$$|A| = \begin{cases} m_r \\ v_r \\ r \end{cases} \qquad u = v_{el} \qquad y = v_{el}$$

$$m_r V_r = m_t V_{cl} = S + A_t |V_{cl}| V_{cl}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(m_r \dot{r}) = -\frac{Mm_r}{v^2}G + \frac{m_r V_r^2}{v}$$

$$\dot{m}_{r}\dot{r}+m_{r}\dot{r}=-\frac{Mm_{r}}{V^{2}}G+\frac{m_{r}V_{r}}{r}$$
 $\dot{m}_{r}=-\dot{m}_{+}=-g+A_{+}|V_{el}|$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} m_r \\ V_r \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{m_r} \frac{1}{s_t} \frac{1}{A_t} |V_{\alpha l}| V_{\alpha l}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \left[\frac{1}{m_r} \left[-\frac{M_l m_r}{r^2} \frac{1}{G_t} + \frac{m_r V_r^2}{r^2} + \frac{1}{S_t} \frac{1}{A_t} |V_{\alpha l}|^2 \right]$$

b)
$$v = R$$
 $\dot{x} = 0$

$$V_{rR}^2 = \frac{M}{R}G$$
 $V_{rR} = \sqrt{\frac{MG}{RG}}$

$$b = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} = \frac{2g + A + 0}{m_r}$$

$$-\frac{g + A + 0}{m_{rR}}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{g + A + 0}{m_{rR}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ \frac{g + A + 1}{m_{rR}} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \det(\lambda E - \overline{\Phi}) = \begin{vmatrix} \lambda + \frac{1}{2} & -1 \\ 0 & \lambda - \frac{1}{2} \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \lambda + 1 & 2 \\ -\frac{3}{2} & \lambda - 3 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= (\lambda + \frac{1}{2})(\lambda - \frac{1}{2}) \cdot ((\lambda + 1)(\lambda - 3) + 3) =$$

$$= (\lambda + \frac{1}{2})(\lambda - \frac{1}{2}) \cdot \lambda \cdot (\lambda - 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \det E w \text{ au perhalle oles}$$

$$Einleitsbreis \Rightarrow instabil$$

$$\overline{\Phi}_{g} = \begin{bmatrix}
-\frac{1}{2} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\
3-k_{1} & -\frac{5}{8}-k_{2} & -1-k_{3} & -2-k_{4} \\
-1+2k_{1} & 2k_{2} & \frac{3}{2}+2k_{3} & 3+2k_{4}
\end{bmatrix}$$

EW von rechten unseren Block:

$$[\lambda - (-1 - k_3)] \cdot [\lambda - 3 - 2k_4] + (\frac{3}{2} + 2k_3)(2 + k_4) =$$

$$= \lambda^2 + \lambda (-3 - 2k_4 + 1 + k_3) + -3 - 2k_4 - 3k_3 - 2k_3k_4 + 3 + \frac{3}{2}k_4 + 4k_3 + 2k_3k_4$$

$$+ 4k_3 + 2k_3k_4$$

$$=) -2 - 2k_4 + k_3 = 0 \Rightarrow k_3 = 2(1 + k_4)$$
$$-\frac{4}{4} = -2k_4 - 3 \cdot 2(1 + k_4) + \frac{3}{2}k_4 + 8(1 + k_4)$$

$$2b) ff - \frac{1}{4} = k_4 \left(-2 - 6 + \frac{3}{2} + 8 \right) + \left(-6 + 8 \right)$$

$$= k_4 \frac{3}{2} + 2$$

$$-\frac{9}{4} = \frac{3}{2} k_4$$

$$k_4 = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$k = 2(1 - \frac{3}{2}) = -1$$

$$u_3 = 2\left(1 - \frac{3}{2}\right) = -1$$

Enflus och die EW von Ig haben

c) fol, x_3 und x_4 sind beide beobouthtbear \Rightarrow es wird bein Beobouthter von Realisierung des Zustandsreglers benotigt

I hat will voller Rong = with voll beobaddles

e)
$$G(z) = c^{T}(zE - \overline{\Phi})^{-1}\Gamma$$

 $(zE - \overline{\Phi})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} z+\frac{z}{2} & -1\\ 0 & z-\frac{z}{2} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1\\ 2+\frac{z}{2} \end{bmatrix}(z-\frac{z}{2})}_{(z+\frac{z}{2})} \begin{bmatrix} z-\frac{1}{2} & 1\\ x & x \end{bmatrix}$

$$C(z) = \frac{2(z-1)+3}{(z+\frac{1}{2})(z-\frac{1}{2})} = \frac{2z+2}{(z+\frac{1}{2})(z-\frac{1}{2})}$$

$$|G(e^{i0})| = \frac{4}{\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{16}{3}$$

$$|G(e^{i\overline{z}})| = \frac{2 \cdot \sqrt{1+1}}{\sqrt{(\frac{1}{2})^2+1}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\frac{1}{4}+1} = \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{5}$$

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$$|G(e^{i\overline{z}})| = \frac{3\sqrt{1+1}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\frac{1}{4}+1} = \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{5}$$

$$|G(e^{i\overline{z}})| = \frac{2\sqrt{1+1}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\frac{1}{4}+1} = \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac$$

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -cd & -c-d \end{bmatrix} \times + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} b-cd & \alpha-c-d \end{bmatrix} \times +1\cdot u$$

3b)
$$\exp((A_1 + A_2)t) = E + (A_1 + A_2)t + \frac{(A_1 + A_2)^2}{2!}t^2 + \dots$$

 $I: = E + (A_1 + A_2)t + \frac{A_1A_1 + A_1A_2 + A_2A_1 + A_2A_2}{2!}t^2$
 $= E + (A_1 + A_2)t + \frac{A_1A_1 + A_1A_2 + A_2A_1 + A_2A_2}{2!}t^2$

$$II: = E + A_1 t + A_2 t + A_1 A_2 t + \frac{A_1}{2!} t^2 + \frac{A_2}{2!} t^2$$

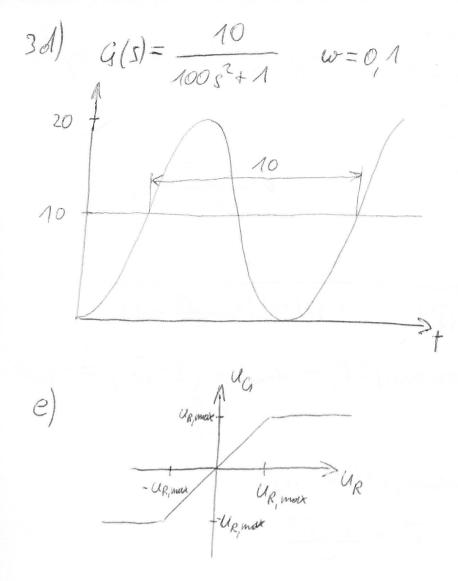
I und I mer dam gleich wenn An Az = Az Az

c) Severboerhei Smormalform

$$\Rightarrow h(s) = s^3 + s^2 + 3s + 2$$

		COS (2) Company of the Cost of		
	53	1	9	
	65	1	2	
N. SA	200	2-3-1	0	
pain	So	2		

alle Elemente oler livotqualte +0 mms (selber Norreichen) => Humitzpolynom => B1BO-stabil



$$|V_{c}| = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3} = 2$$

$$|V_{c}| = \frac{1}{2} = 2$$

$$|V_{c}| = 2$$

$$|L(I2)| = 1 = \frac{V_1}{2\sqrt{1+(\frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{2})^2}} \sqrt{1+(\frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{2})^2} = \frac{V_2}{2(1+\frac{4-4\sqrt{3}}{4}+3)}$$

$$R(s) = \frac{4(\frac{11}{4} - \sqrt{3})}{(2 - \sqrt{3}')} \cdot \frac{(s + 2(2 - \sqrt{3}'))^2}{S(s(\frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2}) + 1)}$$

46) T+>0 Begrundug: Nyginstbriserium in Trequenchembiniendorstellung arg (e-IZT+)=-2T+ $\overline{\Phi} = \arg \left(L(I2I) + \Pi > 0 - \frac{2\pi}{3} - 2T_{+} + \Pi > 0 \right) \Rightarrow T_{+} < \frac{\Pi}{6}$ c) Toy benotigt eine Wallstelle bei I5 Tdiy = 1 + RG = nR ng + 2R 29 => nR muss einen Pol bei I5 haben $ZB: R(s) = \frac{ZR(s)}{s^2 + 25}$ => Tdy(I5) = 0 a) x + -1 d) $1+L(s)=1+\frac{sx+2}{s+\beta}\cdot\frac{s+3}{s-1}$ da sønst eine Pol-Nullstidla Mirrang von imstabille =>1+L(s) +0 fin Re(s)>0 Polen auftreten wurde $(S+B)(S-n)+(S\times+2)(S+3)=$ $= s^2 - s + \beta s - \beta + s^2 \times + 3 \times s + 2 s + 6$ $= s^{2}(1+\alpha) + s(-1+\beta+3\alpha+2) + 6-\beta$ alle Moeff. # O und selles Vorzeichen für Herwitzpolynom Kueff>0 => ~ 1 Moeff. < 0 2<-1 B+3x+1>0 362B>-3x-1 B>6 6-B>0 => B<6 3x>-7 B+3x+1<0 ベンー子