# SPELL CHECKER

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# problem



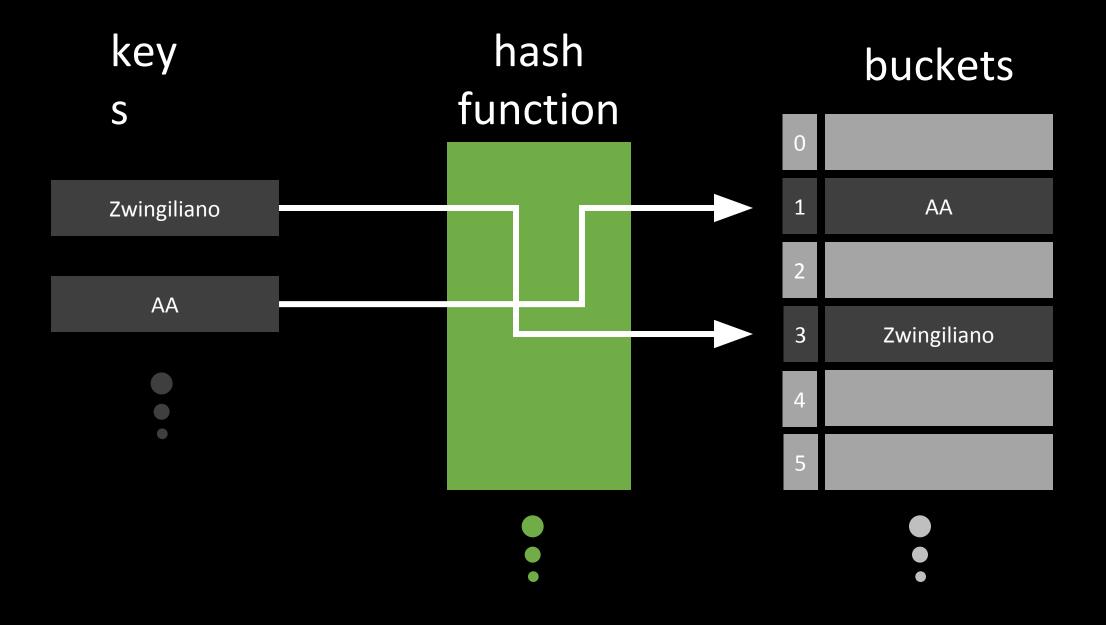
#### size

#### time

#### too easy

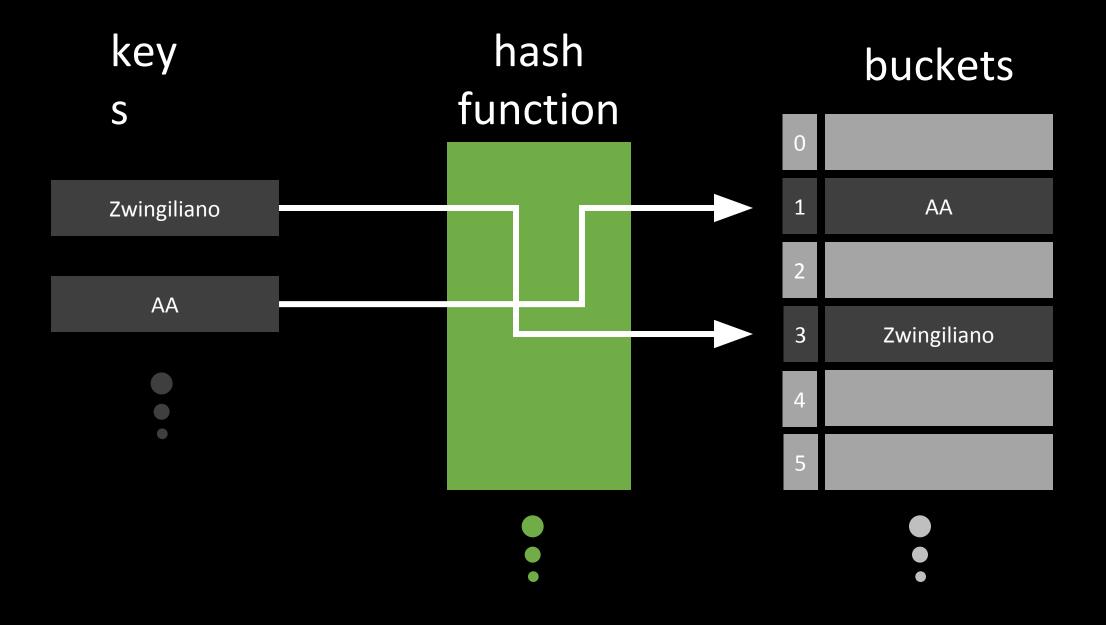


### HASH table



### HOW MANY BUCKETS

### 25.609



## HASH function

```
hash_lose_lose (unsigned char *str) {
unsigned int hash = 0;
int c;
while (c = *str++)
  hash += c;
return hash;
```

"This is not the best possible algorithm, but it has the merit of extreme simplicity."

```
hash_djb2(unsigned char *str) {
unsigned long hash = 5381;
int c;
while (c = *str++)
  hash = ((hash << 5) + hash) + c;
return hash;
```

```
hash_sdbm(unsigned char *str) {
unsigned long hash = 0;
int c;
while (c = *str++)
  hash = c + (hash << 6) + (hash << 16) - hash;
return hash;
```

• Ozan Yigit, creator of sdbm database library.

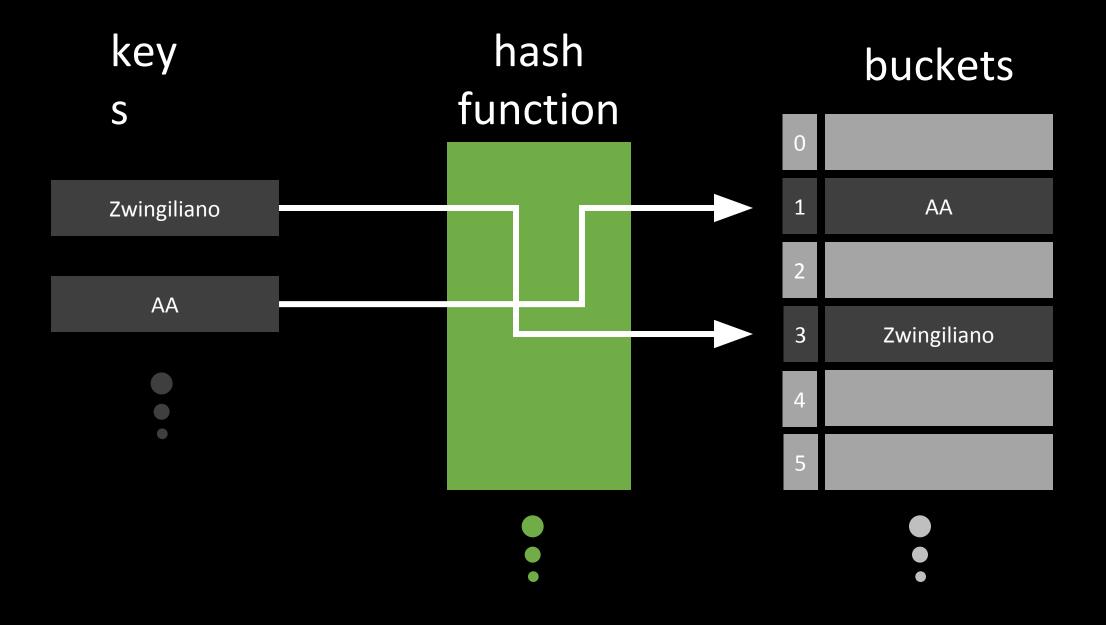
### 10se ose 7.785 ms

# djb2 0.807 ms

# **Sdbm 0.787** ms

# DONE?

# ~300k words 25.609 buckets



### COLLSIONS

### LINKEDISt

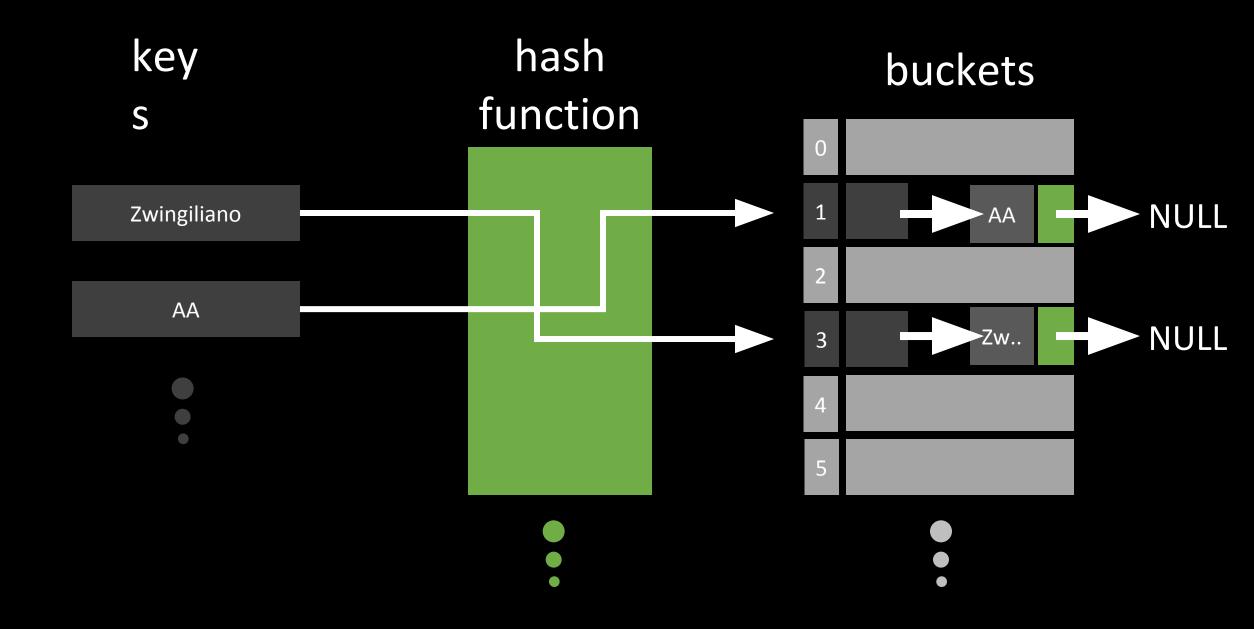


### LINKEDIISt

Insertion is constant O(1)

Dynamic allocation

The cost won't be big



# TIME TO REPORT OF THE PORT OF

### CONCLUSION

# $\begin{array}{c} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ 25609_{\text{buckets}} \end{array}$

~12 avg collisions

## lose\_lose 1779 above 12

23801 below 1229 equal 12

'Best Bucket'



'Worst Bucket'



#### sdbm

10954 above 12 11753 below 12 2902 equal 12

'Best Bucket'

209

'Worst Bucket'



#### djb2

10908 above 1211744 below 122957 equal 12

'Best Bucket'



'Worst Bucket'



# Memory waste due to FAULTY DISTRIBUTION

 lose\_lose
 sdbm
 djb2

 \_ 23801
 \_ 11753
 \_ 11744

 \_ 22930
 \_ 0
 \_ 1

 \_ 871
 \_ 11753
 \_ 11743

# possible ENHANCEMENT

### Any QUESTIONS?