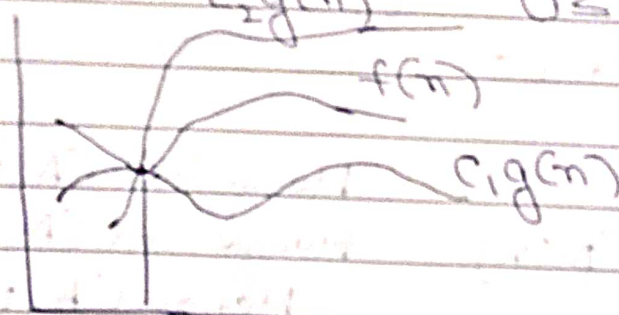


[L2]

Growth of function : \rightarrow

$\Theta(g(n)) = \{f(n)\}$, there exists $c_1, c_2 \neq 0$ such that
 $0 \leq c_1 g(n) \leq f(n) \leq c_2 g(n)$
 for all $n \geq n_0$



$O(g(n)) = \{f(n)\}$ there exists $c, \neq 0$ such that
 $0 \leq f(n) \leq c g(n)$ for all $n \geq n_0$

$$f(n) \in \Theta(g(n)) \Rightarrow f(n) \in O(g(n))$$

$$\Theta(g(n)) \subset O(g(n))$$

\sim notation : \rightarrow

$\sim(g(n)) = \{f(n)\}$ there exists $c, \neq 0$ such that
 $0 \leq c_1 g(n) \leq f(n) \leq c_2 g(n) \forall n \geq n_0$

$$f(n) \in \Theta(g(n)) \Rightarrow f(n) \in \sim(g(n)) \quad n \geq n_0$$

$$[\Theta(g(n)) \subseteq \sim(g(n))]$$

$$\Rightarrow f(n) \in \Theta(g(n)) \Rightarrow \text{if \& only if } f(n) \in \Theta(g(n))$$

$$\& f(n) \in \sim(g(n))$$

Ω -notation

$\Omega(g(n)) = \{f(n)\}$ for any $c > 0 \exists n_0$ such that
 $0 \leq f(n) < c g(n)$

ω -

$$\omega(g(n)) = \{f(n)\} \quad \forall n \geq n_0$$

$$0 \leq g(n) < c g(n) < f(n)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(n) \in O(g(n)) \Rightarrow f(n) \in O(g(n)), f(n) \in \Omega(g(n))$$

\Rightarrow Max^m Subarray Problem: \rightarrow

1 2 3 . . . 10

price = $c_1, c_2, c_3, \dots, c_{10}$

1 2 3 . . . 10

$$\Delta = 0, c_2 - c_1, c_3 - c_2, \dots, c_{10} - c_9$$

$$T(n) = 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + c_1 n + c_2 = 2T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + O(n)$$

$$T(n) = O(n \log n)$$

Max (A, low, high, mid)

left sum = $-1e^9$
sum = 0

for (i = mid \rightarrow low)

sum += A[i]

if sum > leftsum

leftsum = sum

maxleft = 1

Same for right

return { maxleft, maxright

leftsum + rightsum }

Matrix Multiplication

$$A = (a_{ij})_{n \times n}$$

$$B = (b_{ij})_{n \times n}$$

$$C = A \times B$$

$$\hookrightarrow (c_{ij})_{n \times n}$$

$$T(n) = \Theta(n^3)$$