PH170: Waves and Electromagnetics Laboratory (0-0-2:1)

Laboratory 5

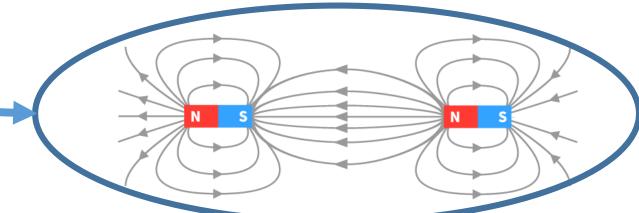
https://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php?sub=1&brch=192&sim=972&cnt=1



Ajay Nath

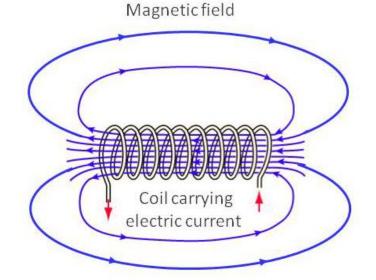
To study the variation of magnetic field with distance along the axis of a circular coil carrying current.

Magnetic Field is the region around a magnetic material or a moving electric charge within which the force of magnetism acts.



Inside a coil carrying current

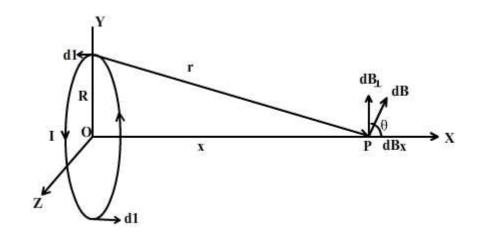
Along the axis of a coil carrying current

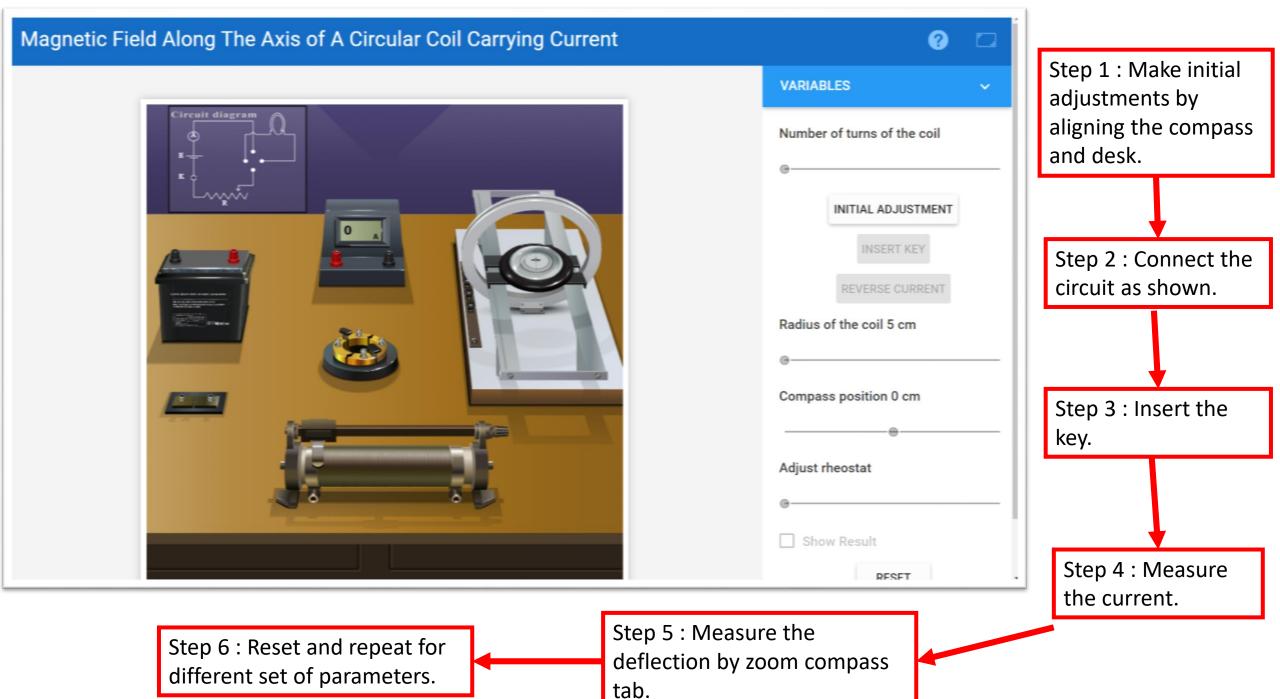


$$dB = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{i \ dl \times r}{r^3}$$

$$B_x = \frac{\mu_0 nI}{2} \frac{r^2}{(x^2 + r^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$B_x = B_0 tan\theta$$





AIM: To study the variation of magnetic field with distance along the axis of a circular coil carrying current.

OBSERVATION TABLE

 $B_0 = 3.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$; Current, $I = \dots A$;

No: of turns of the coil, n =;

Radius of the circular coil, r = cm.

Distance from the centre, x (cm)	Deflection with compass box on left side				Deflection with compass box on right side				Mean θ		$B_0 = \frac{B_x}{\tan \theta}$
	Direct		Reversed		Direct		Reversed		(degrees)	B _x (T)	(T)
	Θ_1	θ_2	θ_3	θ_4	Θ_1	Θ_2	θ ₃	θ ₄			(.)
			ĺ								

** Plot a graph between distance and magnetic field.

Thank You