# Common

**Library version:** RENAT 0.1.8g1

**Library scope:** global

**Named arguments:** supported

## Introduction

Common library for RENAT

It loads config files and create necessary varibles. The file should be the 1st library included from any test case.

**Table of Contents**

## Configuration file

### Global configuration

There are 2 kinds of configuration files. The global configuration files (aka master files) include device information, authentication etc that are used for all the test cases in the suite. The local configuration file `local.yaml` includes information about nodes, tester ports etc. that are used in a specific test case.

At the beginning, the module makes a local copy the master files and initialize necessary variables.

The RENAT framework utilized the YAML format for its configurations file.

The master files folder is defined by `renat-master-folder` in `$RENAT_PATH/config/config.yaml`. Usually, users do not need to modify the master files. The most common case is when new device is deployed, the `device.yaml` need to be update so that device could be used in the test cases.

**1. device.yaml: contains global device information**

Each device information is store under `device` block and has the following format:

```
<node_name>
  type:        <device type>
  description:  <any useful description>
  ip:          <the IPv4 address of the device
```

Where <node_name> is the name of the device. It could be the name of a switch, router or a web appliance box and should be uniq between the devices. <description> is any useful information and <ip> is the IP that RENAT uses to access the device.

<type> is important because it will be used as the ky of the `access_template` in template file. Usually users do not need to invent a new type but should use the existed type. When a new platform need to be supported, a new type will be introduced with the correspon template and authentication information.

Samples:

```
device:
  apollo:
    type: ssh-host
    description: main server
    ip: 10.128.3.101
  artermis:
    type: ssh-host
    description: second server
    ip: 10.128.3.91
  vmx11:
    type: juniper
    description: r1
    ip: 10.128.64.11
  vmx12:
    type: juniper
    description: r2
    ip: 10.128.64.12
```

**2. template.yaml: contains device template information**

The template file contains information about how to access to the device and how it should polling information ( SNMP only for now). Each template has the following format:

<type>: access: <ssh or telnet> auth: <plaint-text or public-key> profile: <authentication profile name> prompt: <a regular expression for the PROMPT of the CLI device> (optional) login_prompt: <a login PROMPT for CLI device> (optional) password_prompt:<a PROMPT for asking password of CLI device> (optional) append: <a pharase to append automatically for every CLI command that executes> on this device (optional> init: <an array of command that will be executed automatically after a sucessful login of CLI device> (optional)

**Note**: Becareful about the prompt field. Usually RENAT will wait until it could see the prompt in its output. A wrong prompt will halt the system until it is timed out.

Samples:

```
access-template:
    ssh-host:
        access: ssh
        auth: public-key
        profile: default
        prompt: \$
        append:
        init: unalias -a
    juniper:
        access: telnet
        auth: plain-text
        profile: default
        prompt: "(#|>) "
        append: ' | no-more'
        init:
    cisco:
        access: ssh
        auth: plain-text
        profile: default
        prompt: "\@.*(#|>) "
        append:
        init:
snmp-template:
    juniper:
        mib: ./mib-Juniper.json
        community: public
        poller: renat
    cisco:
        mib: ./mib-Cisco.json
        community: public
```

### 3. auth.yaml: contains authentication information

The file contains authentication information that system uses when access to a device. Each authencation type has follwing format:

```
plain-text
  <profile>
    user:      <user name>
    password:  <password>
```

or

```
public-key:
  <profile>:
    user:      <user name>
    key:       <public key path>
```

Where <profile> is the name of the authentication profile specificed in the `access template` of the device

Sample:

```
auth:
    plain-text:
        default:
            user: user
            pass: nttXXX
        flets:
            user: user
            pass: lpcoXXXX
        arbor:
            user: admin
            pass: nttXXX

    public-key: # for Public Key authentication
        default:
            user: robot
            key: /home/user/.ssh/robot_id_rsa
        test:
            user: jenkins
            key: /var/lib/jenkins/.ssh/id_rsa
```

## Local Configuration

Local configuration (aka `local.yaml`) was used by a test case of its sub test cases. Test cases could includes several test cases (the sub level is not limited). The local configuration is defined by `local.yaml` in the `config` folder of each test case. If a test case does not has the `local.yaml` in its `config` folder, it will use the `local.yaml` file in its parent test case and so on. This will help users to share the test information for related test case without having the same `local.yaml` for each test case (**Note:** this feature is enabled from RENAT 0.1.4). The `local.yaml` that is really used for the test is called `active local.yaml`.

When user used the wizard `item.sh` to create a new test case, they have the ability to crete new `local.yaml` or not. `local.yaml` could be edited and inserted new information later to hold more informations for the test case.

When a test is run, it will display its current active `local.yaml`

The local configuration file of each test item is stored in the `config` folder of the item as `local.yaml`

Usually the `local.yaml` has following parts:

- CLI node information: started by `node` keyword
- WEB node information: started by `webapp` keyword
- Tester device information: started by `tester` keyword
- Default information: automatically created and started by `default` keyword
- And other neccessary information for the test by yaml format

Sample:

```
# CLI node
node:
   vmx11:
      device: vmx11
      snmp_polling: yes
   vmx12:
      device: vmx11
      snmp_polling: yes
   apollo:
      device: vmx11
      snmp_polling: yes

# web application information
webapp:
   arbor-sp-a:
      device: arbor-sp-a
      proxy:
         http:  10.128.8.210:8080
         ssl:   10.128.8.210:8080
         socks: 10.128.8.210:8080

# Tester information
tester:
   tester01:
      type: ixnet
      ip: 10.128.32.70
      config: vmx_20161129.ixncfg

# Other user information|
port-mapping:
   uplink01:
      device: vmx11
      port: ge-0/0/0
   downlink01:
      device: vmx12
      port: ge-0/0/2

# Default information
default:
   ignore_dead_node: yes
   terminal:
      width: 80
      height: 32
   result_folder: result
```

# Variables

The module automatically create `GLOBAL` & `LOCAL` variable for other libraries. It also creates global list variables *GLOBAL,LOCAL and NODE that could be accessed from* Robot Framework` test cases.

The GLOBAL variable holds all information defined by the master files and LOCAL variable holds all variables defined by active `local.yaml`. And `NODE` is a list that hold all active nodes defined in the `local.yaml`.

Users could access to the information of a key in `local.yaml` by `${LOCAL['key']}`, information of a node by `${LOCAL['node']['vmx11']}` or simply `$NODE['vmx']`. When a keyword need a list of current node, `@{NODE}` could be used.

**Notes:** By default, RENAT will stop and raise an exception if connection to a node is failed. But if `ignore_dead_node` is defined as `yes` (default) is the current active `local.yaml`, RENAT will omit an warning but keep running the test and remove the node from its active node list.

# Shortcuts

**C**hange Mod · **C**leanup Result · **C**onvert Html To Pdf · **C**ount Keyword · **C**ount Keyword Line · **C**ount Match Regexp · **C**reate Sequence · **C**sv Concat · **C**sv Merge · **C**sv Select · **D**iff File · **E**rr · **E**rror Line Should Not Be Bigger Than · **E**rror Should Not Be Bigger Than · **E**xplicit Run · **F**ile Md5 · **F**old Str · **F**ollow Syslog And Trap · **G**et Config Path · **G**et File Without Error · **G**et Item Config Path · **G**et Item Name · **G**et Renat Path · **G**et Result Folder · **G**et Result Path · **G**et Test Device · **I**s Stable · **K**eyword Line Should Not Be Bigger Than · **K**eyword Should Not Be Bigger Than · **L**oad Plugin · **L**og · **L**og To Console · **L**oop For Node Tag · **M**d 5 · **M**erge Files · **M**ib For Node · **N**ode With Attr · **N**ode With Tag · **N**ode Without Tag · **P**ause · **P**ing Until Ok · **R**andom Name · **R**andom Number · **R**enat Version · **S**et Multi Item Variable · **S**et Result Folder · **S**lack · **S**tr 2 Seq · **V**ersion

# Keywords

| Keyword | Arguments | Documentation |
|---------|-----------|---------------|

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Change Mod** | *name*, *mod*, *relative=False* | Changes file mod, likes Unix chmod |
| | | `mod` is a string specifying the privilege mode `relative` is `False` or `True` |
| | | Examples: |
| | | `Common.`*`Change Mod`* `tmp` `0775` |
| **Cleanup Result** | *ignore=^(log.html\|output.xml\|report.html)$* | Cleans up the result folder |
| | | Deletes all files in current active folder that does not match the `ignore` expression and are older than the time the test has started. |
| | | **Note**: The keyword only removes files but not folders |
| **Convert Html To Pdf** | *html_file*, *pdf_file* | Converts html file to pdf file |
| **Count Keyword** | *keyword*, *\*pattern_list* | Count the keyword in files. Keyword is not case-sensitive |
| **Count Keyword Line** | *keyword*, *\*pattern_list* | Count the number of lines contains the `keyword` |
| | | **Notes:** Keyword is matched partially. For example, `error` or `errorXXX` will be matched by `error` keyword. |
| **Count Match Regexp** | *regexp*, *\*pattern_list* | Count the number of `regex` found in `pattern_list` |
| | | Examples: |
| | | `${err_num}=` *`Count Match RegExp`* `.*error.*` `result/*.csv` `result/*.txt` |
| **Create Sequence** | *start*, *end*, *interval*, *option=float* | Creates a list with number from `start` to `end` with `interval` |
| | | Example: |
| | | `@{list}=` *`Create Sequence`* `10` `15` `0.5` |
| | | will create a list of `[11.0, 11.5, 12.0, 12.5, 13.0, 13.5, 14.0, 14.5]` |
| **Csv Concat** | *src_pattern*, *dst_name*, *has_header=None* | Concatinates CSV files vertically If the CSV files has header, set `has_header` to `${TRUE}` |
| | | Examples: |

| Commmon.*CSV Merge* | config/data0[3,4].csv | result/result2.csv | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Commmon.*CSV Merge* | config/data0[3,4].csv | result/result2.csv | has_header=${TRUE} |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Csv Merge** | *src_pattern*, *dst_name*, *on_key=0*, *has_header=None* | Merges all CSV files horizontally by `on_key` key from `src_pattern` |
| | | `on_key` is the order of key column that is used as key when merging the files. Default is zero. |
| | | When `has_header` is not `None` (default value), it is the order of the row used to make the column name. Returns `False` if only one file was found, no merging happend |
| | | Examples: |

| Common.*CSV Merge* | config/data0[3,4].csv | result/result2.csv | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Common.*CSV Merge* | config/data0[3,4].csv | result/result2.csv | has_header=${TRUE} |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Csv Select** | *src_file*, *dst_file*, *str_row=:*, *str_col=:*, *has_header=None* | Select part of the CSV file and write it to other file `str_row` and `str_col` are used to specify necessary rows and columns. They are using the same format with slice for Python list. |
| | | ■ : and : means all rows and columns |
| | | ■ :2 and : means first 2 rows and all columns |
| | | ■ : and 1,2 means all rows and 2nd and 3rd columns |
| | | ■ 0:3 and 1 means 3 rows from the 1st one(0,1,2) and second column |
| | | ■ 0:5:2 and 1 means 3 rows(0,3,5) and second column |
| | | **Notes:** |
| | | ■ Rows and columns are indexed from zero |
| | | ■ When ':' is used, the string has format: \<start\>:\<stop\> or \<start\>:\<stop\>:\<step\> For convenience, ':' means all the data, ':x' means first 'x' data |
| | | Examples: |

| *CSV Select* | result/data05.csv | result/result3.csv | 0,1,2 | 0,1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| *CSV Select* | result/data05.csv | result/result4.csv | : | 0,1 |
| *CSV Select* | result/data05.csv | result/result5.csv | :2 | : |
| *CSV Select* | result/data05.csv | result/result6.csv | 0:3 | : |
| *CSV Select* | result/data05.csv | result/result7.csv | 0:5:2 | : |

| | | |
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| **Diff File** | *path1*, *path2*, *newline=True* | Shows difference between files |
| | | Returns the diff result (multi lines) `path1`, `path2` are absolute paths. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Err** | *msg* | Prints error `msg` to console |
| **Error Line Should Not Be Bigger Than** | *num*, *\*pattern_list* | Checks whether the number of lines that contains `error` be less than a number |
| **Error Should Not Be Bigger Than** | *num*, *\*pattern_list* | Checks whether the number of `error` be less than a number |
| **Explicit Run** | | skip the test case if global_variable RUN_ME is not defined<br><br>Sample scenario:<br><br>| 00. Cabling | |<br>| Common.*Explicit Run* | |<br>| Log To Console | cabling... |<br><br>`run.sh` will bypass `00. Cabling` by default. In other to run this test case *${FORCE}* needs declared globally `run.sh -X -v FORCE` |
| **File Md5** | *path* | Returns MD5 hash of a file<br><br>`path` is an absolute path |
| **Fold Str** | *str* | Folds a string by adding Non-Width-Space char (0x200b) at 6th char |
| **Follow Syslog And Trap** | *pattern*, *log_file_name=syslog-trap.log*, *delay_str=1s* | Pauses the execution and wait for the pattern is matched if the file *log_file_name* located in the current result folder.<br><br>By default the *log_file_name* is *./result/syslog-trap.log* which is created by *Follow Syslog and Trap* keyword.<br><br>The keyword should be in tests between *Follow Syslog adn Trap Start* and *Follow Syslog and Trap Stop* keywords. |
| **Get Config Path** | | Returns absolute path of RENAT config folder path |
| **Get File Without Error** | *file_path* | Get content of the file and return null string if the file does not exist |
| **Get Item Config Path** | | Returns absolute path of current item config folder |
| **Get Item Name** | | Returns the name of the running item |
| **Get Renat Path** | | Returns the absolute path of RENAT folder |
| **Get Result Folder** | | Returns current result folder name. Default is `result` in current test case.<br><br>**Note**: the keyword only returns the `name` of the result folder not its absolue path. |
| **Get Result Path** | | Returns absolute path of the current result folder |
| **Get Test Device** | | Return a list of all test device that is used in this test<br><br>**Notes:** Device number could less than node number |
| **Is Stable** | *seq*, *threshold*, *percentile=90* | Checks if the value sequence is stable or not |
| **Keyword Line Should Not Be Bigger Than** | *num*, *keyword*, *\*pattern_list* | Checks whether the number of line containing the keyword be less than a number |
| **Keyword Should Not Be Bigger Than** | *num*, *keyword*, *\*pattern_list* | Checks whether the number of keyword be less than a number |
| **Load Plugin** | | Load plugin in renat/plugin folder |
| **Log** | *msg*, *level=1* | Logs `msg` to the current log file (not console)<br><br>The `msg` will logged only if the level is bigger than the global level ${DEBUG} which could be defined at runtime. If ${DEBUG} is not defined, it will be considered as the default `level` as 1.<br><br>Examples:<br><br>| Common.*Log* | XXX | # this always be logged | |<br>| Common.*Log* | AAA | level=2 | # this will not be logged with common run.sh |<br>| Common.*Log* | BBB | level=2 | # ./run.sh -v `DEBUG:2` will log the message |<br><br>**Notes**: For common use<br><br>- level 1: is default<br>- level 2: is debug mode<br>- level 3: is very informative mode |
| **Log To Console** | *msg*, *level=1* | Logs a message to console<br><br>See Common.*Print* for more details about debug level |
| **Loop For Node Tag** | *var*, *tags*, *\*keywords* | Repeatedly executes RF `keyword` for nodes that has tag `tags`<br><br>multi tags are separated by *:* keywords has same meaning with `keywords` used by *Run Keywords* of RobotFramework ( keyword and its arguments are separated by |

| | | AND with the others. |
|---|---|---|
| | | Example: |
| | | <table><tr><td><em>Loop For Node Tag</em></td><td>\\${node}</td><td>tag1</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>...</td><td><em>Switch</em></td><td>\\${node}</td><td>AND</td></tr><tr><td>...</td><td><em>Cmd</em></td><td>show system user</td><td>AND</td></tr><tr><td>...</td><td><em>Cmd</em></td><td>show system uptime</td><td></td></tr></table> |
| | | **Note:** $ in variable name must be escaped |
| **Md 5** | *str* | Returns MD5 hash of a string |
| **Merge Files** | *path_name*, *file_name* | Merges all the text files defined by `path_name` to `file_name` <br><br> Example: <br><br> <table><tr><td><em>Merge Files</em></td><td>./result/*.csv</td><td>./result/test.csv</td></tr></table> |
| **Mib For Node** | *node* | Returns the mib file name for this `node` mib file is define by `mib` keyword under the `node` in `local.yaml` <br><br> ```<br>...<br>node:<br>  vmx11:<br>    device: vmx11<br>    snmp_polling: yes<br>    mib: mib11.txt<br>...<br>``` <br><br> Default value is defined by `mib` keyword from global `config/snmp-template.yaml` for the `type` of the node <br><br> Example: <br><br> <table><tr><td>${mib}=</td><td>Common.<em>MIB For Node</em></td><td>vmx11</td></tr></table> |
| **Node With Attr** | *attr_name*, *value* | Returns a list of nodes which have attribute `attr_name` with value `value` |
| **Node With Tag** | *\*tag_list* | Returns list of `node` or `webapp` from `local.yaml` that has **ALL** tags defined by `tag_list` <br><br> Tag was defined like this in local.yaml <br><br> ```<br>vmx11:<br>  device: vmx11<br>  snmp_polling: yes<br>  tag:<br>    - tag1<br>    - tag2<br>``` <br><br> Examples: <br><br> <table><tr><td>${test3}=</td><td>Common.<em>Node With Tag</em></td><td>tag1</td><td>tag3</td></tr></table> |
| **Node Without Tag** | *\*tag_list* | Returns list of `node` from `local.yaml` that **does not has ANY** tags defined by `tag_list` <br><br> Tag was defined like this in local.yaml <br><br> ```<br>vmx11:<br>  device: vmx11<br>  snmp_polling: yes<br>  tag:<br>    - tag1<br>    - tag2<br>``` <br><br> Examples: <br><br> <table><tr><td>${test3}=</td><td>Common.<em>Node Without Tag</em></td><td>tag1</td><td>tag3</td></tr></table> |
| **Pause** | *msg=*, *time_out=3h*, *error_on_timeout=True*, *default_input=* | Displays the message `msg` and pauses the test execution and wait for user input <br><br> In case of `error_on_timeout` is True(default), the keyword will raise an error when timeout occurs. Otherwise, it will continue the test. <br><br> **Notes:** If the variable ${RENAT_BATCH} was defined, the keyword will print out the message and keeps running without pausing. <br><br> Examples: <br><br> <table><tr><td>Common.<em>Pause</em></td><td>Waiting...</td><td>10s</td><td>error_on_timeout=${TRUE}</td><td>default input</td></tr><tr><td>Common.<em>Pause</em></td><td>Waiting...</td><td>10s</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> |
| **Ping Until Ok** | *node*, *wait_str=5s*, *extra=-c 3* | Ping a `node` until it gets response. Then wait for more `wait_str` Default `extra` option is `-c 3` |
| **Random Name** | *base*, *a=0*, *b=99* | Returns a random name by a *base* and a random number between [a,b] <br><br> Example: <br><br> <table><tr><td>${FOLDER}=</td><td><em>Random Name</em></td><td>capture_%05d</td><td>0</td><td>99</td></tr></table> |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Random Number** | *a=0*, *b=99* | Returns a random number between [a,b] |
| **Renat Version** | | Returns RENAT version string |
| **Set Multi Item Variable** | *\*vars* | Set multiple varibles to be *suite variable* at the same time<br><br>Suite variables (or item variable) could be access anywhere in all the item scenario. |
| **Set Result Folder** | *folder* | Sets the result folder to `folder` and return the old result folder. The result folder contains all output files from the test likes tester ouput, config file …<br><br>`folder` is a folder name that under current test case folder<br><br>The system will create a new folder if it does not exist and set its mode to *0775*<br><br>**Note:** Result folder should be set at the begining of the test. Changing result folder only has effect on up comming connection |
| **Slack** | *msg*, *channel=#automation_dev*, *user=renat*, *host=127.0.0.1* | Post a message to Slack |
| **Str 2 Seq** | *str_index*, *size* | Returns a sequence from string format<br><br>Samples: |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Str2Seq* | :: | 5 | # (0,1,2,3,4) |
| *Str2Seq* | :2 | 5 | # (0,1) |
| *Str2Seq* | 1:3 | 5 | # (1,2) |
| *Str2Seq* | 0:5:2 | 5 | # (0,2,4) |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Version** | | Returns the current version of RENAT |

Altogether 49 keywords.
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