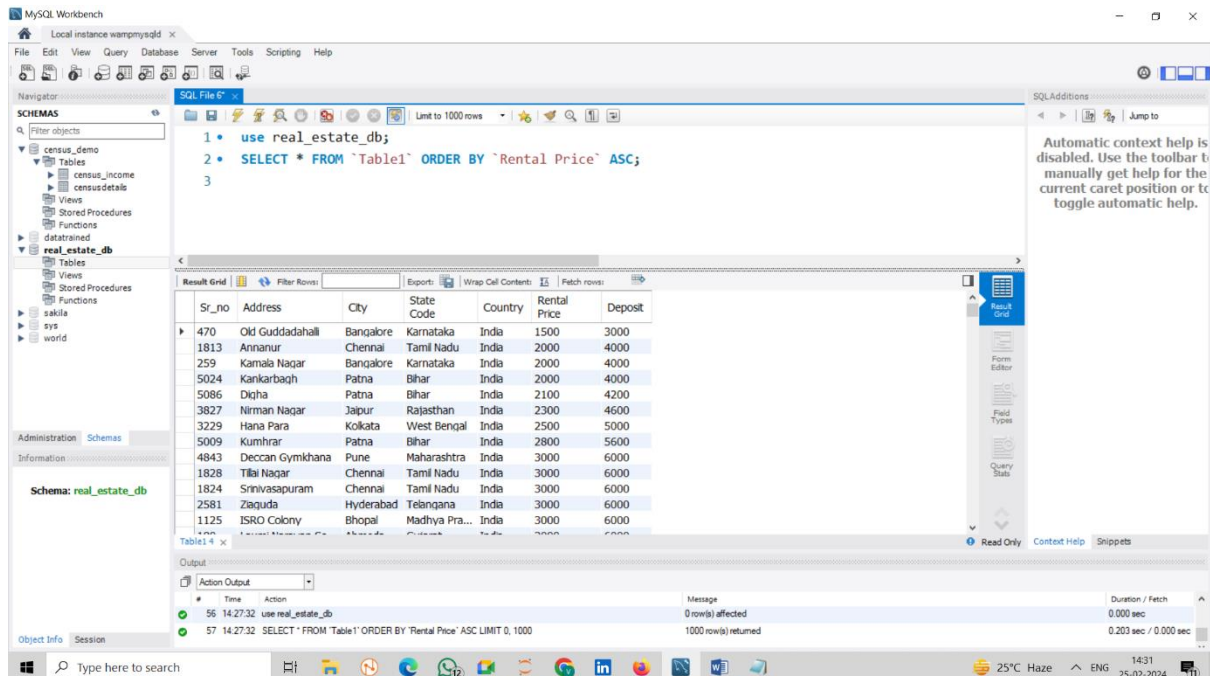


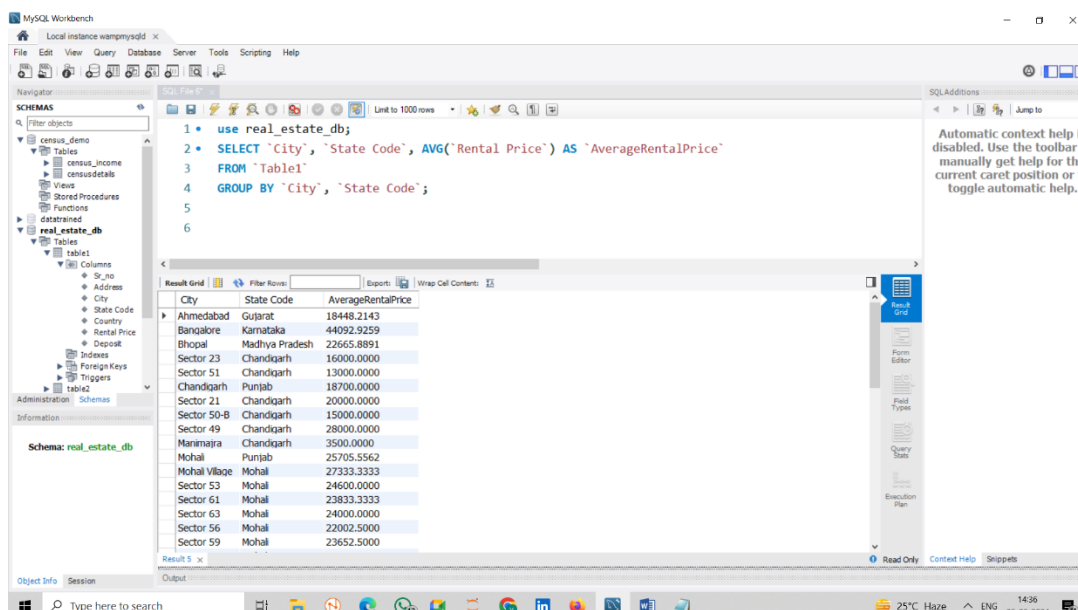
1) Write a SQL query to order records by a rental price column in ascending order.

--- SELECT \* FROM `Table1` ORDER BY `Rental Price` ASC;



2) Write a SQL query to select unique combinations of City and State with their average Rental Price.

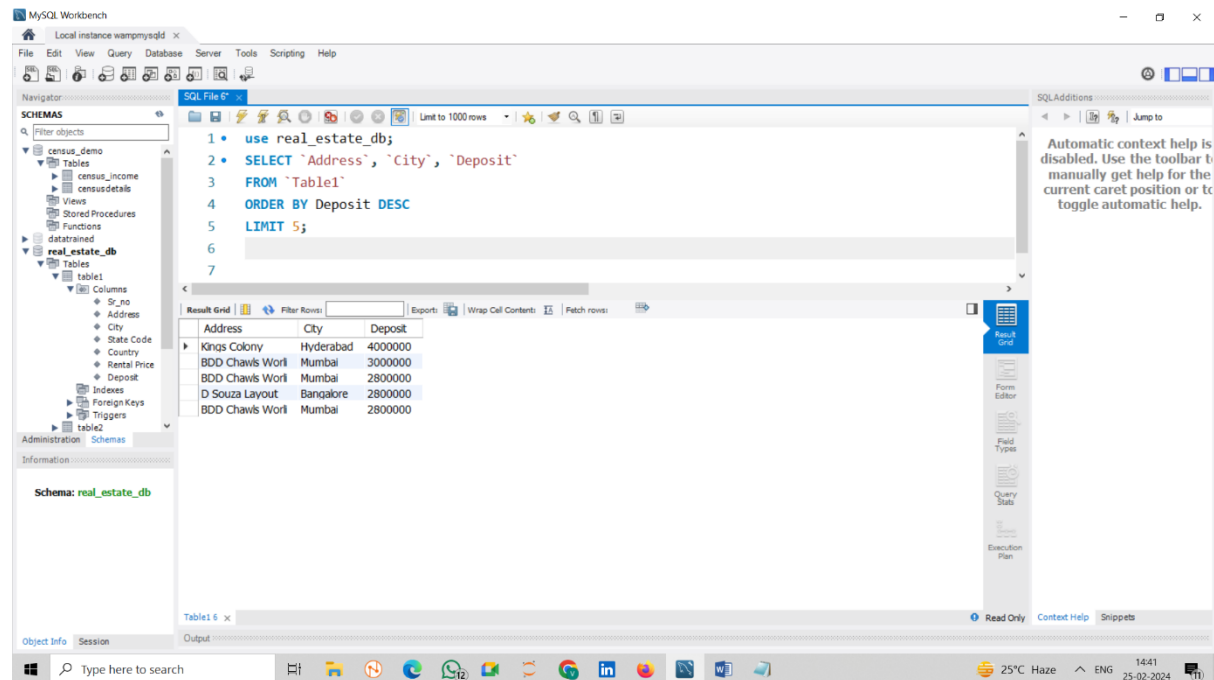
----- SELECT `City`, `State Code`, AVG(`Rental Price`) AS `AverageRentalPrice` FROM `Table1` GROUP BY `City`, `State Code`;



3) Write a SQL query to select the top 5 highest deposit amounts with corresponding Address and City .

---- SELECT `Address`, `City`, `Deposit` FROM `Table1`

ORDER BY Deposit DESC LIMIT 5;



The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL Editor contains the following query:

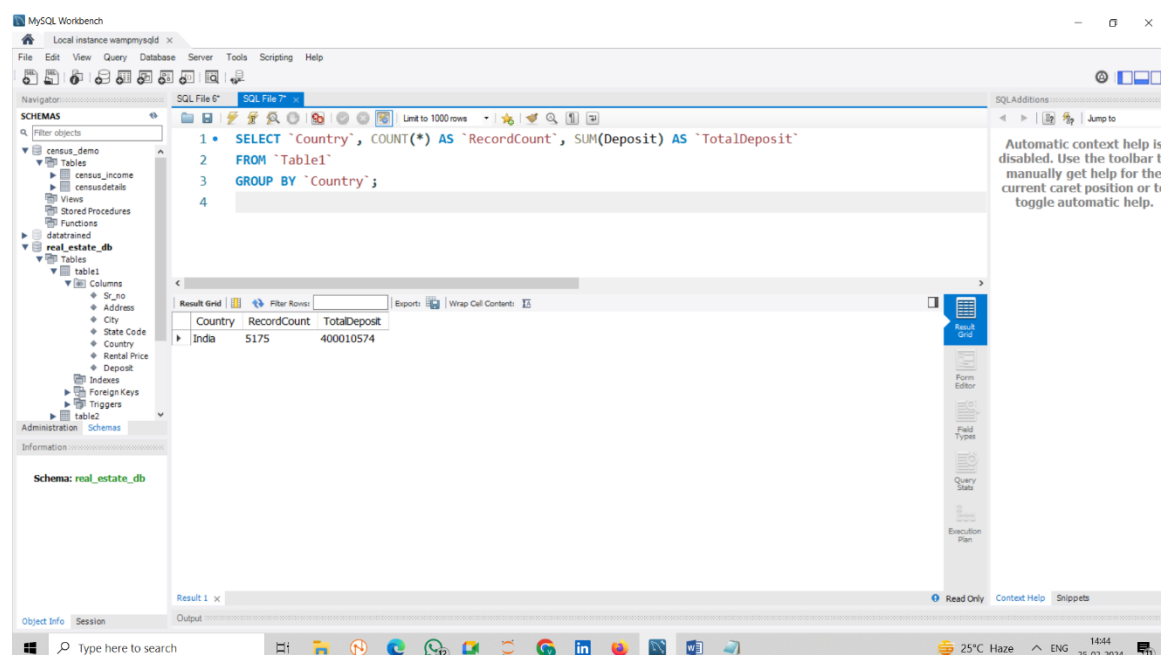
```
1 • use real_estate_db;
2 • SELECT `Address`, `City`, `Deposit`
3 FROM `Table1`
4 ORDER BY Deposit DESC
5 LIMIT 5;
6
7
```

The Results window displays the following data:

Address	City	Deposit
Kings Colony	Hyderabad	4000000
BDD Chawls Worl	Mumbai	3000000
BDD Chawls Worl	Mumbai	2800000
D Souza Layout	Bangalore	2800000
BDD Chawls Worl	Mumbai	2800000

4) Write a SQL query to select the count of records for each Country along with the total deposit amount.

---- SELECT `Country`, COUNT(\*) AS `RecordCount`, SUM(Deposit) AS `TotalDeposit` FROM `Table1` GROUP BY `Country`;



The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL Editor contains the following query:

```
1 • SELECT `Country`, COUNT(*) AS `RecordCount`, SUM(Deposit) AS `TotalDeposit`
2 FROM `Table1`
3 GROUP BY `Country`;
4
```

The Results window displays the following data:

Country	RecordCount	TotalDeposit
India	5175	400010574

5) Write a SQL query to select records with a Rental Price higher than the average Rental Price across all records.

---- SELECT \* FROM `Table1`

WHERE `Rental Price` > (SELECT AVG(`Rental Price`) FROM `Table1`);

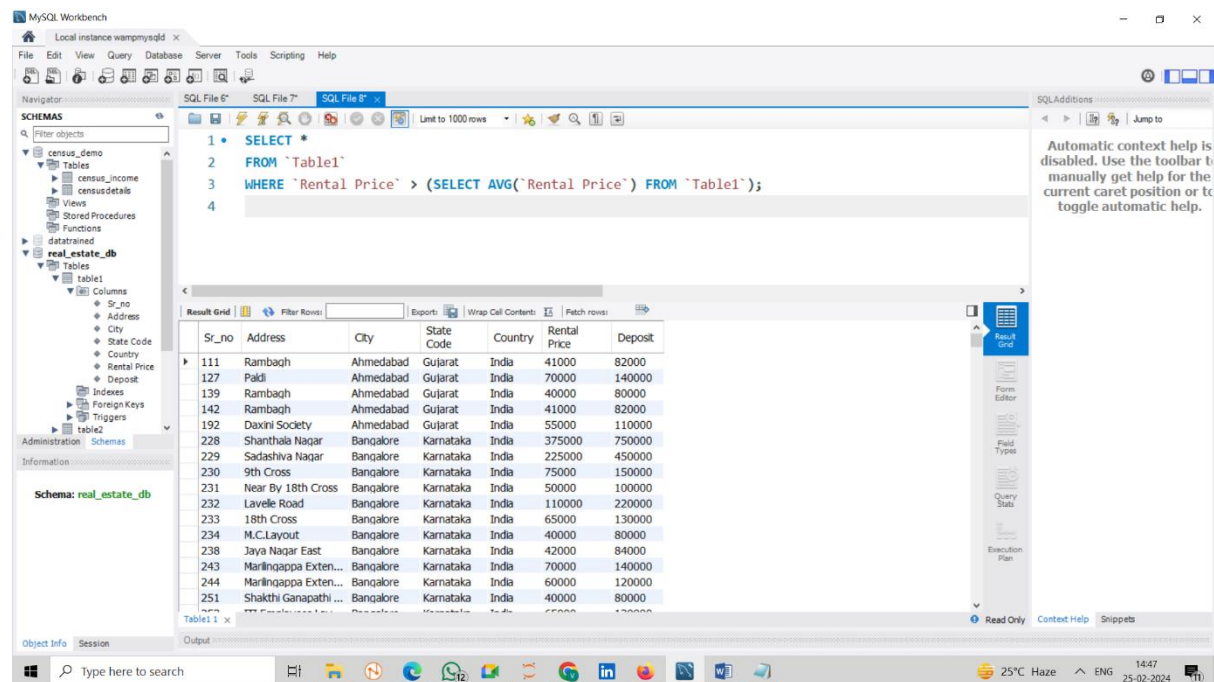


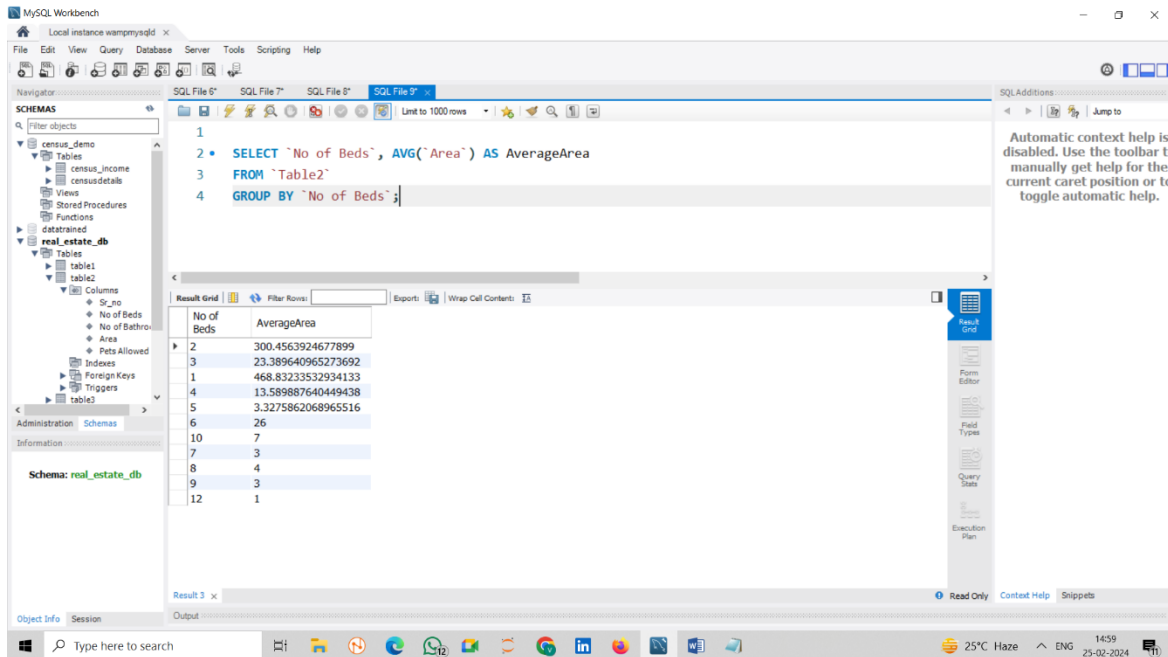
Table2

1) Write a SQL query to select the average area for each number of bedrooms.

--- SELECT `No of Beds`, AVG(`Area`) AS AverageArea

FROM `Table2`

GROUP BY `No of Beds`;

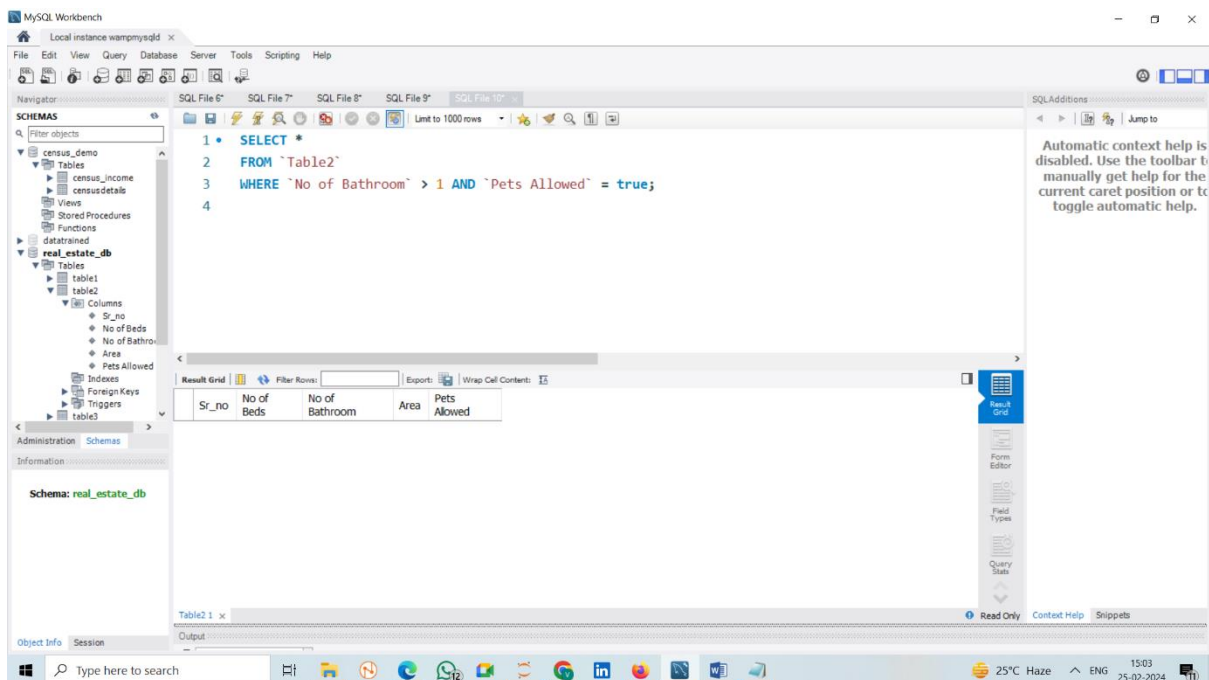


2) Write a SQL query to select records with more than one bathroom and pets allowed.

--- SELECT \*

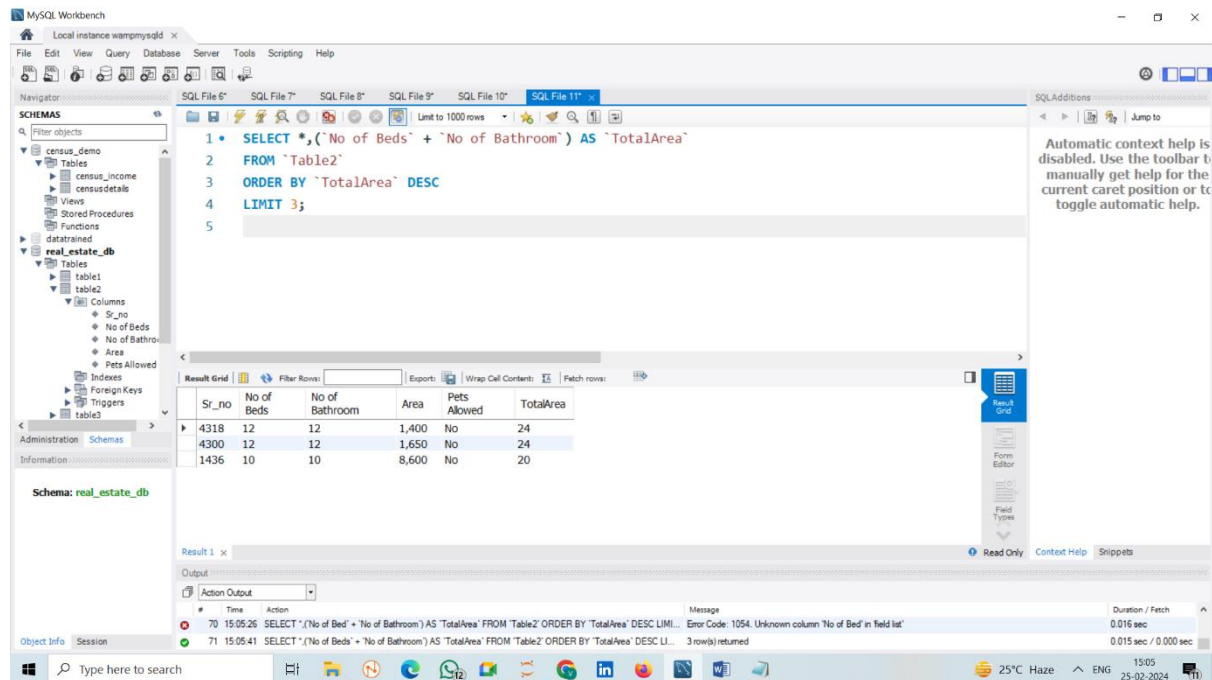
FROM `Table2`

WHERE `No of Bathroom` > 1 AND `Pets Allowed` = true;



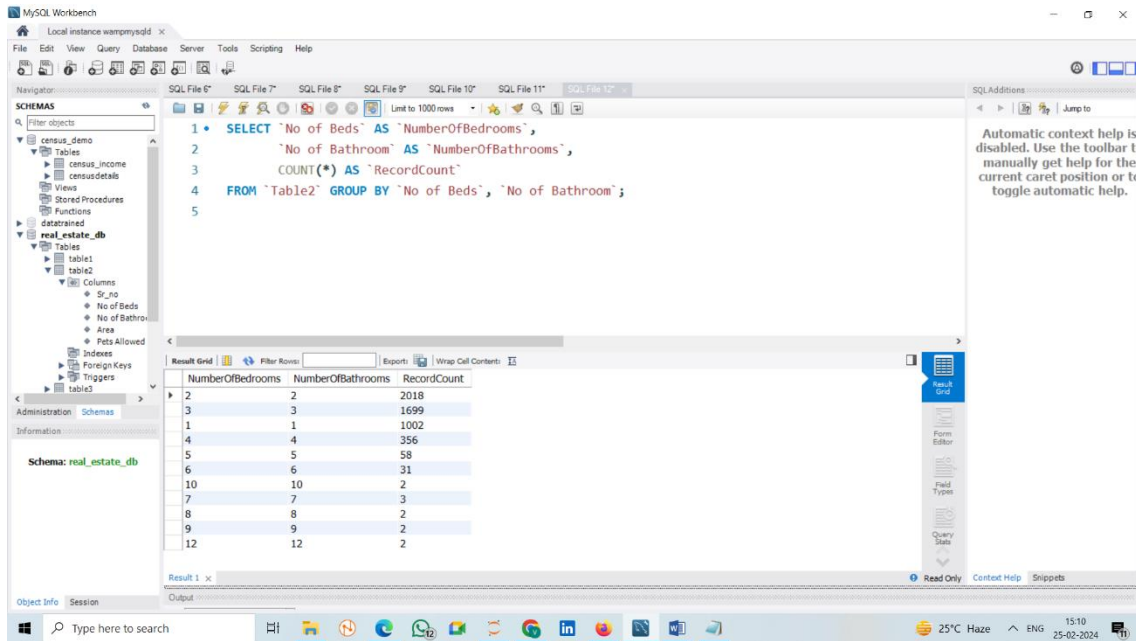
3) Write a SQL query to select the top 3 records with the highest total area (bedrooms + bathrooms).

```
--- SELECT *,('No of Beds' + `No of Bathroom`) AS `TotalArea`  
FROM `Table2` ORDER BY `TotalArea` DESC LIMIT 3;
```



4) Write a SQL query to select the count of records for each combination of bedrooms and bathrooms.

```
--- SELECT `No of Beds` AS `NumberOfBedrooms`,  
        `No of Bathroom` AS `NumberOfBathrooms`,  
        COUNT(*) AS `RecordCount`  
FROM `Table2` GROUP BY `No of Beds`, `No of Bathroom`;
```



5) Write a SQL query to select records with the largest area where pets are allowed .

----- SELECT \* FROM `Table2` WHERE `Pets Allowed` = true  
ORDER BY `Area` DESC LIMIT 1;

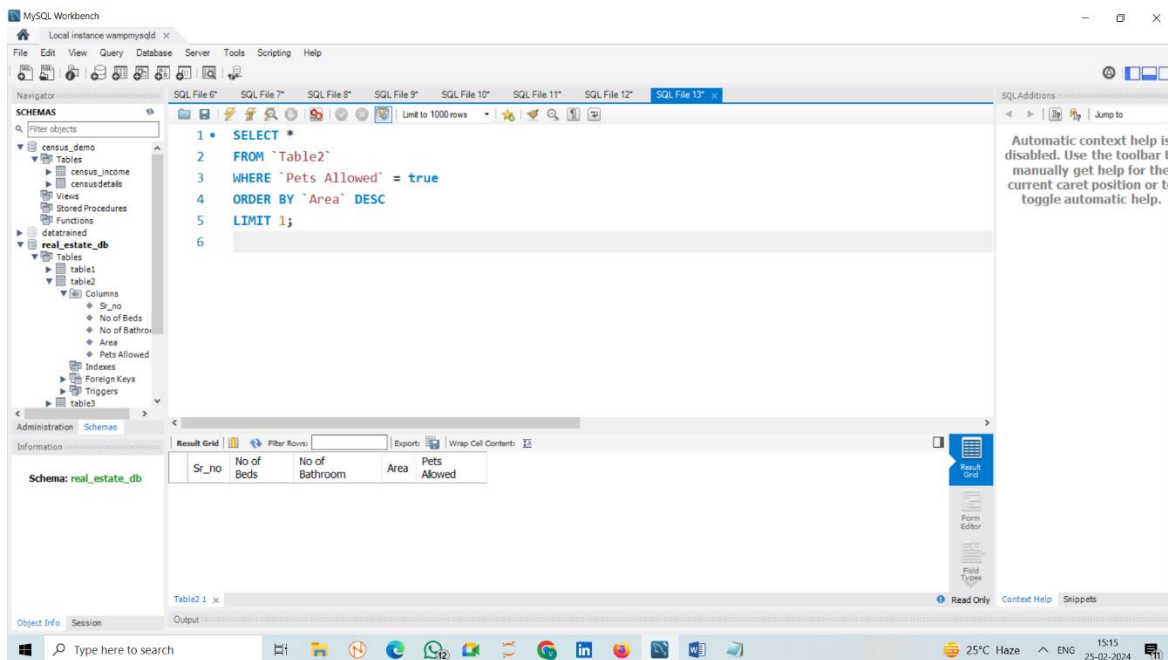


Table3



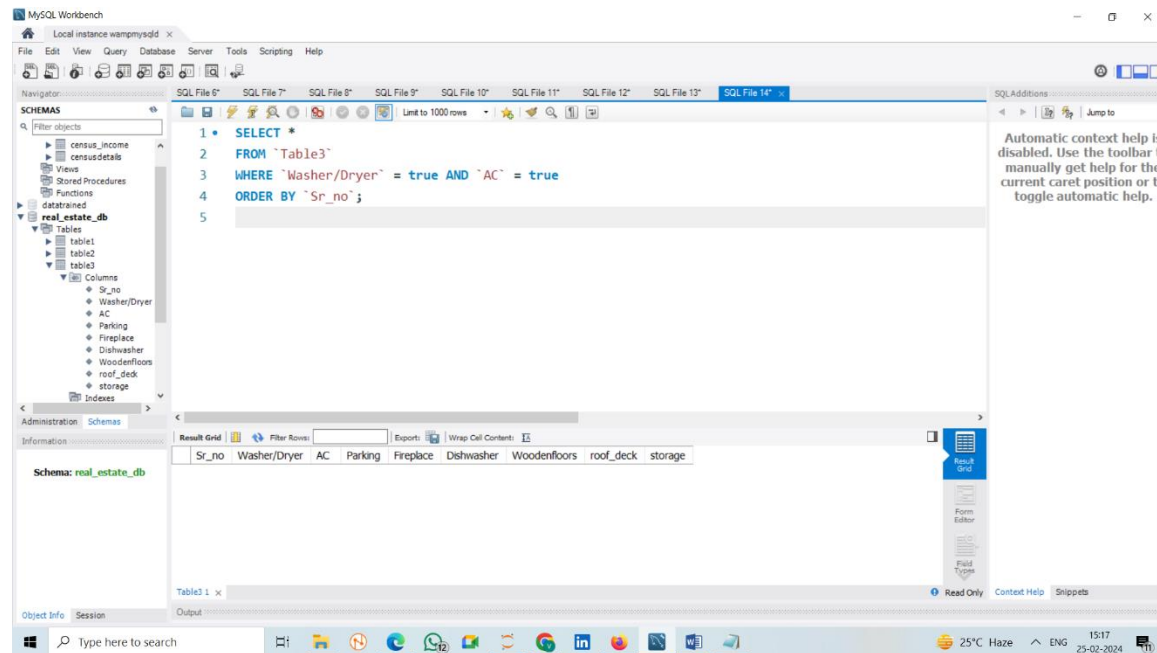
1) Write a SQL query to Select records where both Washer/Dryer and AC are available, and order by Sno.

---- SELECT \*

FROM `Table3`

WHERE `Washer/Dryer` = true AND `AC` = true

ORDER BY `Sr\_no`;



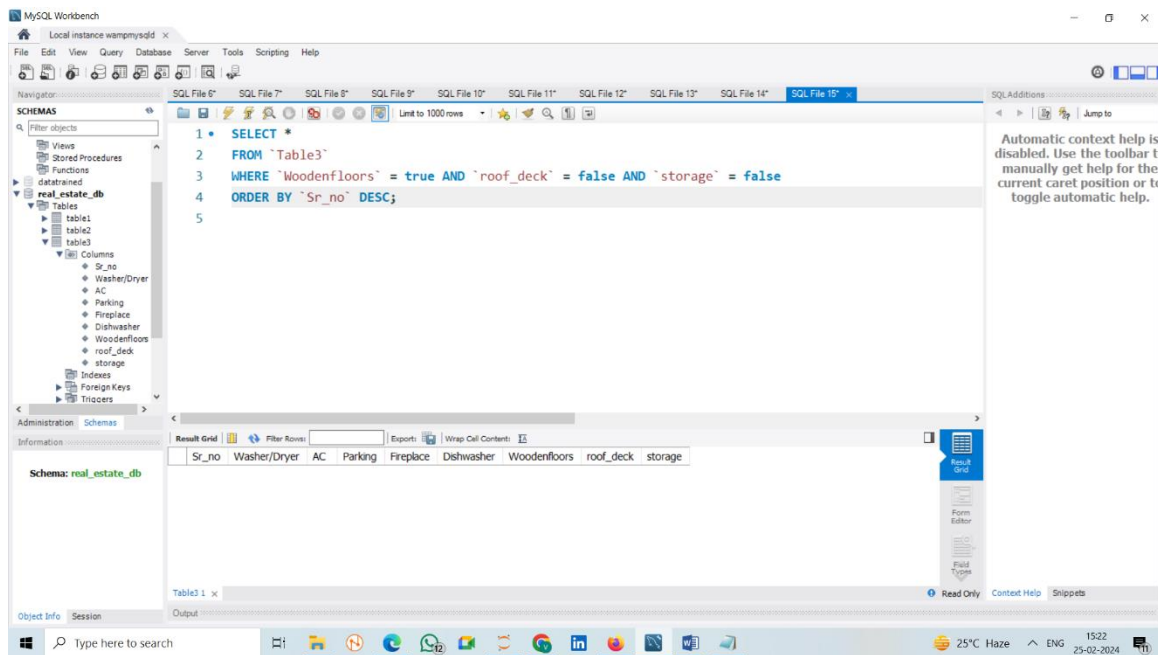
2) Write a SQL query to Select records where Hardwood floors are available but neither Roofdeck nor Storage is present, and order by Sno in descending order.

---- SELECT \*

FROM `Table3`

WHERE `Woodenfloors` = true AND `roof\_deck` = false AND `storage` = false

ORDER BY `Sr\_no` DESC;



3) Write a SQL query to Select records where at least four amenities (AC, Parking, Dishwasher, Fireplace) are available, and order by Sno .

--- SELECT \*

FROM `Table3`

WHERE (`AC` = true AND `Parking` = true AND `Dishwasher` = true AND  
`Fireplace` = true)

OR (CASE WHEN `AC` = true THEN 1 ELSE 0 END +

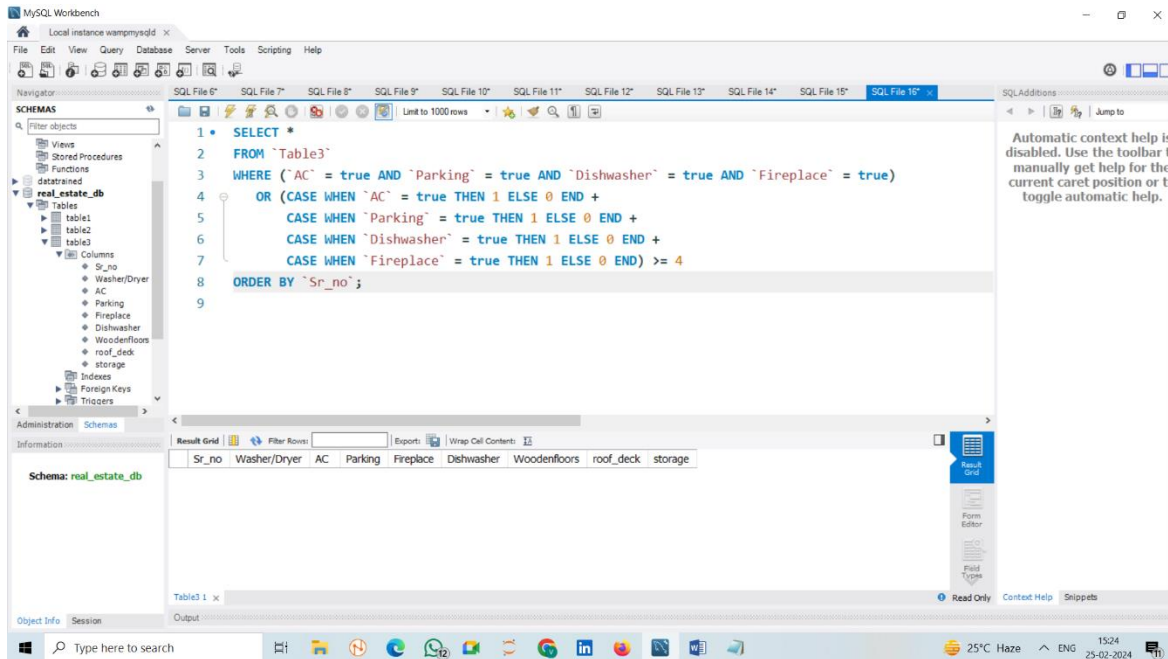
CASE WHEN `Parking` = true THEN 1 ELSE 0 END +

CASE WHEN `Dishwasher` = true THEN 1 ELSE 0 END +

CASE WHEN `Fireplace` = true THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) >= 4

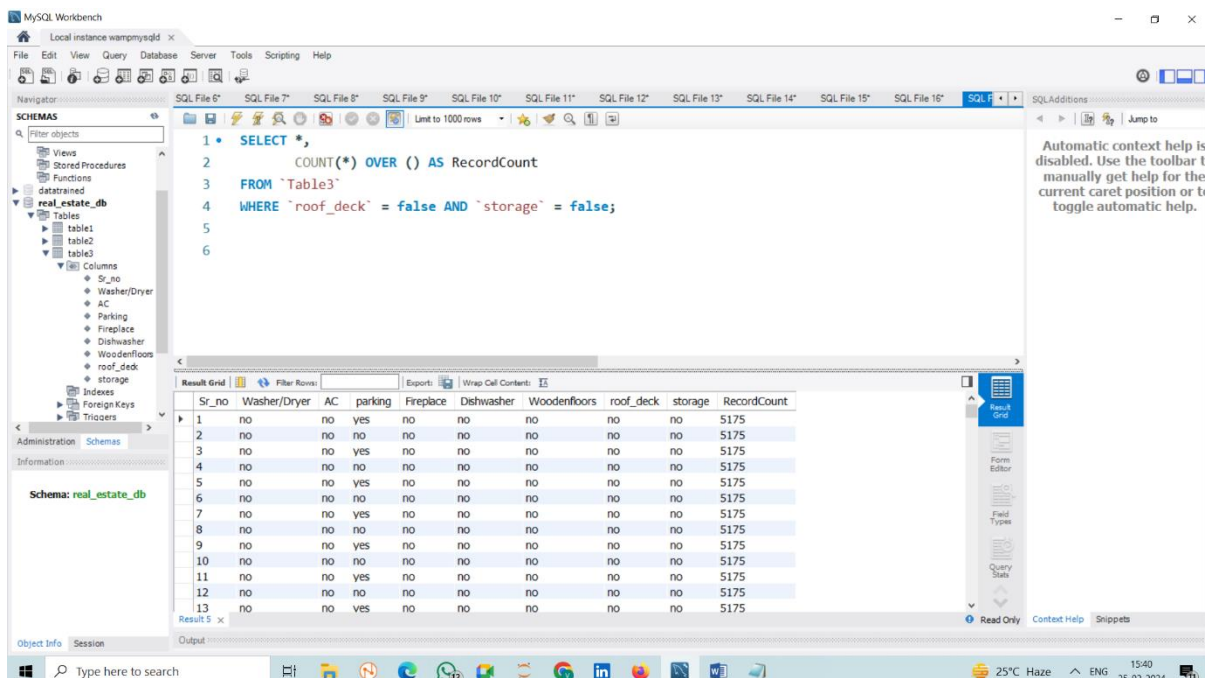
ORDER BY `Sr\_no`;





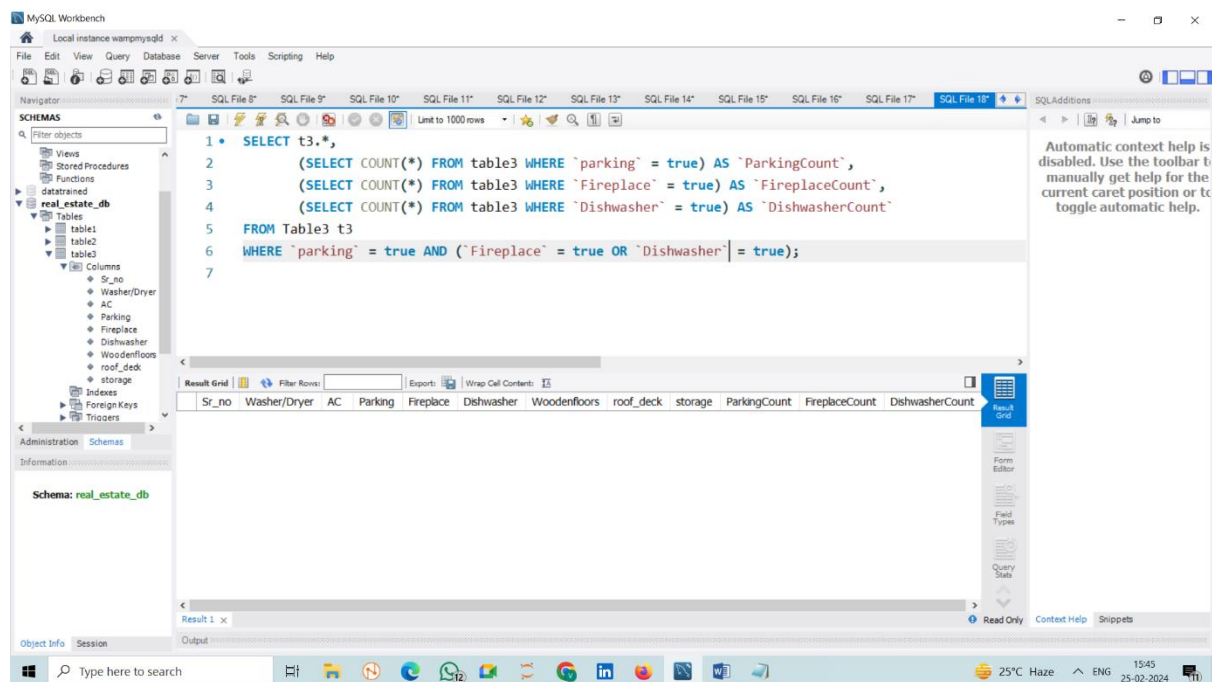
4) Write a SQL query to Select records where neither Roofdeck nor Storage is available, and include the count of such records.

---- SELECT \* COUNT(\*) OVER () AS RecordCount FROM `Table3`  
WHERE `roof\_deck` = false AND `storage` = false;



5) Write a SQL query to Select records with Parking and either Fireplace or Dishwasher, and include the count of records for each condition.

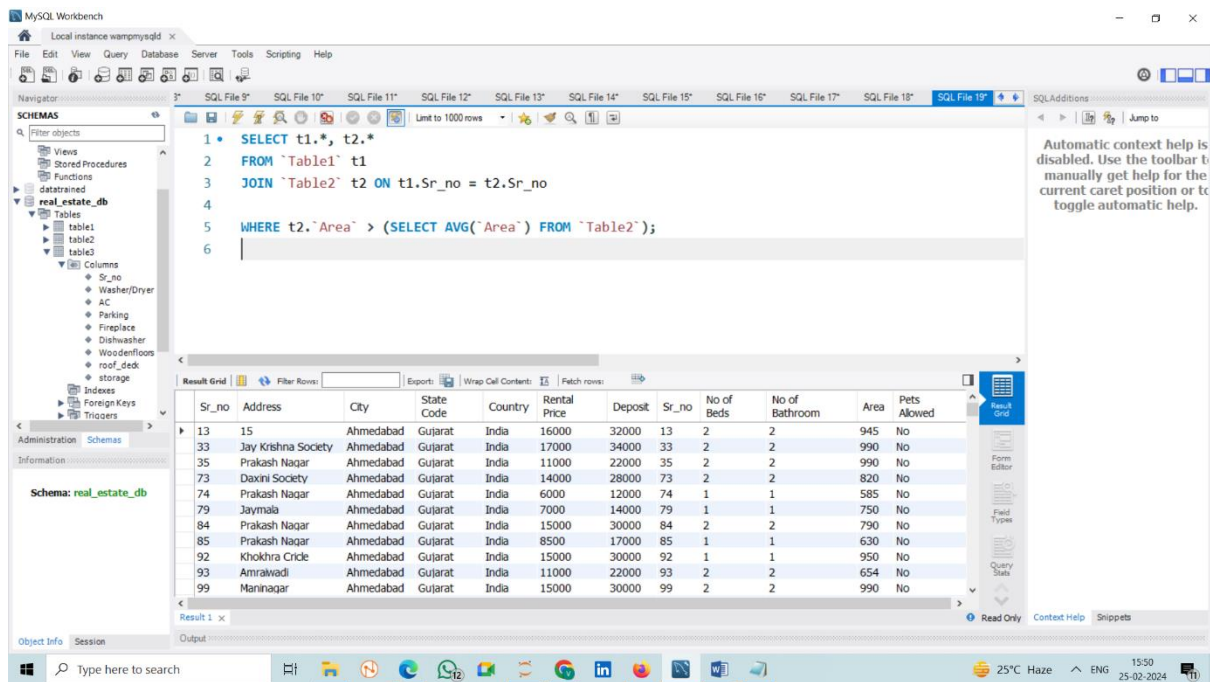
```
--- SELECT t3.*,  
  
      (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table3 WHERE `parking` = true) AS  
      `ParkingCount`,  
  
      (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table3 WHERE `Fireplace` = true) AS  
      `FireplaceCount`,  
  
      (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table3 WHERE `Dishwasher` = true) AS  
      `DishwasherCount`  
  
FROM Table3 t3  
  
WHERE `parking` = true AND (`Fireplace` = true OR `Dishwasher` = true);
```



## 7 Join SQL Queries using all 3 tables

1) Write a SQL subquery to find records with more than the average area and related details using table 1 and table 2.

```
----- SELECT t1.*, t2.* FROM `Table1` t1 JOIN `Table2` t2  
  
ON t1.Sr_no = t2.Sr_no  
  
WHERE t2.`Area` > (SELECT AVG(`Area`) FROM `Table2`);
```



2) Write a subquery to find records in table1 based on conditions pets allowed is 'YES' and no of bed is greater than 3 in table2.

----- SELECT \*

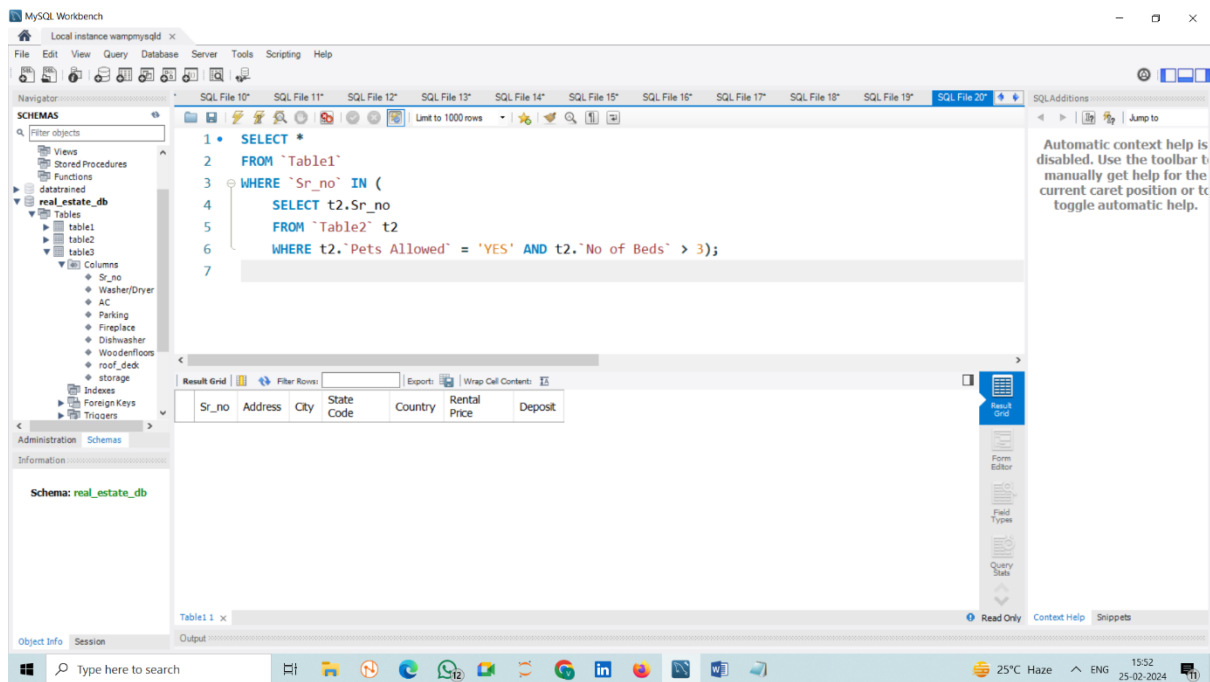
FROM `Table1`

WHERE `Sr\_no` IN (

SELECT t2.Sr\_no

FROM `Table2` t2

WHERE t2.`Pets Allowed` = 'YES' AND t2.`No of Beds` > 3);



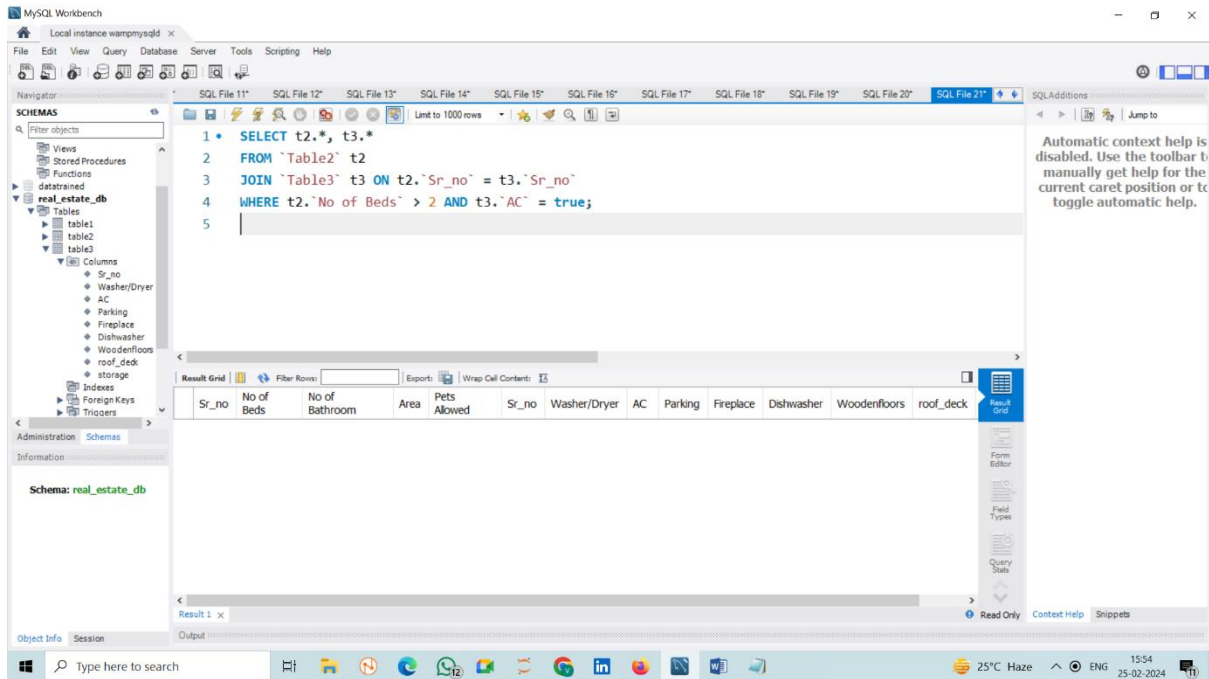
3) Write a SQL subquery using both tables (2 and 3) to find records in Table2 with more than 2 bedrooms and related details from Table3 where AC is present .

---- SELECT t2.\*, t3.\*

FROM `Table2` t2

JOIN `Table3` t3 ON t2.`Sr\_no` = t3.`Sr\_no`

WHERE t2.`No of Beds` > 2 AND t3.`AC` = true;



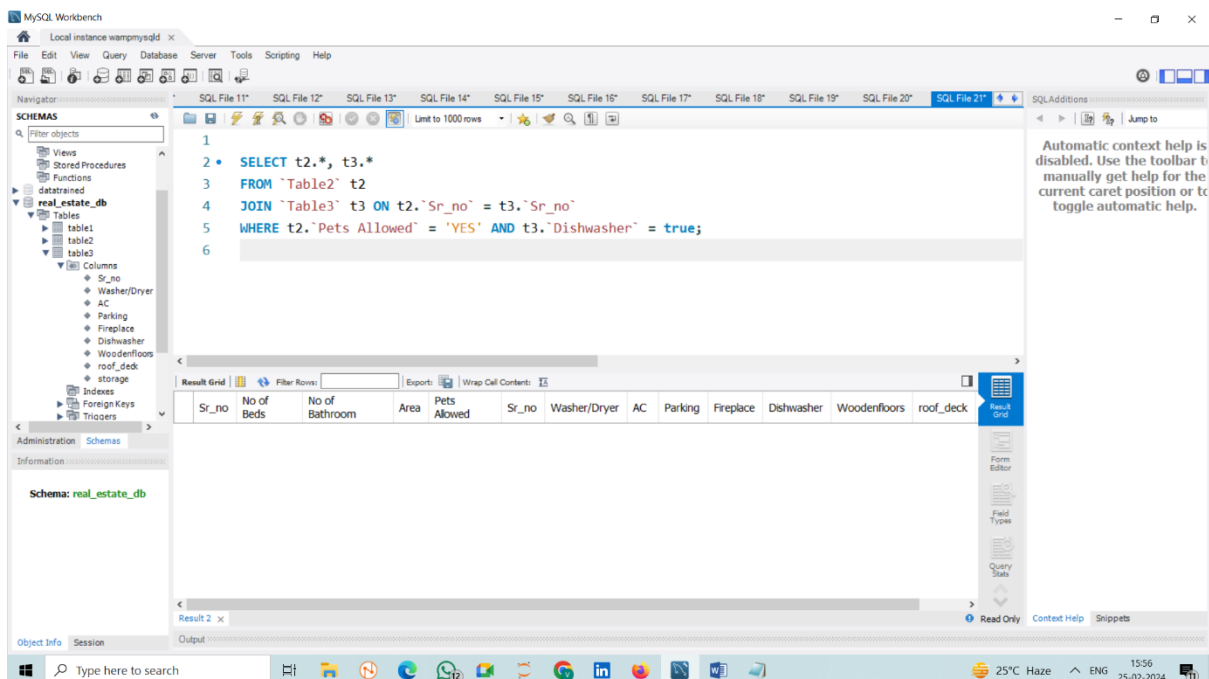
4) Write a sql subquery to find records in Table2 with pets allowed and a Dishwasher, and include related details from Table3.

---- SELECT t2.\*, t3.\*

FROM `Table2` t2

JOIN `Table3` t3 ON t2.`Sr\_no` = t3.`Sr\_no`

WHERE t2.`Pets Allowed` = 'YES' AND t3.`Dishwasher` = true;



5) Write a subquery to find records in Table2 with the highest area and related details from Table3 where roofdeck is present.

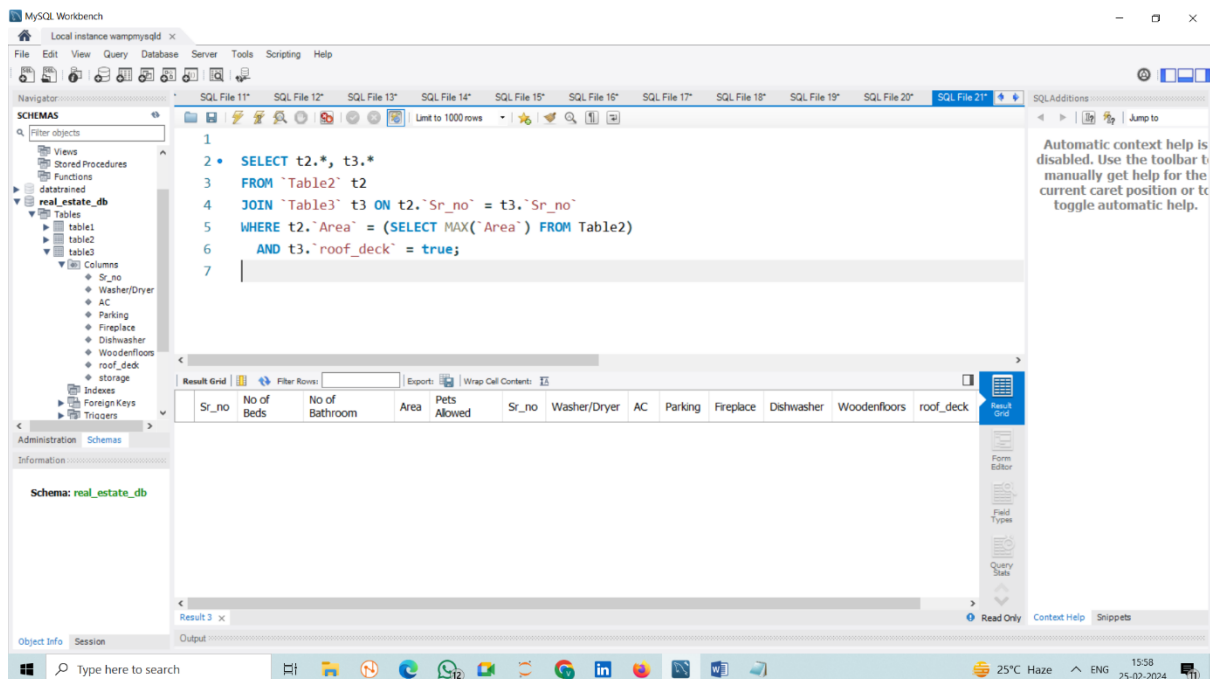
```
---- SELECT t2.*, t3.*
```

```
FROM `Table2` t2
```

```
JOIN `Table3` t3 ON t2.`Sr_no` = t3.`Sr_no`
```

```
WHERE t2.`Area` = (SELECT MAX(`Area`) FROM Table2)
```

```
AND t3.`roof_deck` = true;
```



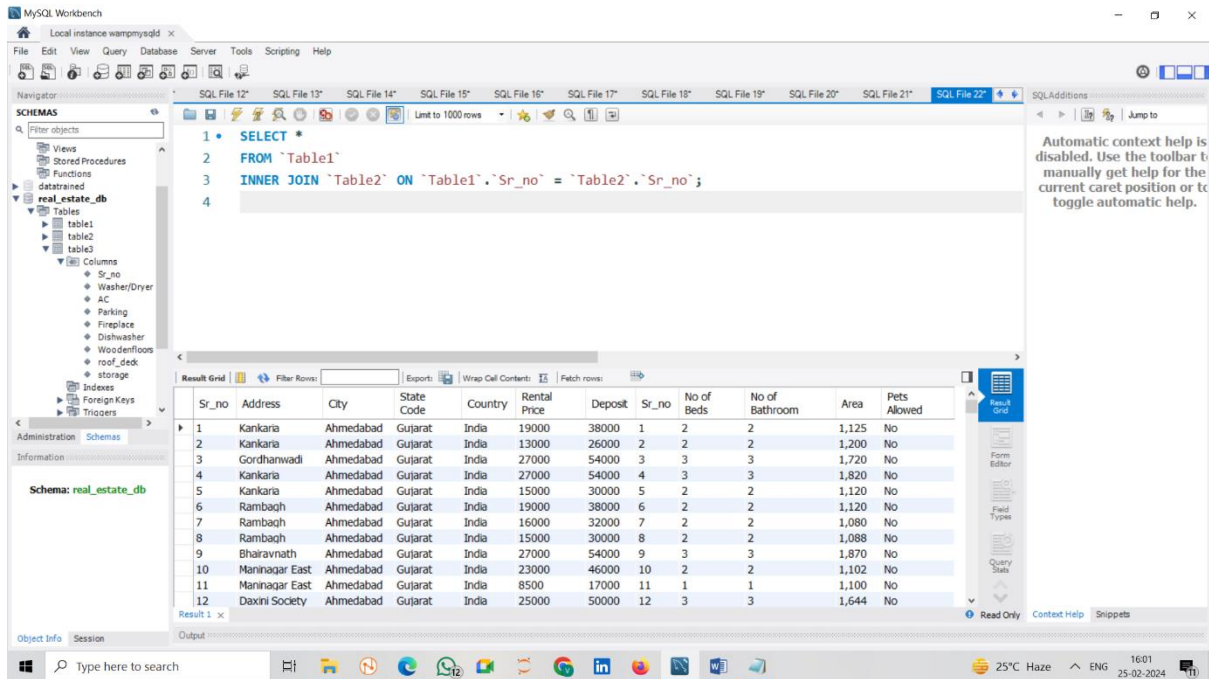
6) Write a sql Inner Join to combine information from table1 and table 2.

```
--- SELECT *
```

```
FROM `Table1`
```

```
INNER JOIN `Table2` ON `Table1`.`Sr_no` = `Table2`.`Sr_no`;
```





7) Write SQL Subquery to find records in table1 with pets allowed and a Washer/Dryer, and include details from table2 and table3 .

---- SELECT t1.\*, t2.\*, t3.\*

FROM `Table1` t1

JOIN `Table2` t2 ON t1.`Sr\_no` = t2.`Sr\_no`

JOIN `Table3` t3 ON t1.`Sr\_no` = t3.`Sr\_no`

WHERE t2.`Pets Allowed` = 'YES' AND t3.`Washer/Dryer` = true;

