# Dynamic visualisation in the IPython Notebook







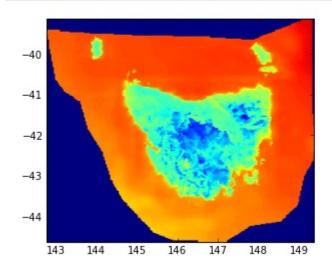
#### What we have...

```
from pydap.client import open_url
dataset = open_url("http://127.0.0.1:8001/IDT71003_TAS_MinT_SFC.nc")

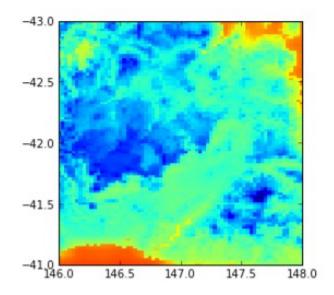
mint = dataset['MinT_SFC']
lats = dataset['latitude']
lons = dataset['longitude']

# Just pull out data for the first day
day0 = mint[0]
data = np.squeeze(day0)
```

```
extent = [min(lons), max(lons), min(lats), max(lats)]
_ = plt.imshow(data, origin='lower', vmin=0, vmax=20, extent=extent)
```



#### What we have...



### The problem



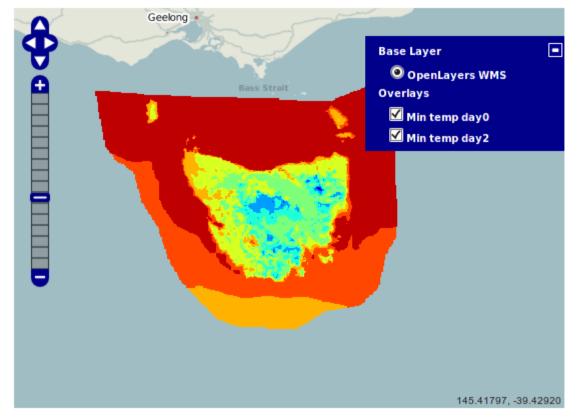
Can't zoom
Can't pan
Can't layer
Can't sample by clicking

IPython Notebook makes it easy to explore datasets and plot them with matplotlib...

...but for gridded datasets, it really would be nice to have them on a map!

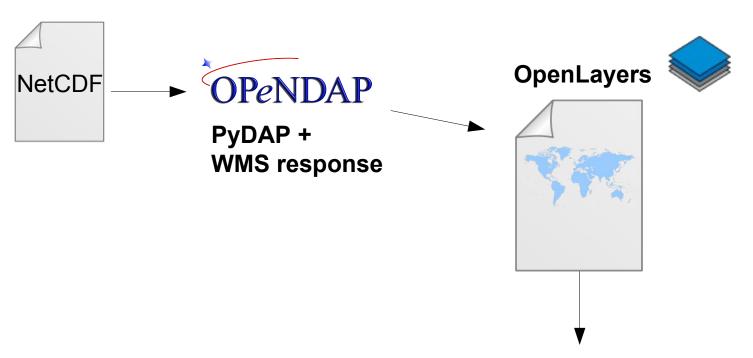


#### ...what we want



#### How to get there?





# IP[y]: Notebook



#### IPython notebook



"a web-based interactive computational environment where you can combine code execution, text, mathematics, plots and rich media into a single document"

- · Inspired by Mathematica, SAGE notebooks
- · Built-in support for numpy, matplotlib
- · Half-interpreter, half-script
- Great way to "show your work"
- Useful for tuning fiddly APIs (ahem matplotlib)
- · Perfect for tutorials!

Run a local server, and/or Publish your notebook as .ipynb and use http://nbviewer.ipython.org/



### IPython notebook



```
pip install ipython
pip install tornado pyzmq # needed for notebook, not ipython shell
ipython notebook --pylab inline
```

### IPython notebook



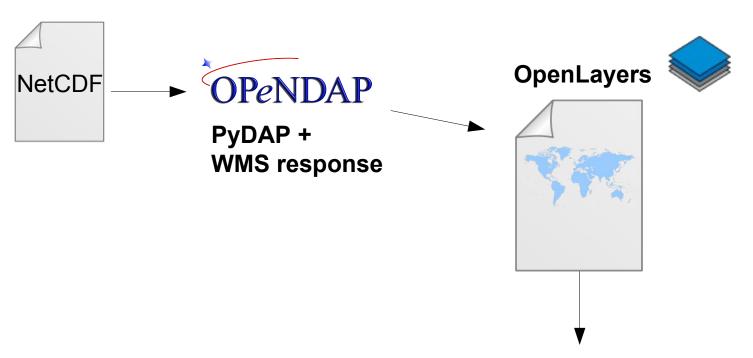
Display system – define "rich reprs" for HTML, JSON, PNG, JPEG, SVG, LaTeX

from IPython.display import Image, HTML

If you define a class with 'png', 'svg' properties that return instances of IPython.display.lmage – hey presto, you are notebook friendly!

#### How to get there?





# IP[y]: Notebook



#### JavaScript mapping libraries



#### **Leaflet and OpenLayers:**

- Specify layers as "tile layers" or "WMS tile layers" (different APIs)
- Can set projection as required
- Can reproject points and vectors (but not map tiles) on-the-fly

### WMS





#### Web Map Service



#### **Supports 2+ request types – GetMap, GetCapabilities**

http://test.pydap.org/coads.nc.wms?SST[0]&LAYERS=SST&TRANSPARENT=true&FORMAT=image %2Fpng&SERVICE=WMS&VERSION=1.1.1&REQUEST=GetMap&STYLES=&SRS=EPSG %3A900913&BBOX=-180,-90,1252164.27125,1252254.27125&WIDTH=256&HEIGHT=256

REQUEST=GetMap SERVICE=WMS VERSION=1.1.1

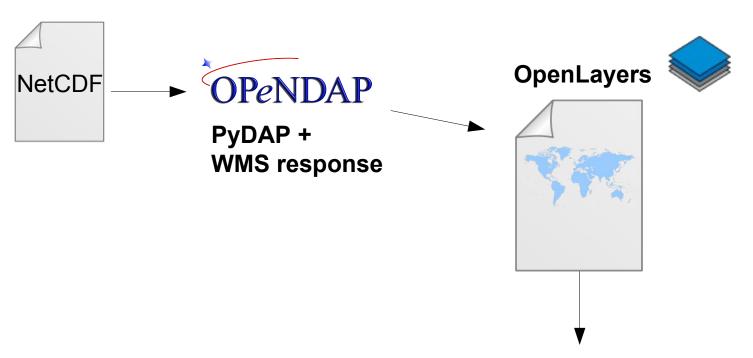
LAYERS=MinT\_SFC SRS=EPSG:900913 BBOX=-180,-10018844.17,10018574.17,-90

FORMAT=image/png
TRANSPARENT=true
HEIGHT=256
WIDTH=256



#### How to get there?





# IP[y]: Notebook





2 parts: OPeNDAP server, OPeNDAP client

#### Server

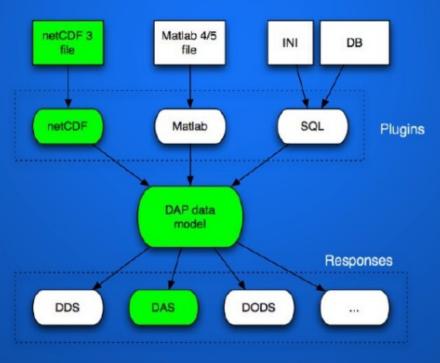
- WSGI app
- Handlers (input): NetCDF, HDF5, SQL, CSV, remote!, ...
- Responses (ouput): DAS/DDS/DODS, HTML, ASCII WMS, KML, XLS, ...

#### Client

 "Lazy loading" of data from any OPeNDAP server into numpy (incl. slices, subsets)



### Plugins and responses



http://localhost:8080/file.nc.das





```
pip install pydap pydap.handlers.netcdf pydap.responses.wms
paster create -t pydap myserver
cp mydata.nc myserver/data/

# starts a server like http://test.pydap.org/
# run server with 4 workers, better for serving up map tiles
gunicorn paster -w 4 -b 127.0.0.1:8001 myserver/server.ini
```





#### Index of /

Parent directory

Filename	Download	Last modified
IDT71003_TAS_MinT_SFC.nc	<u>1 MB</u>	06/25/2013 06:52:40 PM
coads.nc	<u>5 MB</u>	06/25/2013 07:01:39 PM

pydap/3.1

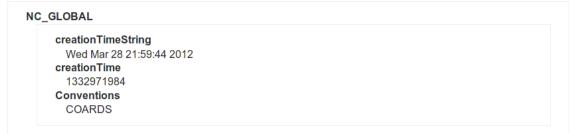


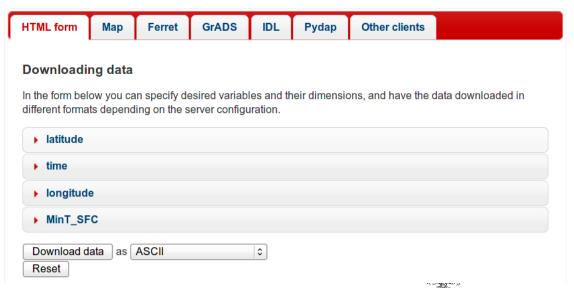


#### Download data from IDT71003\_TAS\_MinT\_SFC%2Enc

Parent directory

#### Global attributes





Australian Government
Bureau of Meteorology

The Centre for Australian



HTML form Map Ferret GrADS IDL Pydap Other clients

#### Downloading data with Pydap

To access this dataset using the <a href="Pydap">Pydap</a> Python module:

```
$ python
>>> from pydap.client import open_url
>>> dataset = open_url("http://127.0.0.1:8001/IDT71003_TAS_MinT_SFC.nc")
>>> import pprint
>>> pprint.pprint( dataset.keys() )
['latitude', 'time', 'longitude', 'MinT_SFC']
```

### Projections 101



Mapping libraries can reproject points and vectors, but not map tiles...

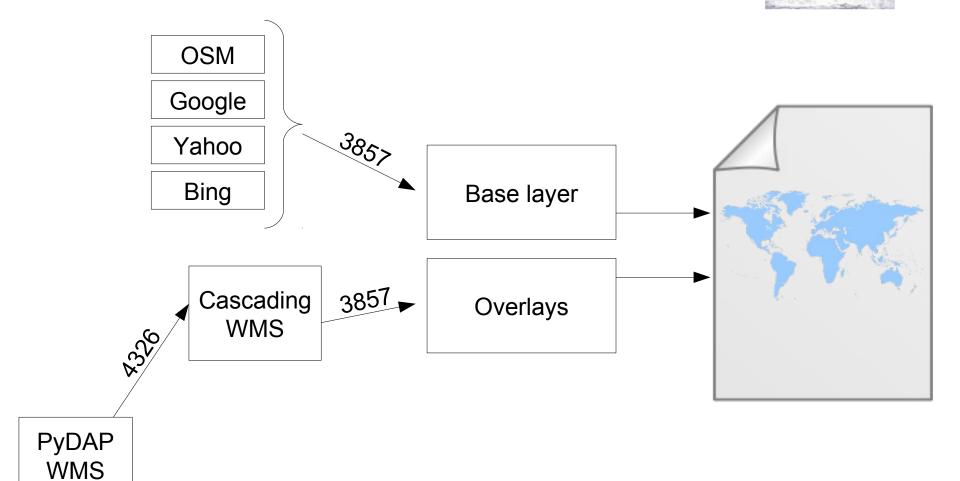
Base layers and overlays need to be requested in the same projection!

### Projections 101

CRS	EPSG:4326	EPSG:3857 (aka EPSG:900913)
Example of	Geographic coordinate system (represents a globe/part of a globe)	Projected coordinate system, "Spherical Mercator" (represents a map)
Used by	"GIS enthusiasts", Metacarta	"almost all free and commercial tile providers" (Google, OSM, Yahoo, Bing)
Coords as	Lat-lons in decimal degrees	"Metres"
PyDAP WMS can serve map tiles in	$\sqrt{}$	
OpenLayers supports by default	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Leaflet supports by default	√ But issue #1207 "EPSG 4326 Support Broken for TileLayers" andCloudMade doesn't provide WMS.	



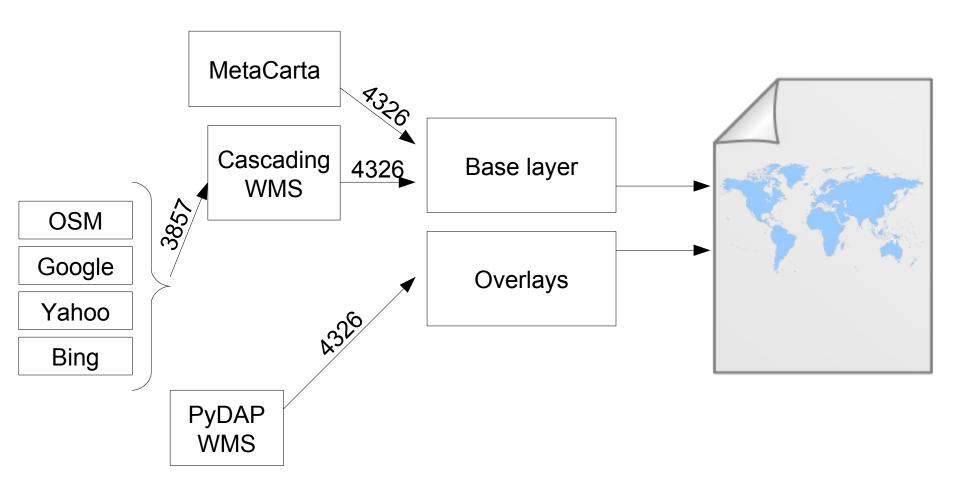
### Option 1: Render overlays in EPSG:3857





### Option 2: Pick base layer in EPSG:4326





### Cascading WMS

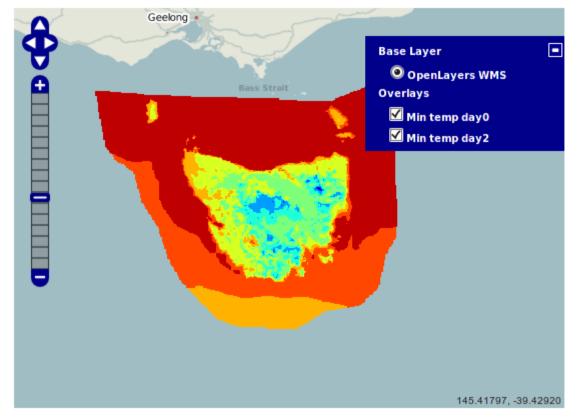
- MapServer
  - C
  - MIT license
- GeoServer + GeoWebCache
  - Java
  - GPL, LGPL licenses
  - http://maps.opengeo.org/geowebcache/demo
    - Includes OpenStreetMap, NASA "Blue Marble"



```
import os
 1
    from genshi.template import TemplateLoader
 2
    from IPython.display import HTML
 3
 4
    loader = TemplateLoader(os.getcwd())
 5
 6
 7
    class PydapWMS(object):
 8
         """A simple object for displaying data from a Pydap WMS."""
 9
         def __init__(self, server='http://test.pydap.org/coads.nc.wms',
10
                      layers=None, centerlat=0, centerlon=0, initialzoom=2,
11
                      mapwidth=400, mapheight=300, template='template.html'):
12
             self.wmsserverurl = server
13
             self.layers = layers if layers else [('SST', 'Sea Surface Temperature', 0)]
14
15
             self.centerlat = centerlat
             self.centerlon = centerlon
16
             self.initialzoom = initialzoom
17
             self.mapwidth = mapwidth
18
19
             self.mapheight = mapheight
             self.template = template
20
21
         def __repr__(self):
22
23
             return 'PydapWMS({})'.format(str(self.__dict__))
24
         @property
25
         def html(self):
26
             tmpl = loader.load(self.template)
27
             html = tmpl.generate(**self.__dict__).render('html', doctype='html')
28
             src = 'data:text/html;base64,{}'.format(html.encode('base64'))
29
             iframe = '<iframe src="{}" width="{}" height="{}"></iframe>'
             return HTML(iframe.format(src, self.mapwidth + 50, self.mapheight + 50))
31
```

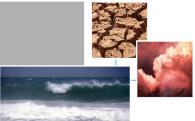


#### Back to the notebook





#### Credits



With thanks to:

**Nathan Faggian** 

Roberto de Almeida

**James Sofra** 

**Danielle Madeley** 

Roald de Wit

#### **Credits**

Map tiles photo: "Carcassonne" by Tom & Katrien, licensed CC-BY-SA.

http://www.flickr.com/photos/inferis/283379928/









#### The Centre for Australian Weather and Climate Research A partnership between CSIRO and the Bureau of Meteorology

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Web: www.cawcr.gov.au

# Thank you

www.cawcr.gov.au

#### TODOs



**Get sample at point (pydap.responses.json?)** 

Wrapper function to pass a modified numpy grid, write out as netcdf in pydap directory, return map to embed

Display non-geographic data (eg large image)

### Other options – GeoDjango?



First impression - seems to be a lot more about vector layers than gridded data



The future – HTML5 backend for matplotlib?

