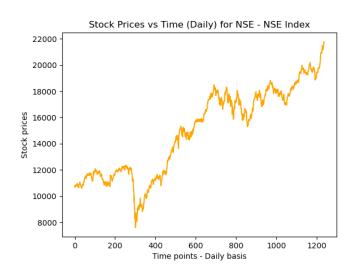
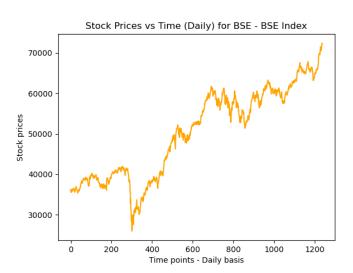
Lab - 06

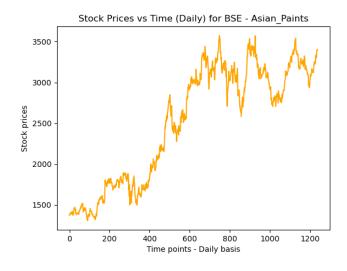
Dipanshu Goyal 210123083

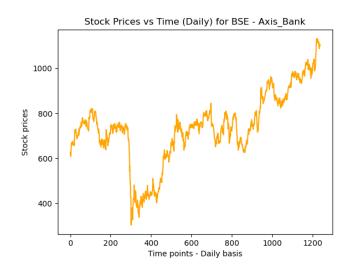
➤ Instead of putting each and every plot in the report, I'm putting plots for the BSE Index, NSE Index, 4 stocks from BSE and 4 stocks from NSE. Other plots follow similar behaviour and can be found in the Plots folder for every question for each category (daily, weekly, monthly).

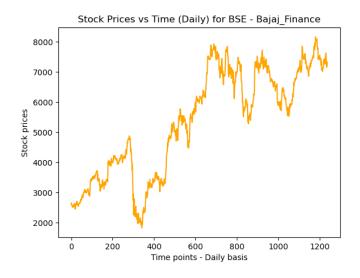
Ques - 1

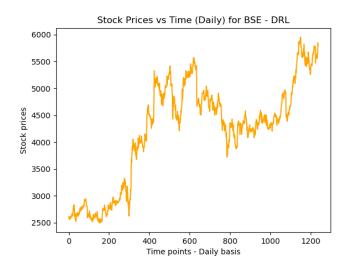


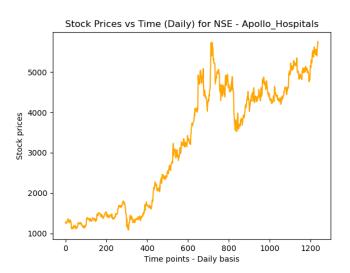


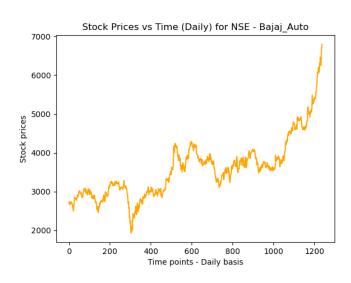


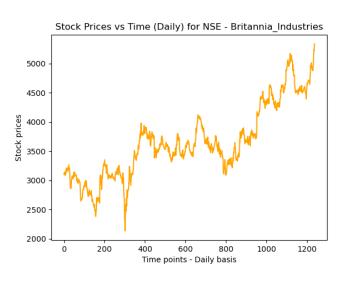


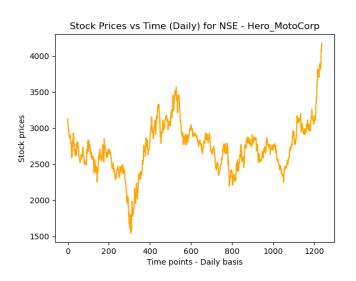


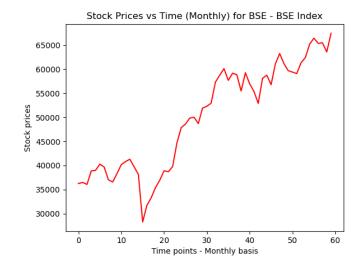


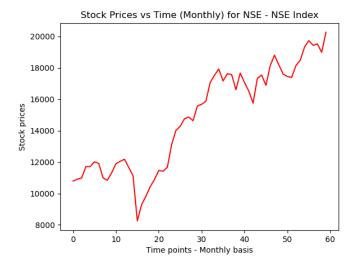


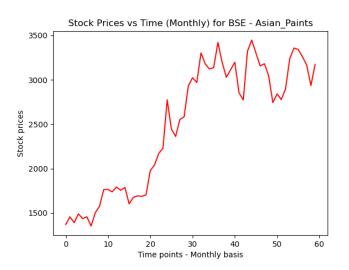


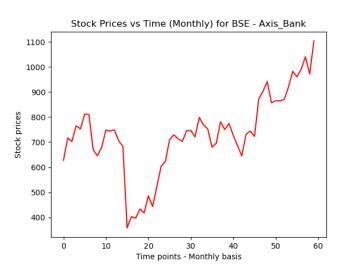


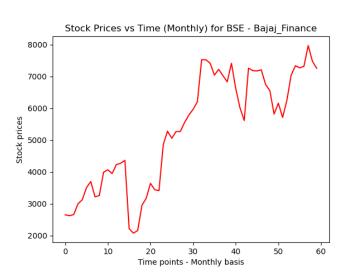


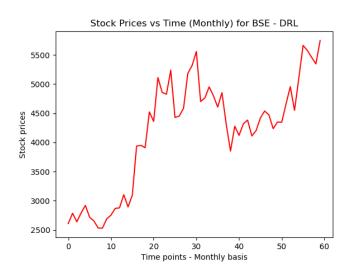


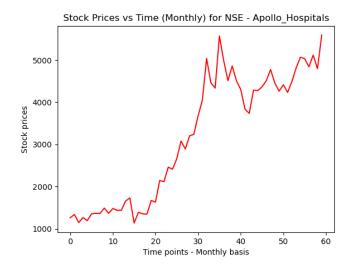


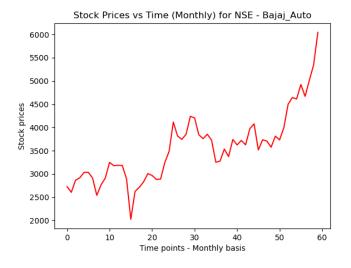


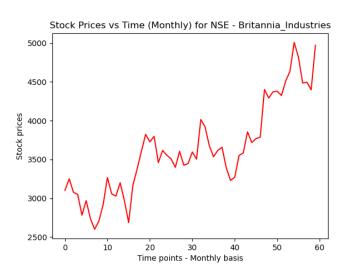


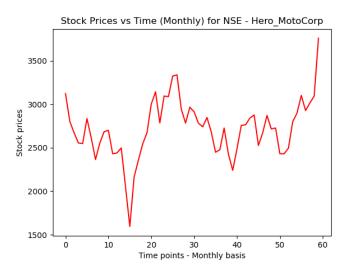


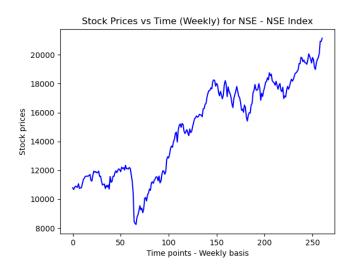


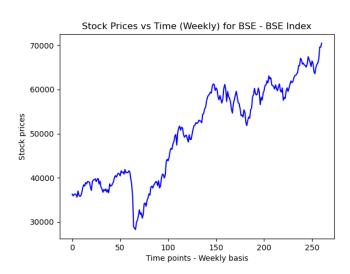


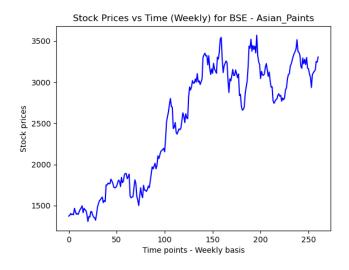


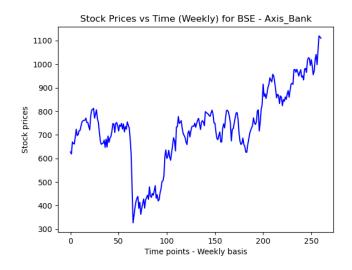


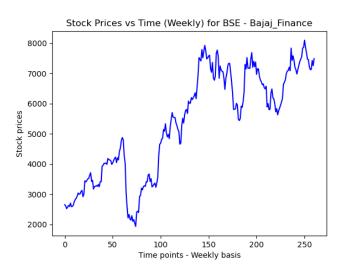




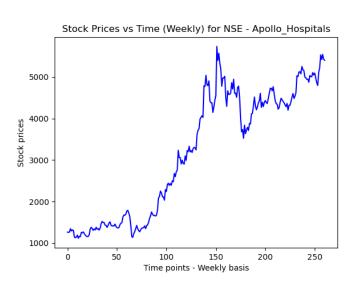


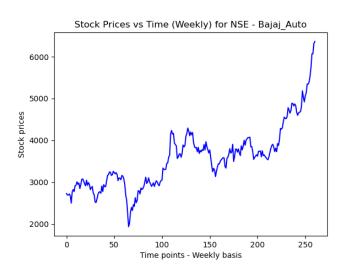


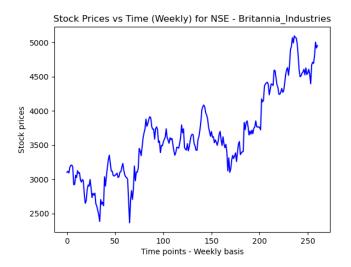


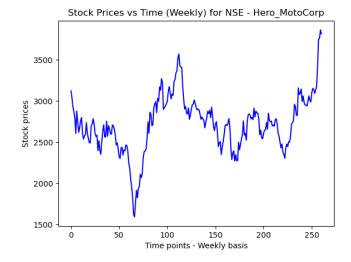








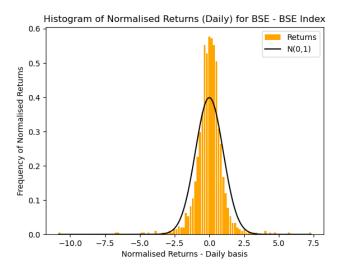


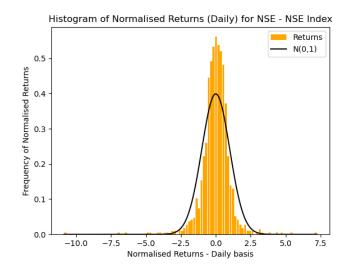


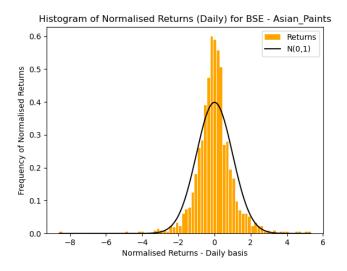
Ques -2

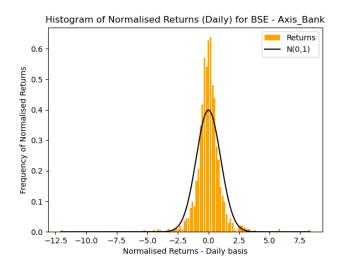
Observations:

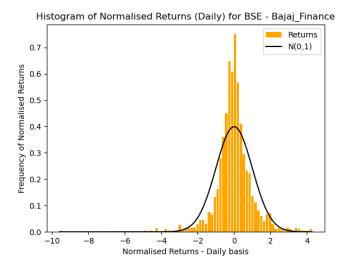
- The first and very obvious observation is the striking similarity in the graph of N (0,1) and the histogram. {This is also slightly obvious because we are observing the Central Limit Theorem, which dictates that the distribution of these normalized returns has to be N (0,1)}
- Near the tails of these plots, the histogram deviates slightly from the N (0,1) plot. We see that while N (0,1) goes to 0 at these points, the stock does not always go because the practical market scenario is not ideal and is influenced by factors like economic fluctuations, company decisions, etc.

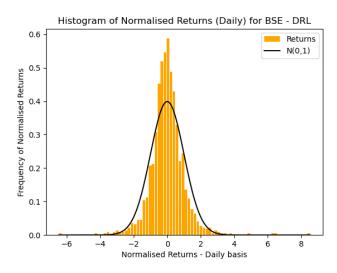


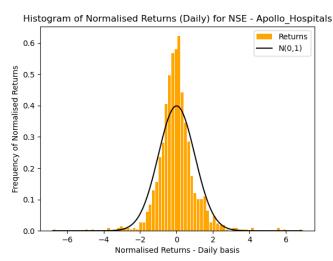


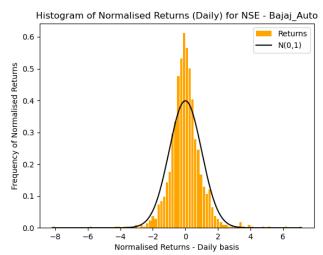


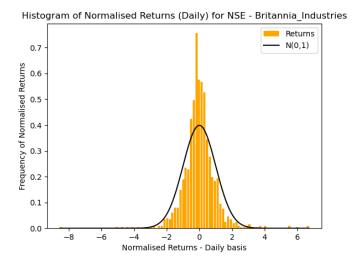


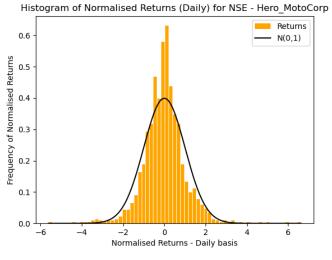


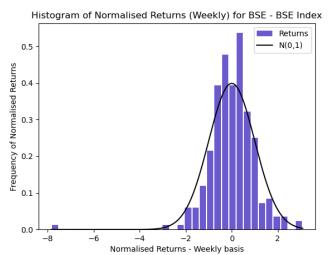


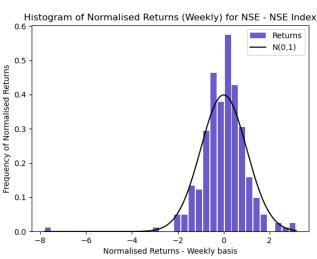


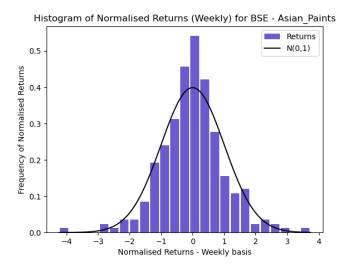


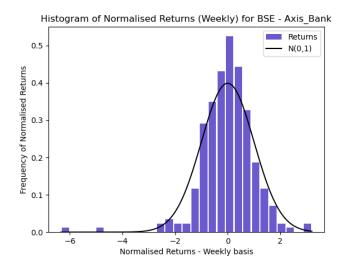


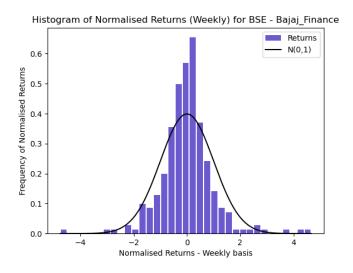


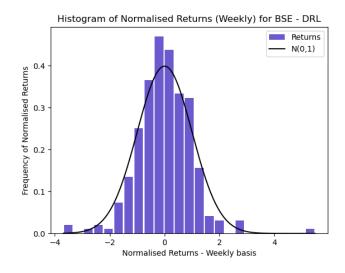


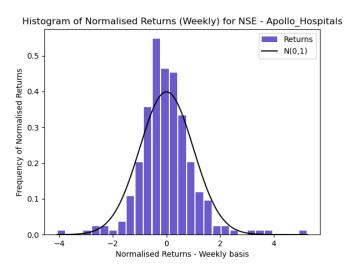


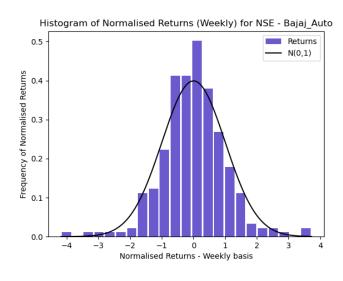


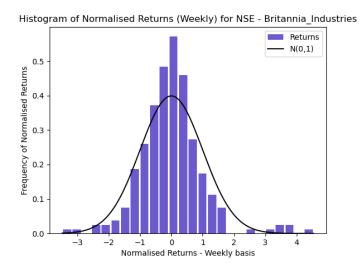


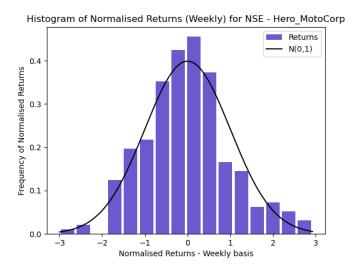


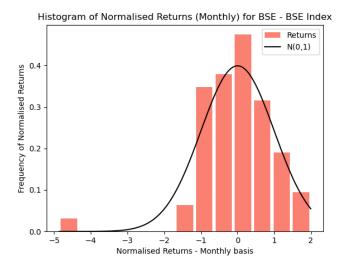


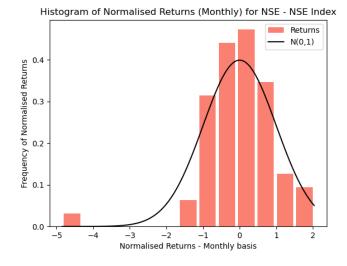


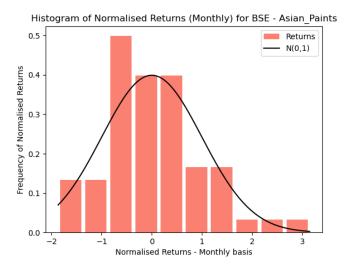


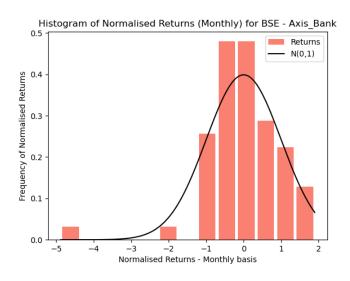


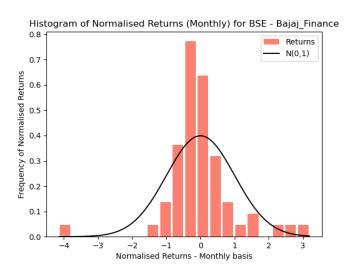


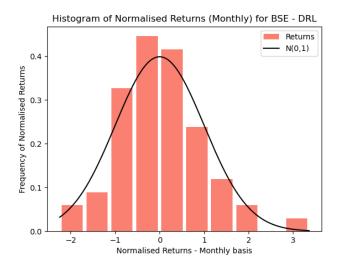












Histogram of Normalised Returns (Monthly) for NSE - Apollo_Hospitals

0.4

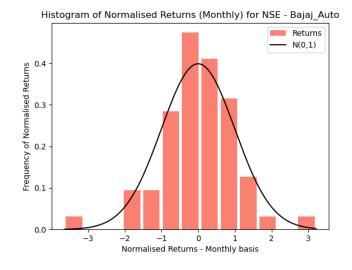
Returns

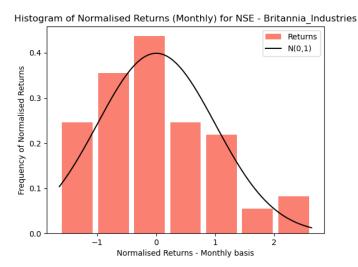
N(0,1)

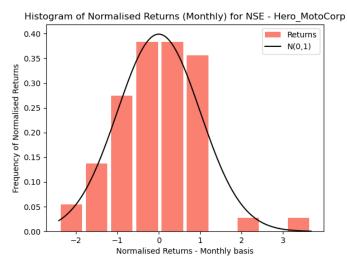
0.2

0.0

Normalised Returns - Monthly basis



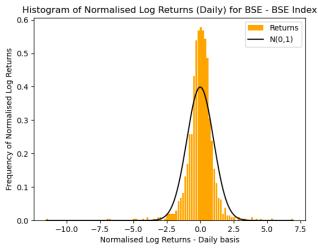


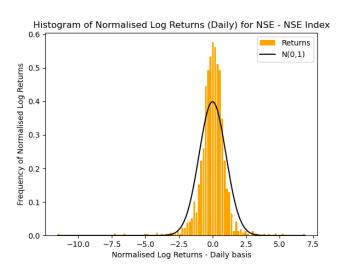


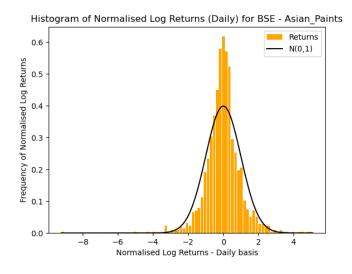
Ques - 3

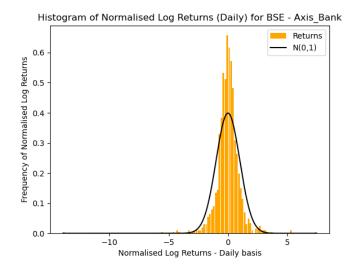
Observations:

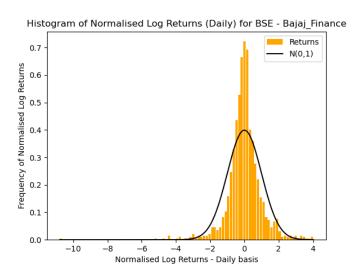
 \bullet The observations are exactly similar to question 2, but in this case, we see less deviation between the N (0,1) curve and the histograms.

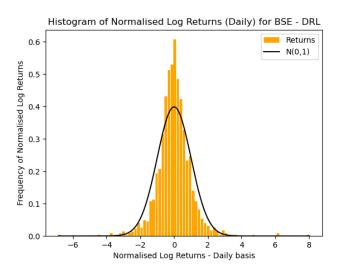


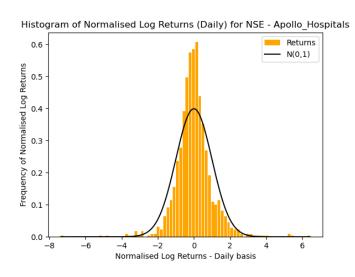


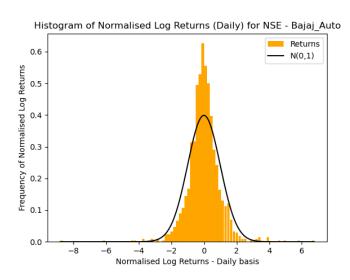




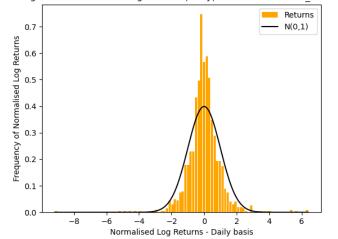




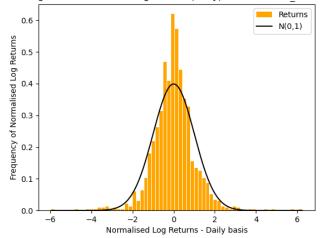




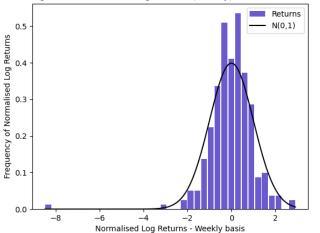
Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Daily) for NSE - Britannia_Industries



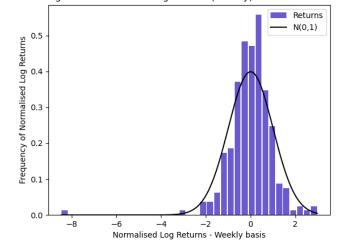
Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Daily) for NSE - Hero MotoCorp



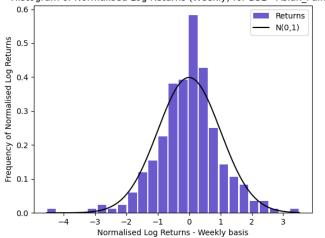
Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Weekly) for BSE - BSE Index



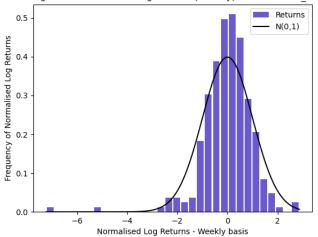
Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Weekly) for NSE - NSE Index



Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Weekly) for BSE - Asian_Paints



Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Weekly) for BSE - Axis_Bank



Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Weekly) for BSE - Bajaj_Finance

Returns

0.6

0.7

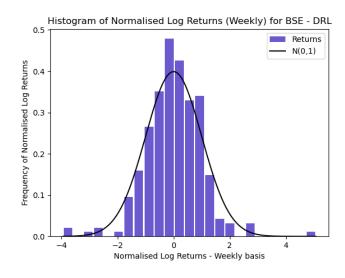
0.9

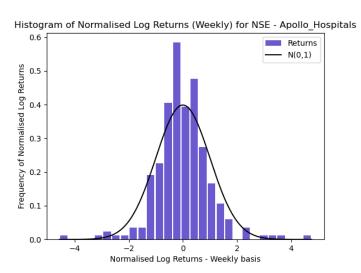
0.9

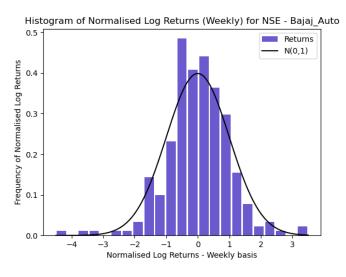
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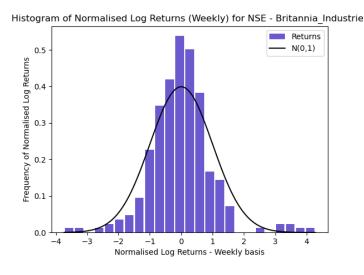
0.0

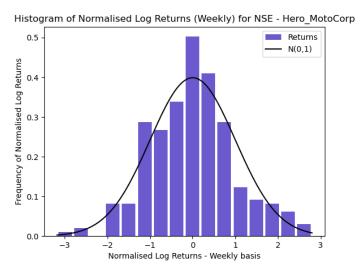
Normalised Log Returns - Weekly basis

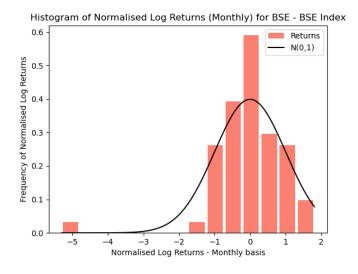


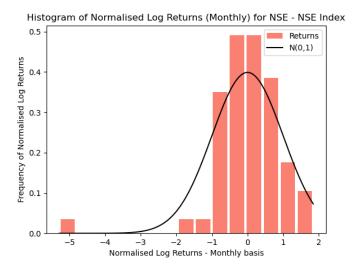


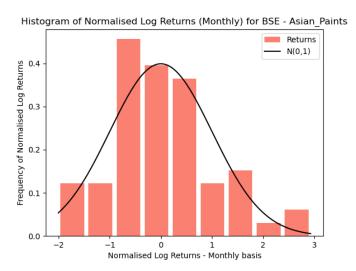


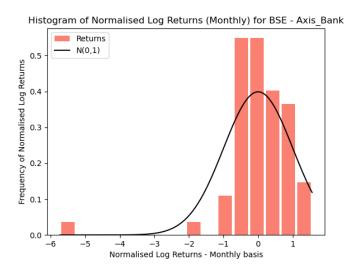


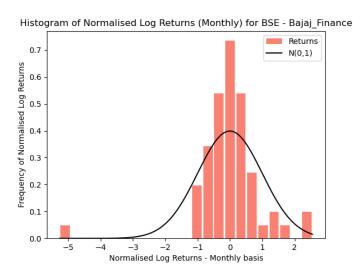


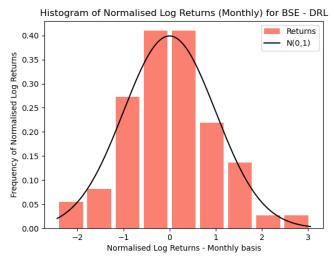




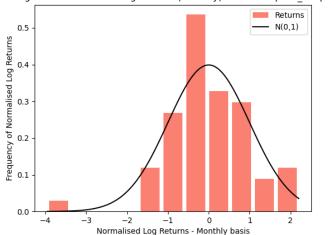




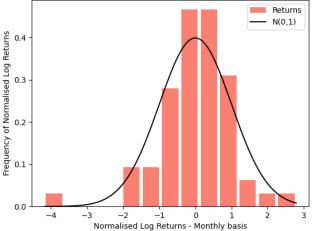




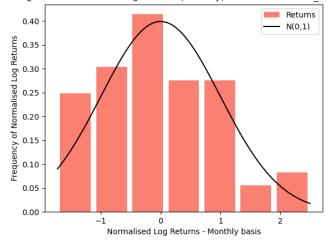
Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Monthly) for NSE - Apollo_Hospitals



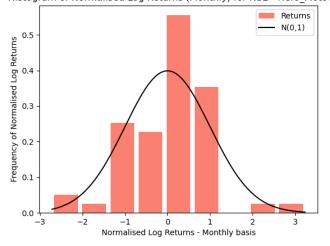
Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Monthly) for NSE - Bajaj_Auto



Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Monthly) for NSE - Britannia Industrie



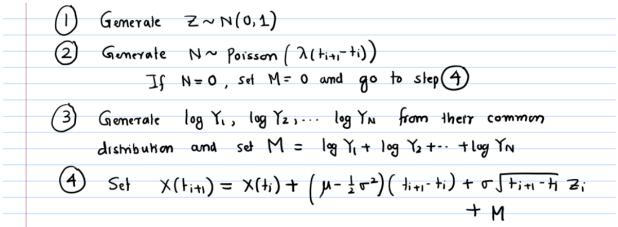
Histogram of Normalised Log Returns (Monthly) for NSE - Hero MotoCorp



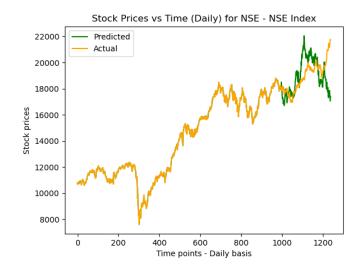
Ques - 4

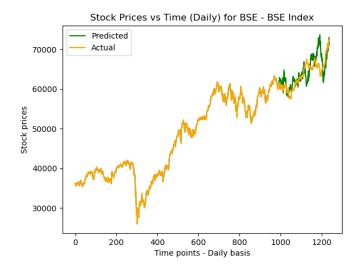
For this question, the jump-diffusion model was used to predict the stock prices for the year 2023 in a daily fashion by calculating μ and σ from the data till 31 Dec 2022.

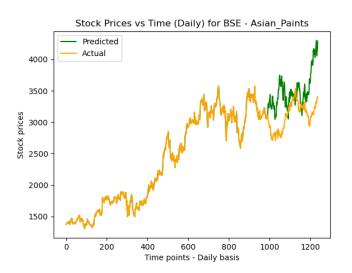
The basic algorithm has been explained below: -

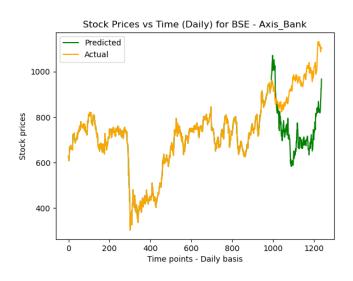


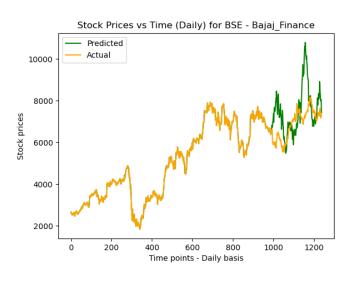
Thereafter, S (t_{i+1}) is obtained using S $(t_{i+1}) = \exp \{X(t_{i+1})\}$.

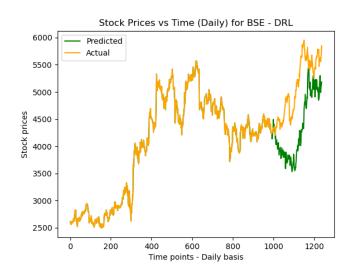


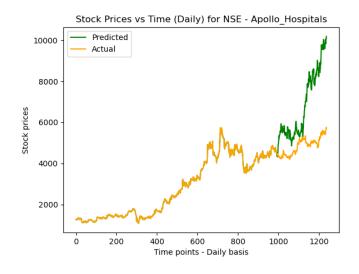


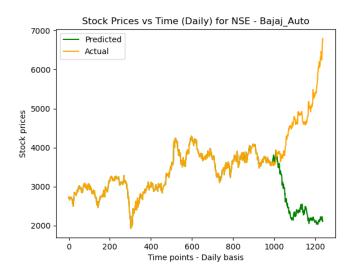


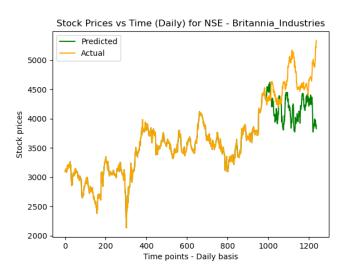


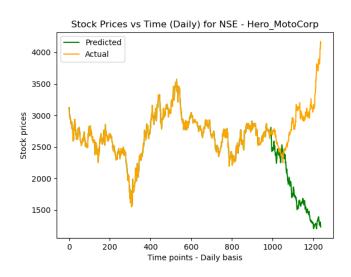












Ques - 5

