

Lab – 08

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- For the error estimate, I have calculated the actual integral using the inbuilt `int` (f, a, b) function in MATLAB and took its difference with the approximated integral.
- Que – 5 may take some time in execution (around 1 min) as it has to iterate through bigger values of n as the for loop proceeds.

Ques – 1

Using the rectangle rule and taking ‘a’ as initial point of approximation, we observe the following for all the parts: -

Que-1

1(a)

The approximation of given integral using rectangle rule is 0.031250.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 1.625000e-01.

1(b)

The approximation of given integral using rectangle rule is -0.250000.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 1.706279e-02.

1(c)

The approximation of given integral using rectangle rule is -0.400000.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 3.339692e-01.

1(d)

The approximation of given integral using rectangle rule is 0.000000.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 2.588629e+00.

1(e)

The approximation of given integral using rectangle rule is 0.243195.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 2.635721e-01.

Ques – 2

- ➔ Using the midpoint rule, we observe the following results: -

Que-2

2 - i(a)

The approximation of given integral using midpoint rule is 0.158203.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 3.554688e-02.

2 - i(b)

The approximation of given integral using midpoint rule is -0.266667.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 3.961186e-04.

2 - i(c)

The approximation of given integral using midpoint rule is -0.675325.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 5.864450e-02.

2 - i(d)

The approximation of given integral using midpoint rule is 1.803915.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 7.847139e-01.

2 - i(e)

The approximation of given integral using midpoint rule is -0.011895.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 8.481537e-03.

→ Using the Trapezoidal Rule, we observe the following results: -

2 - ii(a)

The approximation of given integral using trapezoidal rule is 0.265625.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 7.187500e-02.

2 - ii(b)

The approximation of given integral using trapezoidal rule is -0.267857.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 7.943576e-04.

2 - ii(c)

The approximation of given integral using trapezoidal rule is -0.866667.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 1.326975e-01.

2 - ii(d)

The approximation of given integral using trapezoidal rule is 4.143260.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 1.554631e+00.

2 - ii(e)

The approximation of given integral using trapezoidal rule is -0.037024.

The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 1.664746e-02.

➔ Using the Simpson's rule, we obtain the following results: -

2 - iii(a)

The approximation of given integral using simpsons rule is 0.194010.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 2.604167e-04.

2 - iii(b)

The approximation of given integral using simpsons rule is -0.267063.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 7.068144e-07.

2 - iii(c)

The approximation of given integral using simpsons rule is -0.739105.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 5.136164e-03.

2 - iii(d)

The approximation of given integral using simpsons rule is 2.583696.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 4.932229e-03.

2 - iii(e)

The approximation of given integral using simpsons rule is -0.020272.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 1.052061e-04.

Ques – 3

The actual value of required integral is pi i.e., 3.14159265359... Approximating it with difference rules, we get the following results: -

Que-3

3(a)

The approximation of given integral using rectangle rule is 4.000000.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 8.584073e-01.

3(b)

The approximation of given integral using midpoint rule is 3.200000.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 5.840735e-02.

3(c)

The approximation of given integral using trapezoidal rule is 3.000000.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 1.415927e-01.

3(d)

The approximation of given integral using simpsons rule is 3.133333.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 8.259320e-03.

3(e)

The approximation of given integral using simpsons three-eighth rule is 3.138462.
The error in approximation is ($|Approx - Actual|$):- 3.131115e-03.

We observe that the Simpson's one-third and Simpson's three-eighth rules are giving a value significantly closer to the actual answer, and relatively lesser error than other methods. We can get better results by using the composite versions of these methods.

Ques – 4

For implementing composite rules, we divided the interval $[a, b]$ into some sub-intervals $[x_i, x_{i+1}]$ and applied that particular rule to each sub-interval for the given integral and then took the sum of results of all the sub-intervals. This gives a better estimate to the integral for continuous functions, than normally applying a rule on an interval $[a, b]$.

Approximating the given integral using the table provided, we observe that: -

Que-4

The approximation of given integral using composite trapezoidal rule is 7.125000.

Ques – 5

For computing n and h in this question, we can iterate over n starting from 1, take h as $(b-a)/n$ and consider $n+1$ equally spaced points x_0, x_1, \dots, x_n with $x_i = a + i*h$, $i = 0, 1, \dots, n$. Now we use the composite rules on these points and find the estimate of the integral, and check if its error ($|\text{Actual integral} - \text{approximated integral}|$) is less than the required tolerance. We repeat this process until the tolerance condition is satisfied and then break the loop to get the value of n and h for the required composite rule. Following are the observations by doing so: -

Que-5

5(a)

Composite Trapezoidal Rule:- The value of $n = 77$ and $h = 1.298701e-02$

The approximated value of the integral is:- 0.636304

The error value is:- 9.742299e-06

5(b)

Composite Midpoint Rule:- The value of $n = 54$ and $h = 1.851852e-02$

The approximated value of the integral is:- 0.636284

The error value is:- 9.904259e-06

5(c)

Composite Simpsons Rule:- The value of $n = 3$ and $h = 3.333333e-01$

The approximated value of the integral is:- 0.636298

The error value is:- 3.139671e-06

Ques – 6

Since it isn't mentioned, which method is to be used to estimate the distance of the track, I used the composite trapezoidal and composite rectangle rules to estimate the same. It is observed that both the rules give results significantly close to each other.

We used the fact that Distance = integral of speed w.r.t. time since $v = dx/dt$.

Que-6

The approximate length of the track by trapezoidal rule is :- 9855.000000.

The approximate length of the track by rectangle rule is :- 9858.000000.