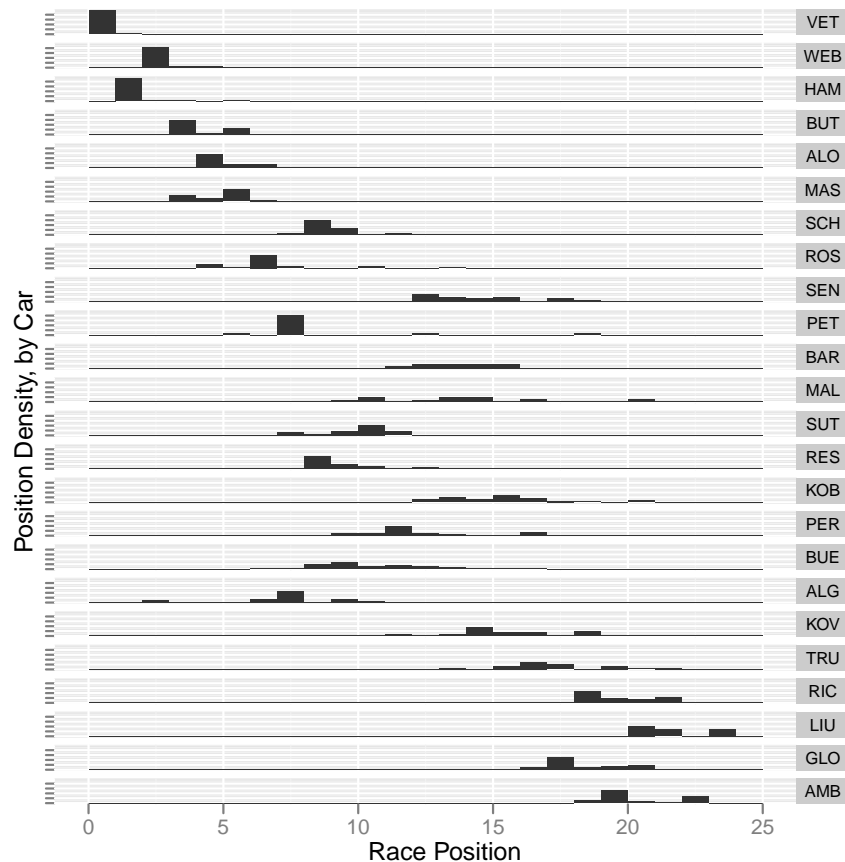


Figure 2: Position Density Chart

1.2 Position Density Chart

The *Position Density Chart* attempts to capture the amount of time each driver held each race position. It is inspired by the commonly reported cross-season statistic, 'number of laps in lead'.

Things to look for Was the race a procession, (cars holding the same positions for much of the race), or does there appear to have been some position changes (e.g. with cars taking different race positions for a significant amount of the race)? Note that if a car was in first position for half the race, and second place for half the race, we would not be able to distinguish this from a case where first and second changed places each lap!

To do Explore the possibility of a complementary chart that captures the number of position changes for each car over the course of the race.

Feedback The *Position Density Chart* is an experimental chart type; feedback/comments welcome: tony.hirst@gmail.com

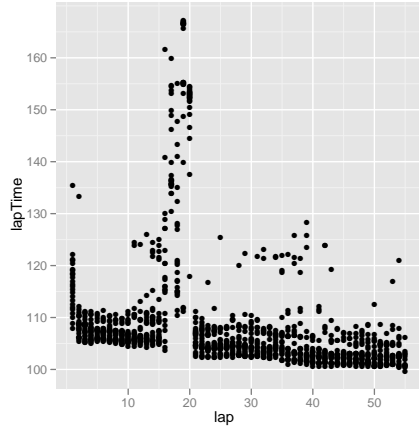


Figure 3: Laptimes by lap)

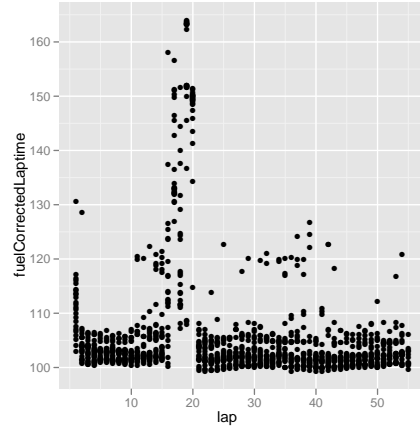


Figure 4: Fuel corrected laptimes)

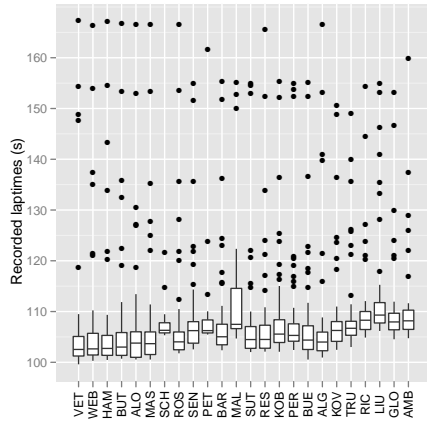


Figure 5: Laptime distribution

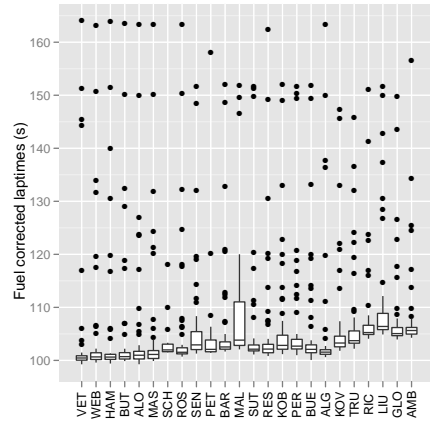


Figure 6: Fuel corrected laptime distribution

1.3 Laptime Distributions

The laptime distributions summarise the overall distributions of recorded and fuel corrected lap times for each driver. This is not necessarily very informative, (the stint analysis laptime distributions provided for each team may be more useful).

The scatterplot clearly identifies safety car laps, in which all the cars will tend to post a slow time.

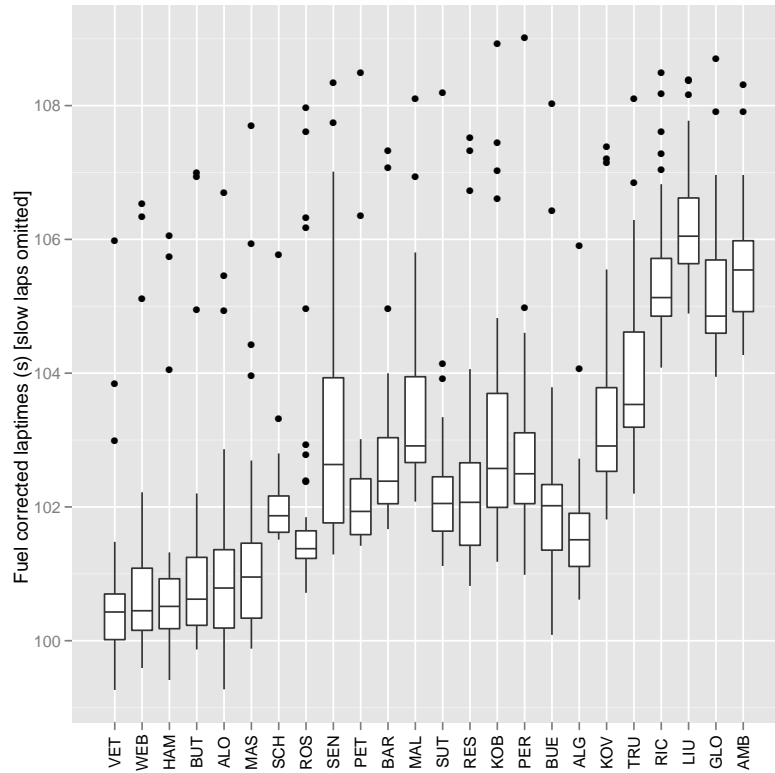


Figure 7: Fuel Corrected Laptime Distribution (Slow laps omitted)

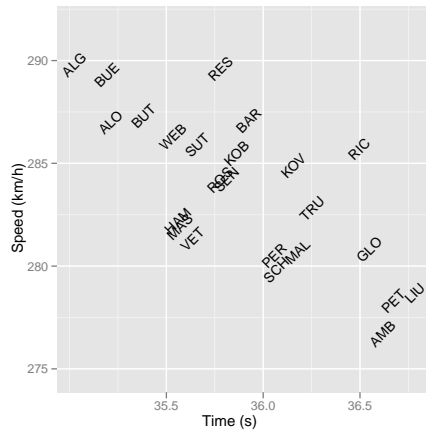


Figure 8: Sector 1/Inter1 Comparison

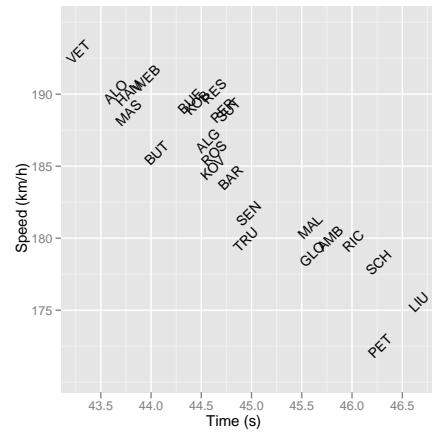


Figure 9: Sector 2/Inter2 Comparison

1.4 (Sector) Times and Speeds

How do the drivers compare in terms of speed and laptime/sector time?

Things to look for Do the fastest cars in each sector also record the smallest times? How do drivers in each team compare?

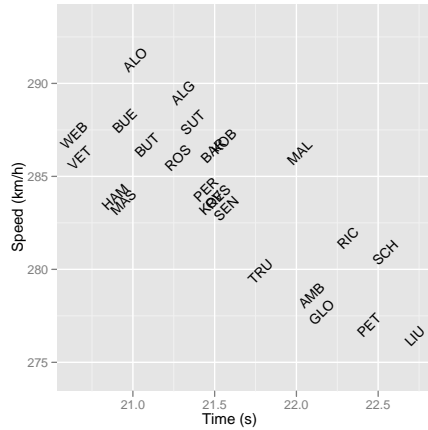


Figure 10: Sector 3/Finish Comparison

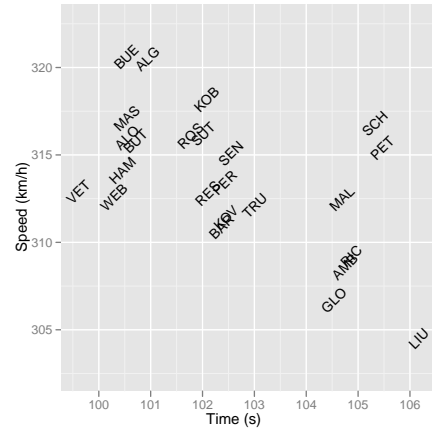


Figure 11: Fastest Lap/Trap Comparison

1.5 Pit Event Summary

The *pit event summary* chart summarises pit events, which includes drive through penalties and stop-and-go penalties as well as actual pit stops.

To do find some way of marking pit stops vs DT etc. Colour stint by tyre (prime/option, new/old)

Things to look for Does the timing and number of pit stops suggest different pit stop strategies were in place?

Notes I have to admit, I don't find this chart very informative, though it is an improvement on the previous stint analysis chart. Is there a better way of presenting the information that allows us to more easily compare stint lengths? A table, perhaps? Maybe colouring by tyre would make this chart more useful, perhaps using an underlaid cross to highlight PIT laps on occasions where drivers move onto the same set of tyres they were using in the previous stint?

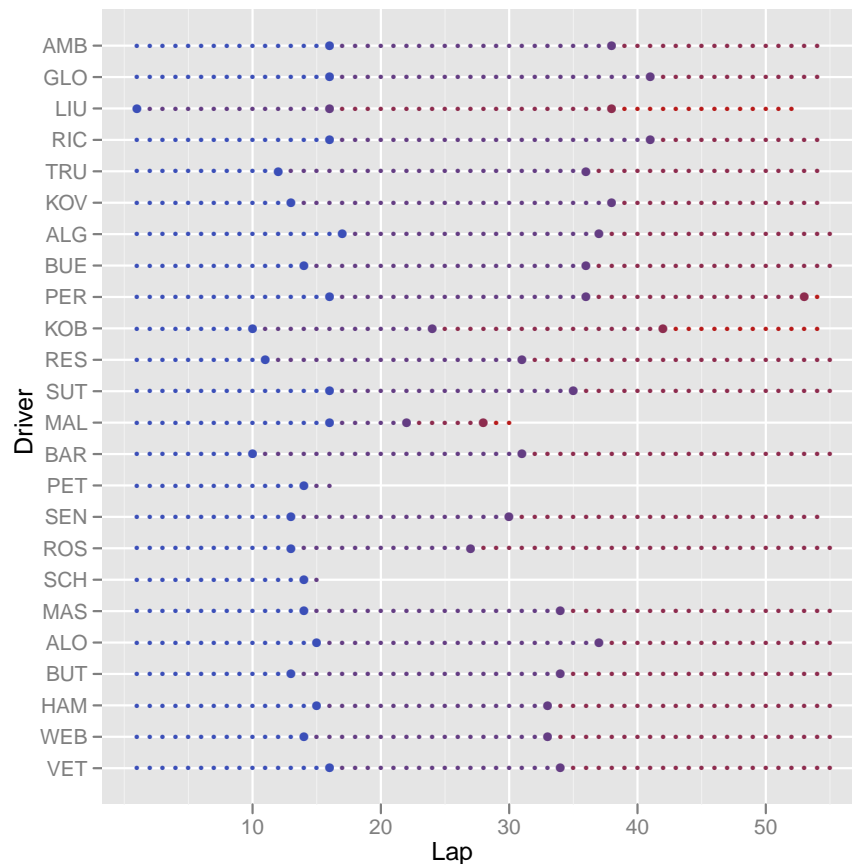


Figure 12: Pit Event Summary; colours denote stint number. (Note that drive-through/DT and stop-and-go penalties result in an increase in the stint count.)

1.6 Position Change Chart

The position change chart represents the race position change for each car on each lap compared to the previous lap. The size of the symbol depicts the absolute change in the number of positions and the colour depicts the ‘direction’ of the change (i.e. whether position(s) were gained (greeny blue), or lost (reddy orange)).

The *position change chart* is intended to capture a macroscopic view of the race in terms of when there is a lot of position change activity going on. It might make sense to overlay this chart with some sort of representation of pit events, or would this unnecessarily clutter the image?

(I’m getting infected by the *grammar of graphics* way of thinking about things... might it make sense to come up with a grammar of graphics for describing F1 timing charts?!)

1.7 Stint Maps

The *stint maps* summarise the race from the point of view of stint from the lap and car perspectives. The aim of these graphics to help identify different phases of the race in a clear and unambiguous way. The *stint map by lap* probably demonstrates this most clearly.

A similar style of chart may be appropriate for relating tyre choice across the race?

To do Would it be worth exploring a combined position change/lap event chart, maybe using different symbols/layers, that attempts to summarise both the pit stop events and the position

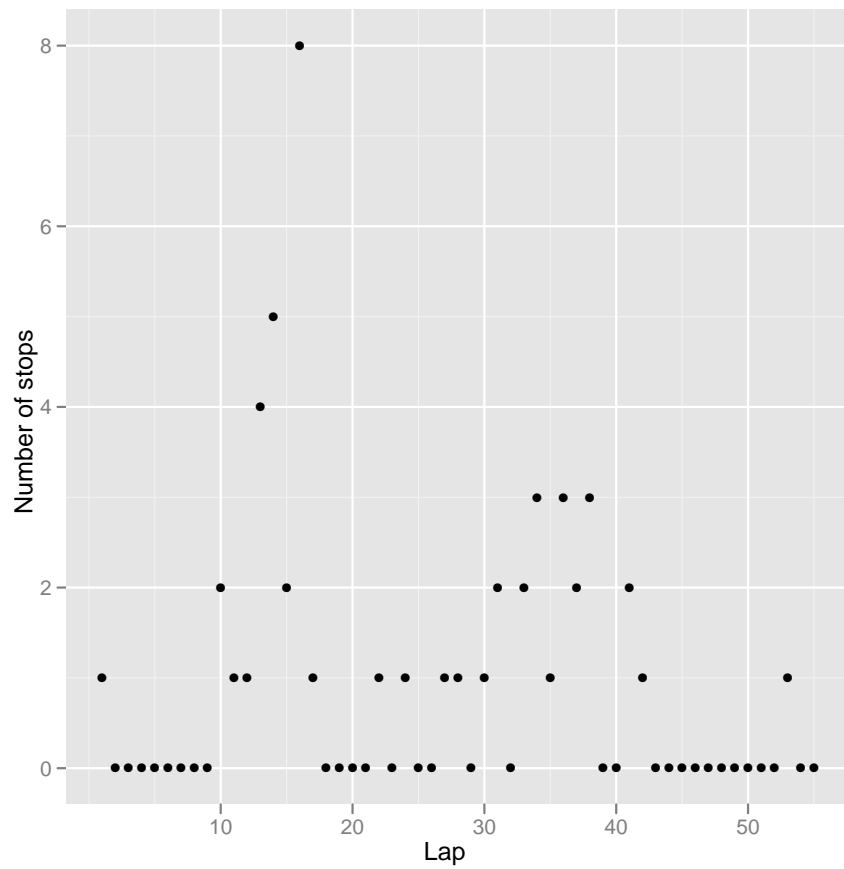


Figure 13: Pit Event Summary (count by lap). This chart summarises the number of pit events per lap. This view might help identify particular phases of the race (for example, including the onset of wet weather, perhaps?) (*Note that drive-through/DT and stop-and-go penalties result in an increase in the stint count.*)

changes by lap for each driver within the same chart?



Figure 14: Position Change Chart

1.8 Battle Plots for Position

The *battle plots for position* show activity around the specified race position, depicting the car in the corresponding position on each lap and the time to the cars in the positions immediately ahead and immediately behind.

The colour of the car along the x-axis identifies the team, and the symbol shows whether it is driver 1 (*circle*) or driver 2 (*triangle*) in the team. When the “position car” symbol is off the x-axis, it identifies the number of positions that that car *gained* (above the line) or *lost* (below the line) since the last lap in order to enter the specified race position.

The grey + symbols *above* the line identify the time to the car in race position immediately ahead, and the grey x symbols *below* the line identify the time to the car in race immediately behind the car in the race position of interest.

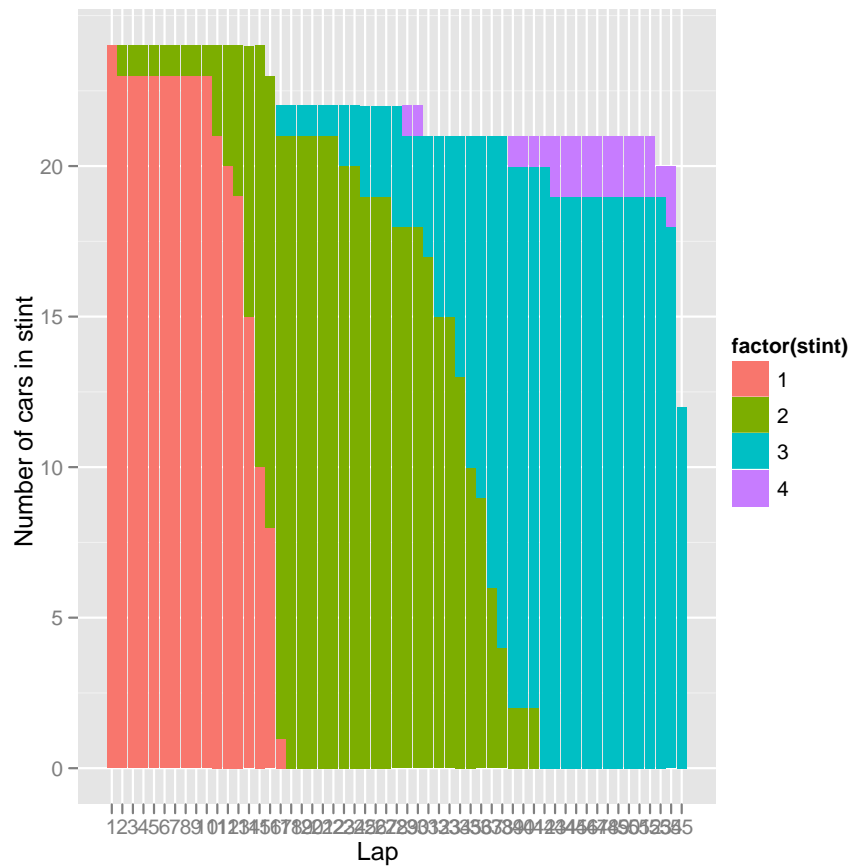


Figure 15: Laps broken down to show number of cars per stint

Things to look for If the car in the race position ahead is close (the + marks above the axis are close to the axis), the car in the current position may be battling for the position ahead. If the car in the race position behind is close (the x marks below the line are close to the axis), the car in the current position may be fighting to keep the position. If car-in-front or car-behind marks are going away from the axis as we move left to right (increasing lap count), that means the car in the current position is either falling behind the car ahead, or pulling away from the car behind.

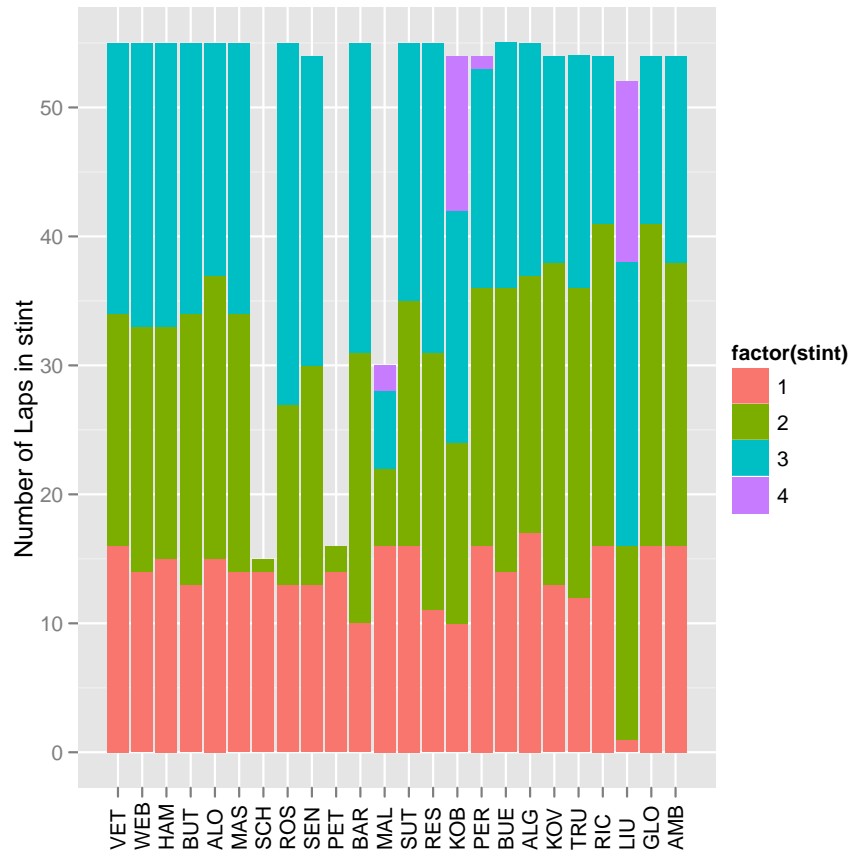


Figure 16: Number of laps in each stint per car)

2 Team Summaries

The team summary pages summarise team based statistics, allowing comparisons to be drawn directly between team members.

The team summaries include the following chart types:

- **Fuel corrected aptime distribution by stint** The *fuel corrected laptime distribution by stint* chart is a graphical statistical summary of fuel corrected lap times by stint for each driver.
- **Race position chart** Inspired by the popular chart that depicts race position for the whole field, the *race position charts* show the positions, by lap, for each car in the team. PIT events are also highlighted.
- **Battle plot** The *battle plot* is an experimental chart, inspired in part by traditional race history charts, that attempts to show the extent to which a particular driver was in battles with the cars in the race positions immediately in front of, and immediately behind, the car in question. Position changes (number of positions gained/lost) since the previous lap are also depicted, as well as PIT events. A race position overlay provides additional context, though we could also claim that the battle plot provides context for race position chart. (Battle plots may also be used to show when there is at least one car out of race position between the car of interest and the cars in the race positions immediately ahead and behind.) Maybe this

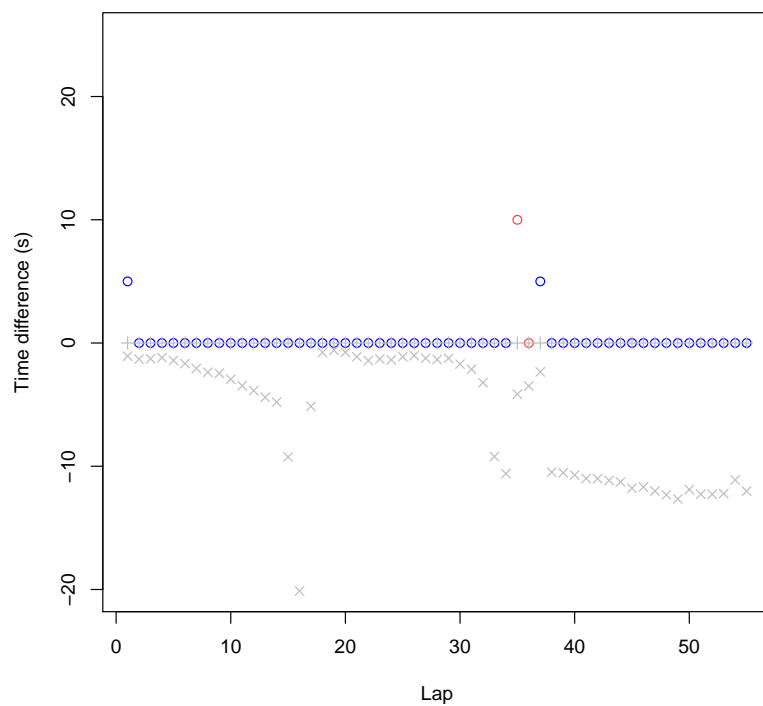


Figure 17: Battle plot for 1st

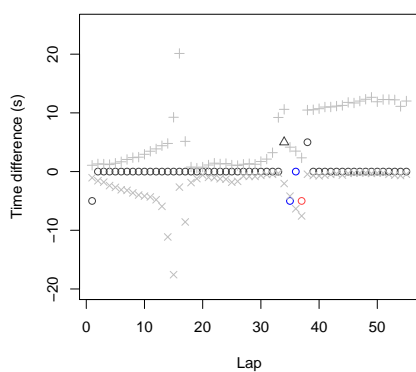


Figure 18: Battle plot for 2nd

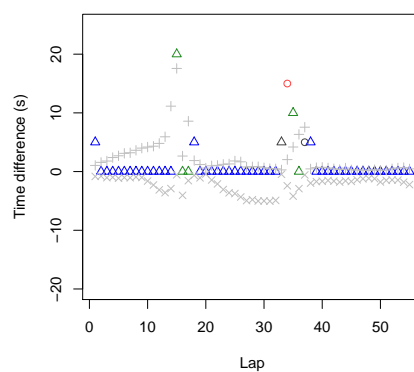


Figure 19: Battle plot for 3rd

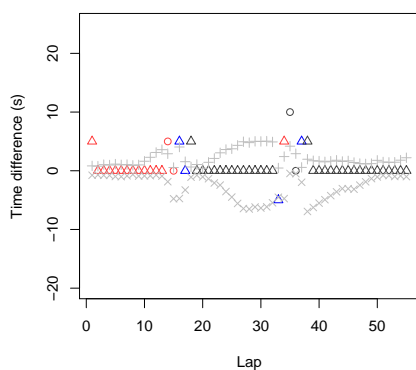


Figure 20: Battle plot for 4th

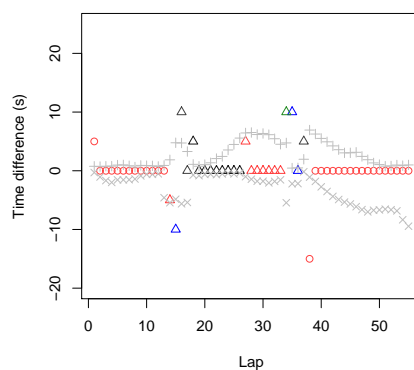


Figure 21: Battle plot for 5th

chart (and/or the *race position chart* should also mark the number of lead laps completed at the end of the race, so we can see how many laps behind the lead car (if any) each driver was?)

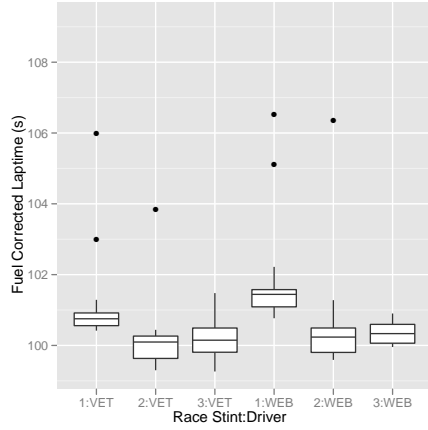


Figure 22: RBR: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

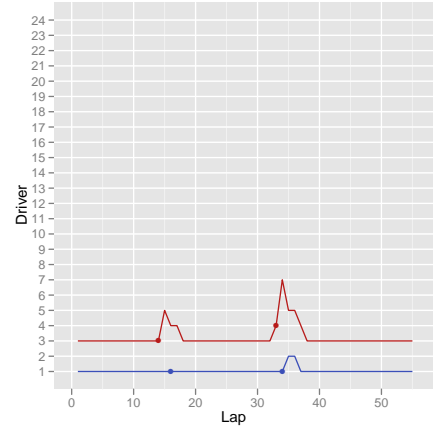


Figure 23: Position Chart: VET, WEB

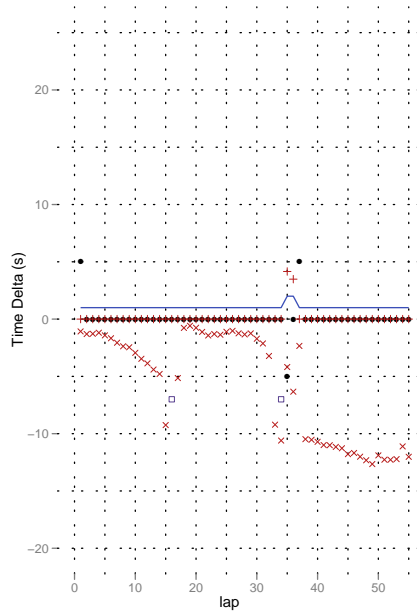


Figure 24: Battle Plot, VET

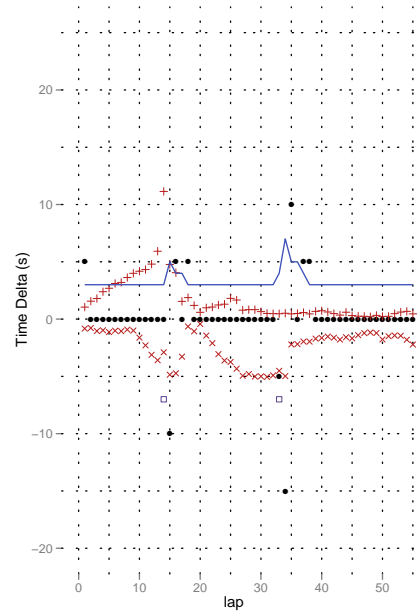


Figure 25: Battle Plot, WEB

2.1 Red Bull Racing (RBR)

The **Red Bull Racing** drivers are *Sebastian Vettel* (VET, 1) and *Mark Webber* (WEB, 2).

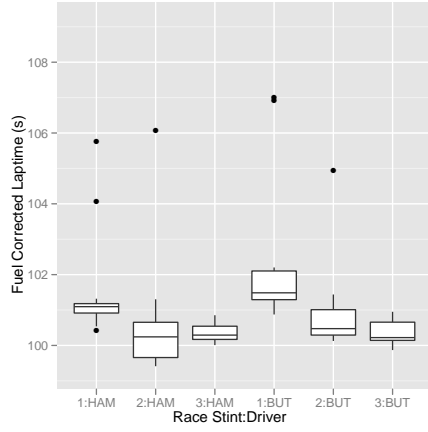


Figure 26: MCL: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

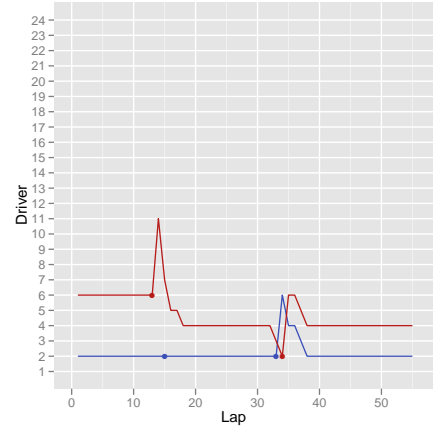


Figure 27: Position Chart: HAM, BUT

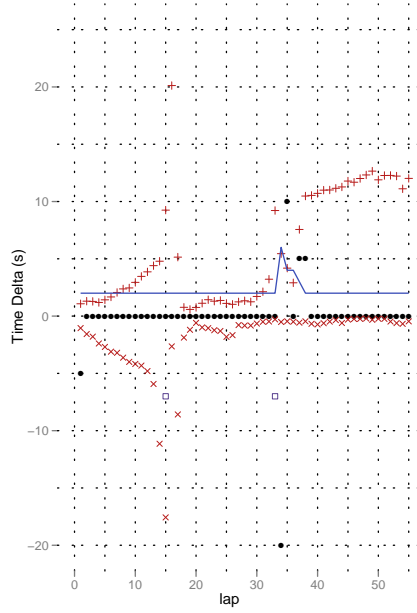


Figure 28: Battle Plot, HAM

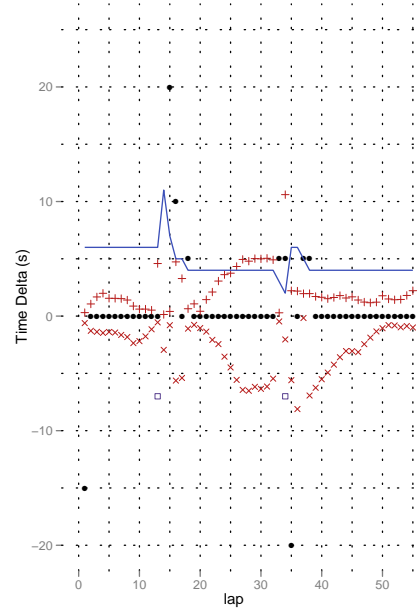


Figure 29: Battle Plot, BUT

2.2 McLaren (MCL)

The **McLaren** drivers are *Lewis Hamilton* (HAM, 3) and *Jenson Button* (BUT, 4).

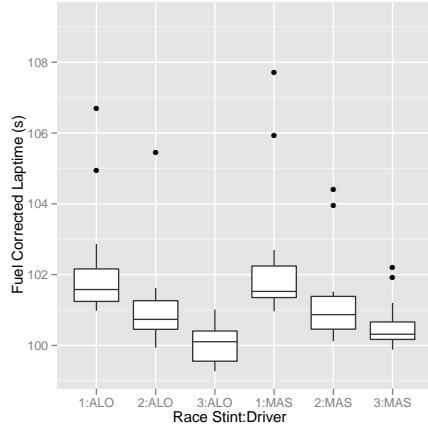


Figure 30: FER: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

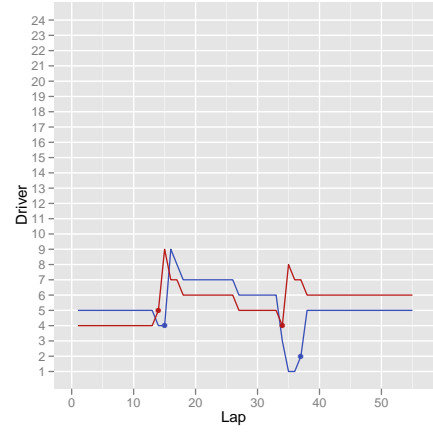


Figure 31: Position Chart: ALO, MAS

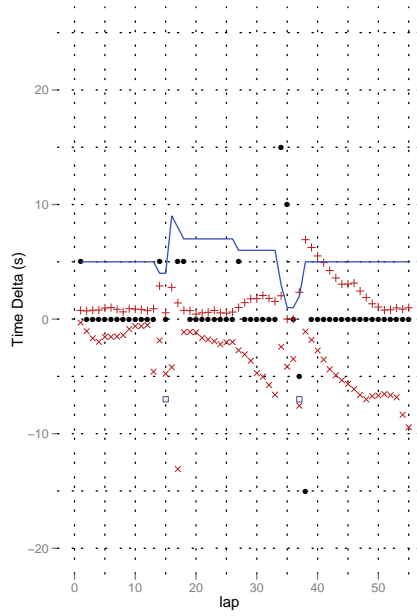


Figure 32: Battle Plot, ALO

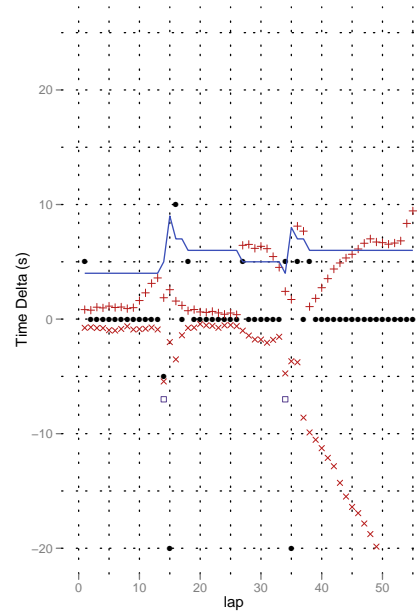


Figure 33: Battle Plot, MAS

2.3 Ferrari (FER)

The **Ferrari** drivers are *Fernando Alonso* (ALO, 5) and *Felipe Massa* (MAS, 6).

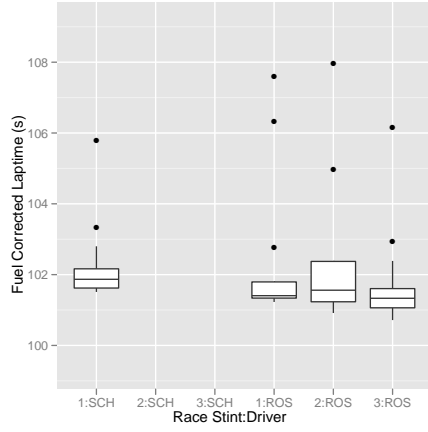


Figure 34: MER: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

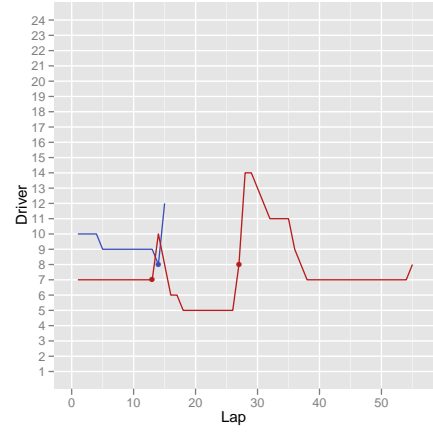


Figure 35: Position Chart: SCH, ROS

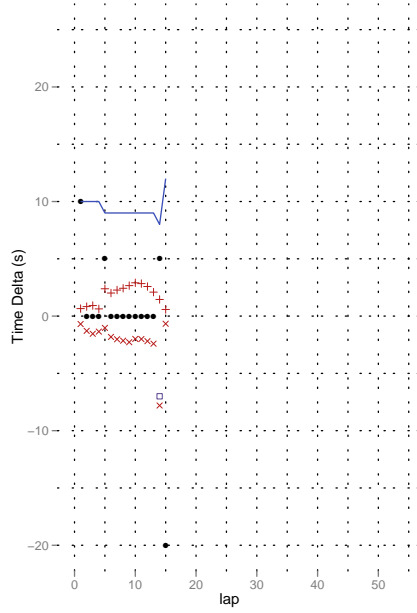


Figure 36: Battle Plot, SCH

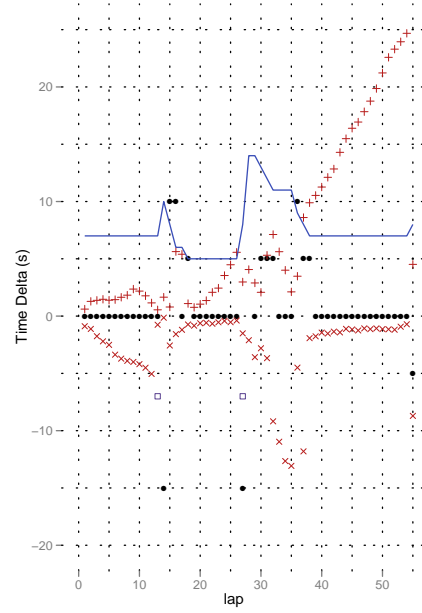


Figure 37: Battle Plot, ROS

2.4 Mercedes (MER)

The **Mercedes** drivers are *Michael Schumacher* (SCH, 7) and *Nico Rosberg* (ROS, 8).

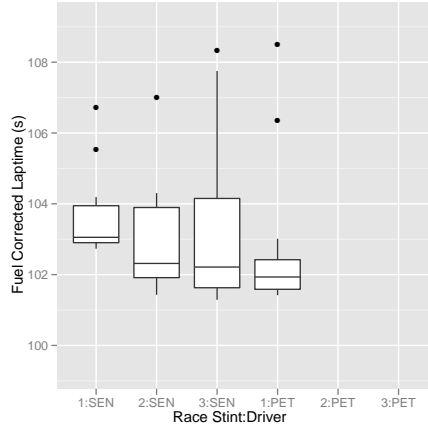


Figure 38: REN: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

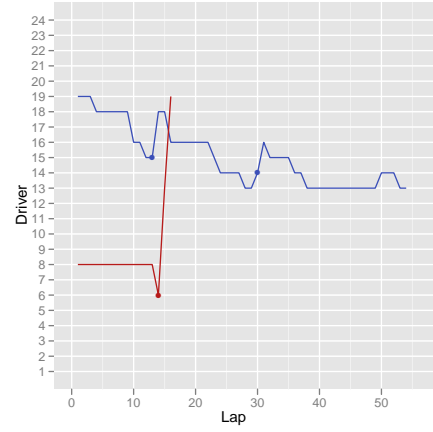


Figure 39: Position Chart: SEN, PET

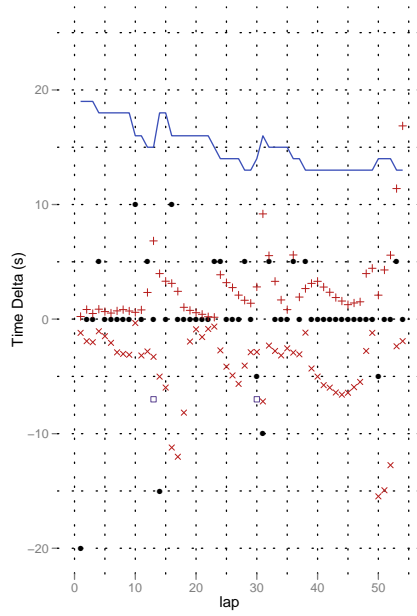


Figure 40: Battle Plot, SEN

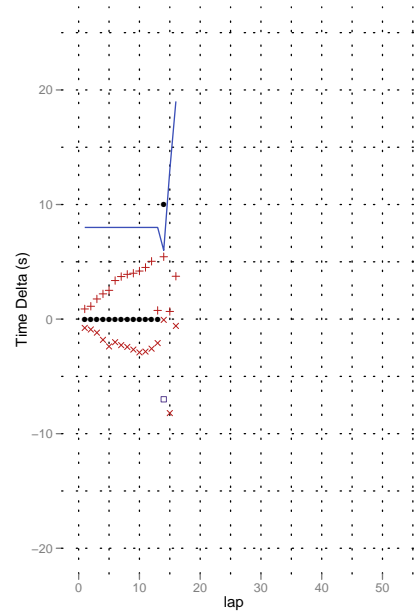


Figure 41: Battle Plot, PET

2.5 Renault (REN)

The **Renault** drivers are *Bruno Senna* (SEN, 9) and *Vitaly Petrov* (PET, 10).

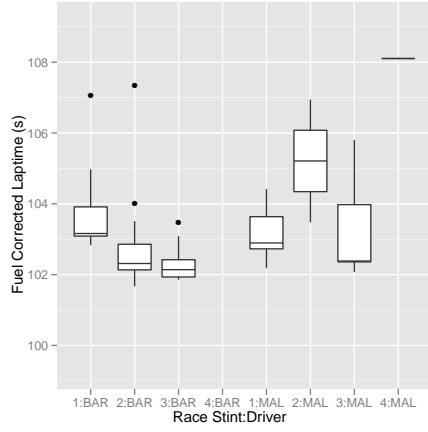


Figure 42: WIL: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

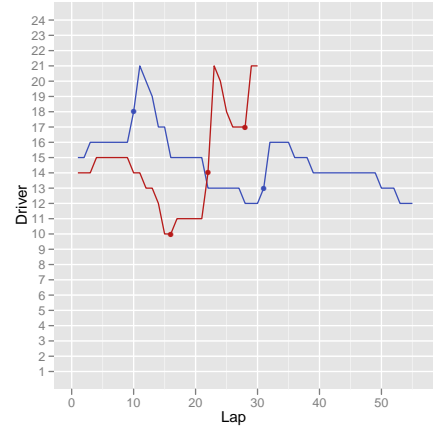


Figure 43: Position Chart: BAR, MAL

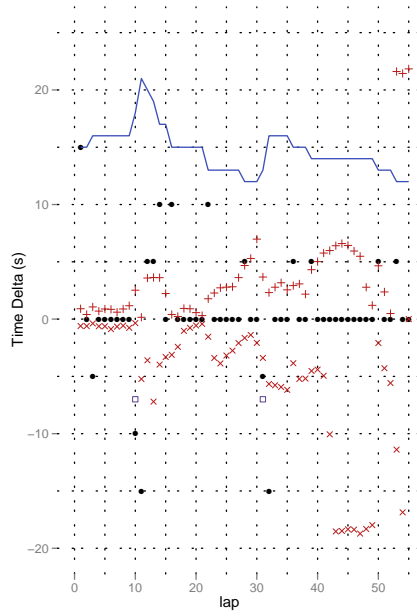


Figure 44: Battle Plot, BAR

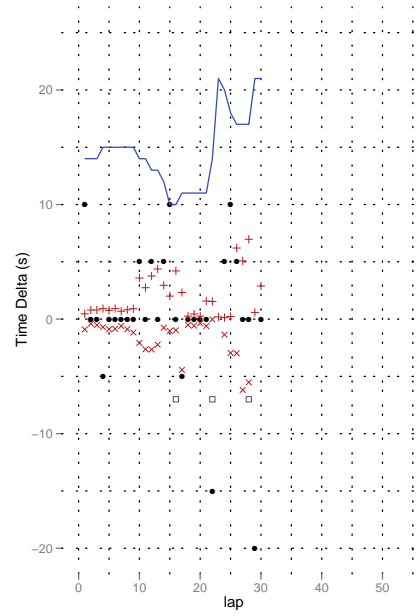


Figure 45: Battle Plot, MAL

2.6 Williams (WIL)

The **Williams** drivers are *Rubens Barrichello* (BAR, 11) and *Pastor Maldonado* (MAL, 12).

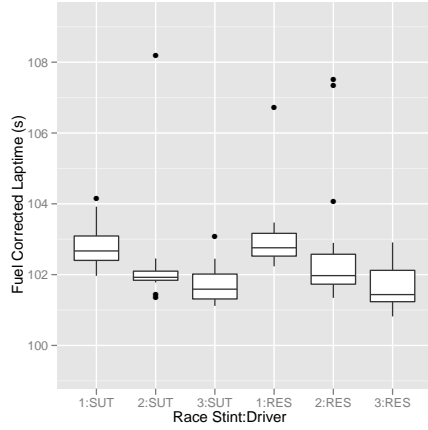


Figure 46: FOR: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

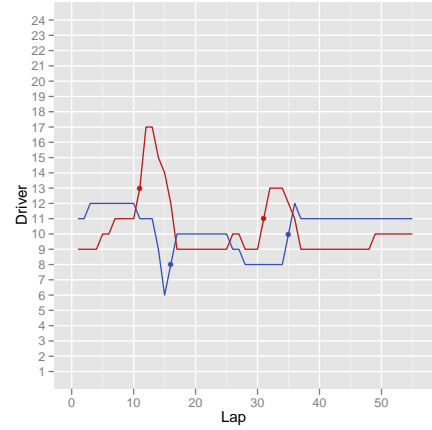


Figure 47: Position Chart: SUT, RES

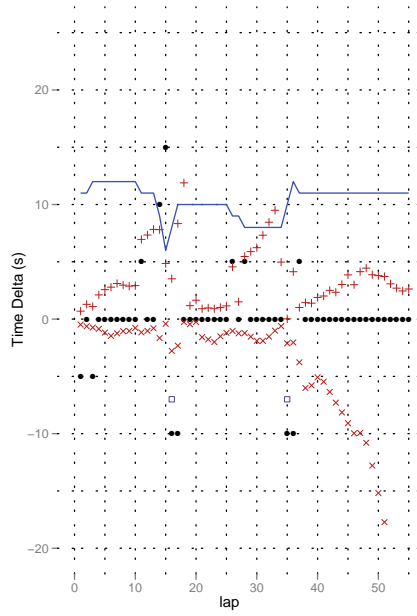


Figure 48: Battle Plot, SUT

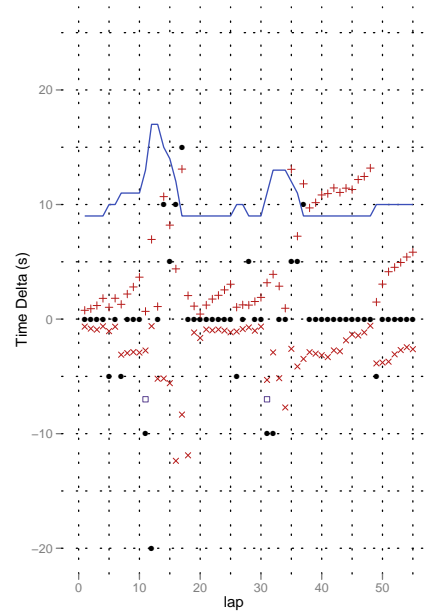


Figure 49: Battle Plot, RES

2.7 Force India (FOR)

The **Force India** drivers are *Adrian Sutil* (SUT, 14) and *Paul di Resta* (RES, 15).

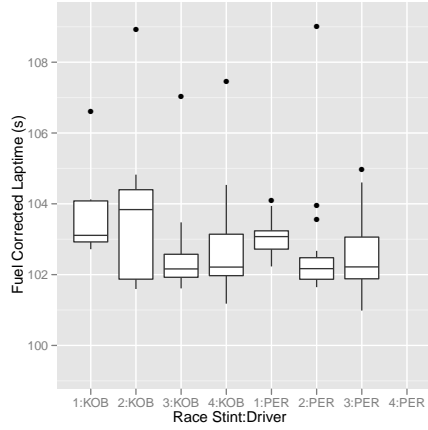


Figure 50: SAU: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

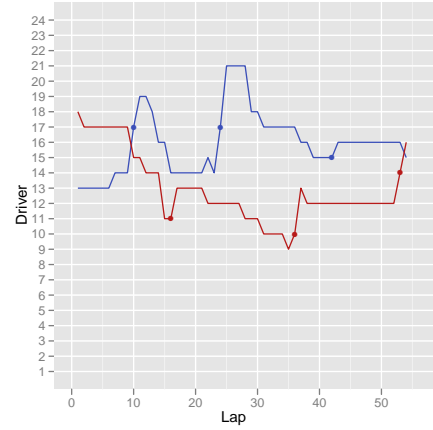


Figure 51: Position Chart: **KOB**, **PER**

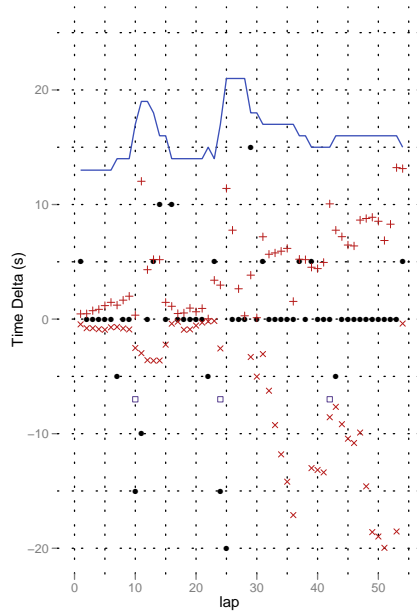


Figure 52: Battle Plot, **KOB**

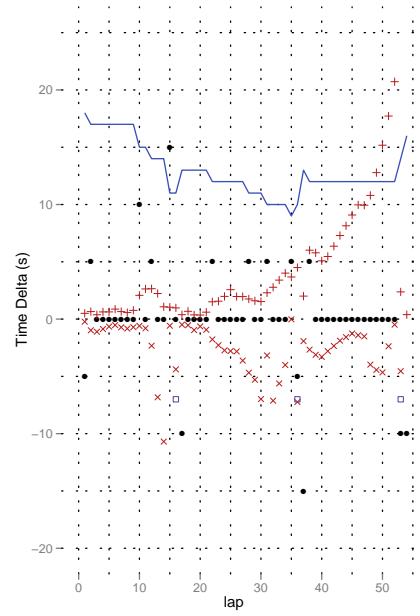


Figure 53: Battle Plot, **PER**

2.8 Sauber (SAU)

The **Sauber** drivers are *Kamui Kobayashi* (**KOB**, 16) and *Sergio Pérez* (**PER**, 17).

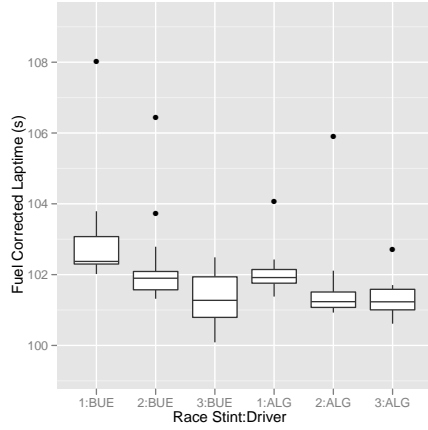


Figure 54: TOR: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

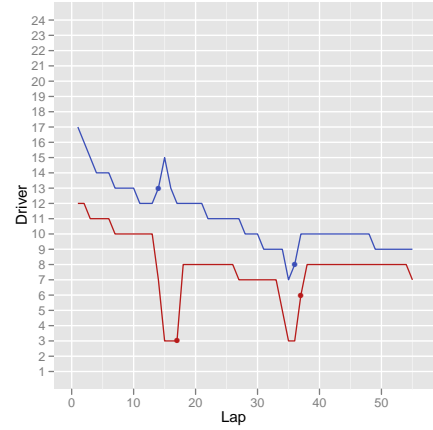


Figure 55: Position Chart: BUE, ALG

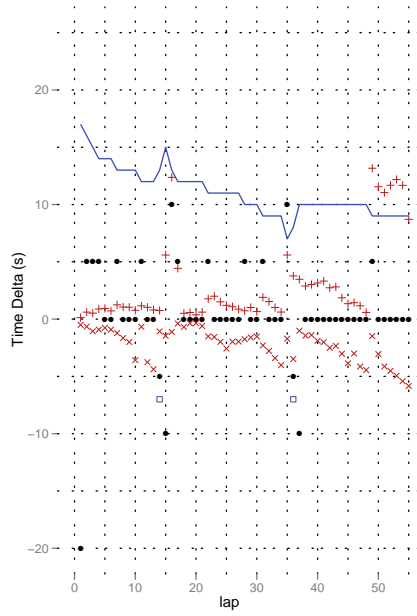


Figure 56: Battle Plot, BUE

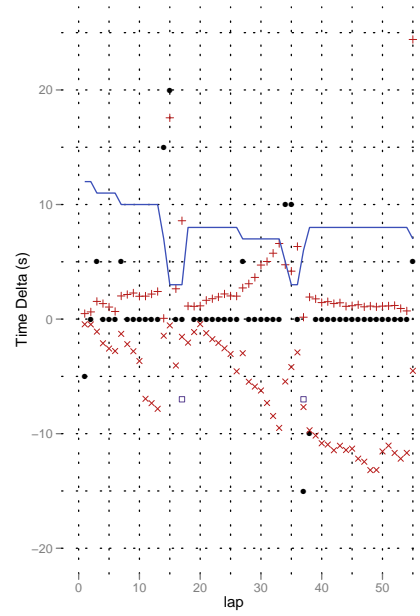


Figure 57: Battle Plot, ALG

2.9 Toro Rosso (TOR)

The **Toro Rosso** drivers are *Sébastien Buemi* (BUE, 18) and *Jaime Alguersuari* (ALG), 19.

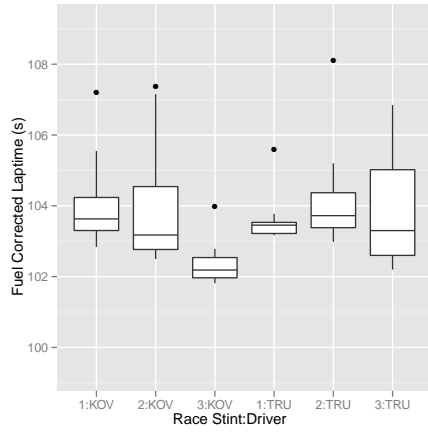


Figure 58: LOT: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

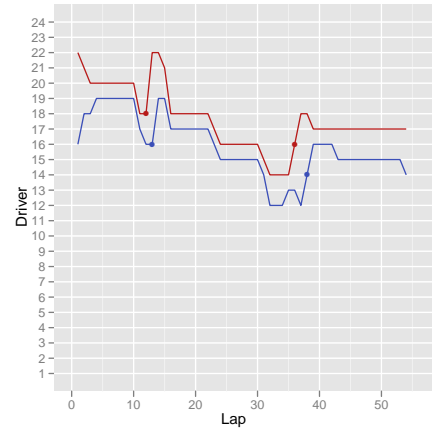


Figure 59: Position Chart: KOV, TRU

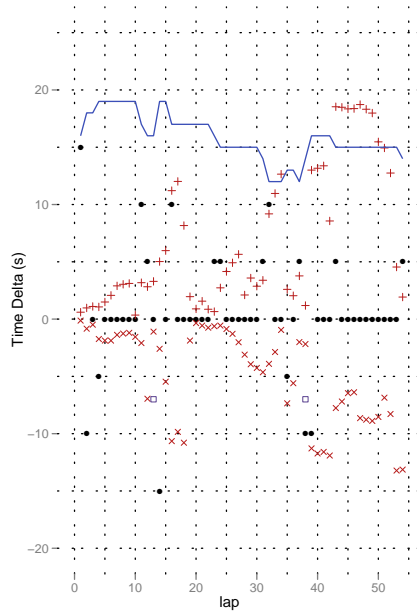


Figure 60: Battle Plot, KOV

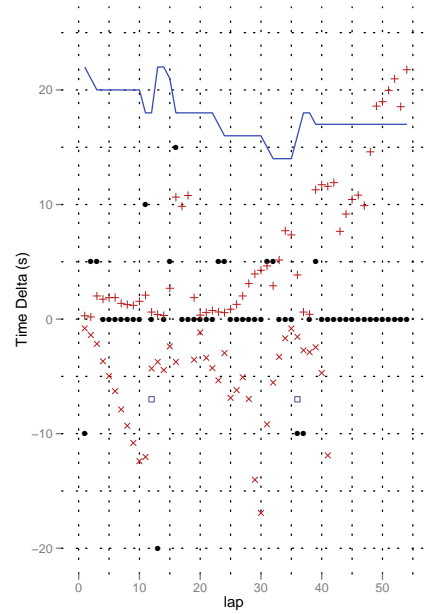


Figure 61: Battle Plot, TRU

2.10 Team Lotus (LOT)

The **Team Lotus** drivers are *Heikki Kovalainen* (KOV, 20) and *Jarno Trulli* (TRU, 21).

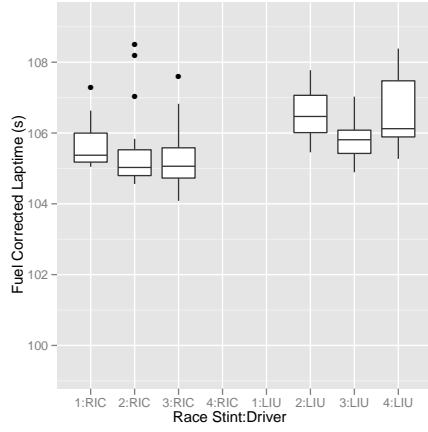


Figure 62: HRT: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

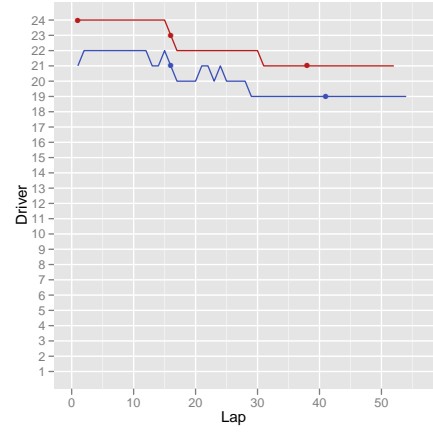


Figure 63: Position Chart: RIC, LIU

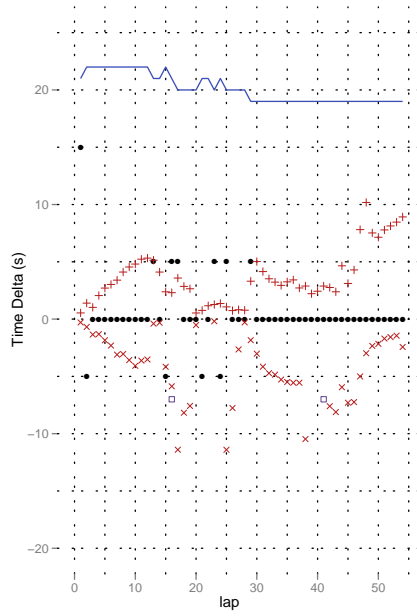


Figure 64: Battle Plot, RIC

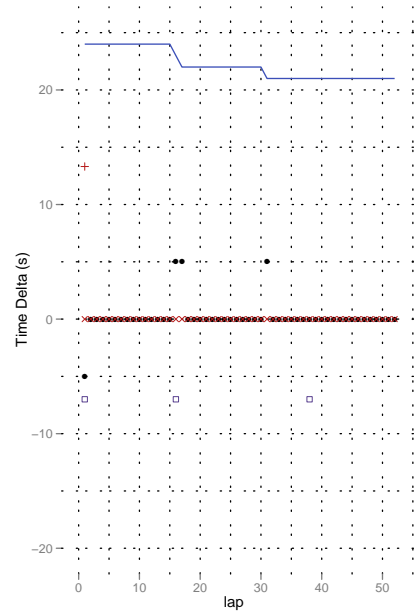


Figure 65: Battle Plot, LIU

2.11 HRT (HRT)

The **HRT** drivers are *Daniel Ricciardo* (RIC, 22) and *Vitantonio Liuzzi* (LIU, 23).

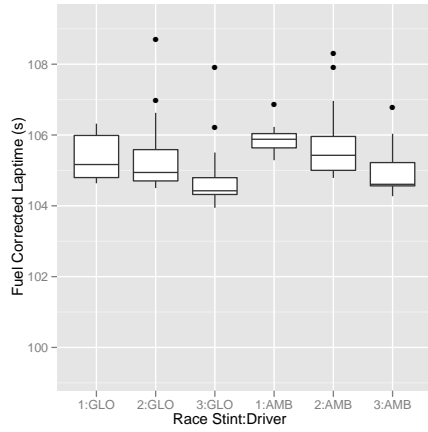


Figure 66: VIR: Fuel corrected laptimes/stint

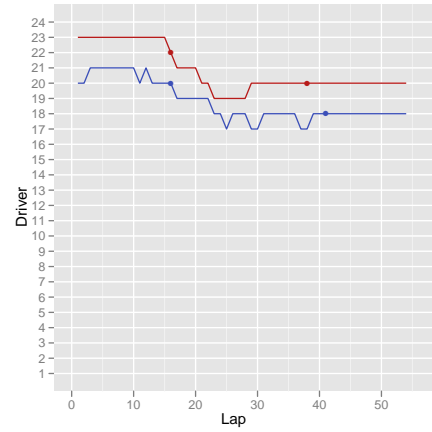


Figure 67: Position Chart: GLO, AMB

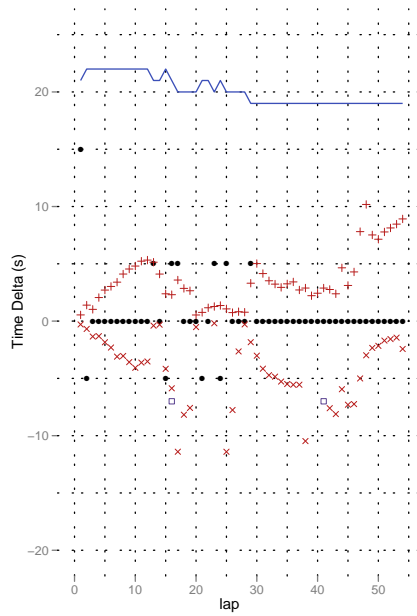


Figure 68: Battle Plot, GLO

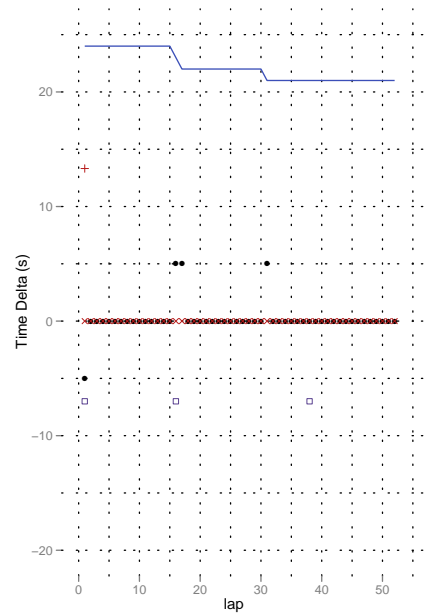


Figure 69: Battle Plot, AMB

2.12 Marussia Virgin (VIR)

The Marussia Virgin drivers are *Timo Glock* (GLO, 24) and *J'érôme d'Ambrosio* (AMB, 25).

3 Feedback

This report format is something of an experiment, providing a “safe”, yet authentic, context for me to explore data handling and visualisation design in conceptual terms, as well as giving some real data to work with as I try to get my head round the R statistical programming language. It’s also providing something of a testbed for me to get back to grips with automated report generation/workflows.

Given the audience demographics of Formula One, I’m also mindful that folk reading this may be interested in how similar techniques, whether relating to data publication, data visualisation or automated document creation, may be relevant to their own work related - or personal - projects... which is why I’m trying to be as open as I can about how this document was created, and everything that has gone in to making it. I don’t think there’s quite enough here for an Open University shortcourse (that’s the day job!), but you never know...!

All comments appreciated, particularly on:

- *chart types*: there are several experimental chart types, as well as my take on more traditional motor sport style chart. Feedback and suggestions welcome on the usefulness/clarity of these charts, things to look for in the charts, suggested improvements to the visual design of the charts.
- *scripts*: the latest version of the “source code” for this document is available from:
<https://github.com/psychemedia/f1DataJunkie/blob/master/raceReports/korea2011f1Race.Rnw>

Please send feedback to: tony.hirst@gmail.com, or visit f1datajunkie.blogspot.com

At the moment, I’m using a single, monolithic script to generate the report. Ideally, this needs splitting into several components that are then drawn together automagically. (If you can provide hints/examples/advice on how to do this, maybe even using this document as an example, it’d save me a load of time;-) The R functions used to generate charts are collected at the top of the document - all comments on how to improve them in terms of “best practice” much appreciated. I generate the PDF from the source Sweave document within RStudio (rstudio.org using the MacTeX LaTeX processor).

Please feel free to fork the “source code” of this documents and make your own changes to it, for example, by using the report as a shell for your own comments/analysis of the race. (I’m still a git/github novice, so I don’t at the moment know how to pull any changes back into my repository!)

A copy of the current version of this document can be found at:

<https://github.com/psychemedia/f1DataJunkie/blob/master/raceReports/korea2011f1Race.pdf>

PS If any motor racing industry folk want to know more, please do get in touch...:-)