Kinx TT - Kinx Tiny Typesetting

Abstract

This system is a small typesetting system written in Kinx. Most of people knows the LATEX^1 is being used for that purpose, but the TEX^2 system is very huge. This system provides only a limited functionality, but supports some of TEX algorithms in this small system. This would be your best partner as long as used for your personal use.

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 $^{^{1}}$ Leslie Lamport,
 <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/LaTeX</u>

² Donald E. Knuth, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/TeX

1 Overview

1.1 Goals

The goal of the Kinx Tiny Typesetting is as follows.

- · Keeping it small.
- · Pretty beautiful.
- Direct output to PDF.

Kinx TT has supported some kind of TEX algorithms, so the final output would be pretty beautiful. You can check it yourself as this document was generated by this system. On the other hand, there are some known bad points below as a trade off.

- Needs a performance improvement.
- Prvides only a limited functionality.

1.2 Features Overview

This system supports following algorithms.

- 1. Hyphenation & Knuth-Plass Line Breaking Algorithm, and also for some Japanese rules.
- 2. Widows & Orphans penalty control.
- 3. Listing items with a bullet or numbering.
- 4. Math formula & equation like TEX
- 5. Tables, and the header of table is automatically repeated each page.
- 6. Images, and it can be also put with floating inside paragraph.
- 7. Writing a program source code.
- 8. Cross-reference like **Reference to the section 2**.
- 9. Autimatic URL link like https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/TeX, or link text like TFX.
- 10. Footnotes³.
- 11. Japanese Ruby. 日本語, or 日本語 to be separated for each character.

 $^{^{3}}$ This is a footnote example.

2 Features Details

2.1 Hyphenation & Line Breaking

The figure on the right⁴ is an example of hyphenation and justification. Hyphenation will be done before applying line-breaking algorithm. The algorithm is based on Hyper.js, and it relies on the hyphenation algorithm by Franklin M. Liang commonly known from LATEX.

And also, this system is supporting **Knuth-Plass Line Breaking Algorithm** for line-break. This Kinx TT has supported some kind of TEX algorithms, so the final output would be very beautiful. You can check it on your eyes youtself as this document was generated by this system. On the other hand, there are some bad points below as a trade off.

Fig 2.1 Hyphenation and justification

This is well known algorithm because the TEX uses it. These algorithms are known as the best way so far for a typesetting system.

Kinx TT is also supporting some Japanese hyphenation rules. For example, \(\cap{\cap}_\cup \], which is like a period in English, is never appeared at the head of line.

2.2 Widows & Orphans

Widows and orphans control is not perfect so far. But normally it is available for a section and a paragraph. Unfortunately it is not available for listing items, images, and so on. Please check it and you can use \columnbreak command anywhere you need.

2.3 List Items

You can use an itemize and an enumerate listing items as follows.

Here is an example of 'itemize'.

- Item level 1-1
- Item level 1-2
 - o Item level 2-1
 - o Item level 2-2
 - Item level 2-3
 - Item level 3-1
 - Item level 3-2
 - * Item level 4-1
 - * Item level 4-2

Here is an example of 'enumerate'.

- 1. Item level 1-1
- 2. Item level 1-2
 - (a) Item level 2-1
 - (b) Item level 2-2
 - (c) Item level 2-3
 - i. Item level 3-1
 - ii. Item level 3-2
 - A. Item level 4-1
 - B. Item level 4-2

⁴ This is also the example of a floating image.

2.4 Math Formula and Equation

Here is an example of Math formula and equation. You will think as if it is IATEX output. Yes, you are quite right because this is came from TEX output, but it is never using a huge TEX system. Instead, it is using an output of KATEX, which is included in this system.

$$E=mc^2 \ m=rac{m_0}{\sqrt{1-rac{v^2}{c^2}}}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}f(x)dx=\sqrt{\pi}$$

Fig 2.2 Math example

If you want to write a math formula inline, use \$...\$ style directly in paragraph. For example, $E=mc^2$ is written as \$E = mc^2\$, and another example is $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)dx = \sqrt{\pi}$ written as \$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \sqrt{\pi}\$.

If you want to use \$ in paragraph, use \$ with \ like \\$.

And also you can use \displaystyle keyword, the Math fomula is directly inside paragraph like $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \sqrt{\pi} \text{, by $\leqslant \left(\inf_{-\left(\inf_{x} f(x) \right)} f(x) \right) dx = \left(\inf_{x} f(x) \right) dx} dx = \left(\inf_{x} f(x) \right) dx = \left($

2.5 Table

Here is an example of table. The ruled line can be selected from no line, a single line, or a double line. And you can set an alignment each column. Besides, the column width is also automatically calculated according to inside text size.

By the way, you can write also a Math formula inside a table cell.

Left	Center	Right
A1	B1 ⁵	C1
A2	This column is aligned to the center.	C2
A3	$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}f(x)dx=\sqrt{\pi}$	Aligned to the right.
1	Aligned to the center.	On the right.

⁵ This is a footnote in table.

Left	Center	Right
2	Aligned to the center.	On the right.
3	Aligned to the center.	On the right.
4	Aligned to the center.	On the right.
5	Aligned to the center.	On the right.

The table header can be automatically repeated each page.

Tables can be put on a line by using multiple columns. Here is an example of 2 tables in a line. Note that the width will be becoming narrow in this case.

# Outline	#	Overview
1 Something	1	Something
2 Something	2	Something
	3	$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}f(x)dx=\sqrt{\pi}$ is
		an example of Math formula in
		the table.

2.6 Image

2.6.1 Floating Image

Images can be put around a text, or put on a line as a standalone.



Fig 2.3 Barcode Icon

The first example is for a floating image put around a text. The image on the left, which is a barcode icon example, is wrapped inside text.

And also, the text around a floating image can be separated by multiple paragraphs like this. The line-break algorithm is correctly performed for a different width per line. By this mechanism, the text will wrap around a floating image and you

can do it with only writing a paragraph as usual. You will be able to see this line is put under the image automatically.

By the way, the scale for a floating image means the parcentage for the actual image size. Note that it is different from a scale for a non-floating image.

2.6.2 Standalone Image

This is an example of an image scaled at 80%, and the image is put with a caption. This scale for a non-floating image means a parcentage for the area within the margins.



Fig 2.4 Figure Example - Kinx Logo Image

This is an example of an image scaled at 50%.



As you see the example above, the image can be directly put into a paragraph. Note that you can not float an image in this way, and you have to use \floatimage command instead.

If you want to multiple images in a line, please see below.







You will see 3 images in a line.

2.7 Program Code

Here is an example of a source code. This code is a simple Kinx code of fibonacci function.

```
function fib(n) {
    if (n < 3) return n;
    return fib(n-2) + fib(n-1);
}
System.println("fib(34) = ", fib(34));</pre>
```