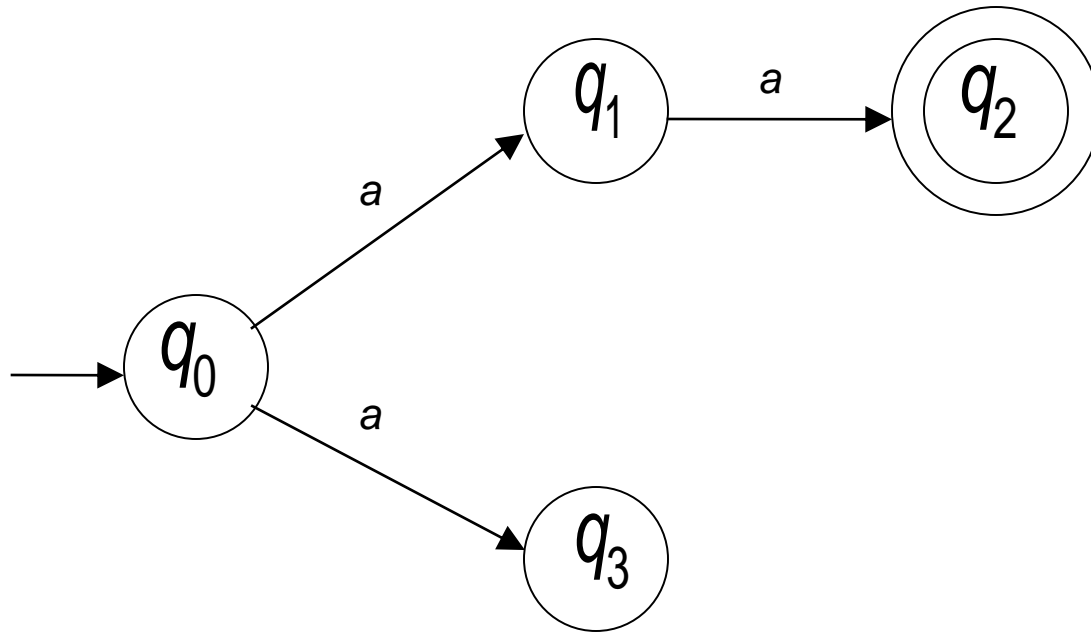


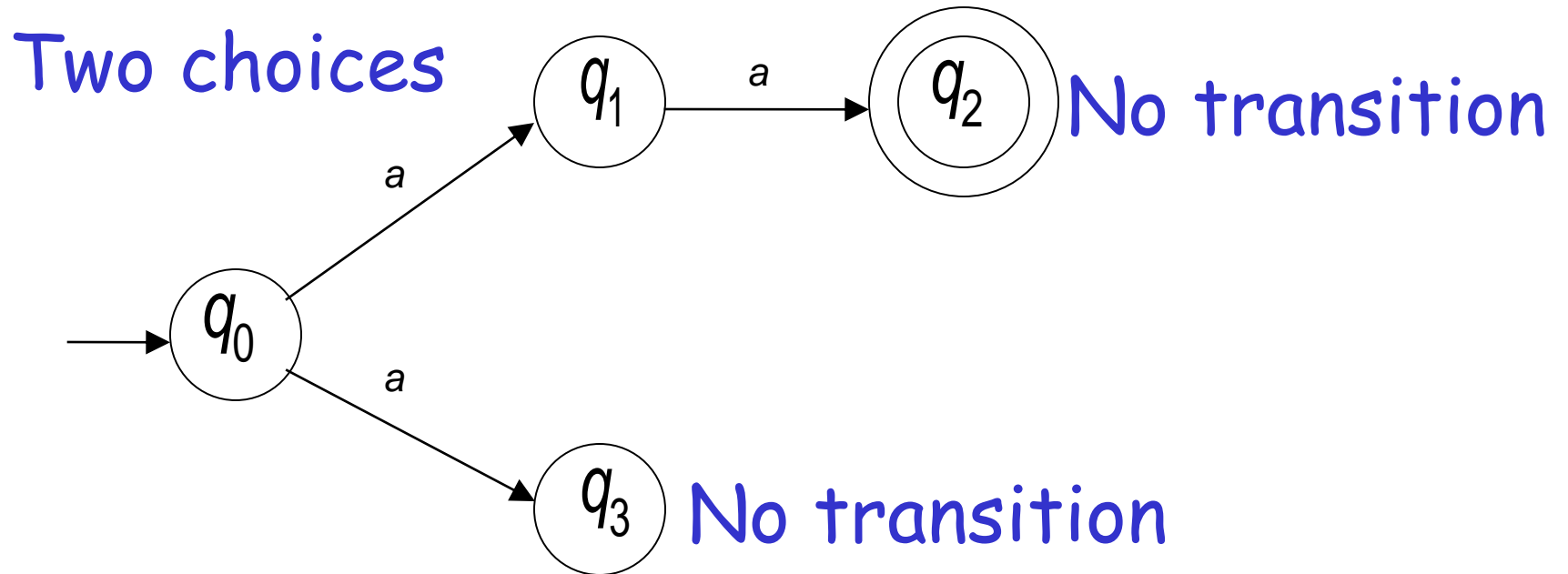
Non-Deterministic Finite Automata

Nondeterministic Finite Automaton (NFA)

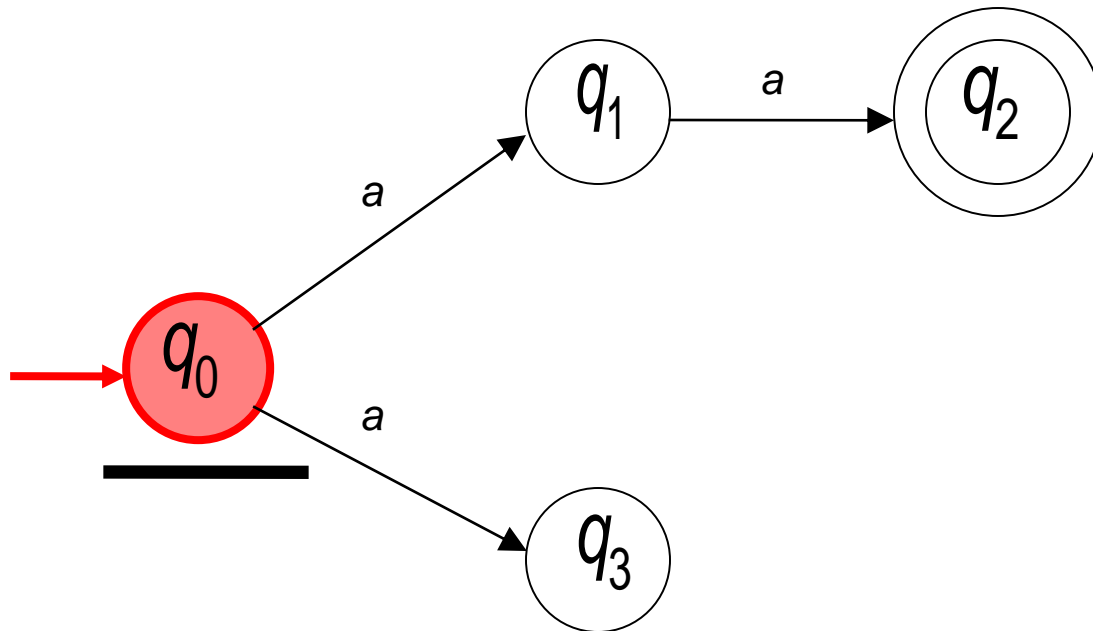
Alphabet = $\{a\}$



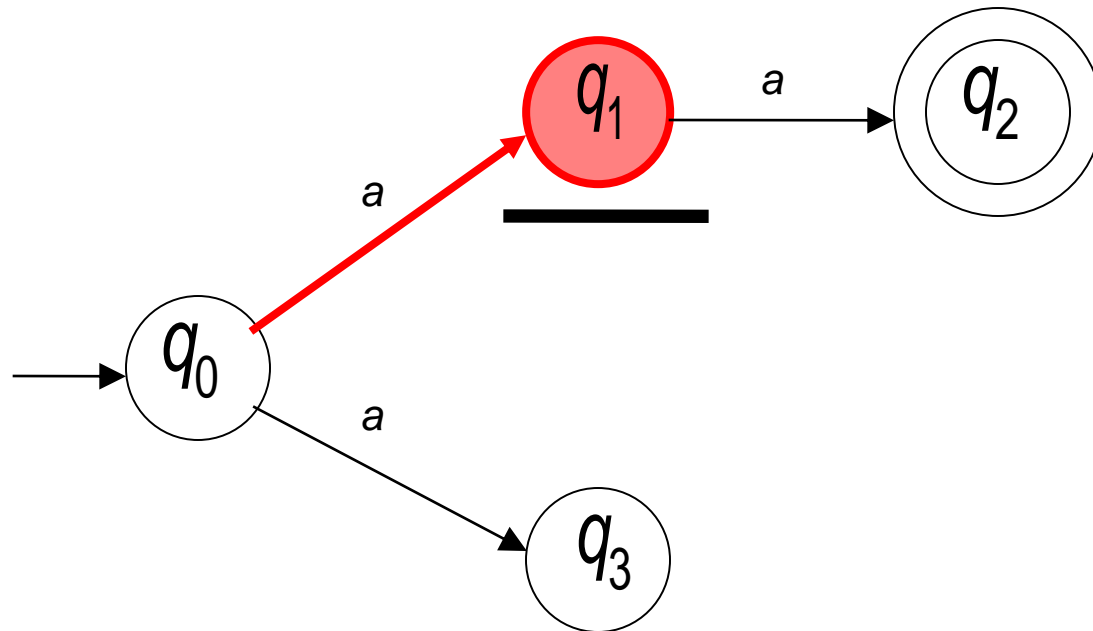
Alphabet = $\{a\}$



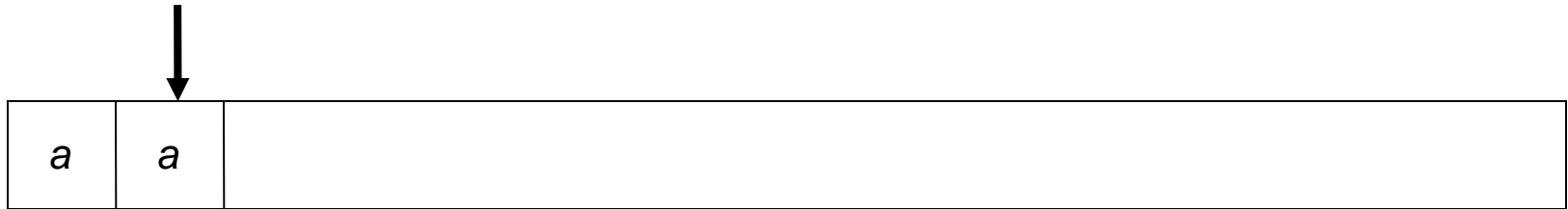
First Choice



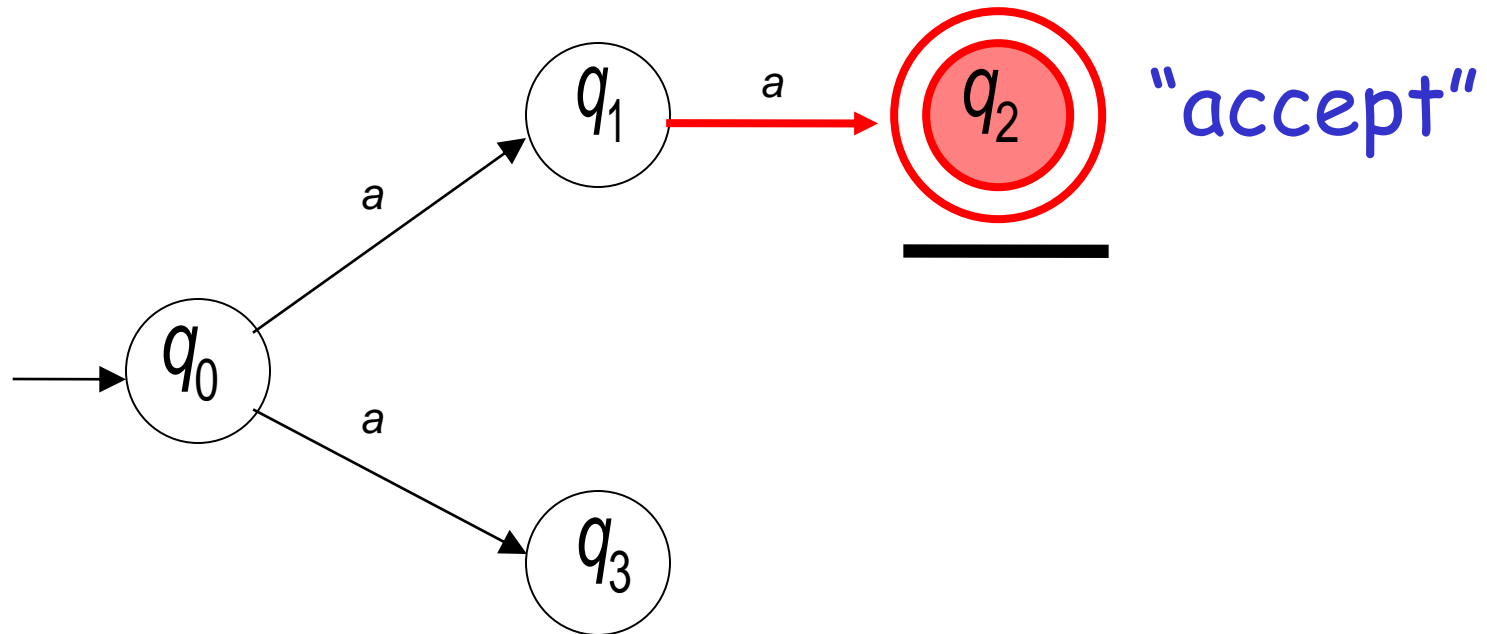
First Choice



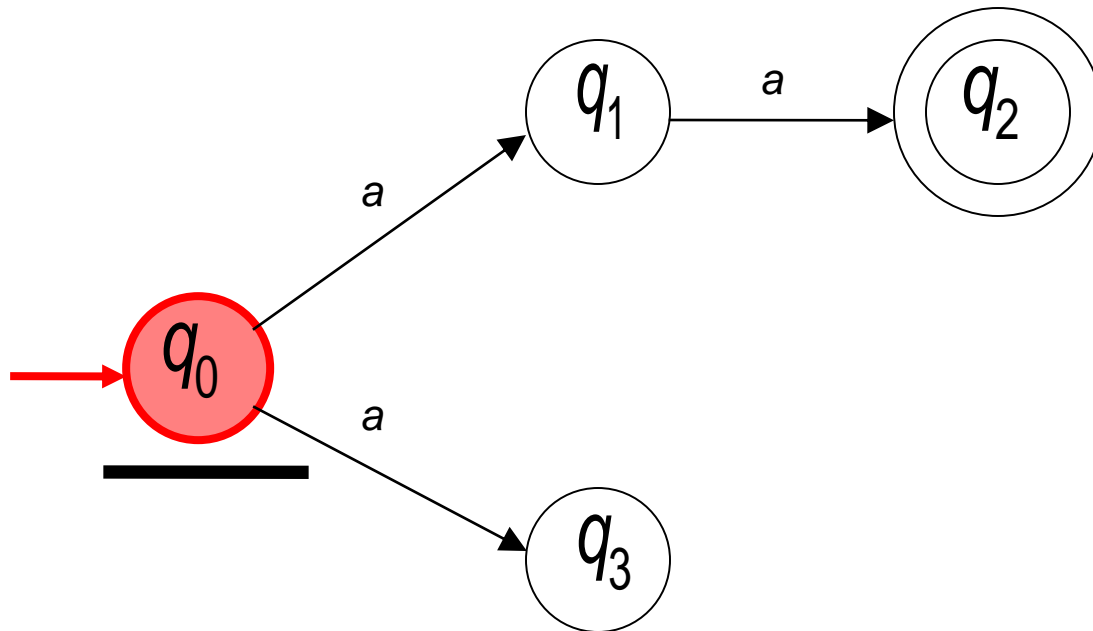
First Choice



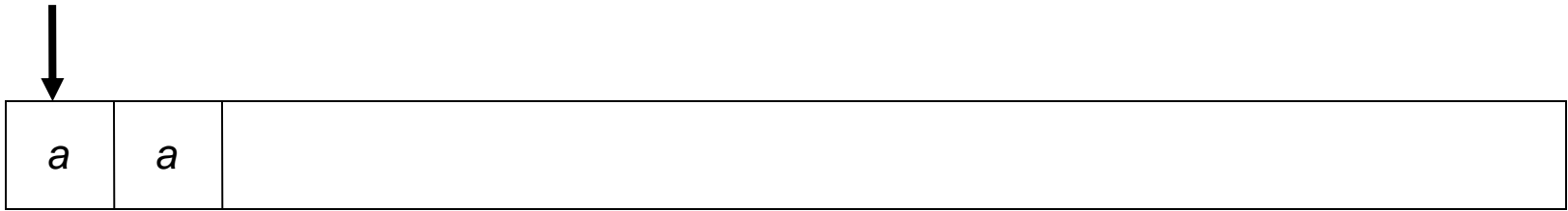
All input is consumed



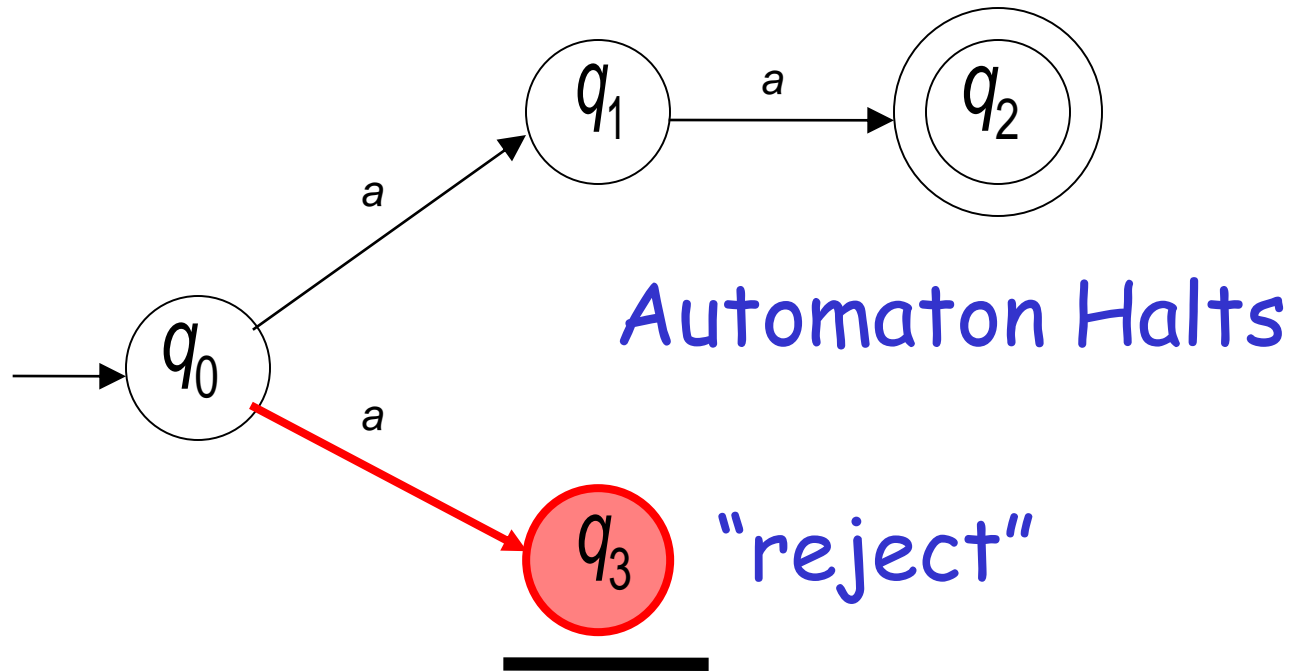
Second Choice



Second Choice



Input cannot be consumed

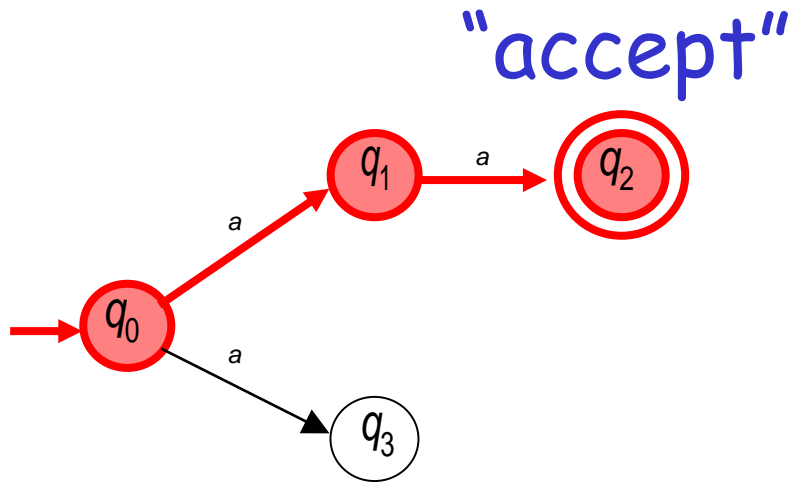


An NFA accepts a string:

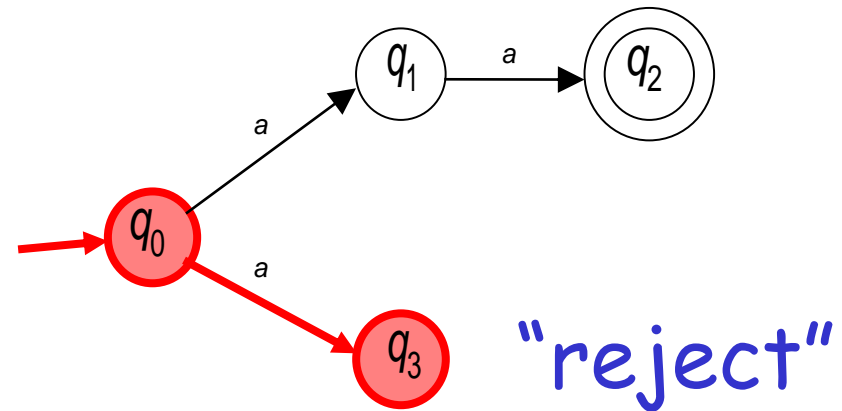
if there is a computation of the NFA
that accepts the string

i.e., all the input string is processed and the
automaton is in an accepting state

aa is accepted by the NFA:

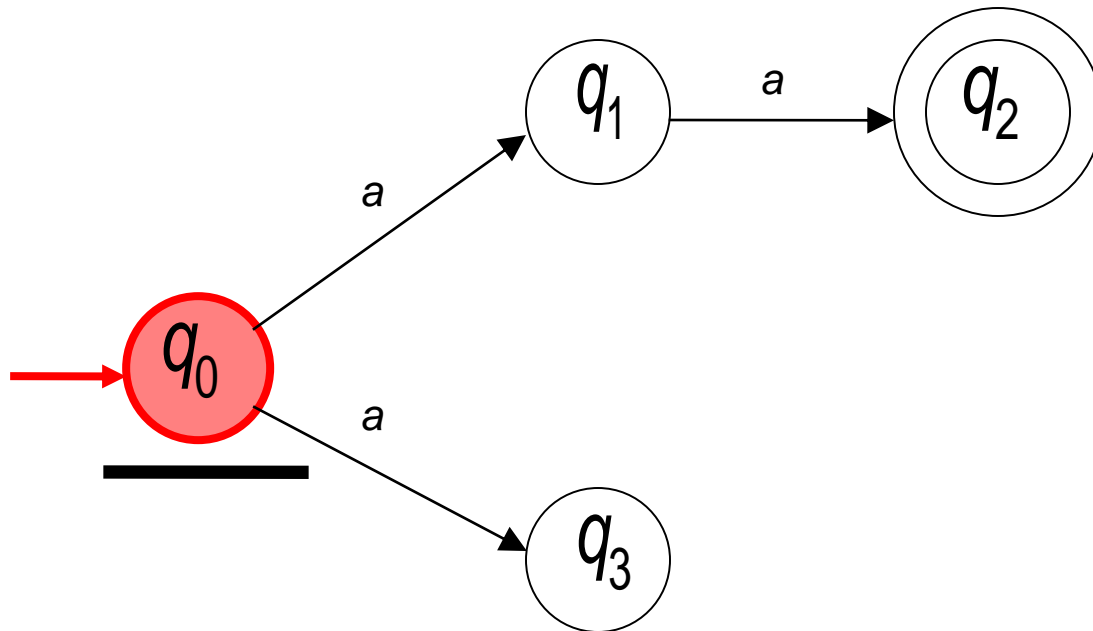
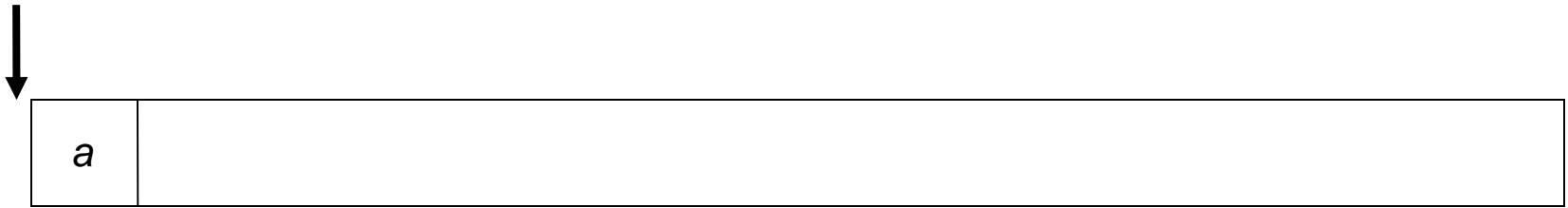


because this
computation
accepts *aa*

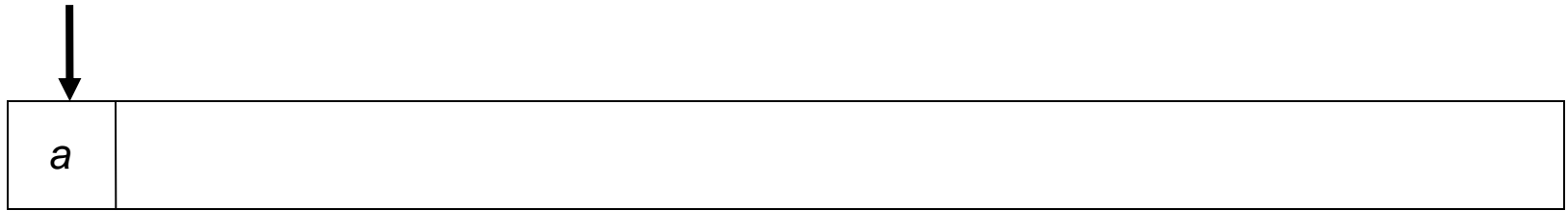


this computation
is ignored

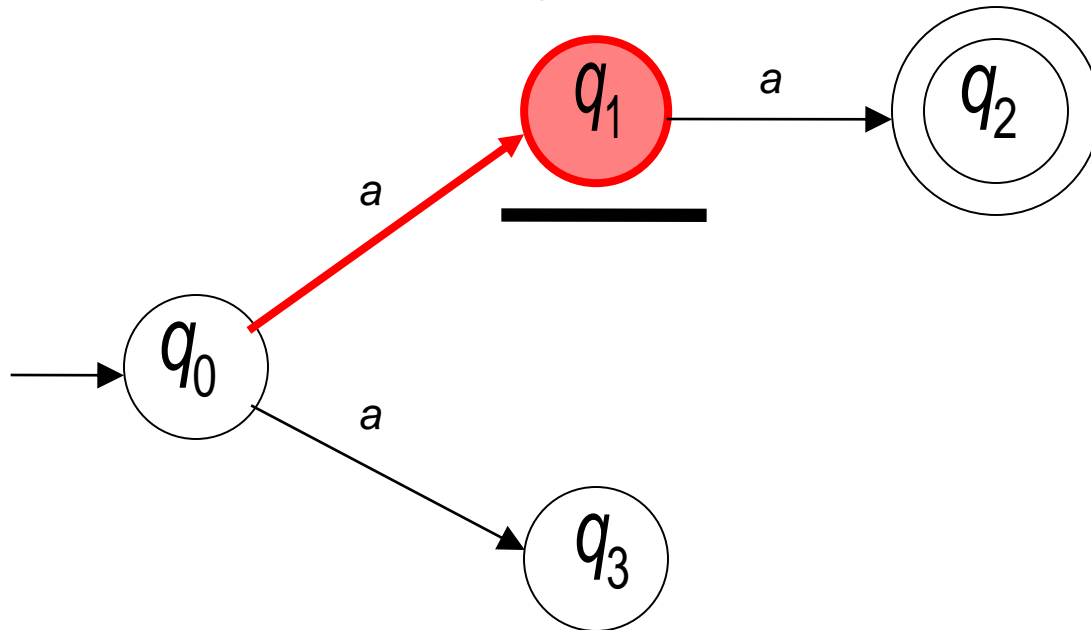
Rejection example



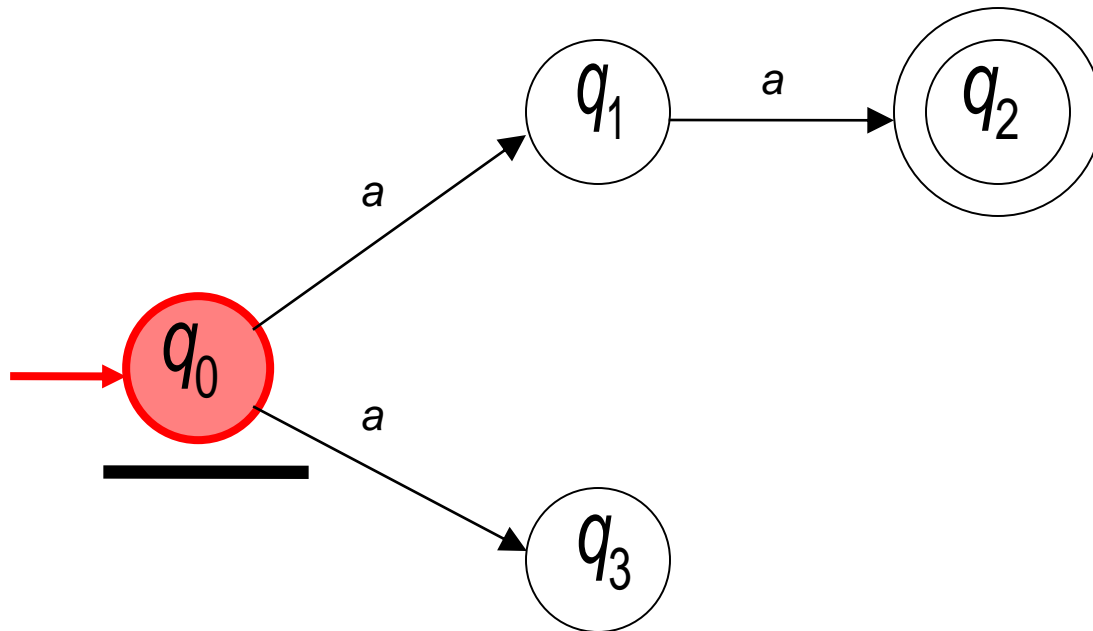
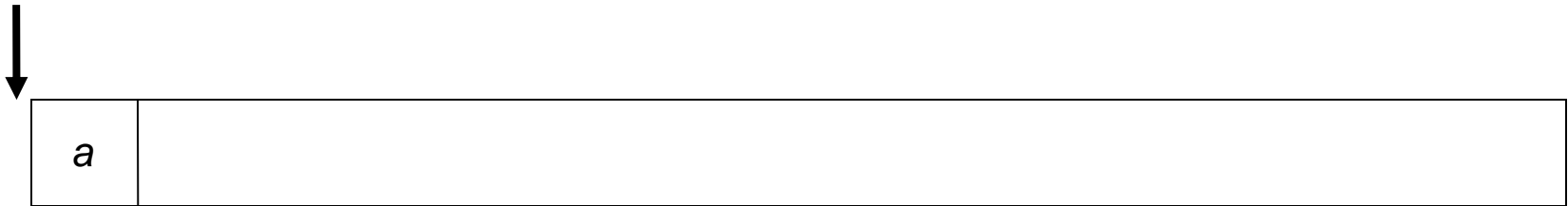
First Choice



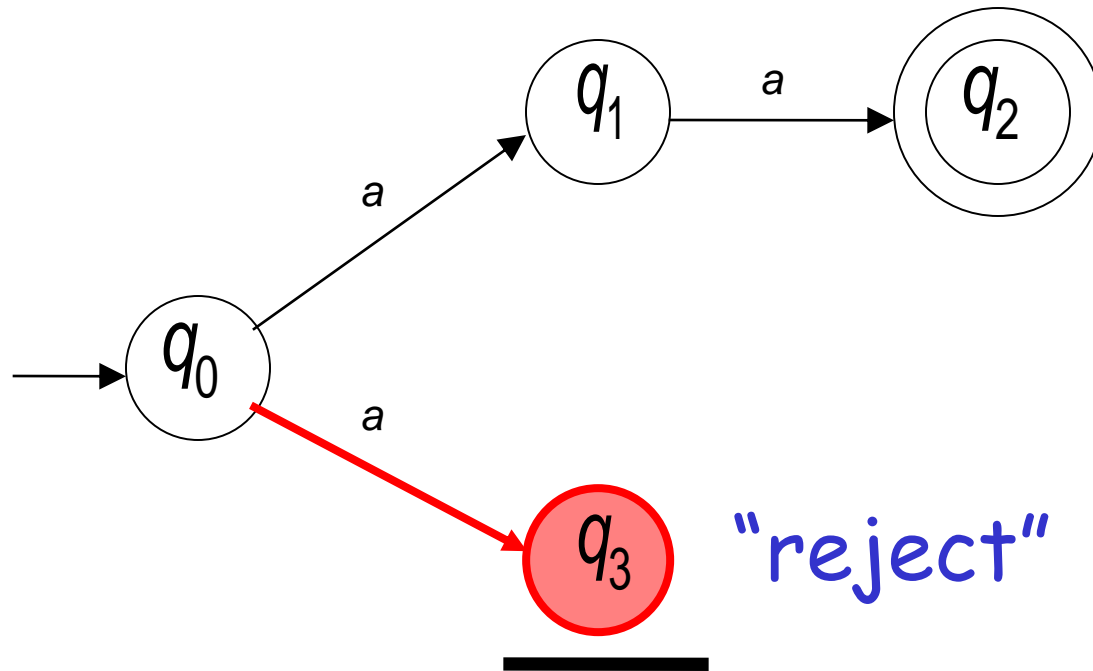
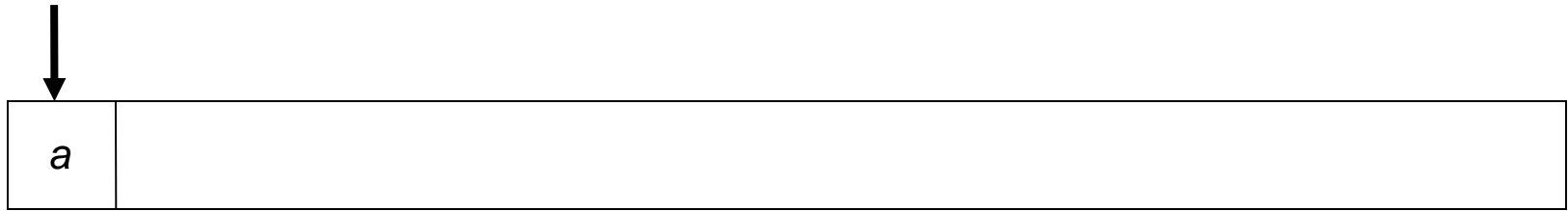
"reject"



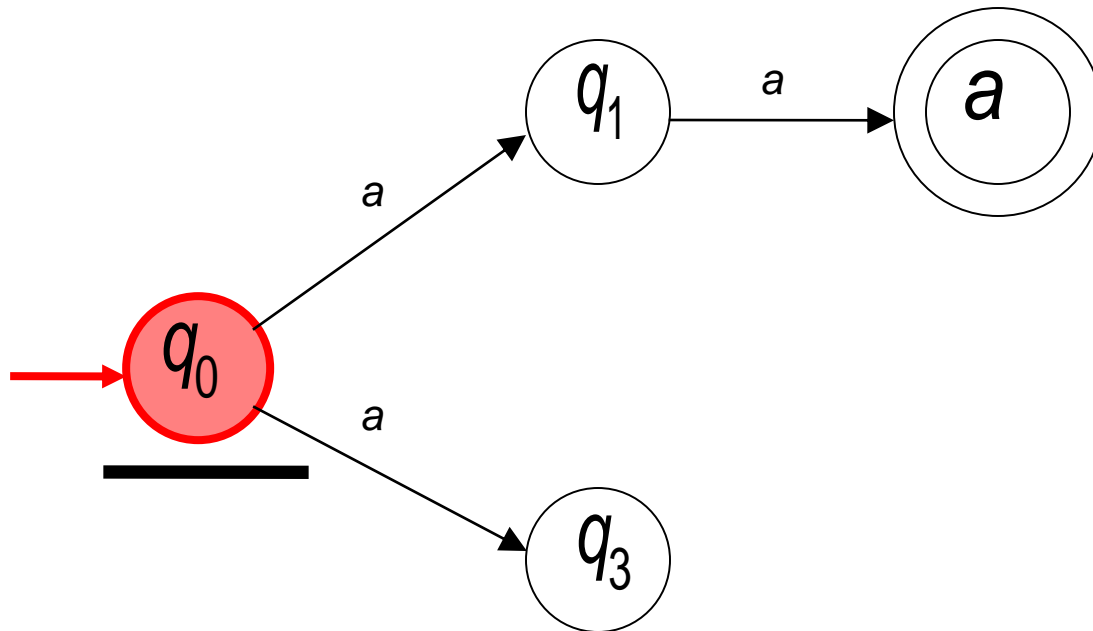
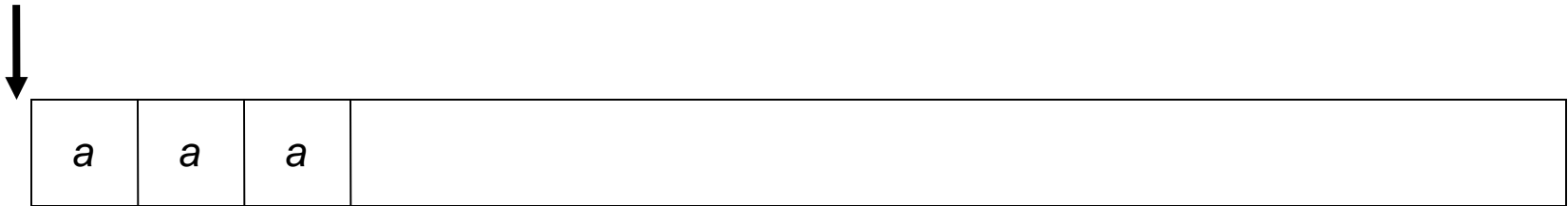
Second Choice



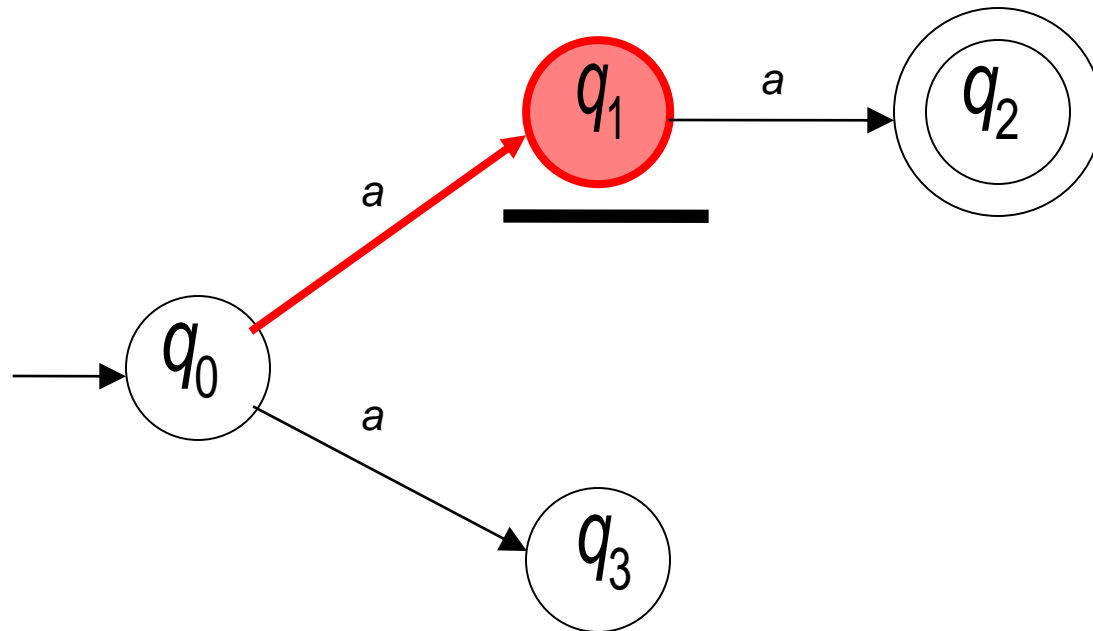
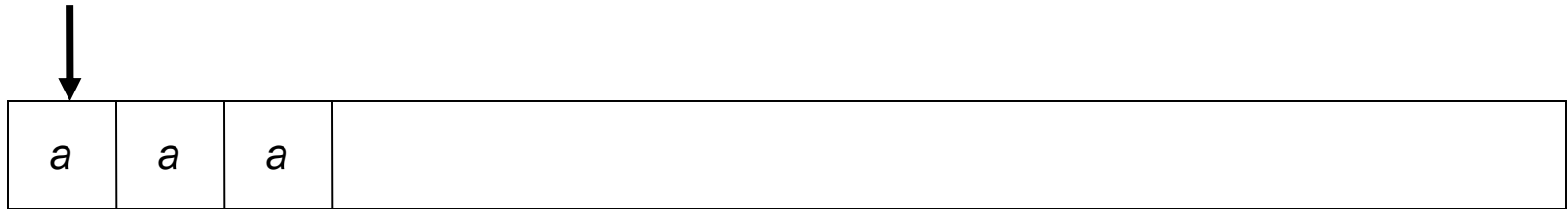
Second Choice



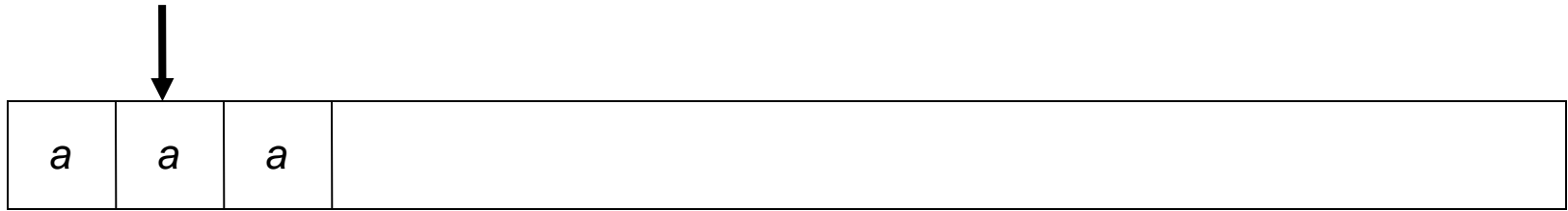
Another Rejection example



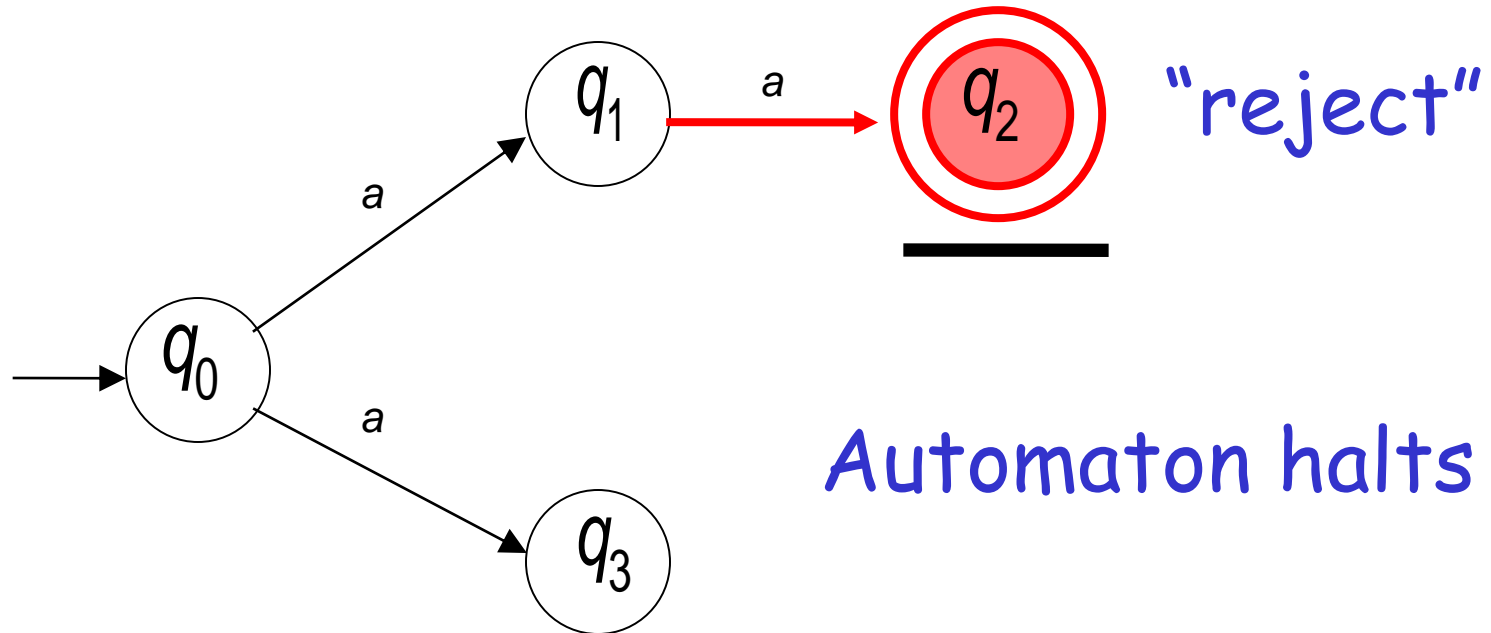
First Choice



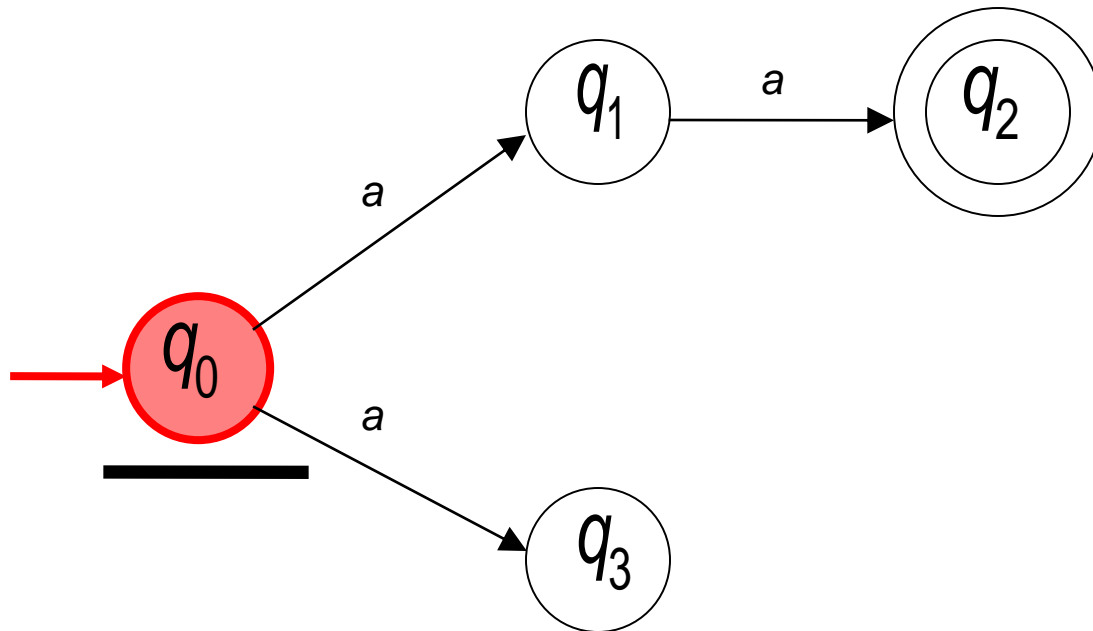
First Choice



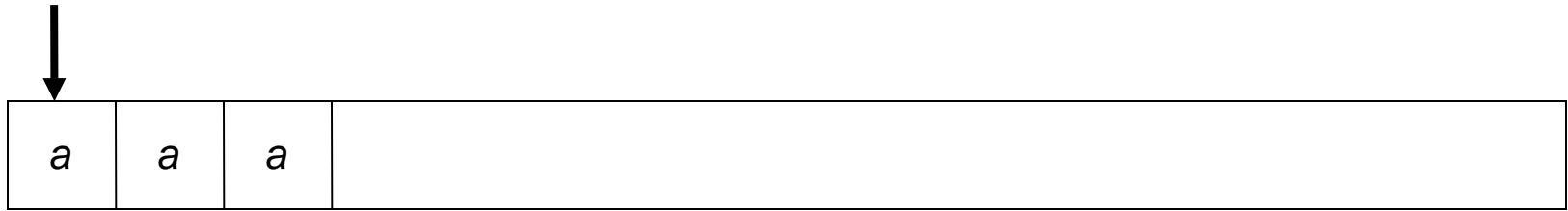
Input cannot be consumed



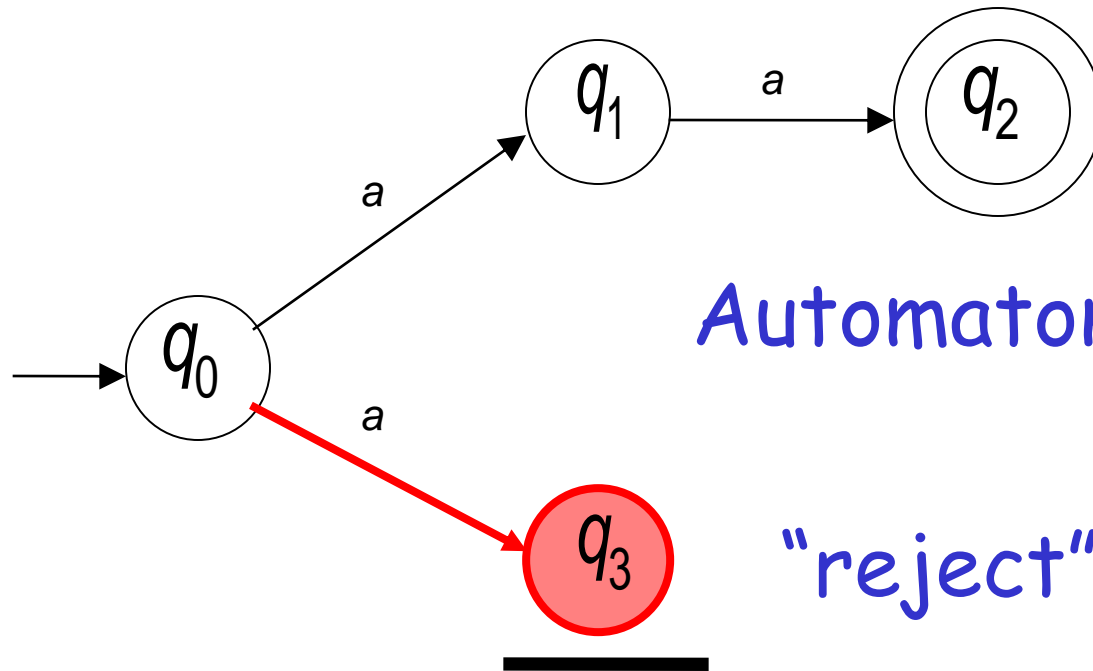
Second Choice



Second Choice



Input cannot be consumed



Automaton halts

"reject"

An NFA rejects a string:

if there is no computation of the NFA that accepts the string.

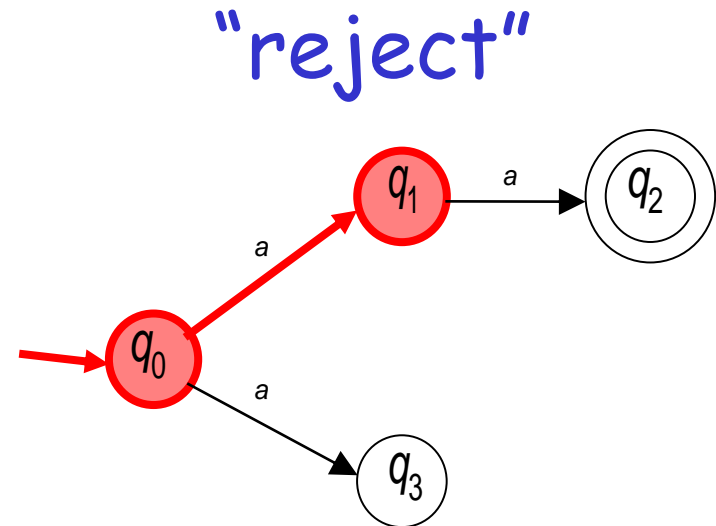
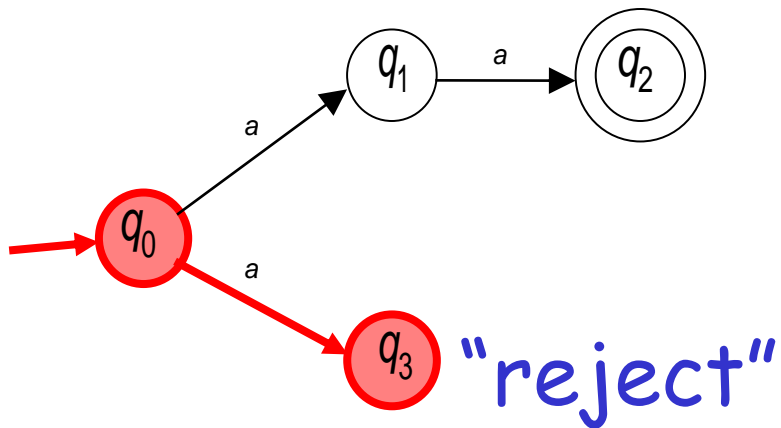
For each computation:

- All the input is consumed and the automaton is in a non accepting state

OR

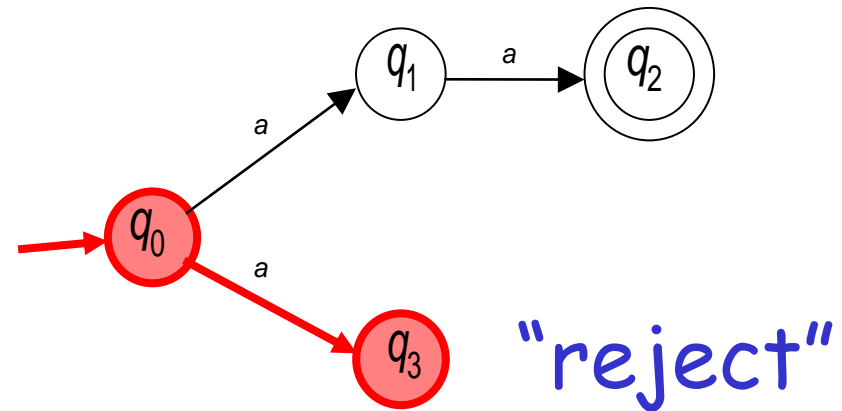
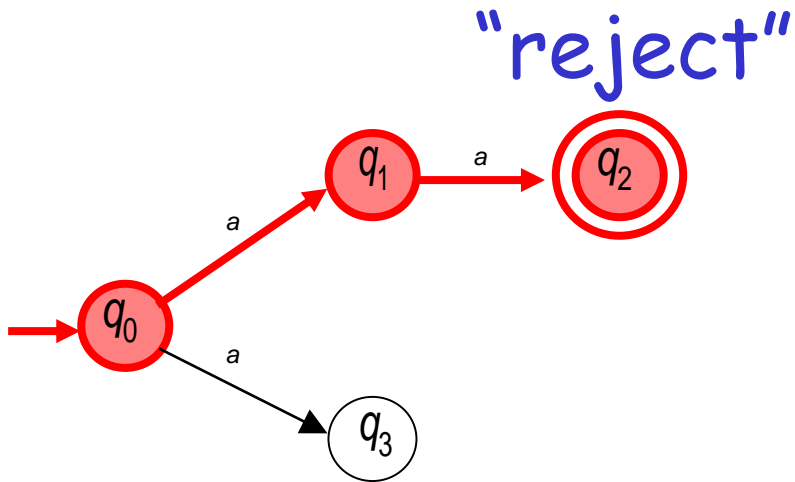
- The input cannot be consumed

a is rejected by the NFA:



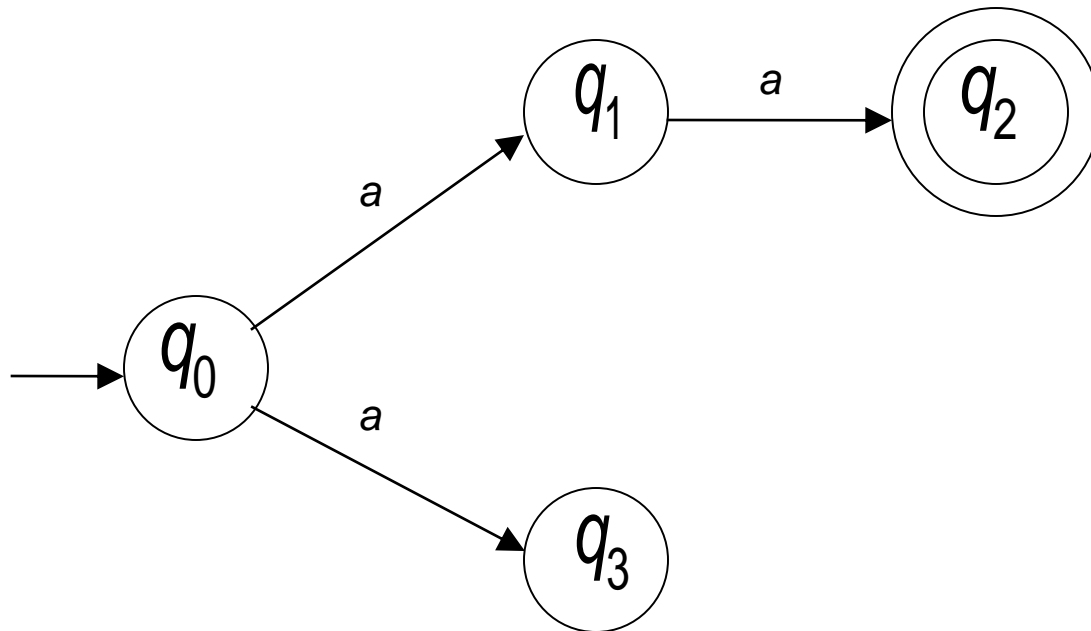
All possible computations lead to rejection

aaa is rejected by the NFA:

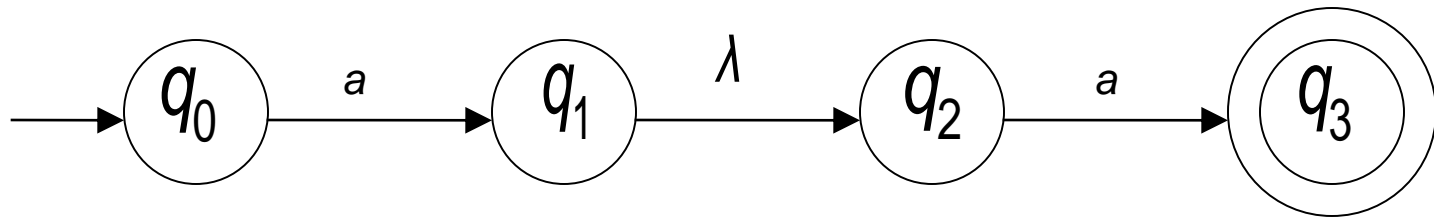


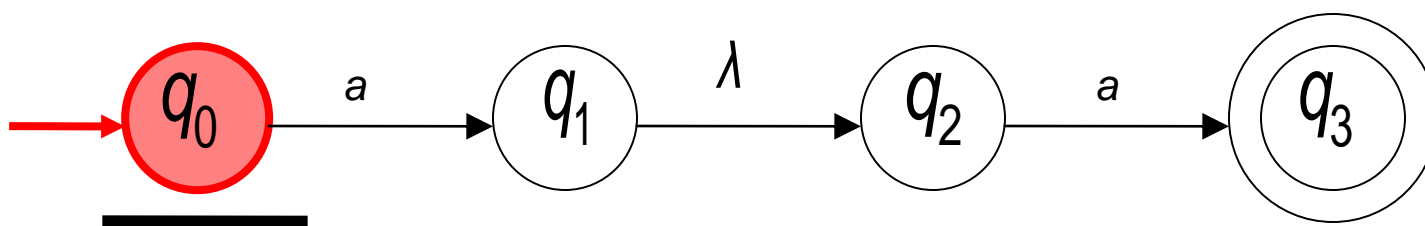
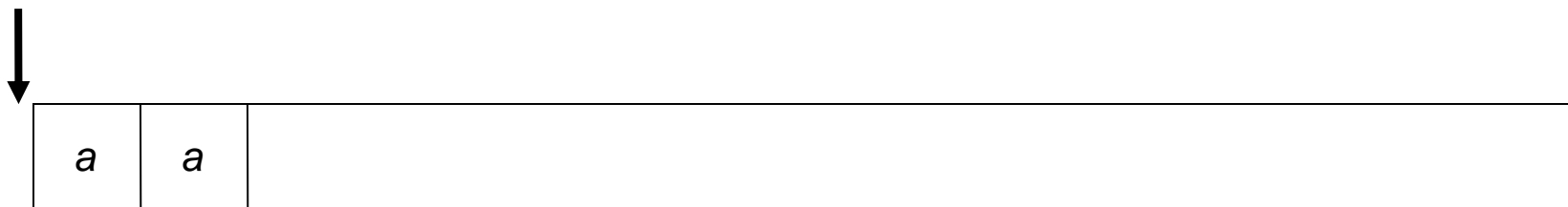
All possible computations lead to rejection

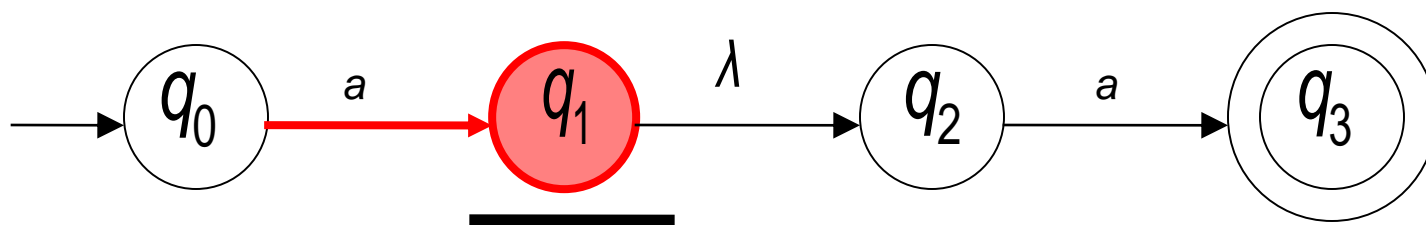
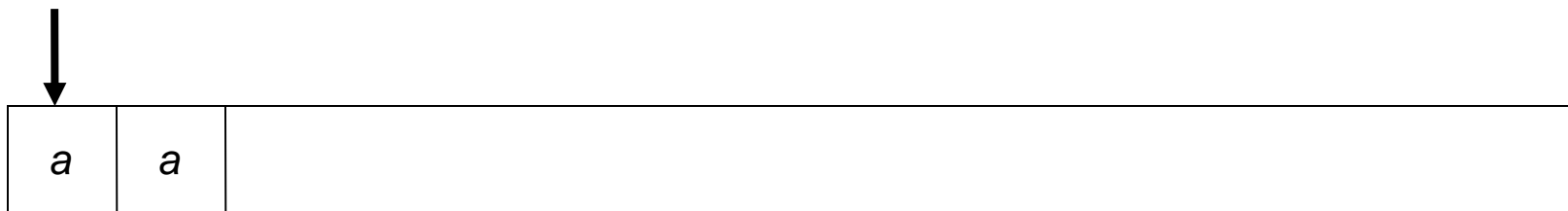
Language accepted: $L = \{aa\}$



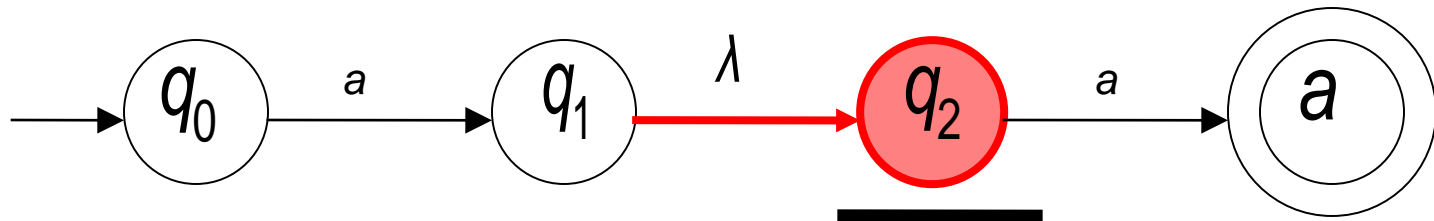
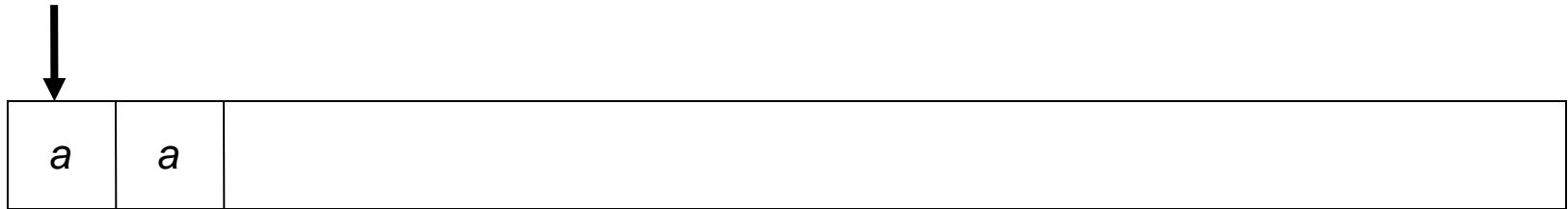
Lambda Transitions





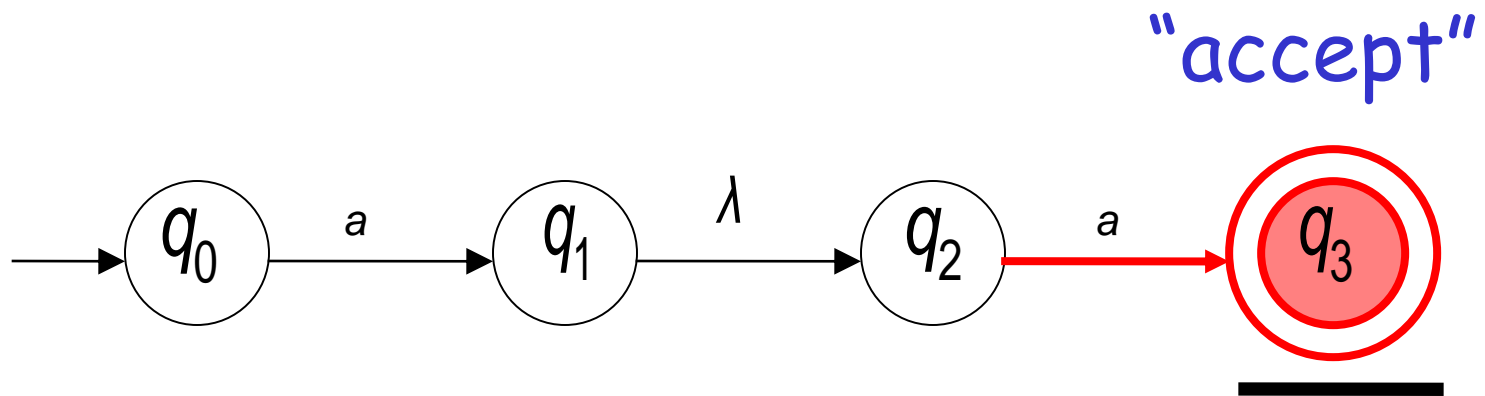
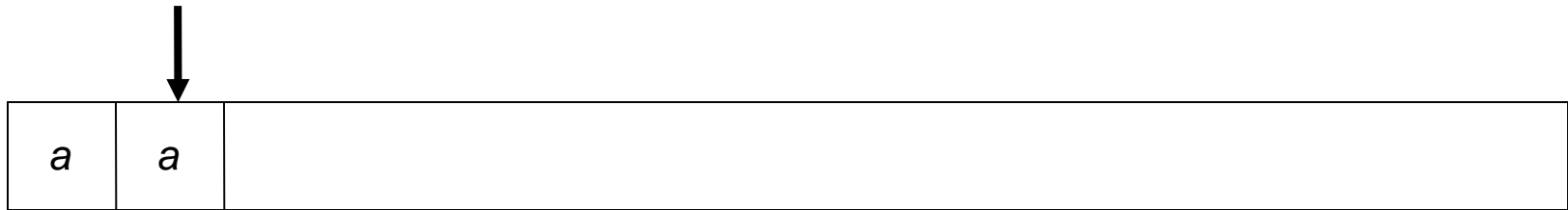


input tape head does not move



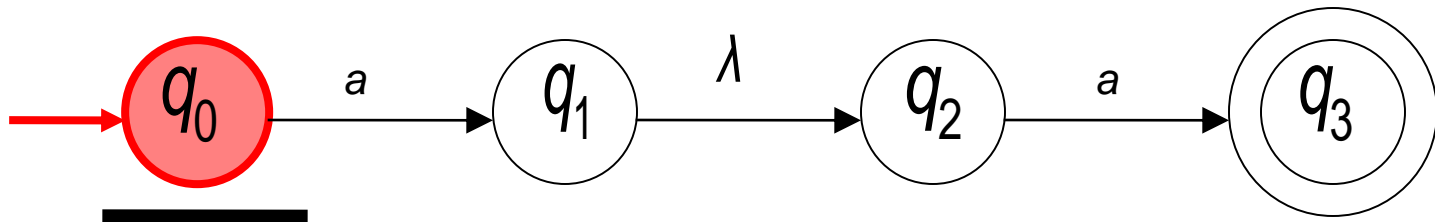
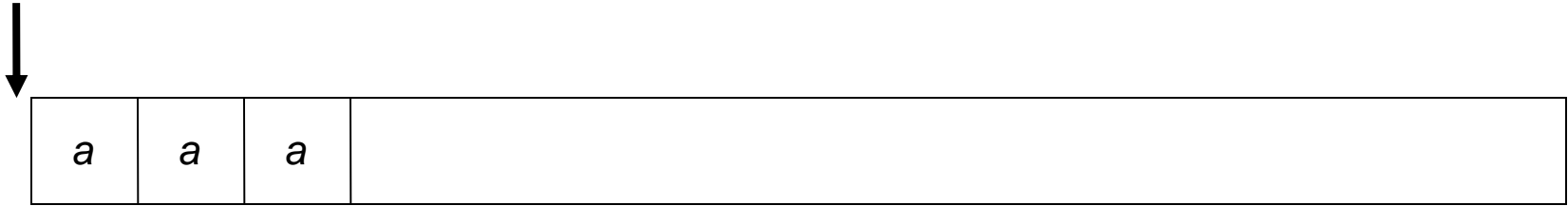
Automaton changes state

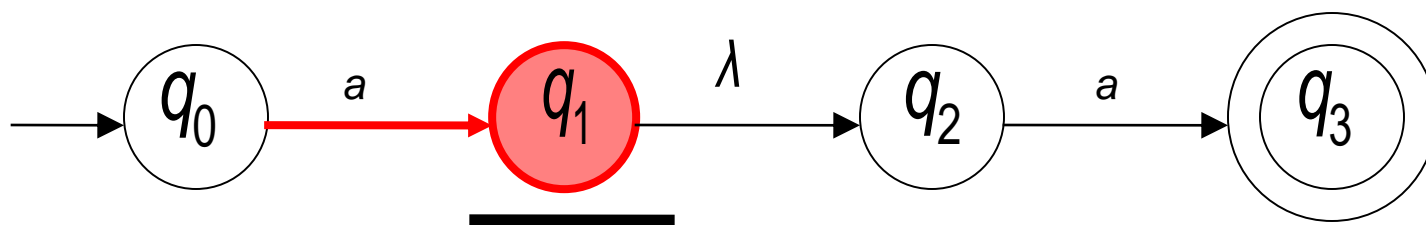
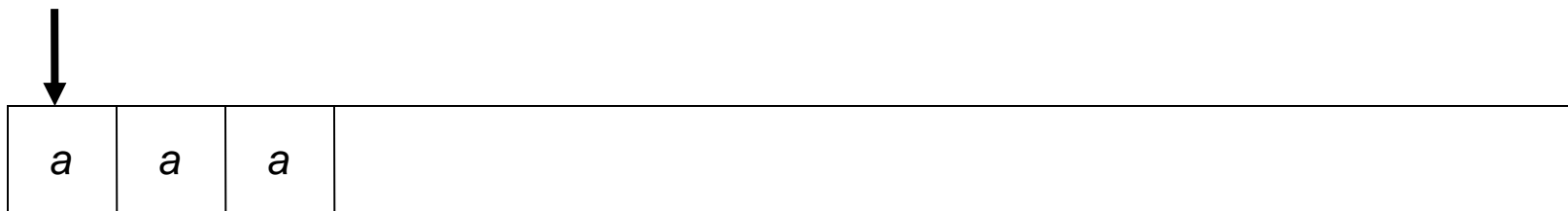
all input is consumed



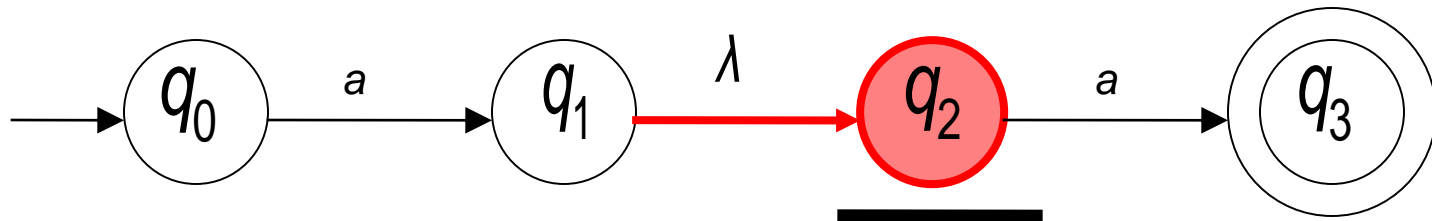
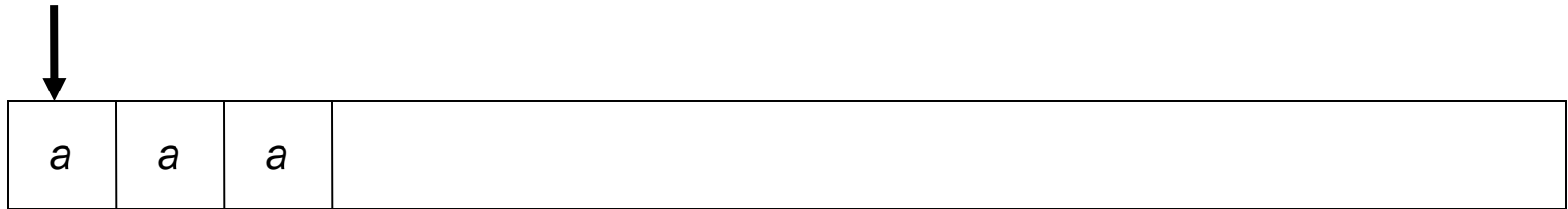
String *aa* is accepted

Rejection Example





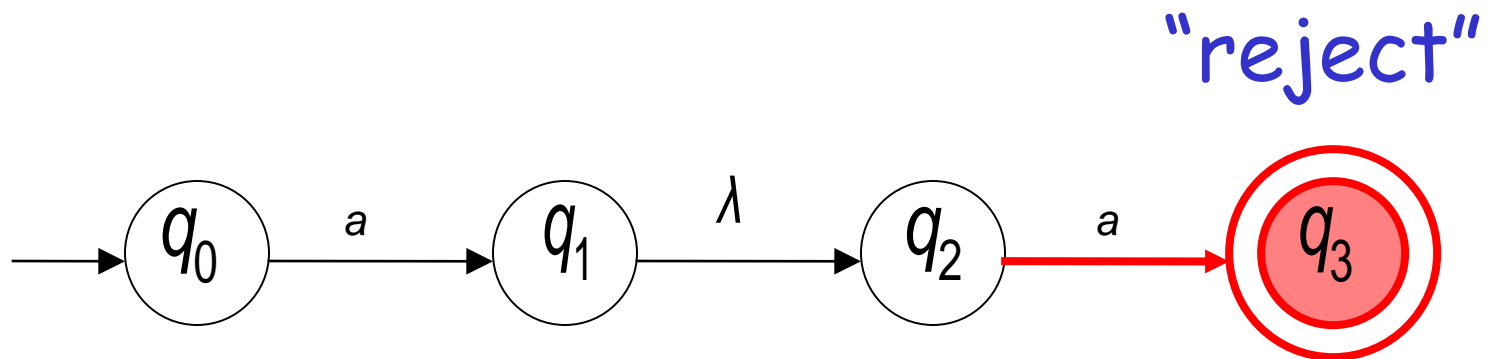
(read head doesn't move)



Input cannot be consumed

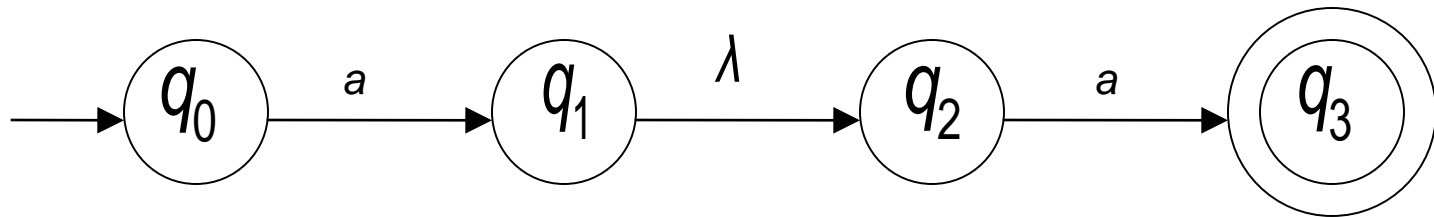


Automaton halts

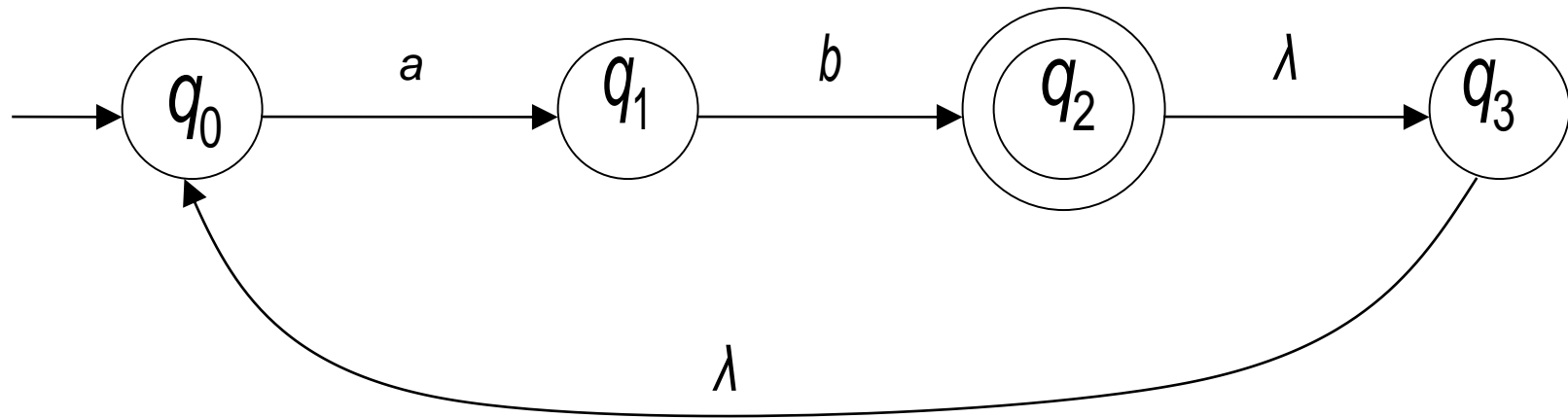


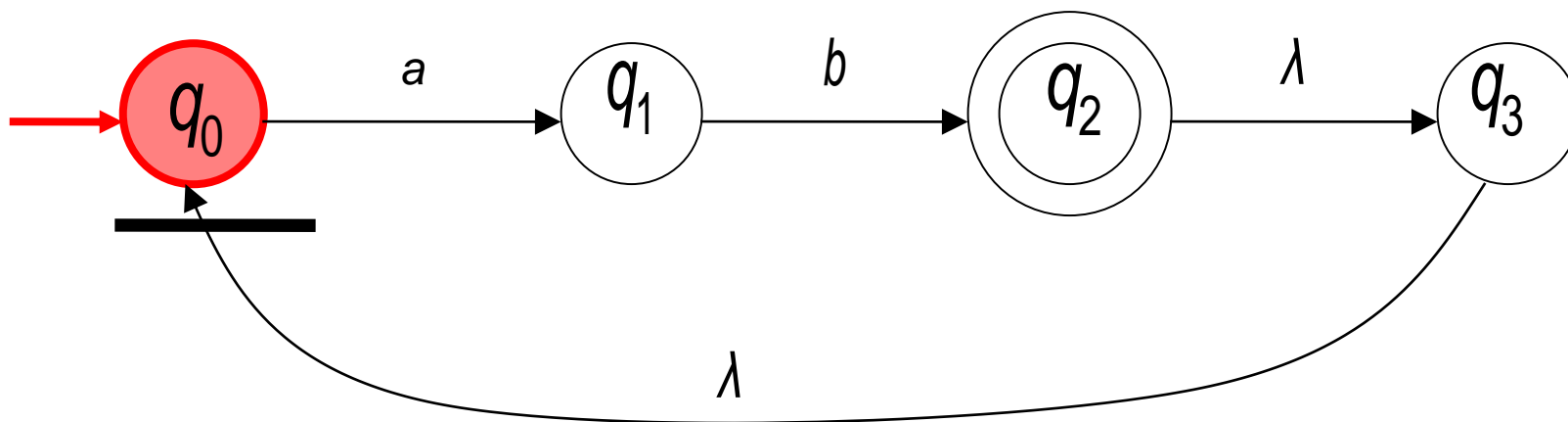
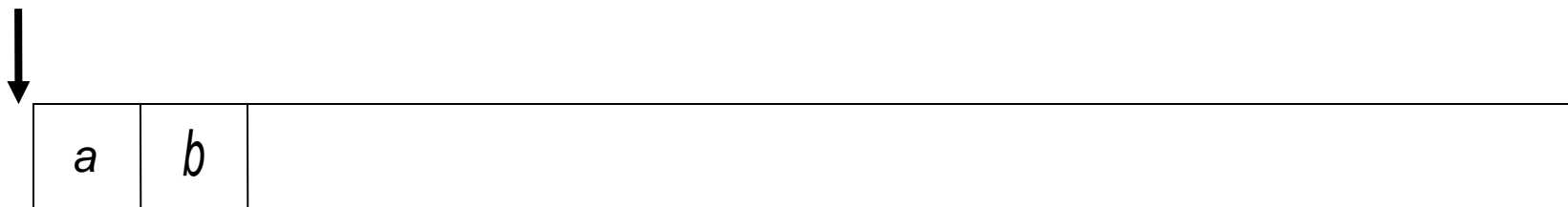
String aaa is rejected

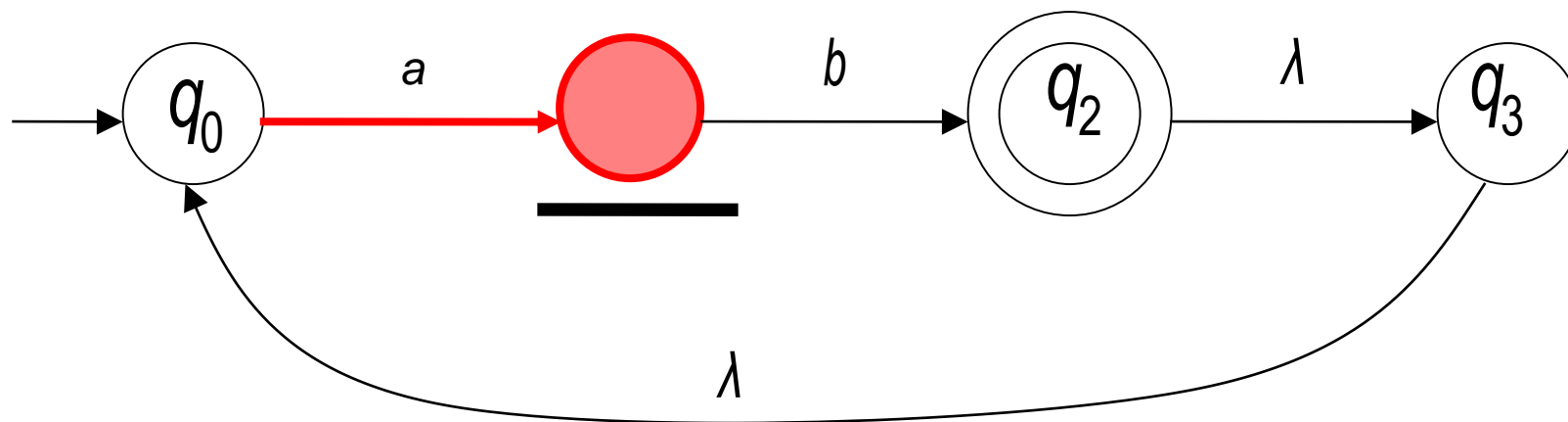
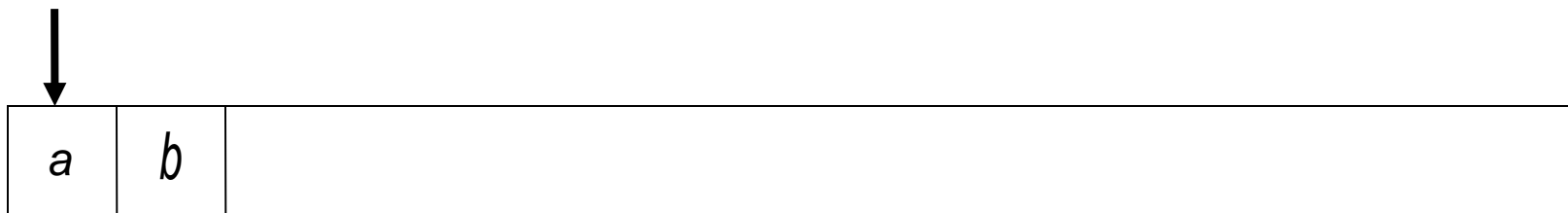
Language accepted: $L = \{aa\}$

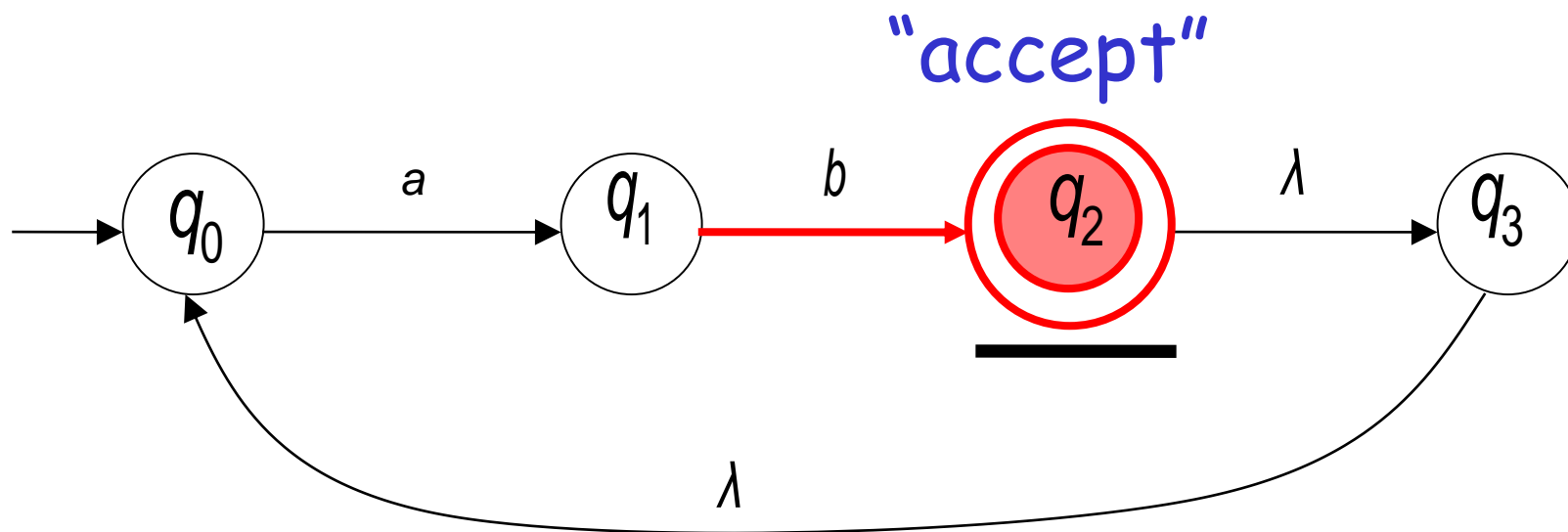
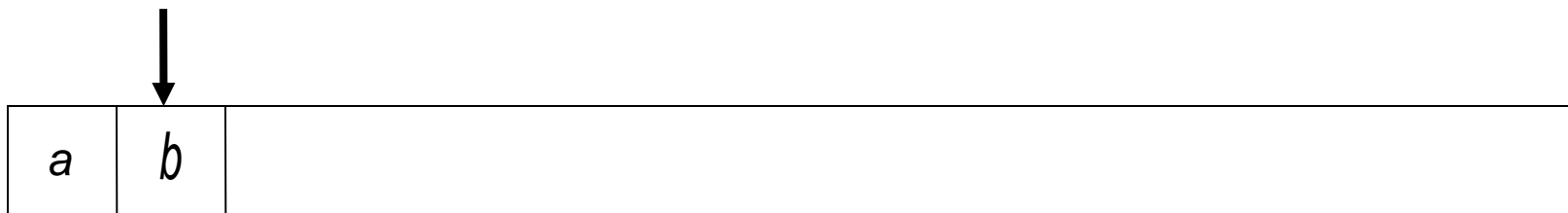


Another NFA Example

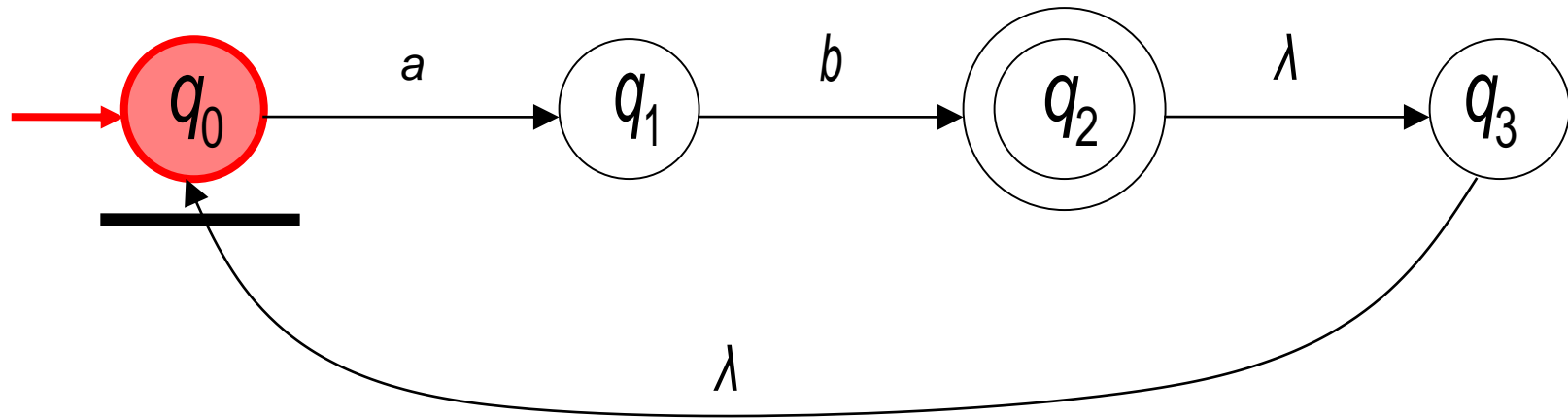


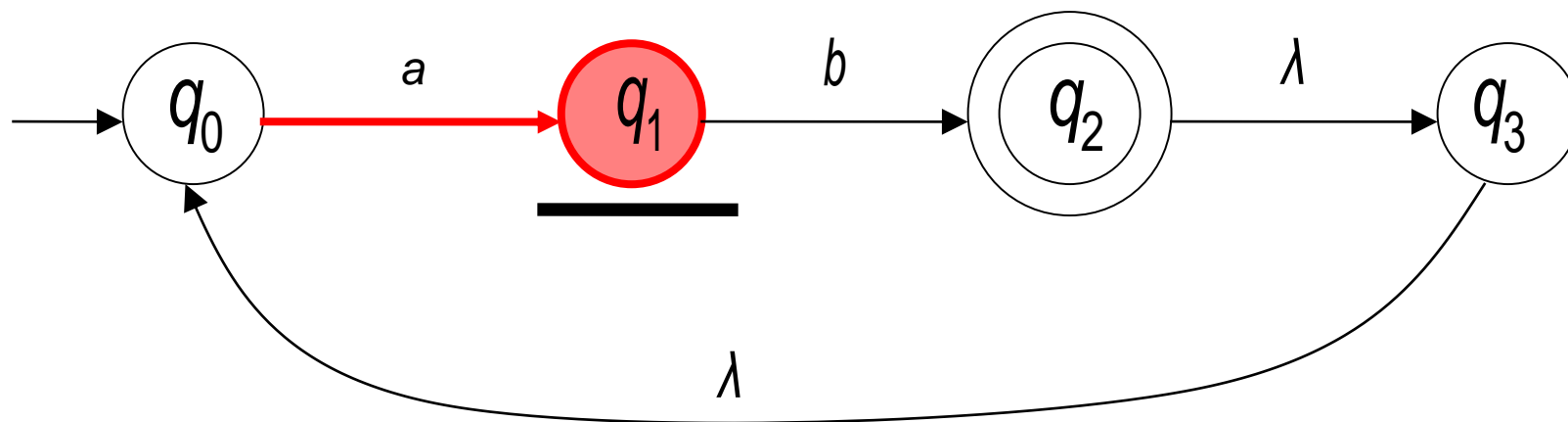
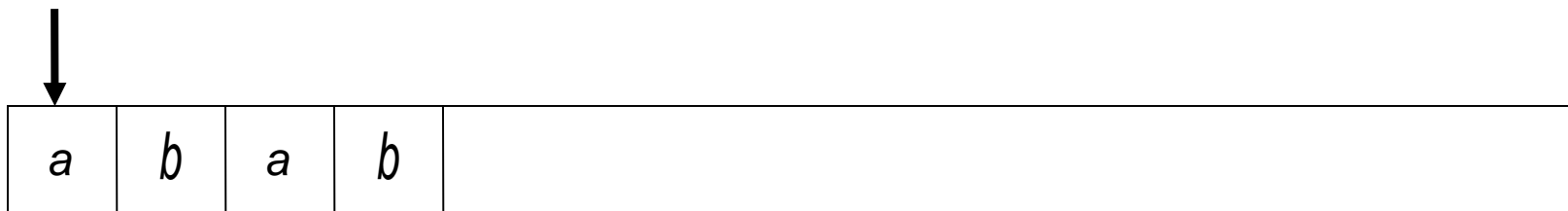


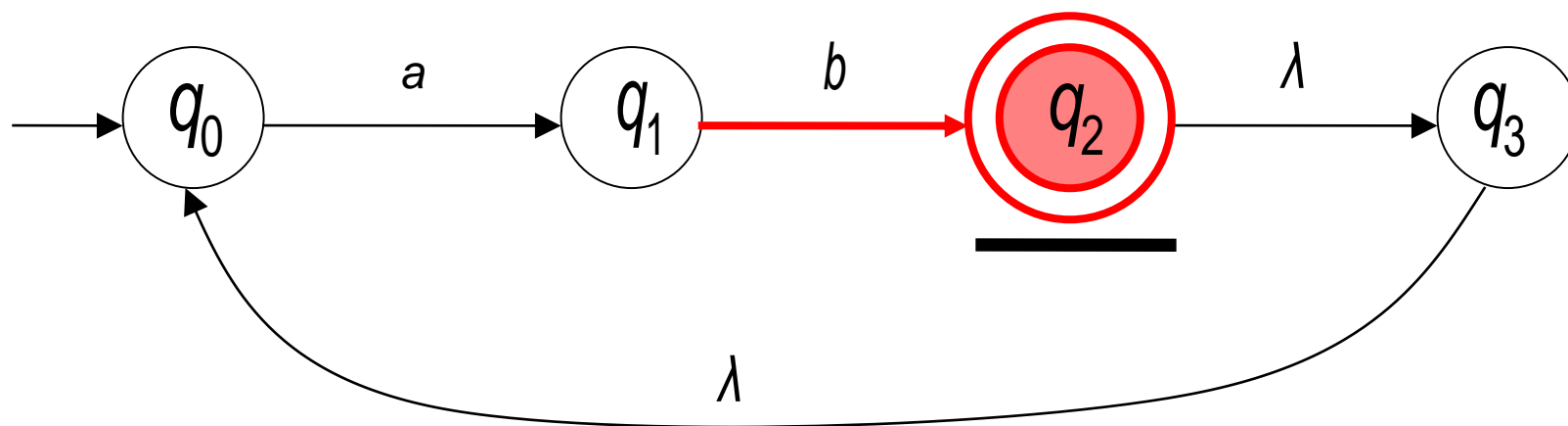
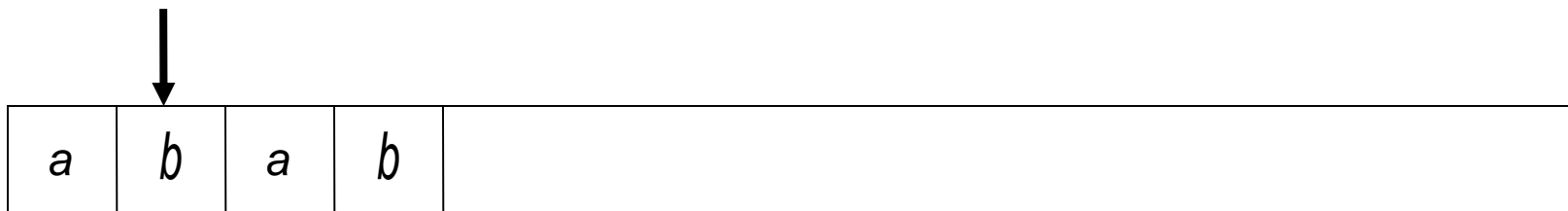


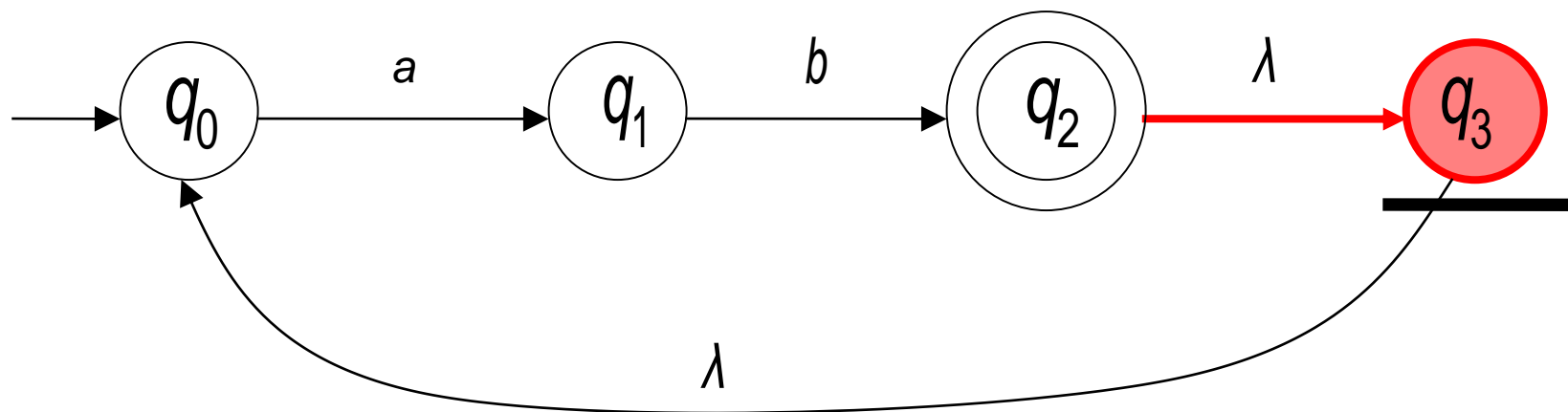
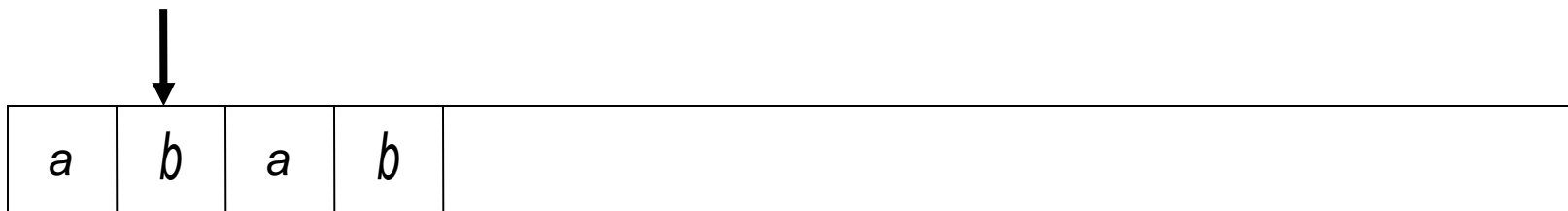


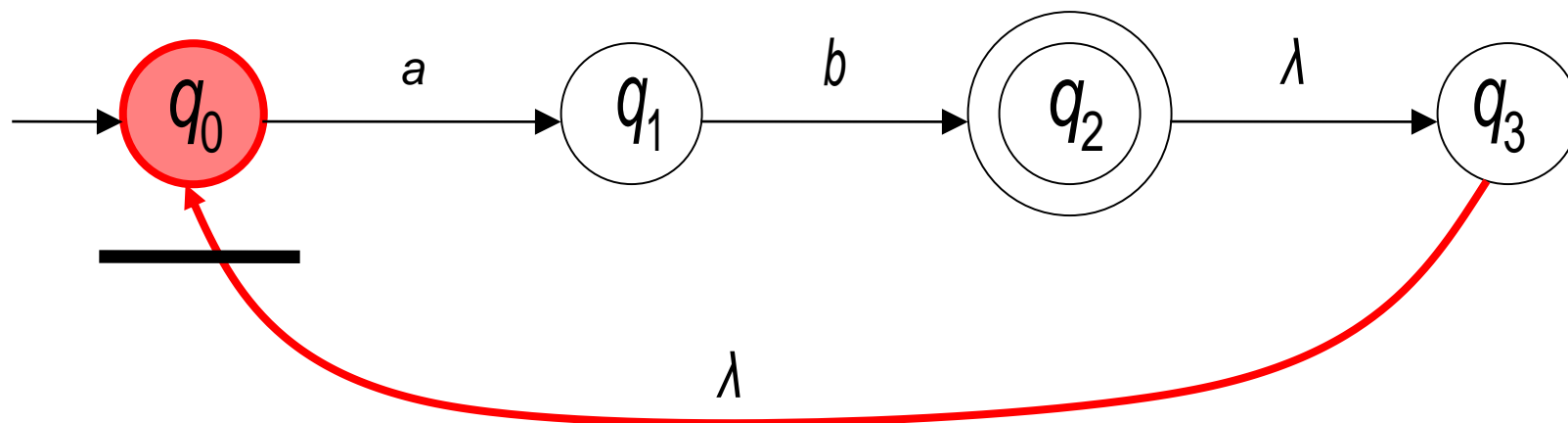
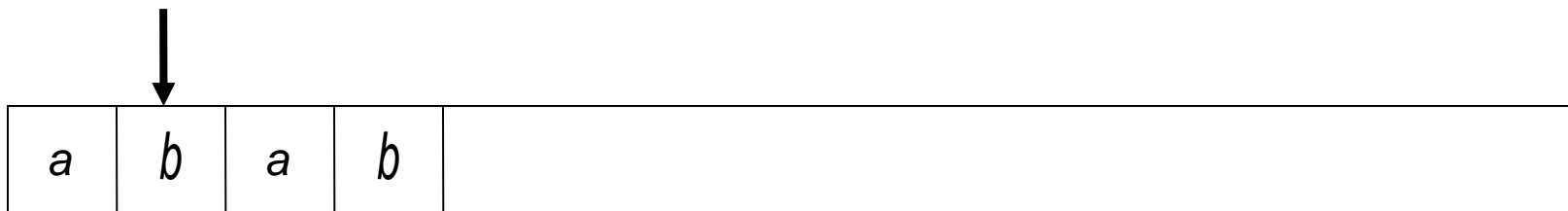
Another String

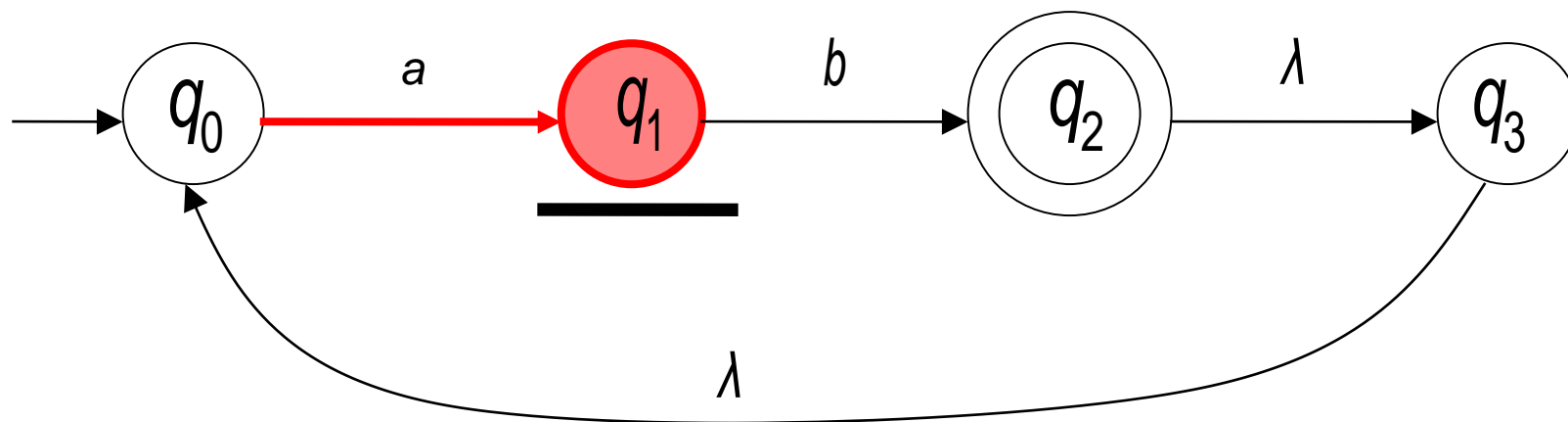
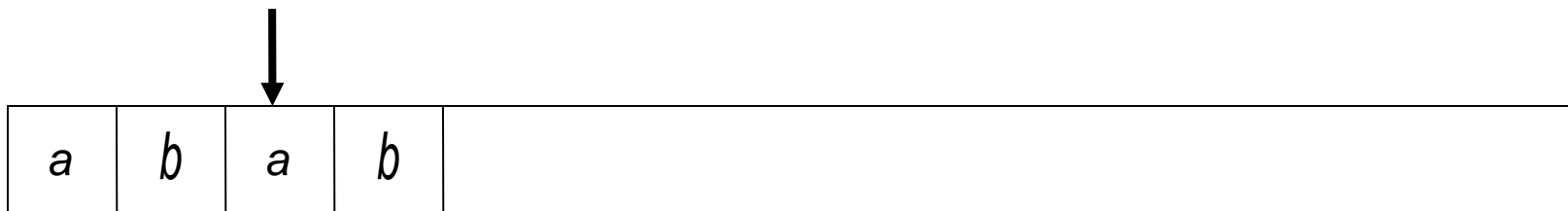


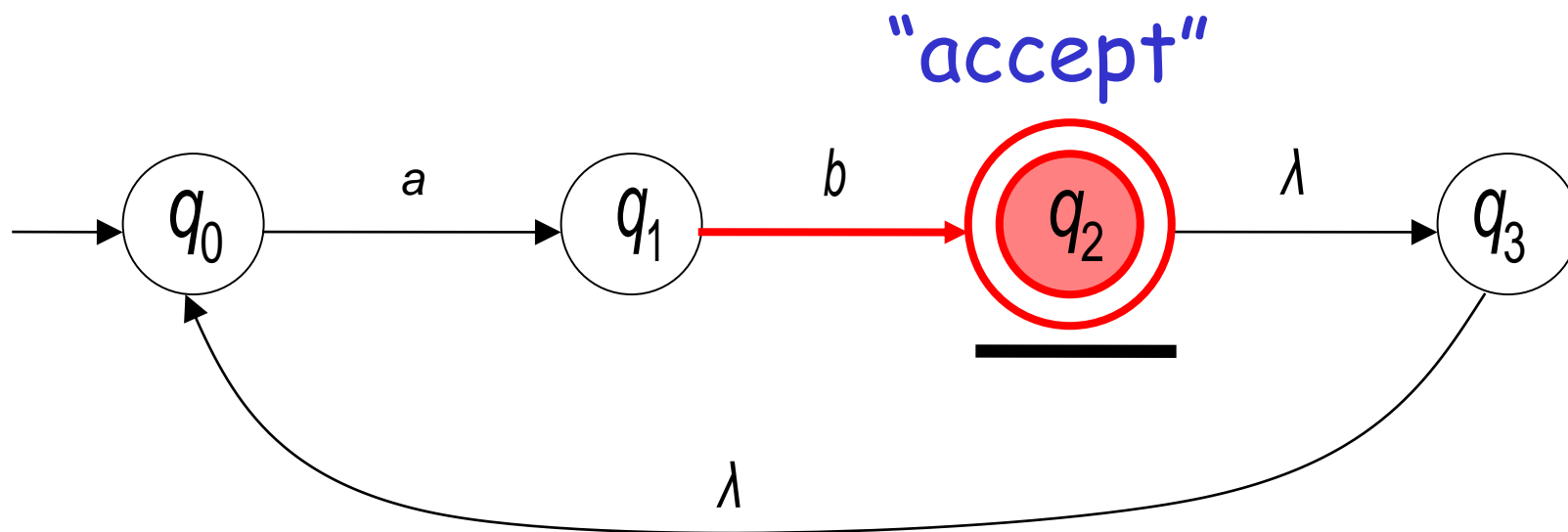
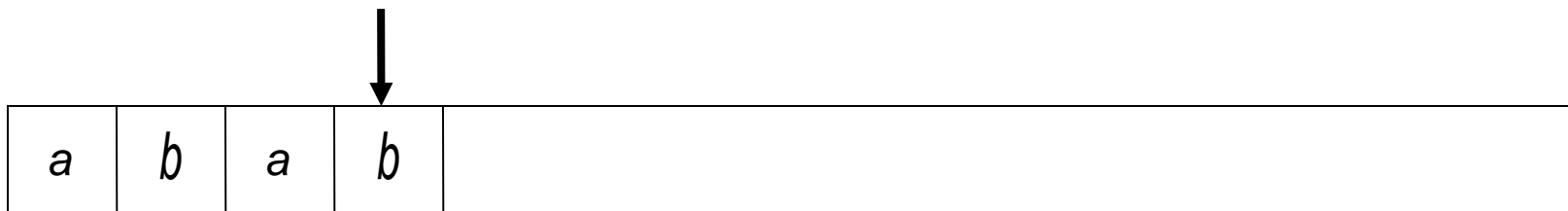






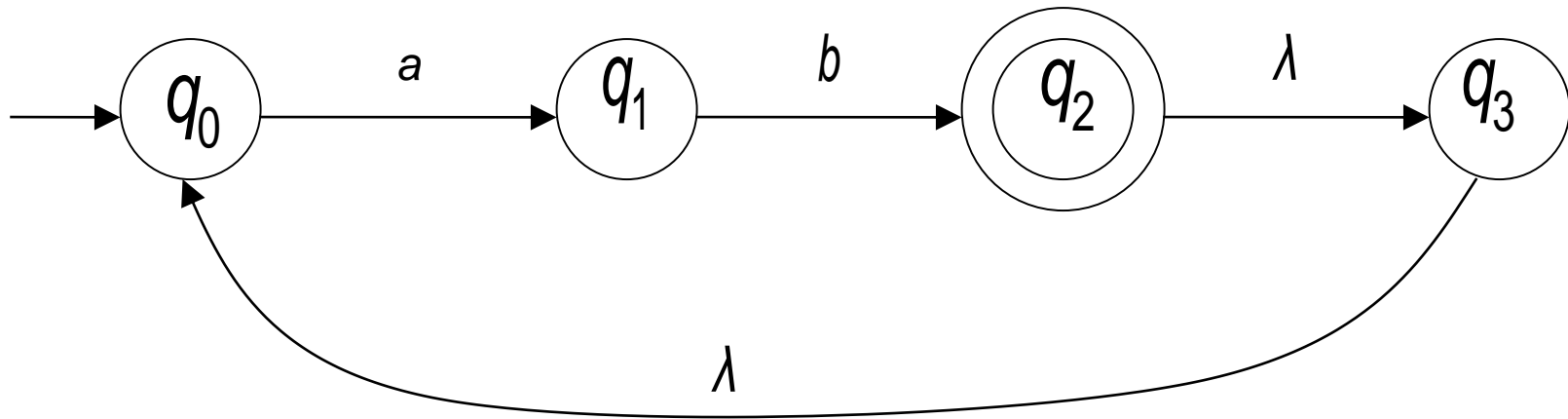




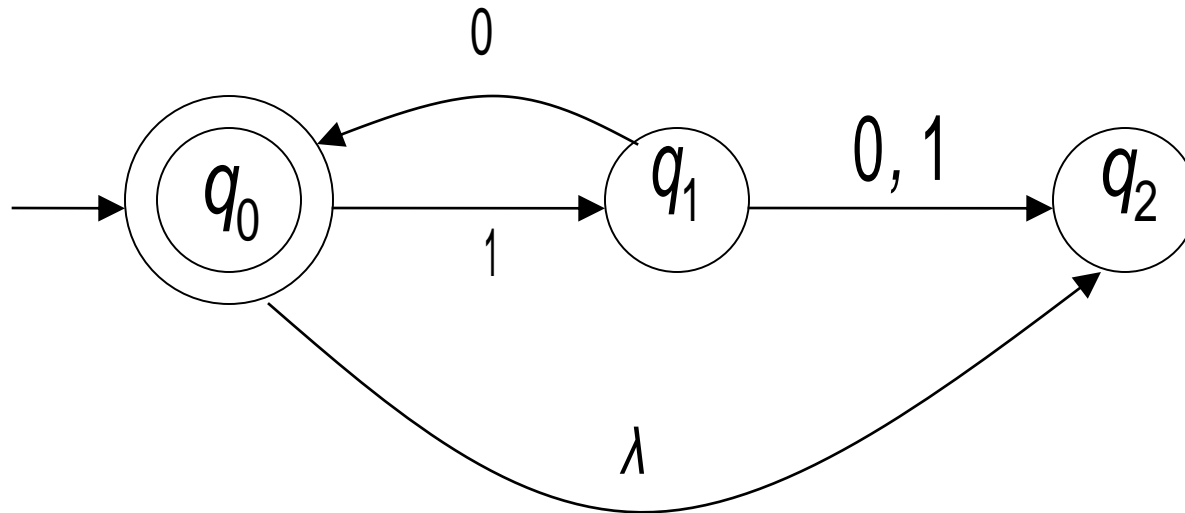


Language accepted

$$L = \{ab, abab, ababab, \dots\}$$
$$= \{ab\}^+$$

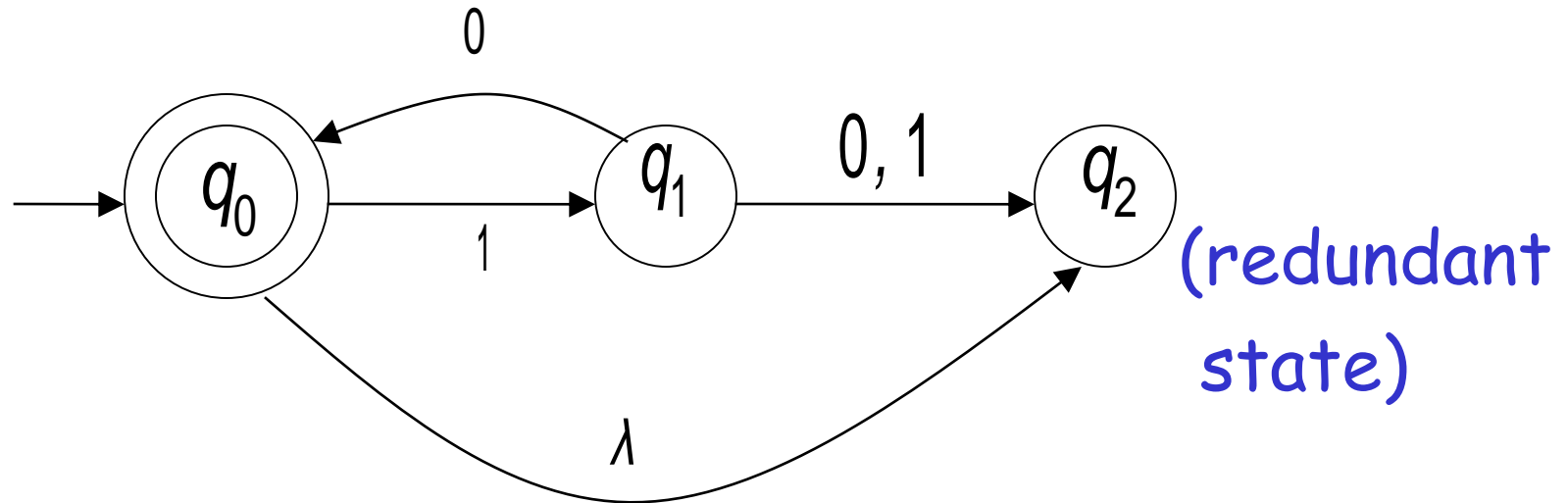


Another NFA Example



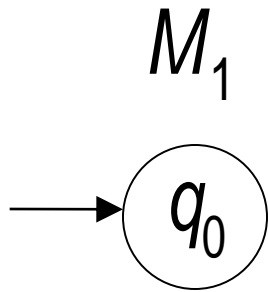
Language accepted

$$L(M) = \{\lambda, 10, 1010, 101010, \dots\}$$
$$= \{10\}^*$$

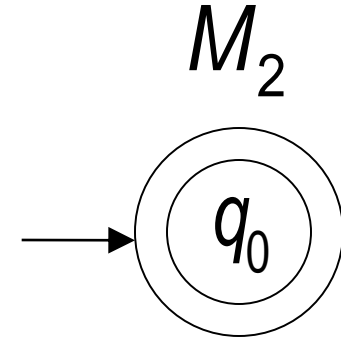


Remarks:

- The λ symbol never appears on the input tape
- Simple automata:



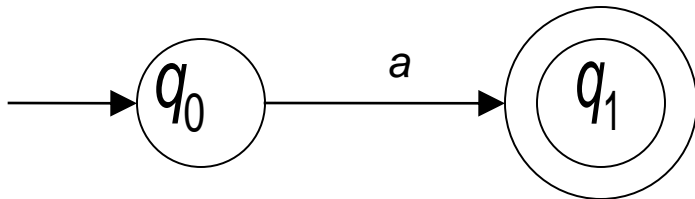
$$L(M_1) = \{\}$$



$$L(M_2) = \{\lambda\}$$

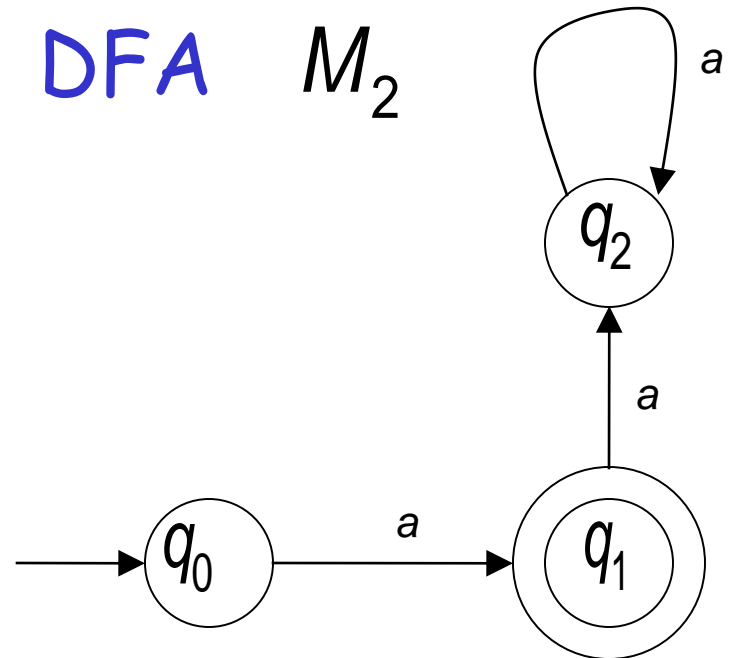
- NFAs are interesting because we can express languages easier than DFAs

NFA M_1



$$L(M_1) = \{a\}$$

DFA M_2



$$L(M_2) = \{a\}$$

Formal Definition of NFAs

$$M = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$$

Q : Set of states, i.e. $\{q_0, q_1, q_2\}$

Σ : Input alphabet, i.e. $\{a, b\}$ ~~$\lambda \in \Sigma$~~

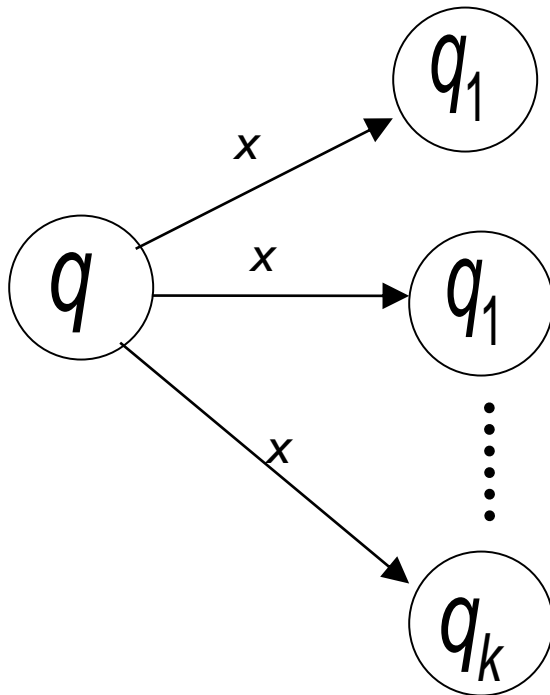
δ : Transition function

q_0 : Initial state

F : Accepting states

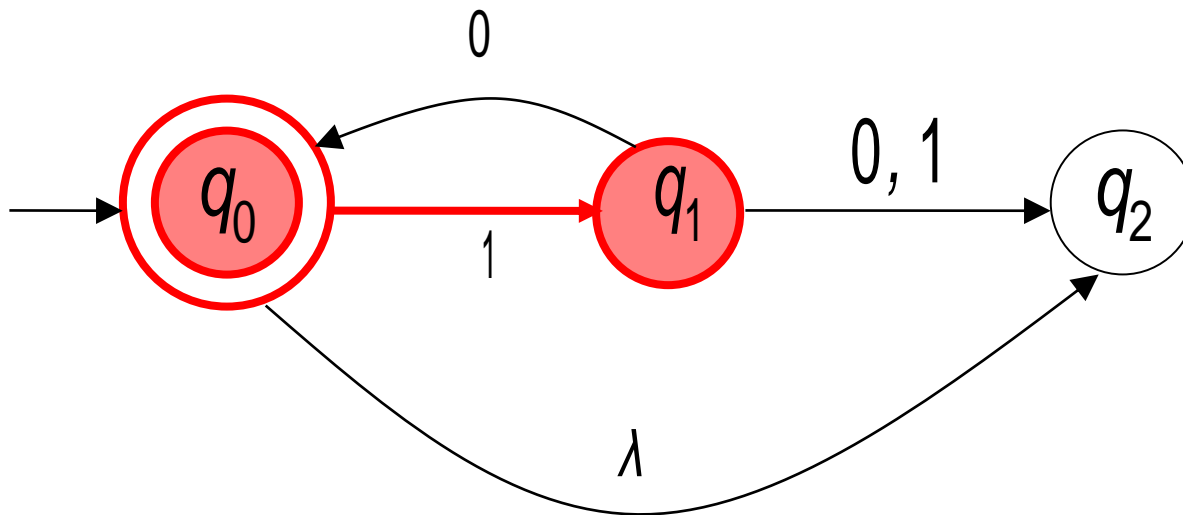
Transition Function δ

$$\delta(q, x) = \{q_1, q_2, \dots, q_k\}$$

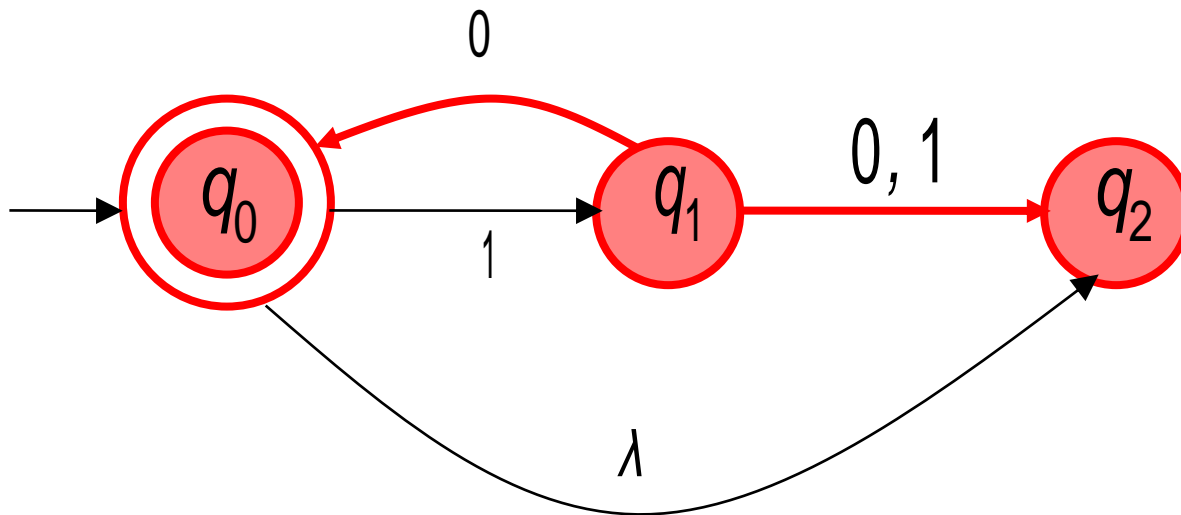


resulting states with
following **one** transition
with symbol x

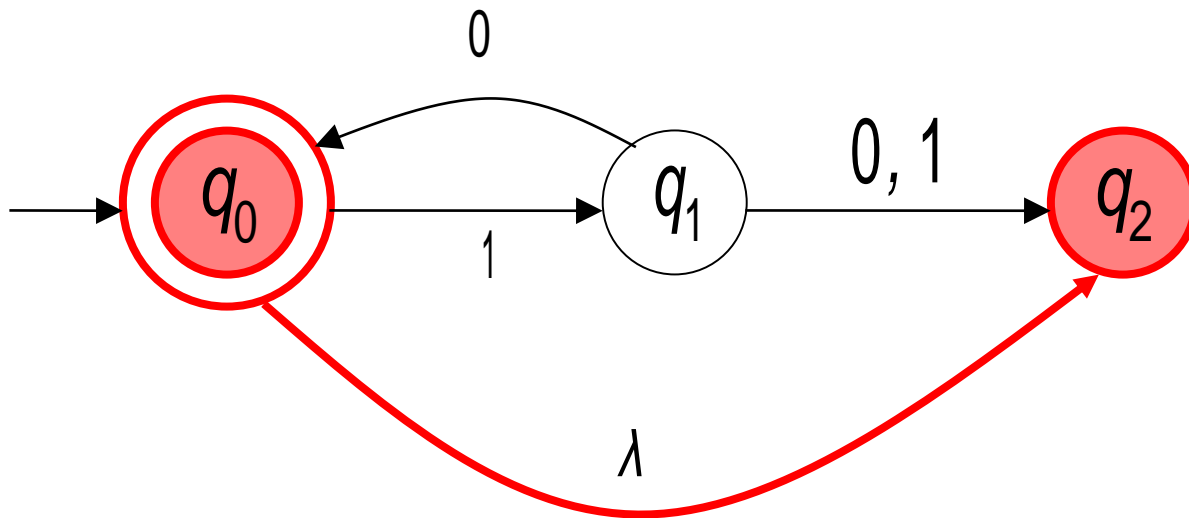
$$\delta(q_0, 1) = \{q_1\}$$



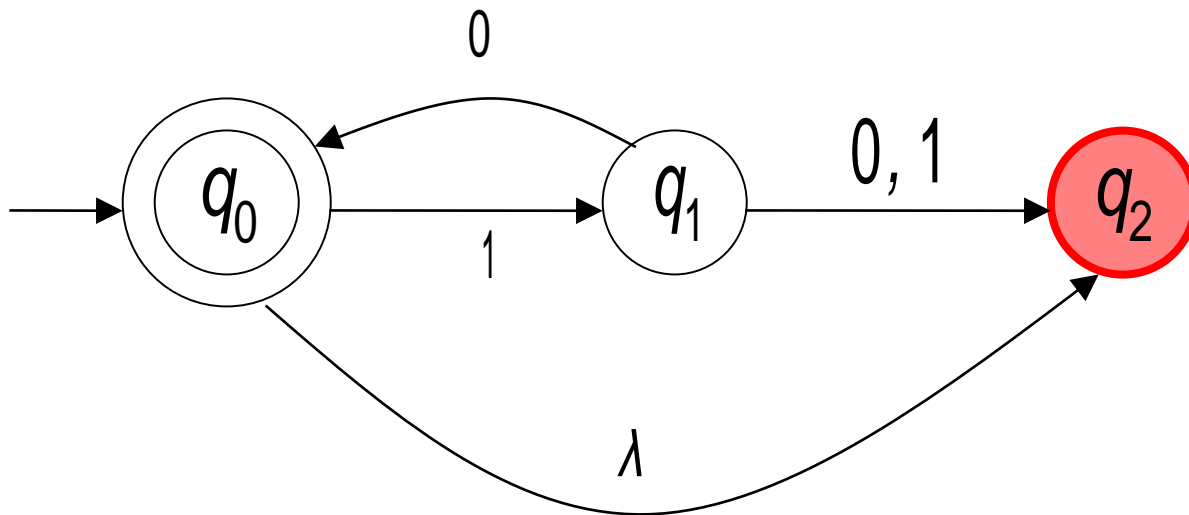
$$\delta(q_1, 0) = \{q_0, q_2\}$$



$$\delta(q_0, \lambda) = \{q_2\}$$



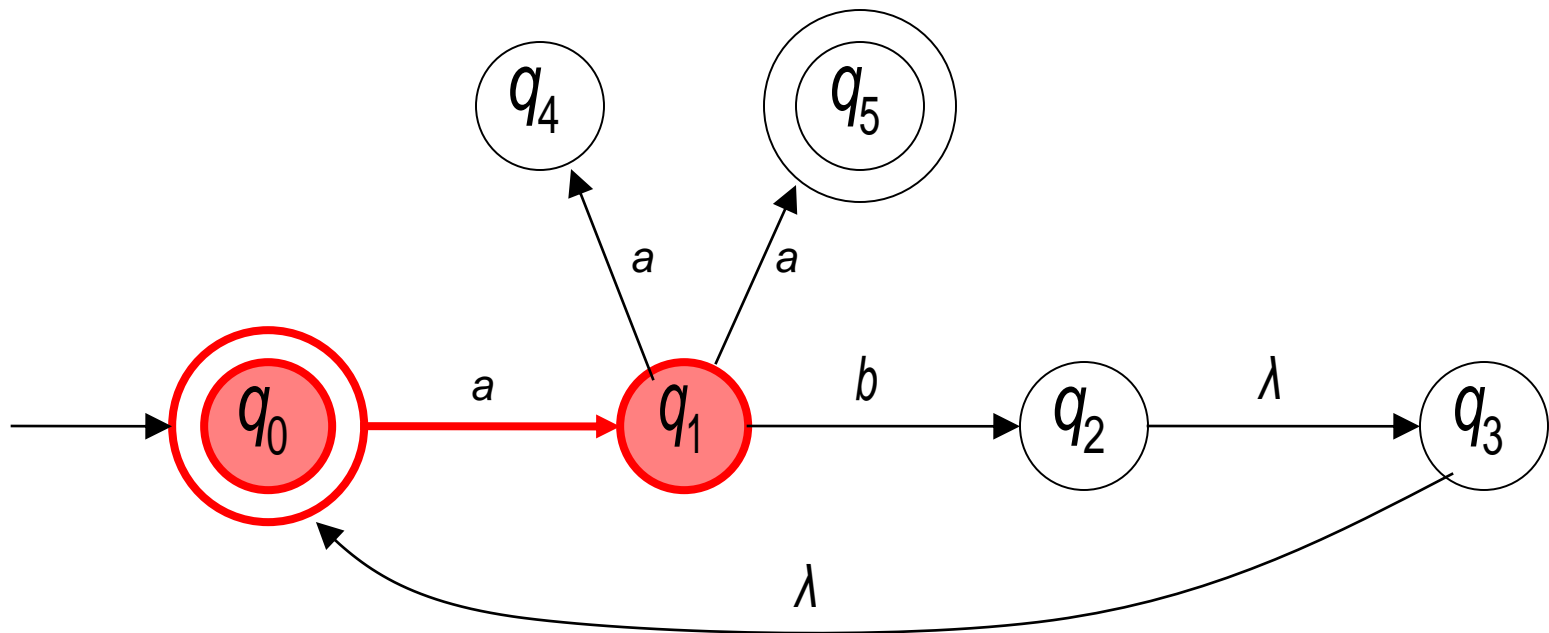
$$\delta(q_2, 1) = \emptyset$$



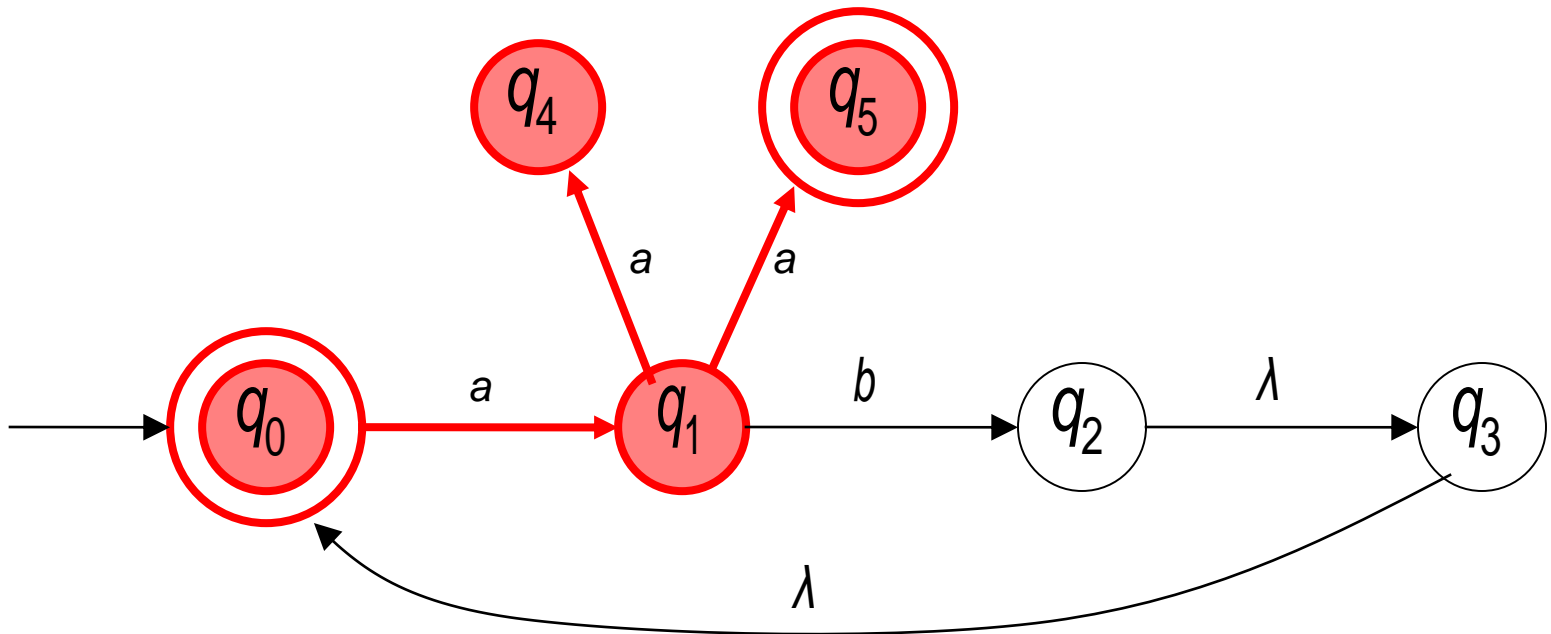
Extended Transition Function δ

Same with δ but applied on strings

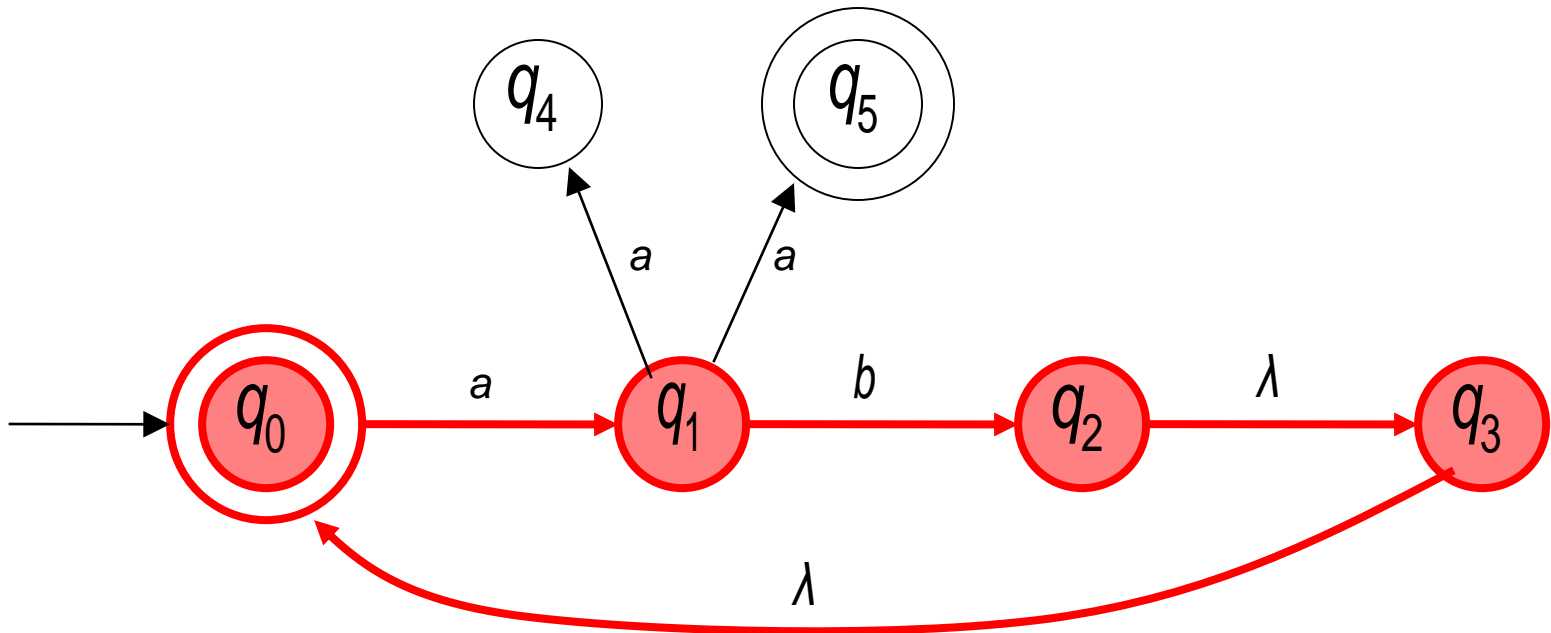
$$\delta(q_0, a) = \{q_1\}$$



$$\delta(q_0, aa) = \{q_4, q_5\}$$



$$\delta(q_0, ab) = \{q_2, q_3, q_0\}$$



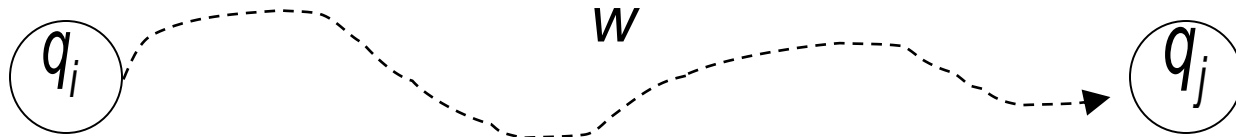
Special case:

for any state q

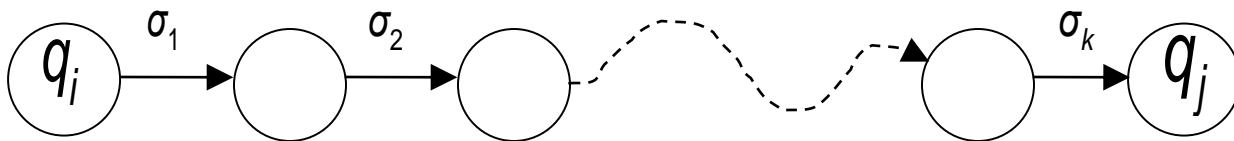
$$q \in \delta(q, \lambda)$$

In general

$q_j \in \delta(q_i, w)$: there is a walk from q_i to q_j
with label w



$$w = \sigma_1 \sigma_2 \dots \sigma_k$$



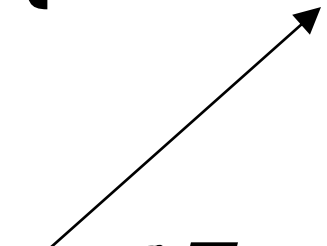
The Language of an NFA M

The language accepted by M is:

$$L(M) = \{w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n\}$$

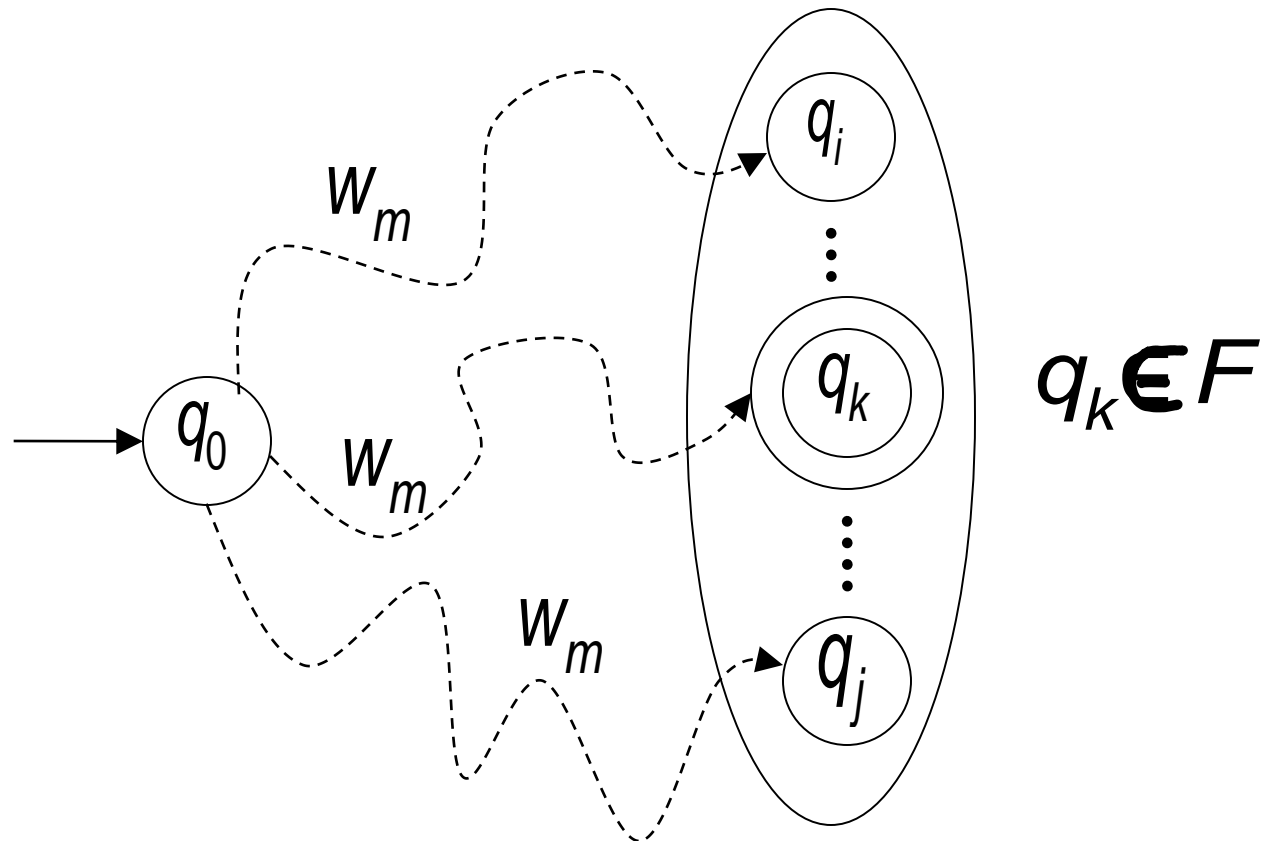
where $\delta(q_0, w_m) = \{q_i, \dots, q_k, \dots, q_j\}$

and there is some $q_k \in F$ (accepting state)

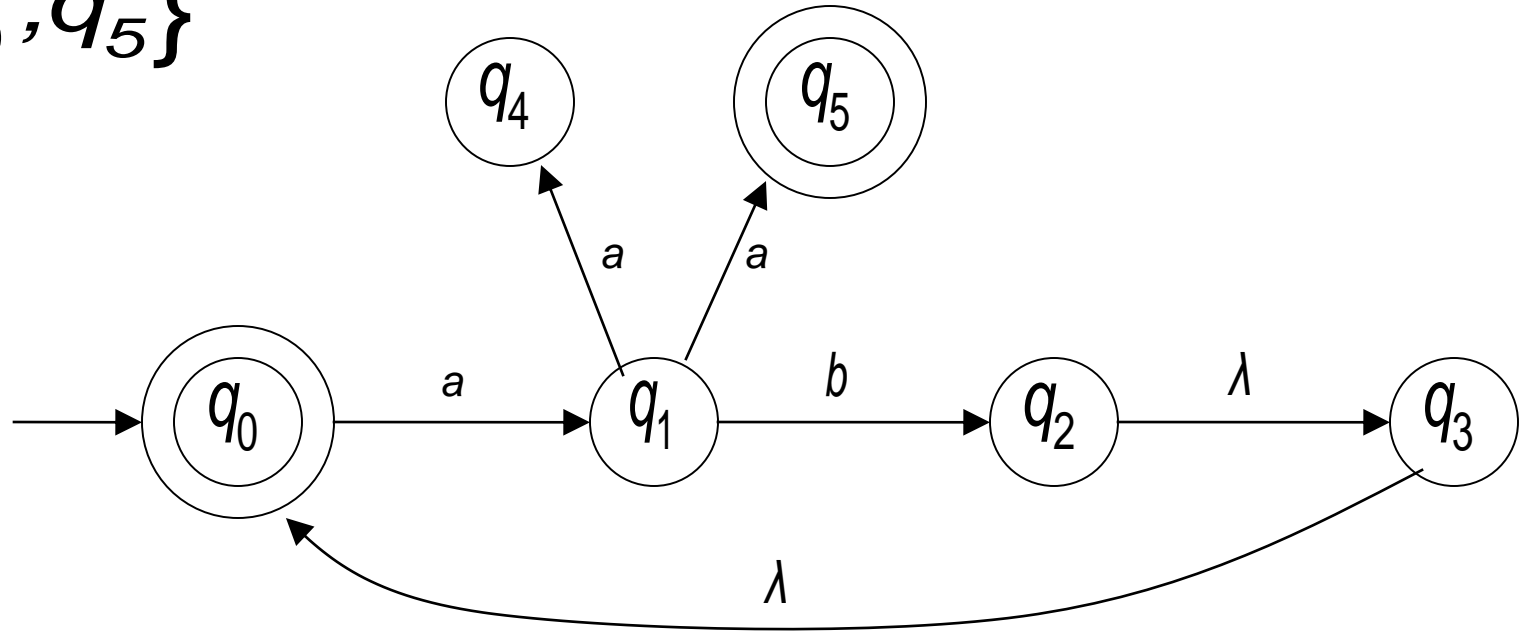


$$w_m \in L(M)$$

$$\delta(q_0, w_m)$$



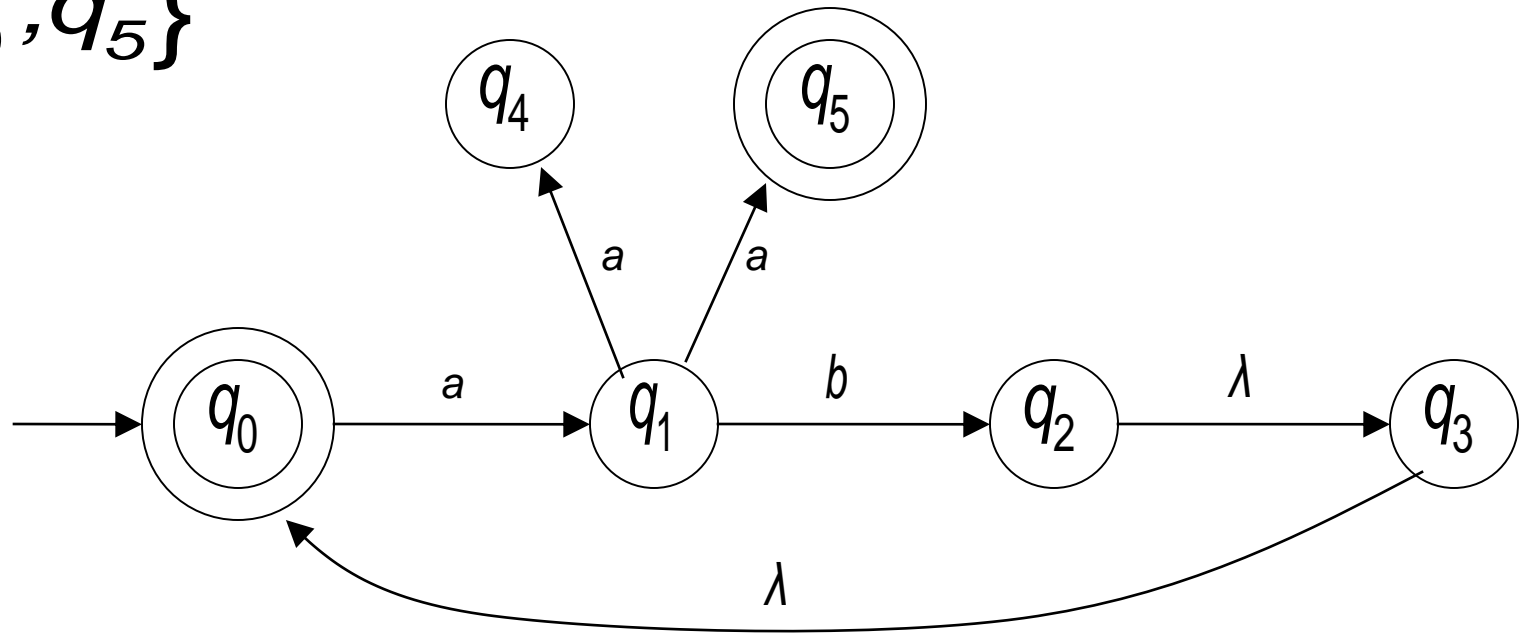
$$F = \{q_0, q_5\}$$



$$\delta(q_0, aa) = \{q_4, \underline{q_5}\} \xrightarrow{\quad} aa \in L(M)$$

\swarrow
 F

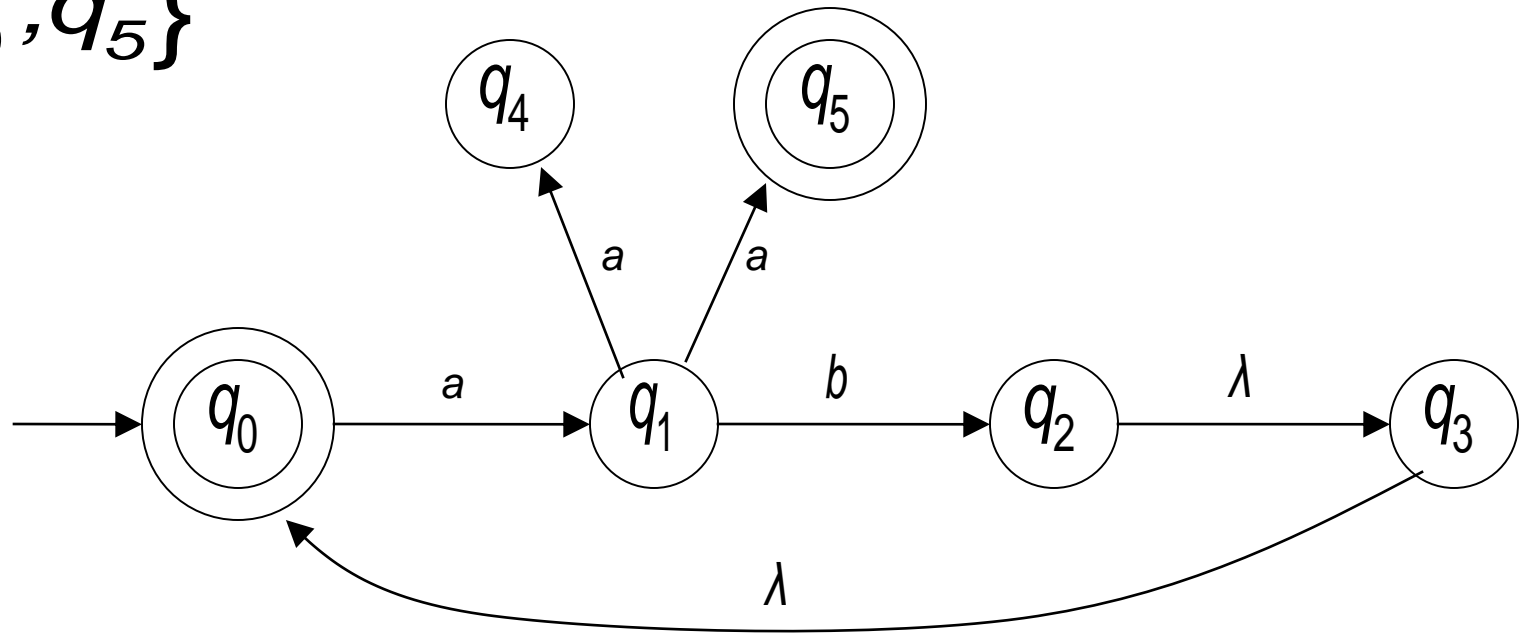
$$F = \{q_0, q_5\}$$



$$\delta(q_0, ab) = \{q_2, q_3, \underline{q_0}\} \xrightarrow{\quad} ab \in L(M)$$

\swarrow
 F

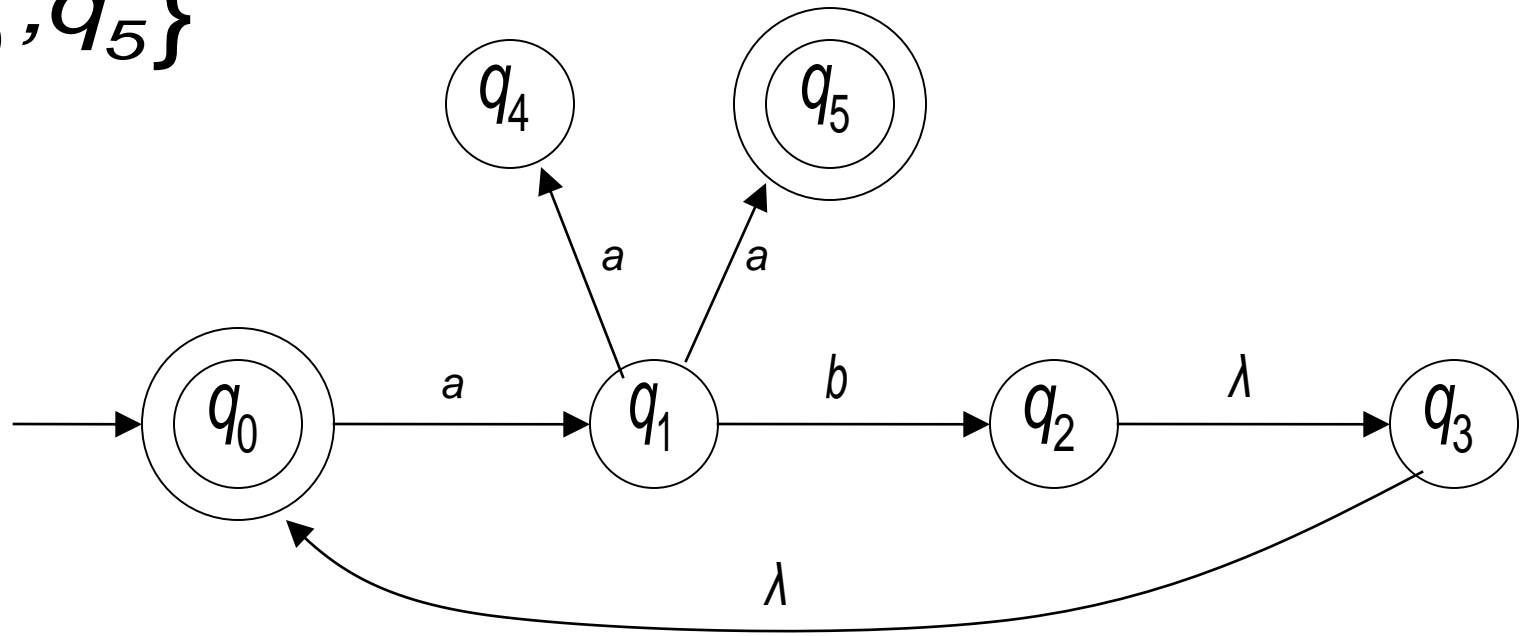
$$F = \{q_0, q_5\}$$



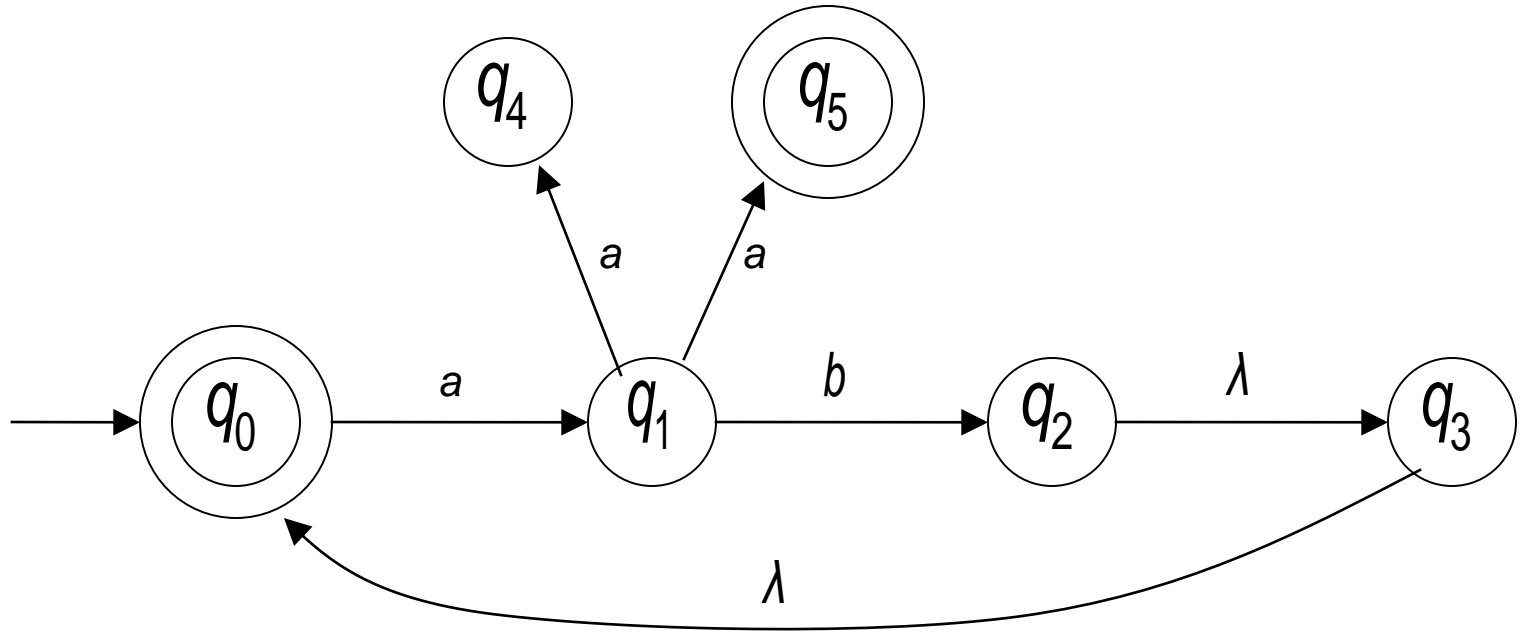
$$\delta(q_0, abaa) = \{q_4, \underline{q_5}\} \xrightarrow{\quad} abaa \in L(M)$$

\swarrow
 F

$$F = \{q_0, q_5\}$$

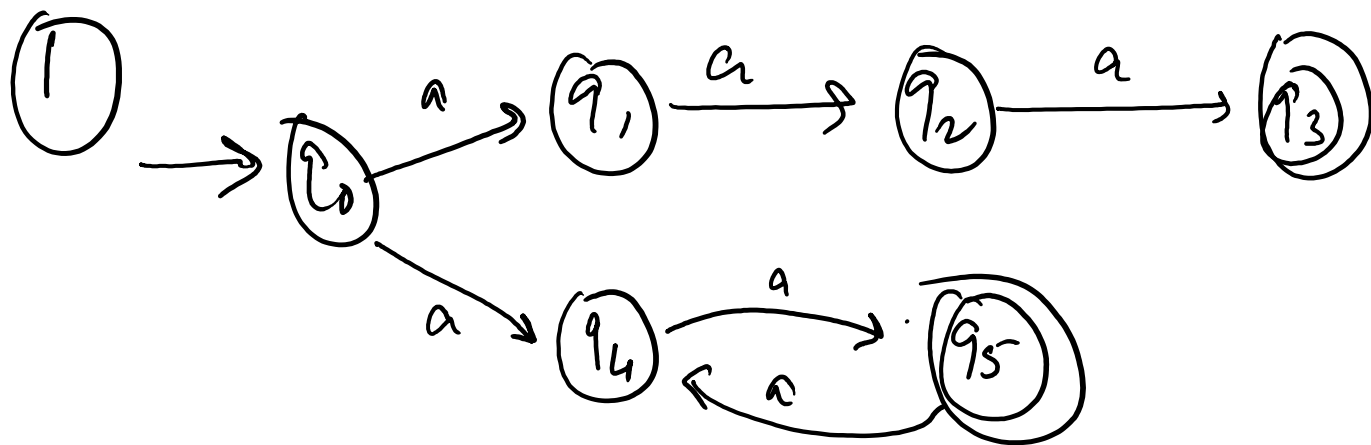


$$\delta(q_0, aba) = \{q_1\} \xrightarrow{F} aba \notin L(M)$$



What is the language accepted by NFA?

$$L(M) = \{ab\}^* \cup \{ab\}^*aa$$



② $L = \{a^n : n \geq 0\} \cup \{b^n a : n \geq 1\}$
 NFA with 4 states

③ NFA with 5 states for
 $L = \{abab^n \mid n \geq 0\} \cup \{abaa^n \mid n \geq 0\}$