

Day-3

# CSS Icons

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Page \_\_\_\_\_

we can use font awesome

- i By using CDN
- ii By using fontAwesome ~~and~~ kit

cdnjs.com

jsdelivr.com

unpkg.com

cdn provider

Bootstrap Icon

Google Icon

## CSS Links

a: link - a normal, unvisited link

a: visited - a link the user has visited

a: hover - a link when the user mouse over it

a: active - a link the moment it is clicked

## CSS Lists

list-style-type: circle

square

upper-roman

lower-alpha

list-style-image: url(" ");

list-style-position: outside → aligned vertically

inside → push the text at start  
mean align with bullet vertically

list-style-type: none;



short hand :

list-style : square inside url("");

# CSS Tables

## Table border

border-collapse : collapse;

border-spacing : gap between rows, col

border-style : dot, wavy

## Table sizes

height :

width :

## Table Alignment

text-align :

vertical-align :

## Table style

tr : nth-child(even) { }

nth-child(odd) { }

nth-child(3n+1) { }

## Table Responsive

overflow-x : auto;

overflow-y :

overflow-wrap :

overflow-inline :  $\Rightarrow$  overflow-x

overflow-block :  $\Rightarrow$  overflow-y

overflow-inline  $\Rightarrow$  visible, hidden, scroll, auto;

visible - not clipped and will spill outside box

hidden - overflow clipped & invisible

scroll - always scroll bar

auto - overflow show scrollbar if not, don't

text-overflow : clip  
text-overflow : ellipsis



# CSS Display

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Page \_\_\_\_\_

For controlling layout:

display: inline, block; flex, grid, contents,  
inline-block, inline-flex; inline-grid, list-item, table etc  
none

visibility: hidden;

## CSS MAX-width

width: 500px

text-align: center

If there is screen size is 300px  
they create the horizontal scroll bar

For prevent that we can use  
max-width: 90%;

## CSS Position

static → Default, flow normal document flow

✓ relative → stay normal document flow (move right, left, top, bottom relative to original position)

fixed → removed from document flow, positioned relative to the browser window.

✓ absolute → removed from absolute flow, positioned to the nearest positioned ancestor, no such ancestor it uses html body.

sticky → relative & fixed



# CSS Z-index

Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Page \_\_\_\_\_

- specifies the stack layer order of an element.
- only works on positioned element and also works on flex items

## CSS - overflow

overflow: visible, hidden, scroll, auto

overflow-x: = overflow-inline are equal/same

overflow-y: = overflow-block are same

## CSS Layout = float and clear

float = where to float element

clear = what element can float beside created element and which side

float: left, right, none, inherit.

clear: left, none, right, both, inherit

Display: table

display: table-row

display: table-cell

Box-sizing: → How height & width of an element are calculated.

padding-box → By default has in element

if width: 350px

border: 10px;

total width: 370px;

border-box → It calculate width height

In given width:

CSS, Inline - block

display: inline, block, inline-block;  
(horizontal) → vertical

## CSS Align

center align

margin: auto; → width

text-align: center;

margin-left: left;

margin-right: left;

using padding

using flex

using grid

## CSS Combinators

> = child      all child

space = descendant

+ = next sibling      all next

~ = subsequent sibling      next element & on



# CSS Pseudo-classes

need to research

For more feature

Page:

## Anchor - pseudo-classes

a:link, a:visited, a:hover, a:active,  
p:first-child, p:first-child i  
input:focus

## CSS Pseudo Element

::first-line

::first-letter

::after → insert element after end of element

::marker → select marker and style it

::selection → color, background, cursor, outline

- \* pseudo class is used for state of element.
- \* pseudo element is used for part of element.