	(Uiteah
Name:	\$
Roll No.:	As the Control of the
Inviailator's Signature :	

2011 RENEWABLE ENERGY TECHNOLOGY

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) Which is not an energy efficient crop on the basis of their fuel content?
 - a) Sunflower
- b) Sugarcane
- c) Ssoybean
- d) Spinach.
- ii) Specific fuel consumption (SFC) is defined as
 - a) kg of fuel consumed per kg of food cooked
 - b) gm of fuel consumed per kg of food cooked
 - c) gm of fuel consumed per gm of food cooked
 - d) kg of fuel consumed per gm of food cooked.

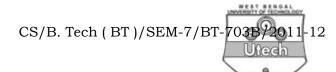
7316 [Turn over

- (PAR) constitutes
- iii) Photosynthetically active radiation (PAR) solar radiation of
 - a) 90 to 95 %
- b) 80 to 85 %
- c) 60 to 65 %
- d) 40 to 45 %.
- iv) Compared with coal biofuels have
 - a) higher hydrogen to carbon ratio
 - b) lower hydrogen to carbon ratio
 - c) equal hydrogen to carbon ratio
 - d) equal oxygen to carbon ratio.
- v) Which of the following semiconductor materials are mainly used in solar cells?
 - a) Ga

b) As

c) Cd

- d) Si.
- vi) The microbe used for excellent ethanol production is
 - a) Z. mobilis
 - b) Aspergillus niger
 - c) Bacillus subtilis
 - d) Clostridium thermocellum.
- vii) HOG fuel is
 - a) ethanol
 - b) mixture of ethanol and methanol
 - c) mixture of wood and bark waste
 - d) fossil fuel.



- viii) Biogas mainly consists of
 - a) CO_2 and CH_4
- b) CO_2 and H_2
- c) H_2S and N_2
- d) CH_4 and H_2S .
- ix) Microorganism mainly used for recovery of oil is
 - a) Pseudomonas putida
 - b) Zoogloea ramigera
 - c) Alkaligens eutrophus
 - d) Bacillus subtilis.
- x) A reactor which uses U^{235} only as the fuel and releases energy is called
 - a) electromagnetic reactor
 - b) burrier reactor
 - c) moderator
 - d) fusion reactor.
- xi) Which one of the following microorganisms is a metalreducing bacterial applied in microbial fuel cell (MFC)?
 - a) Shewanella putrefaciens
 - b) Geobacter sulfurreducens
 - c) Pyrococcus furiosus
 - d) Thermus aquaticus.

- xii) Which one of the following is not a process for physicochemical pretreatment of ligno-cellulose for bioethanol production?
 - a) Acid catalysed steam explosion
 - b) Acid-freeze explosion
 - c) Alkaline wet oxidation
 - d) Hydrogenation.

GROUP - B

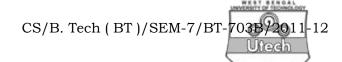
(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. a) Draw a simple sketch of a typical solar power heater.
 - b) Explain how could you set up an electric power plant associated with Solar Pond? 3 + 2
- 3) a) How is ethanol obtained form biomass?
 - b) What are the major steps of anaerobic methanogenesis? 2+3
- 4) a) What is biophotolysis?
 - b) Write in brief how hydrogen is produced by photosynthetic microorganism. 2 + 3

7316 4



- 5. a) What are the components of lignocellulosic materials?
 - b) Write one organism which can enzymatically hydrolyze cellulose into glucose.
 - c) Write down the principal enzymes responsible for enzymatic hydrolysis of lignocellulose biomass. 1 + 1 + 3
- 6. a) What do you mean by nuclear meltdown?
 - b) What is the function of collision rod in nuclear reactor?
 - c) Mention any one risk factor associated with nuclear reactor. 3 + 1 + 1
- 7. If the energy output of the sun is constant, why do we receive more radiation in summer than in winter?

GROUP - C

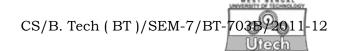
(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 8. a) What happens when light falls on the p-n junction at the heart of a solar cell? Explain.
 - b) Define air mass ratio for the spectral power distribution using solar energy.
 - c) What are the basic general rules to be followed for optimizing the use of passive solar heating of buildings? 5+5+5

- 9. a) Describe the role of C/N ratio for the efficient generation of biogas in anaerobic digestion process.
 - b) Discuss the effect of particle size of substrate and volatile matter concentration on the rate of digestion of waste material.
- 10. a) What is the principle working behind Geothermal energy.
 - b) Briefly explain different types of Geothermal Electric power plant on the basis of geothermal fluid and type of turbine.
 - c) What are the major limitations of Geothermal energy?
 - d) Draw a simple flow diagram of petrothermal geothermal power plant. 3 + 6 + 3 + 3
- 11. a) What are Biosurfactants? What are their major applications?
 - b) What is Xanthan gum? Briefly explain the chemistry, production and applications.
 - c) What is Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC) system? 1 + 5 + 1 + 6 + 2

7316



- 12. Mention one xanthan producing strain. For an industrial production of xanthan explain
 - a) the nutrient used
 - b) fermentation parameters like pH, temperature, fermentation time, oxygen supply.
 - c) How xanthan is purified from fermentation broth. What are the major application of xanthan?

$$1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5$$

13. How is ethanol produced by fermentation? Write a summary on how vegetable oils can be used for production of biodiesel.

7316 7