

## 1 Style 1.

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**Algorithm 1** Framework of ensemble learning for our system.

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**Input:** The set of positive samples for current batch,  $P_n$ ; The set of unlabelled samples for current batch,  $U_n$ ; Ensemble of classifiers on former batches,  $E_{n-1}$ ;

**Output:** Ensemble of classifiers on the current batch,  $E_n$ ;

- 1: Extracting the set of reliable negative and/or positive samples  $T_n$  from  $U_n$  with help of  $P_n$ ;
  - 2: Training ensemble of classifiers  $E$  on  $T_n \cup P_n$ , with help of data in former batches;
  - 3:  $E_n = E_{n-1} \cup E$ ;
  - 4: Classifying samples in  $U_n - T_n$  by  $E_n$ ;
  - 5: Deleting some weak classifiers in  $E_n$  so as to keep the capacity of  $E_n$ ;
  - 6: **return**  $E_n$ ;
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## 2 Style 2.

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**Algorithm 2** An example for format For & While Loop in Algorithm

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1: for each  $i \in [1, 9]$  do
2:   initialize a tree  $T_i$  with only a leaf (the root);
3:    $T = T \cup T_i$ ;
4: end for
5: for all  $c$  such that  $c \in \text{RecentMBatch}(E_{n-1})$  do
6:    $T = T \cup \text{PosSample}(c)$ ;
7: end for;
8: for  $i = 1; i < n; i++$  do
9:   // Your source here;
10: end for
11: for  $i = 1$  to  $n$  do
12:   // Your source here;
13: end for
14: // Reusing recent base classifiers.
15: while  $(|E_n| \leq L_1) \text{ and } (D \neq \phi)$  do
16:   Selecting the most recent classifier  $c_i$  from  $D$ ;
17:    $D = D - c_i$ ;
18:    $E_n = E_n + c_i$ ;
19: end while
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## 3 Style 3.

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**Algorithm 3** Conjugate Gradient Algorithm with Dynamic Step-Size Control

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**Input:**  $f(x)$ : objective function;  $x_0$ : initial solution;  $s$ : step size;

**Output:** optimal  $x^*$

- 1: initial  $g_0 = 0$  and  $d_0 = 0$ ;
  - 2: **repeat**
  - 3:   compute gradient directions  $g_k = \nabla f(x_k)$ ;
  - 4:   compute Polak-Ribiere parameter  $\beta_k = \frac{g_k^T(g_k - g_{k-1})}{\|g_{k-1}\|^2}$ ;
  - 5:   compute the conjugate directions  $d_k = -g_k + \beta_k d_{k-1}$ ;
  - 6:   compute the step size  $\alpha_k = s / \|d_k\|_2$ ;
  - 7: **until** ( $f(x_k) > f(x_{k-1})$ )
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