## END TERM EXAMINATION

FOURTH SEMESTER [B. TECH] JUNE 2025

Paper Code: ECC-218

Subject: Electronics-II

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt all questions as directed. Internal Choice is indicated. Time: 3 Hours

- (4x5=20)Q1
  - (a) Explain the concept of Heat Sink in detail required for Power Amplifiers.
  - (b) Sketch Symbol of n-channel and p-channel Depletion MOSFET. State giving reasons, why it is known as depletion MOSFET?
  - (c) Explain the working of operational amplifier as summer.
    - (d) Draw the block diagram of current series and current shunt feedback
  - (e) Explain the effect of feedback on gain, bandwidth and noise.
  - (f) Define efficiency for a Power Amplifier and write the expression for the same. State the efficiency of Class A, Class B and Class C Amplifiers respectively.
  - (g) State and explain Barkhausen's Criteria.
  - (h) Write a short notes on Darlington pair amplifier.

- UNIT-I Design a two stage RC coupled CS - CE Amplifier to meet following specifications: Av  $\geq 750$ , S  $\leq 10$ , Ri  $\geq 1$  M $\Omega$ , Vcc = 10 V. Assume the Q2following data:  $\beta$ typ = 290, hie = 4.5k $\Omega$ , gmo = 5000 $\mu$  $\sigma$ , IDSS = 7mA, rd =  $50k\Omega$ , VP =-4V. OR
- Sketch Circuit Diagram, AC equivalent Model and Derive expressions for Input impedance, Output Impedance, Voltage Gain and Current Gain of Q3 a two stage CE Amplifier.

## UNIT-II

For a 'n' stage cascaded amplifier, show that overall lower 3 dB cut - off frequency is  $f_{LT} = \frac{f_L}{\sqrt{(2)^{\frac{1}{n}}-1}}$ and overall higher Q4

$$f_{H}' = f_{H} \left( \sqrt{(2)^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1} \right).$$
 (10)

Draw a neat diagram of Class AB power Amplifier and explain its Q5 working.

## UNIT-III

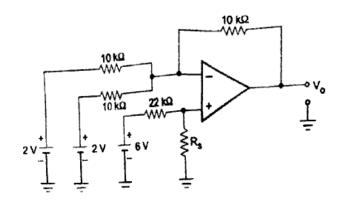
Draw RC phase shift oscillator using BJT and derive the frequency of Q6 oscillation for same.

P.T.O.

OR

Determine the output of the circuit given in the figure: Q7

(10)



**UNIT-IV** 

(a) Compare Small Signal and Large Signal amplifier. (5)Q8

(b) Calculate frequency of Oscillation for Hartley Oscillator if L1 =5mH, (5) L2 = 2mH and  $C = 0.5 \mu F$ .

99 Explain the working of a table multivibrator using 555 IC. (10)

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