Ellipse

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Abstract - This document contains solution of sketching loci of the given equation.

Problem

Vector-2, Example-4, Question No.-7

Question 7. Sketch the loci of the following equation

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1\tag{1}$$

Solution:

Given equation is,

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1\tag{2}$$

We can write equation (2) as,

$$9x^2 + 4y^2 - 36 = 0 (3)$$

The general equation is given as,

$$\mathbf{x}^{\top} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2 \mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{4}$$

Comparing (3) and (4) we get,

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, f = -36 \tag{5}$$

The vertex of ellipse is given as \mathbf{c} and can be obtained from,

$$\mathbf{c} = -\mathbf{V}^{-1}\mathbf{u} \tag{6}$$

We know.

$$\mathbf{V}^{-1} = \frac{1}{|\mathbf{V}|} Adj \mathbf{V} \tag{7}$$

Putting the values of |V| and Adj V we get,

$$\mathbf{V}^{-1} = \frac{1}{36} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 \end{pmatrix}^{\top} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{36} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{9}{36} \end{pmatrix}$$
(8)

Putting values in equation (6) we get the vertex of the ellipse,

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

The length of semi major axis and semi minor axis are given by,

$$\sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{u} - f}{\lambda_1}} = 3, \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{u} - f}{\lambda_2}} = 2 \qquad (10)$$

Solving equation (10) we get,

$$\lambda_1 = 4, \lambda_2 = 9 \tag{11}$$

The eccentricity of ellipse is given by,

$$e = \sqrt{1 - \frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2}} \tag{12}$$

Putting the values in equation 12 we get,

$$e = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \tag{13}$$

The directrices of ellipse is given by,

$$c = \frac{e\mathbf{u}^{\top}\mathbf{n} \pm \sqrt{e^{2}(\mathbf{u}^{\top}n)^{2} - \lambda_{2}(e^{2} - 1)(||\mathbf{u}||^{2} - \lambda_{2}f)}}{\lambda_{2}e(e^{2} - 1)}$$
(14)

Where

$$\mathbf{n} = \sqrt{\lambda_2} \mathbf{p}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{15}$$

As

$$\mathbf{p}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{16}$$

Putting the values in equation (14) we get directrices of the ellipse,

$$c = \pm \frac{27}{\sqrt{5}} \tag{17}$$

The foci of ellipse is given by,

$$\mathbf{F} = \frac{ce^2 \mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u}}{\lambda_2} \tag{18}$$

Putting the respective values in equation (18) we get,

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\ \sqrt{5}\\ \overline{3} \end{pmatrix} \tag{19}$$

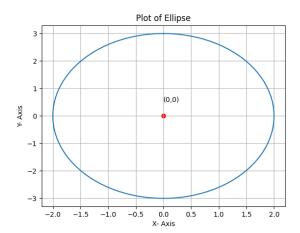


Figure 1: Plot of the Ellipse with vertex $\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$