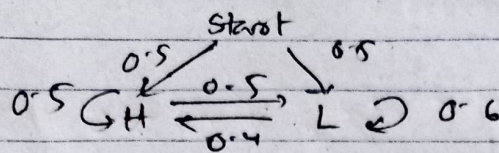


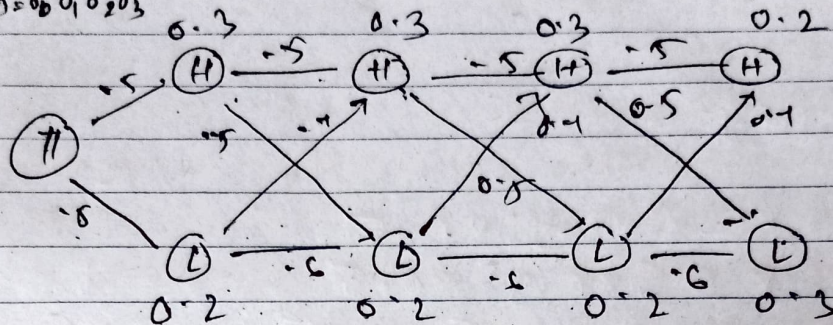
## Solution Key

Soln

(a)

GGCA  
0.5, 0.5, 0.4, 0.6

(i)



$$\alpha_0(L) = 0.5 \times 0.2 = 0.1 \quad | \quad \alpha_0(H) = 0.5 \times 0.3 = 0.15$$

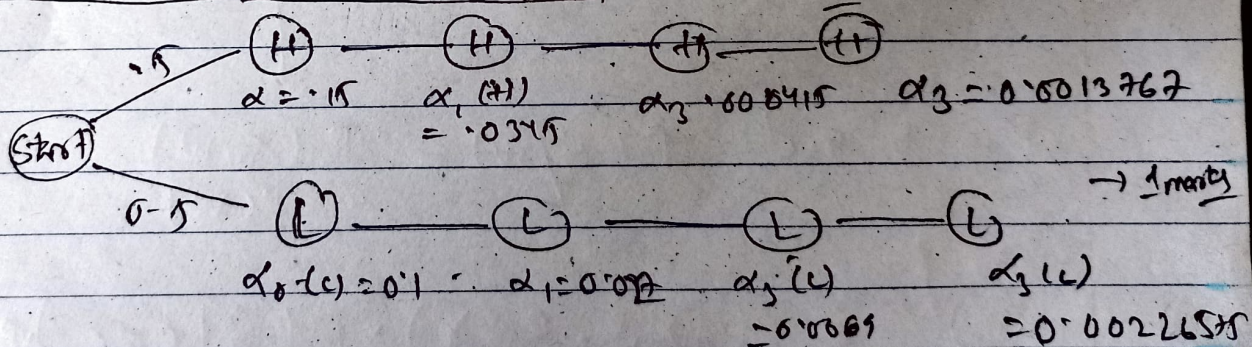
For  $T=0$  {  $\alpha_1(H) = 0.15 \times 0.5 \times 3 + 0.1 \times 0.4 \times 3 = 0.0345$   
 $\alpha_1(L) = 0.1 \times 0.6 \times 2 + 0.15 \times 0.5 \times 2 = 0.027$  } -1

For  $T=2$  {  $\alpha_2(H) = 0.0345 \times 0.5 \times 3 + 0.027 \times 0.4 \times 3 = 0.008415$   
 $\alpha_2(L) = 0.027 \times 0.6 \times 2 + 0.0345 \times 0.5 \times 2 = 0.00669$  } -1

For  $T=3$  {  $\alpha_3(H) = 0.008415 \times 0.5 \times 3 + 0.00669 \times 0.4 \times 3 = 0.0013767$   
 $\alpha_3(L) = 0.00669 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 + 0.008415 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 = 0.000669$  } -1

$$P(0/x) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \alpha_i(L) = 0.0036 \quad \text{--- 1 mark} \quad = 0.0026575$$

(ii)



For most likely state seq. we backtrack from higher  $\alpha_i$  value of every state.

For  $T_3$ ,  $\Rightarrow$  max = L $T_2 \Rightarrow$  max = H $T_1 \Rightarrow$  max = H $T_0 \Rightarrow$  max = H

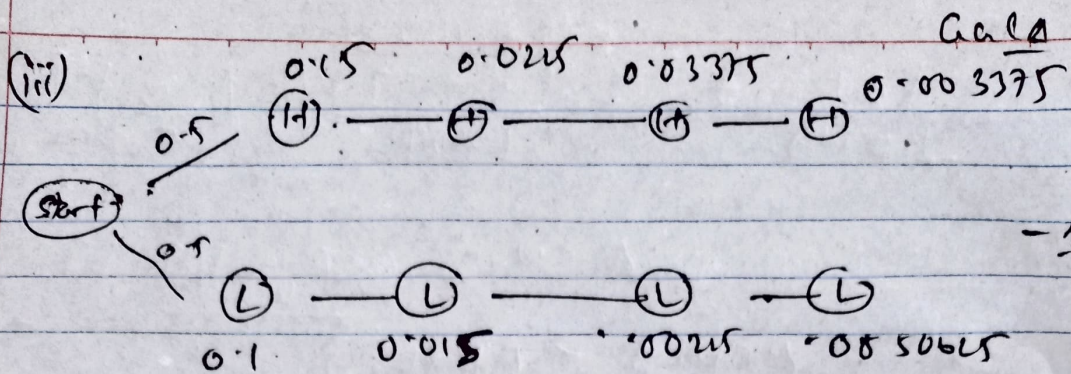
state seq

= H H H L

 $\rightarrow$  1 mark

= 1 mark





$$V_0(H) = .5 \times 3 = .15$$

$$V_0(L) = .5 \times 2 = 0.1$$

for

$$V_1, H \rightarrow H \quad .15 \times .5 \times 3 = .0225$$

$$H \rightarrow L \quad .15 \times .5 \times 2 = .015$$

$$L \rightarrow H \quad 0.1 \times .4 \times 3 = 0.012$$

$$L \rightarrow L \quad 0.1 \times .6 \times 2 = 0.012$$

for  $V_2$

$$H \rightarrow H \quad .0225 \times .5 \times 3 = .03375$$

$$H \rightarrow L \quad .0225 \times .5 \times 2 = .00225$$

$$L \rightarrow H \quad .015 \times .4 \times 3 = .009$$

$$L \rightarrow L \quad .015 \times .6 \times 2 = .0018$$

for  $V_3$ ,

$$H \rightarrow H \quad 0.03375 \times .5 \times 2 = 0.003375$$

$$H \rightarrow L \quad 0.03375 \times .5 \times .3 = .0050625$$

$$L \rightarrow H \quad 0.00225 \times .4 \times 2 = .00018$$

$$L \rightarrow L \quad 0.0018 \times .6 \times 3 = 0.000405$$

Optimal path = HHHH - 1 mark