Ellipse

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Abstract - This document contains solution of sketching loci of the given equation.

Problem

Vector-2, Example-4, Question No.-7

Question 7. Sketch the loci of the following equation

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1\tag{1}$$

Solution:

Given equation is,

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1\tag{2}$$

We can write equation (2) as,

$$9x^2 + 4y^2 - 36 = 0 (3)$$

The general equation is given as,

$$\mathbf{x}^{\top}\mathbf{V}\mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^{\top}\mathbf{x} + f = 0 \tag{4}$$

Comparing (3) and (4) we get,

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, f = -36 \tag{5}$$

The vertex of Ellipse is given as \mathbf{c} and can be obtained from,

$$\mathbf{c} = -\mathbf{V}^{-1}\mathbf{u} \tag{6}$$

We know,

$$\mathbf{V}^{-1} = \frac{1}{|\mathbf{V}|} Adj \mathbf{V} \tag{7}$$

Putting the values of |V| and Adj V we get,

$$\mathbf{V}^{-1} = \frac{1}{36} \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}^{\top} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

Putting values in equation (6) we get the vertex of the ellipse,

$$\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

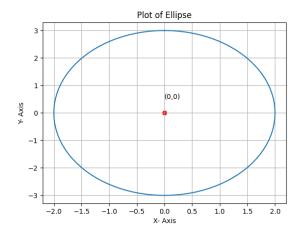


Figure 1: Plot of the Ellipse with vertex $\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$