- 1. Find the largest and smallest number in a given array of size N (8-bit numbers).
- 2. Find the smallest and smallest number in a given array of size N (8-bit numbers).
- Arrange the elements of a given array of size N in ascending and ascending order (8-bit numbers).
- 4. Arrange the elements of an given array of size N in ascending and descending order (8-bit numbers).
- 5. Addition of two 16bit numbers using direct addressing mode.
- 6. Addition of two 16bit numbers using indirect addressing mode.
- 7. Addition of two 16bit numbers using index addressing mode.
- 8. Addition of two 16bit numbers using base index addressing mode.
- 9. Subtraction of two 16 bit numbers using direct addressing mode.
- 10. Multiplication of two 16 bit numbers using direct addressing mode.
- 11. Division of two 16 bit numbers using direct addressing mode.
- 12. AND two 16 bit numbers using direct addressing mode.
- 13. OR two 16 bit numbers using direct addressing mode.
- 14. NOT of a 16 bit number using direct addressing mode.
- 15. XOR of two 16 bit numbers using direct addressing mode.
- 16. Addition of two 32bit numbers using load/store addressing mode.
- 17. Subtraction of two 32bit numbers using load/store addressing mode.
- 18. Multiplication of two 32bit numbers using load/store addressing mode.
- 19. Find the Largest number from a given array of size N using ARM microprocessor
- 20. Find the smallest number from an array of size N using ARM microprocessor
- 21. Separate Even numbers and odds numbers in an array of size N using ARM microprocessor.
- 22. Perform the logical operations (AND, OR, XOR and NOT) on two 32bit numbers using load/store addressing mode.